# AUCSTERN

ARMUCUAL.

OFFICE

WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

\$2 per annum IN ADVANCE.

WILLIAM J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1859.

SEVENTH VOLUME--NUMBER 343

THE

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WM. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. EDWIN A. YATES, Associate Editor.

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Subscribers and others who may wish to send mency to us, can do so by mail, at our risk. Rates of Advertising: One square of 14 lines or less, for 3 months, \$ 4 00 6 "

One square, or less, first insertion, ...... \$ 1 00 Each subsequent insertion, ..... Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance. For announcing Candidates for Office, \$5 in

Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

# S. P. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law AY ALWAYS BE FOUND AT THE OFFICE of Wm. Johnston, Esq. Prompt attention given to Collections, writing of Deed . Conveyances, &c. January 26, 1858.

# W. A. OWENS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLOTTE, N. C. TILL practice in the Courts of this and the adjoin-OFFICE NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

January 19, 1858. H. Laf. ALEXANDER, Attorney at Law, Charlotte, N. C.

### Office over China Hall. August 11, 1858. P. SAURS,

Architect and Builder, Will furnish Designs, Plans and Drawings for Public Buildings, Private Residences and Villas. Particular attention will be paid to building Flouring Mills, Corn Mills, &c. Office in 3d story of Alexander's Bailding, KAHNWEILER & BROTHERS front room, over China Hall. Charlotte, Oct. 19, 1858.

# DRS. FOX & WHITE,

COPARTNERS IN THE PRACTICE OF Medical and Surgery. BOT OFFICE up Stairs in Springs' Building.

W. E. WHITE, M. D. C. J. FOX, M. D. April 3, 1858.

# NOTICE.

A LL those indebted to the subscriber will make im-mediate settlement, or their Notes and Accounts will be placed in other hands for collection. April 3, 1858.





THE BEST,

H E APES

AT BOONE'S

OPPOSITE THE BANK OF CHARLOTTE October 5, 1858.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D., PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE

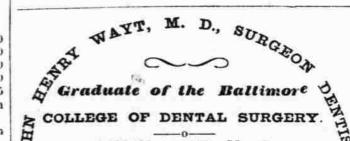
OPERATIVE SURGERY, Office No. 2 Irwin's corner, CHARLOTTE, N. C. December 14, 1858.

### A. C. WILLIAMSON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Has taken an office jointly with J. A. Fox, Esq, up-stairs next door to the Court House, where he will be constantly present to attend to all calls on professional business made for himself or for Mr Fox when he is stock of January 4, 1859.

J. A. FOX Attorney at Law. Office next door to the Court House, Up-Stairs

A. C. WILLIAMSON, Esq., who is a joint occupant of the office, and who will be uniformly present, will attend to professional business for me in my absence. December 21, 1858



AVING located permanently, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte, N. C.,

and vicinity DR. WAYT prepares and inserts artificial Palates and Obturators, and attends to the correction of congenital and accidental deformities of the Teeth and Jaws. He is also prepared to insert Artificial Teeth

after the most approved methods. Ladies waited on at their residences if required. OFFICE opposite the Bank of the State, next door to Drucker & Heilbrun's. March 30, 1858.

### BREAD and CAKES.

Having secured the services of a No. 1 Baker, we are now prepared to furnish the citizens of Charlotte, and mankind in general, with something nice to eat. Weddings, Parties, &c., furnished at short no tice to order and dispatch.

1st Door from the Court House. HOUSTON & HUNTER. Nov. 23, 1858.

# All Right Again! I have commenced Butchering Beef again, and am

ready and wish to buy Beeves, Mutton and Pork, on the hoof. I solicit, and hope to merit, the patronage of W. A. COOK, the town. Aug. 24, 1858. Town Butcher.

### BRANCII WILMINGTON NEW GOODS.

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country that they have opened Store two doors from T. H. Brem & Co's, where may be found a large and extensive stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Silks, Dress Goods, Embroideries, Bonnets, Ladies' Cloaks, and Readymade Clothing, for Gents, Youths and Boys wear; Blankets, Kerseys, Boots Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c. &c.

We are now daily receiving the most extensive and best assortment of the above named goods that can be found in the State, and cheaper than any other House. Having bought our entire stock for CASH, which enables us to sell our goods 20 per cent cheaper. All persons wishing to save money in buying goods should bear in mind not to forget to call on us before buying elsewhere. Wholesale buyers, particularly, should bear it in mind to call at our store, second door from T. H. Brem & Co. In addition to our large stock we have fitted up a

WHOLESALE ROOM for wholesale buyers. DAVID KAHNWEILER. DANIEL KAHNWEILER. JACOB KAHNWEILER. Nov. 9, 1858

# GROCERIES.

KAHNWEILER & BROTHERS have just received. in addition to their large stock of Dry Goods, a full supply of GROCERIES. Dec. 14, 1858.

Salem Almanacs LOWRIE'S BOOK STORE. Charlotte, October 19, 1858.

### RAILROAD NOTICE TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

NEW, CHEAP AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE FOR FREIGHT FOR THE INTERIOR OF

NORTH CAROLINA. Merchants and others about purchasing their Fall and Winter supplies, are requested to notice that by the completion of the North-Eastern Railroad from Charleston, S. C., to Cheraw, the advantages of a cheap and expeditious route from the seaboard has been opened to them. All Freight consigned to the Agent of the North-Eastern Railroad will be forwarded free of commission. No charge will be made for storage at Cheraw; all Goods will be taken care of in the Company's Warehouse until sent for.

A schedule of charges will be found at the Post

S. S. SOLOMONS, Eng. and Supt. Aug. 10, 1858.

### DR. J. M. HAPPOLDT, of Salisbury, N. C.,

OFFERS his professional services in the different branches of his Profession, not to the citizens of Salisbury and the contiguous country only, but would respectfully notify the citizens of Mecklenburg and Cabarrus counties, and more especially those in whose families he had practiced for nearly twenty years whilst a resident of Mecklenburg county and the town of Charlotte, and with many of them, maintained for years the endearing relation of Family Physician, that his services can be as easily obtained (by the facilities of

Salisbury Dec. 15, 1857

# S. M. HOWELL, Saddle and Harness



Maufacturer, CHARLOTTE, N. C., THREE DOORS SOUTH of the MANSION HOUSE. Repairing promptly and neatly done.

# REMOVAL.

The Confectionery and Family Grocery Store of MOODY & NISBET has been removed to the stand opposite the Presbyterian Church, where they are receiving direct from New York large additions to their

### CONFECTIONERIES FAMILY GROCERIES, &c.

kept in a store of this kind. A good assortment of Cake Trimmings, Willow Ware, &c., always

are prepared to furnish Families and Partys with Cakes apply it here. of all kinds at short notice. MOODY & NISBET. Nov. 16, 1858.

We have also opened a branch of our store at Lincolnton, where Mr Moody will superintend the business, and hopes to secure a share of public patronage in that section. MOODY & NISBET. Nov. 16, 1858.

### NEW FIRM. Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO., Having purchased of Dr. H. M.

Pritchard his entire stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that hey will carry on a WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUG BUSINESS at Irwin's Corner, where they are their way into North Carolina now receiving, in addition to their present Stock, a large assortment of

Fresh and Genuine Drugs, direct from the New York market.

E. NYE HUTCHISON, M. D., will superintend this large and well known establishment in person. Physicians' prescriptions made up with promptness and care. October 19, 1858.

### A Card.

Messrs E. Nye Hutchison & Co., I heartily commend number of 44 ears was red; also wholly without imthem as my successors to the confidence and patronage of a generous public, for whose kind and liberal support of myself hitherto I am and shall ever be truly H. M. PRITCHARD. October 19, 1858.

### COMPECTIONERY STORE. J. D. PALMER,

One Door above the Bank of Charlotte, Respectfully informs the public that he has just received others of a light red .- Country Gentleman. a splendid assortment of Confectioneries, West India Fruits,



ments, Yankee Notions, &c. A FINE LOT OF WILLOW WARE. He is constantly receiving fresh supplies of the above Goods and many other articles not enumerated.

### CANDY MANUFACTORY. The subscriber is now manufacturing an excellent orticle of Candy, free from poisonous coloring, unlike

the New York steam refined candy. Call and see and J. D. PALMER.

### HENDERSON & AHRENS Are receiving and have now in store a full assortment

DRY GOODS, READY-made CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, being of a light scarlet color; the stream comes in

# GROCERIES,

Which will be offered for cash at unusual low prices. An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited. SHAWLS, CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS. Black and colored cloth, silk and cashmere Cloaks and Mantillas from \$1 50 to \$12 50.

BOOTS AND SHOES Ladies Morocco Boots, first rate article, at 90 cents; men's calf, kip and other kinds of Shoes; congress Gaiters. Also, a good stock of Brogans at \$1 10 to \$1 50. Clothing, Shirts, Cravats, Collars, Socks, Drawers, Undershirts, a good assortment. Ten 10 cents. Also, linen and silk Handkerchiefs, a large

Gents' Shawls, Raglans, Comforts. &c. Fine Watches and Jewelry, Pocket Knives, Perfume- ough. In other respects the same treatment as ries and Fancy Articles.

Embroideries & White Goods. Jackonet and Swiss Edging and Insertings, collars,

sleeves, Laces, Flouncing, Marseilles, corded and a va-riety of Hoop Skirts from 75 cts to \$5 50. Short time, will arrest the bleeding. SEGARS.—Still on hand the favorite old brand (LaEstulta) at \$3 per box of 250; also Havana segars

Call at HENDERSON & AHRENS at Springs' corner and satisfy yourself that their prices are, if not the lowest, among the lowest.

# PETER MALLETT

October 12, 1858

November 9, 1858.

D. COLDEN MURRAY, General Commission Merchant. NEW YORK. 62 South street, June 29, 1958

CAROLINA CITY, N. C.

completed to Beaufort Harbor, I have determined to locate at Carolina City for the purpose of doing a Forwarding & General Commission York, will be forwarded free of commission. June 29, 1859

### Exclusively Wholesale Drug, Paint and Cil Warehouse. SANTOS, WALKE & CO., wholesale dealers in DRUGS; Lamp, Machinery and Paint OILS; Varnishes, Paints, &c. &c.

No. 36, Iron front, West side, Market Square, NORFOLK, VA. Baltimore, to Charleston, when required.

### Che Western Democrat CHARLOTTE, N. C.

FRAUDULENT BIDDING .- In a recent case in England, on the subject of the auction purchase of a horse, Lord Campbell said, that "if an owner ment. While the Vandalia was at Ovolau, in the bid at an auction, a real bidder, to whom the lot Among their stock may be found everything usually was knocked down, might avoid the contract, on the ground that he had been imposed upon, and his bid forced up to an improper mark." This is They have in their employ an excellent BAKER, and undoubtedly a sound rule, and our judges should

NEGRO EQUALITY .- In twenty-four of the thirty-two States negroes are allowed no political privileges whatever, that place them on an equality with the white race. Eleven of these twentyfour States are free. New York practically excludes them by a freehold qualification and a long residence before voting. Two more States-Maine and Rhode Island-exclude them by requiring all voters to be citizens of the United States. Massa- on the morning after reaching the Island; and chusetts and New Hampshire are about the only States that make no distinction of color or race, and there they are not allowed to serve in the militia.

LOOK SHARP.—Counterfeit Fifties on the State Bank of South Carolina are circulating extensively in Georgia. Some of them will be very apt to find

SEED WILL NOT ALWAYS PRODUCE ITS LIKE. -During the past spring, early in May, I planted other varieties of which at some two or three rods distant, I had some of the common sweet corn, and also some mixed white and yellow "pop-corn," planted about the last of June. Of the produce of the red seed, there were five very small unripened "nubbins," the "ground" color 'yellow, tinged with red on the outer ends of the grains. The large "red ears" were somewhat dissimilar in color; some were very dark crimson, (almost black,) and

## HOW TO STOP BLOOD.

Many a death has resulted from an accident when a little skill in the treatment of a wound might have prevented a sacrifice of life. In the excitement attendant upon the injury of a fellow being, we are apt to lose the presence of mind necessary to a proper consideration of the means by which relief can be rendered; and thus the necessity of making ourselves perfectly familiar with the manner in which wounds and injuries should be treated in cases of emergency, for the knowledge of the means to be adopted for the stoppage of bleeding from a wound may be of service to us when we least expect it.

First, if the blood flows out in a stream, notice particularly whether the stream is an even, steady, or a jerking or a pulcating stream; if it is even, and steady, the probability is it is from a vein particularly if the color of the blood is a dark red. Bleeding, from an artery is peculiar, the blood Hats, Caps, Hardware, crockery, cigars, fancy Goods & that jerking manner which is seen when a fire engine is playing upon a very high building. To stop the flow of blood in a vein, first close the wound with the hand, firmly, then fold up any cloth, tow, flax or leather, and make a bard pad an inch thick, at least large enough to cover the entire wound; and over this bind firmly any bandage, handkerchief or strap or even the bark of a tree, raise the wounded part higher than the body of the patient, keep him quiet if he has bled a large quantity, give him (if at hand) a little spirits and

water, and send for the doctor. If the bleeding is from an artery, take your dozen Gentlemen's bordered cambric Handkerchiefs at handkerchief, tie it around the part between the wound and the heart; put a strong stick under the handkerchief, give it two or three twists, and you will stop the blood, if you have made it tight en-

In all small wounds, merely elevating the part higher than the body and remaining it so for a

For bleeding at the nose, apply ice to any part of the body, moving the ice around; it is best to apply it to the arm pits, nape of the neck, do not ing at times "Oh, Thomas, Oh, Thomas!" He let him cough, or bleeding will return.

A Monstrous Gourman .- Alfred Corbyn, ancgro, hailing from New London, Conn., performed the wonderful feat of eating three dozen tallow The Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad being now quite ill and was compelled to stretch himself out placed his hand on her heart, to feel its beatings, police surgeon Waterman was called to attend him. the bedy was carried to the Station House. than when he lived among them.

Applications made by mail, or at the "Veranda House," Salisbury, N. C., will meet with prompt attention.

The salisbury of the my whart (adjoining the Kallroad whart,) and thereby save cartage and lighterage. Particular attention will be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of be given to all orders. WM. B. GRANT. Yesterday morning the gormandizer was taken stock of wives. All shipments of Produce to D. Colden Murray, New before Justice Connelly and committed to the Goods shipped from New York, Philadelphia, or without feeling the least inconvenience.—N. Y. tough, but salt brine is far superior to rasping for \$25,000 on personal property, and 60,000 on real Herald.

### CANNIBALISM IN THE FEJEE ISLAND

The United States ship Vandalia, Commander Sinclair, arrived at San Francisco, recently, from a Japanese empire, including dependencies: cruise through the South Pacific. Lieut. J. Hogan Brown gives us some interesting information about a deed of cannibalism and its punish-Fejee Islands, information was communicated to Commander Sinclair, by the Consul at Levuka, that the inhabitants of Lomati, on the Island of Ways-a tribe of ferocious cannibals-had surprised a small vessel, and murdered, cooked and caten the crew. Thereupon, an expedition, consisting of sixty men, was fitted out, placed in charge of Lieut. Caldwell, with Lieut. Ramsay, of the Marines, Assistant Surgeon Trist and Master's Mate Bartlett, and sent against them. The natives refusing to give up the murderers, and taking advantage of their strong position (a town situated on the top of a high mountain, 1,600 feet above the level of the sea,) to defy the party sent against them, a landing was affected at daylight after a most fatiguing march of several hours over declivities, precipices, rocks, and through ravines, the expedition arrived opposite the town. A long halt was made to refresh the men, who were almost

prostrated by their exertions. After resisting, the town was assaulted and carried by a flank movement, the natives fleeing to the rocks and fastnesses; the town was nearly destroyed, 115 houses having been fired and consumed. On the return of the expedition they were attacked in the most furious manner in one eleven hills of red corn as an experiment—the first of the ravines by 300 warriors, who were repulsed red corn I ever planted. It grew well, and with a heavy loss, after a severe action of about matured before any other in the neighborhood. one-half an hour, the natives, losing nearly fifty in The product was 44 small cars; about two-thirds killed and wounded, including two of their prinof them were of a beautiful yellow color, without cipal chiefs. The Americans had six wounded, the least appearance of intermixture from the "pol- one man very severely. The seamen and marines len" of the red ears from the red seed, or from any behaved in the most gallant manner. The anom-Having sold my Drug and Chemical Establishment to other variety. Nearly one-third of the whole aly of their situation (attacking a powerful and oregnation from the pollen of the yellow, or any not moving them, except perhaps to more steady severe lesson, and one that will not be lost on the tribes in that vicinity. The Americans murdered and eaten were Louis Brower, a Prussian naturalized, and Henry Homer of New York.

# A STORY OF NEW YORK LIFE.

Degredation and Death In a "tenant house," in Mulbery street, N. Y. on Fr day last, the police found the dead body of a woman lying on the floor with a bag of shavings under her head. Near it was standing, weeping, a little son 8 years cld. The body was sent to Potter's field, and as a strange chapter in the history of life, the New York Express publishes the fol lowing statement given by the little boy:

"His father was Col. Thomas Hughes of Boston. formerly of the United States army. He was afterwards confined in a Lunatic Asylum in France, for insanity, where he cut his throat, and thus ended his life. Tommy recollected going with his mother to see his father at the "Crazy House," when his father said, "Emma, look at thisand at the same time he pulled a great long Dutch knife out of his shirt bosom, and attempted to cut his mother's throat. Tommy said his father, Col. Hughes, was his mother's second husband, her former name being Emma Jane Torrence. He could recollect when his mother kept house. She then sold her furniture and boarded at the Prescott House, and went from there to the Metropolitan Hotel (about a year ago as nearly as he the speculator or "trader," there they are sold to could recollect,) when she commenced drinking the planter entirely unbroken. The planters are Holland gin. Subsequently she left the Metropol- too cautious to buy a broken mule, lest it should itan Hotel, and boarded in Mott street, there she commenced to drink brandy, and finally moved to Mulberry street, where she was found dead. He says that she threatened to kill him at one time; but he escaped by screaming, when the neighbors came in and saved him. All the money she could get into her possession she used to buy rum with, and neglected to procure provisions, and he had nothing but a crust of bread and water or a little coffee daily to subsist on. She had sold and pawned every article of her clothing, and every thing that she possessed, to satisfy her craving for drink.

siderable property, of which he should receive a part; and that it is now in a law suit. He has a half brother, who he says, ran away from his mother, and is now living with his grandmother, Mrs Torrence, in one of the Western States. Tommy also gave a minute account of his mother's death, which took place on Thursday evening .-About 5 o'clock, while she was lying on the floor, she commenced groaning as if she was in pain, sayasked her what was the matter with her several times before she noticed him. She then asked him to draw her near to the fire, which he did after great exertion. After this, she slept about an hour, and then waking asked him where he had candles, five pounds of salt pork, a shilling loaf of been, commenced staring wildly about her. He bread, and then swallowing a pint of lamp oil and replied, "by you, mother." She said, "no, you whiskey. The affair came off in the Five Points wasn't." Immediately she commenced shaking, on Thursday, in the presence of several hundred which soon ceased. She then intimated to him by thieves, loafers, &c. The feat was performed for a signs that she wished him to kiss her, which he wager of \$15, out of which the stakeholders cheat- did. She then drew her limbs up, and lay quiet. ed the negro. In a short while after the groceries | Shortly afterwards a woman came into the room in question had been disposed of, Corbyn became and said, "But I guess your mam's dead." He then on the sidewalk, where he was found by officer and afterwards placed his ear to her mouth, to Carr and conveyed to the station house, where hear whether she breathed. Shortly afterwards

Mormonism in New Jersey.—The Monmouth owing, in a great extent, however, to their quality. MURRAL S LINE OF FIRST CLASS PACKETS to their quanty.

At two years old they will bring \$125 or \$130, if they are average select lots, more. A neighbor of they are average select lots, more. A neighbor of they are average select lots, more. A neighbor of they are average select lots, more. A neighbor of which he had taken in his stomach. After New York. Vessels will be loaded and discharged at the control of New York. Vessels will be loaded and discharged at my Wharf (adjoining the Railroad Wharf,) and thereby save cartage and lighterage. Particular attention will save cartage and lighterage. Particular attention will save cartage and lighterage.

> Tombs for ten days, on a charge of intoxication. moisture from the atmosphere, hence it has been \$200 each. Another gentleman of this county Notwithstanding the highly improbable nature of in some instances applied with great success for sold a short time ago, a two year old mare mule this story, the police and others vouch for its keeping the hard-bound hoofs of horses moist. The for \$400. But these are fancy prices for fancy truth as a fact beyond dispute, the feat having hoofs of some horses become dry and oftentimes mules. There is a small and inferior class of anibeen witnessed by several persons. Corbyn now crack, thereby rendering them lame, if the animals mals that is considered a sort of dead heads, and feels quite well, and charges that his present im- are driven on hard roads. By bathing the hoof which the feeder won't buy if offered alone, and prisonment is owing entirely to that "Five Point and fetlock joint with a salt brine three times a these are ones usually found in service on the farms. Poison" which he imbibed. He asserts with much day, lameness from the above cause will be avoided. effecting this object. cstate. Total, \$85,000.

# JAPAN.

The following summary gives the extent of the Area of Japan proper, 116,405 sq. miles Area of dependencies, 43,312

Total - - 159,717 "

The population is variously estimated at from 10,000,000 to 50,000,000; the mean of the two estimates being, perhaps, nearer to the truth. The interior of the country is unknown to foreigners; but it is represented to be, in many parts, sterile-agriculture being compulsory, and under a system of sumptuary laws long known to

exist in Japan. The natural productions of this vast empire are various and valuable. Its mineral riches includes gold, silver and copper. Sulphur and nitre abounds; coal is found in the greatest abundance; and precious stones, including sapphires, agates, jaspers, cornelians, and even diamonds, are ob-

tained in different parts of Japan The mulberry tree grows in the greatest perfection, and dispenses food to myriads of silk worms. Cloths, stuffs, cordage, &c., are manufactured from the paper tree. The varnish tree yields a milky juice, employed in varnishing articles-an art which has attained to such perfection in Japan that the English language has adopted the name of the empire itself to signify the highest perfection in the art of varnishing. Besides these, there are numerous valuable trees indigenous to Japan, among which may be classed the bay tree, the camphor tree, the fig tree, the cypress tree, all of which are made subservient to the wants and luxuries of

Hemp, cotton, rice, and every variety of cereals, some of them abounding with superior farina, are extensively and successfully cultivated. Rice is the principle food of the natives, and that raised in

Japan is said to be the best growth in all Asia. The silks, muslins and cotton goods are manufactured with superior skill. Indeed, in several and daring conduct. The tribe has been taught a This is especially true as respects their ingenious and elegant carving of wood, ivory, pearl and fish-

# MULES.

Mr B. Monroe, of Woodford county, Ky., furnishes to an exchange an interesting article upon the mule trade, from which we make the following extract:

The mule trade is one of the largest of Kenucky, and affords one of her chief sources of revenue. The increasing demand for them in the south, among the the sugar and cotton planters (which is owing no doubt to the great number of farms annually being opened,) affords a very easy solution for the eagerness and extent to which stock growers launch into the trade, for it is a very heavy business, requiring a great deal of capital. The mule is led from weaning time (which is generally at the age of five or six months,) to the full extent of its capacity to eat, and that too on oats and corn, together with hay and fodder. In lieu of the long food, soiling is usually adopted in the summer, as they are kept confined in a pound or paddock, containing an acre or two of ground which is usually partially shaded, in herds of one hundred and fifty. In this way they are kept until the fall after they are two years old, receiving a sort of forcing, hot-house treatment. At this age they are taken to the southern market, not always by the feeder, but more generally by prove to be an antiquated, broken-down beast, fattened up, and sold for a young one-as it is more difficult to tell their ages than that of a horse. The external mark of time and service is not generally so apparent upon them. But it is a small job to break a mule. It is only necessary to have a steady horse to work them with, and a second hand to drive them an hour or two to keep him up, after which he is considered ready for any service that the farmer may require of him. He may kick once or twice, but is unlike the spirited horse, who, when he commences, is ant to kick

The little fellow says that his father had con- himself out of the harness before he stops. There were in this county in the year of 1855. 20,000 mules; in 1856, there were 2,888; the number in the county at present I have no means of ascertaining, but suppose it is at least as great, perhaps greater, than in any previous year. The probabilities are that all of these, or as many, were fed in this county each year. The counties immediately around, no doubt fed equally as many, some more. The counties of Bourbon, Fayette, Clark, and Jessamine, are engaged quite as extensively in the trade as this.

> Besides the great number of mules fed annually in these counties, we supply New Orleans, New York, and other cities, with an immense amount of beef, mutton, and bacon. These facts being considered, you may readily imagine that we must, of necessity, be a grain-growing people. Such is the fact. Yet so extensive is the mule business, and so great are the profits upon feeding, that those engaged in the trade can afford to give 40 cents per bushel for corn, at least they say so, and cannot get it for less.

The average price of weanings is about \$75. No 1 from \$80 to \$90, and extra, often as high as \$120. A lot will often change hands as often as a dozen times before they are ready for market. Yearlings will average, I suppose, about \$100, SALT FOR HORSES' FEET .- Common salt absorbs working a lot at his farm, for which he paid

assurance his ability to devour an entire raw It is a common practice with some blacksmiths to Wm. B. Astor, of New York, payed his tax sheep and a whole box of candles at one meal, rasp cracked hoofs in order to render them more bill to the Recorder lately, the amount being