

# Western Democrat.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, November 29, 1859.

**SALE OF PROPERTY.**—The sale of the property of Dr. John S. Porter, dec'd, in this county, took place last Friday. A friend who was present informs us that cattle brought from \$15 to \$30 per head, Mules \$151 to \$200, a Mare (used by the deceased as his saddle-nag) \$255, Corn 74 to 84 cents per bushel. The land (rather inferior quality) sold at from \$4 to \$8 per acre. The sale was on a credit of 12 months, with interest.

The negroes, 36 in all, ranging in age from 6 months to 55 years, were valued by persons appointed for that purpose at \$26,275. There were eleven men in the lot. The Will of the deceased provides that the negroes shall have 3 months to choose masters at the prices at which they were valued.

At a sale of the property of Michael Click, in Davie county last week, negroes brought very high prices; one, a field hand, \$1640, another \$1600; a girl 16 years old \$1400. They were bought by traders.

**DAVIDSON COLLEGE.**—The Trustees of this Institution met in Charlotte on the 24th inst., and elected Alex. McIver, Esq. of Carthage, Moore county, to fill the chair of Professor of Mathematics, vacated by the resignation of Maj. Hill.

**HOGS.**—The first drove of Hogs, this season, passed through this place on Saturday last. There were 440 head in the drove. 64 cents, gross, was asked, but not obtained about here. They were carried to Anson county, we learn.

**UNRELIABLE.**—We supposed that there was very little reliance to be placed in the thousand rumors that emanate from Charlestown by telegraph and otherwise. The Richmond Enquirer of Saturday cautions the public against believing all the flying reports as follows:

"We are constrained to guard the public against impositions by telegraphic despatches. All manner of exaggerated accounts of affairs at Charlestown are circulated through the telegraph for the purpose of increasing the excitement that already exists throughout the country. There is no truth in the despatch that Gov. Chase had informed Gov. Wise of men now arming in Ohio, nor of Gov. Wise's reply. Nor is there any truth in the despatch that Gov. Packer had tendered 10,000 troops to the Executive of Virginia, nor is there any reliance to be placed in the reports and despatches that flood the papers relating to military affairs at Charlestown.

With regard to sending troops to Charlestown, the Enquirer says:

The Executive upon his return from Charlestown ordered five hundred additional troops to that place. The importation of large numbers of "shoulder hitters," New York "roughs," and other rowdies, whose valueless lives have been purchased with abolition money, has induced the Executive to make good preparation for giving them a warm reception."

**TAR AND FEATHERS.**—We are informed that in Salisbury last Saturday a man named Sandy Tate, a stone mason by trade, was tarred and feathered, rode on a rail and had one side of his head shaved, for expressing violent abolition sentiments. He had been living in the neighborhood some few years.

**CONVICTED.**—The case of the negro Oscar, from Concord, mentioned last week, was tried at Salisbury on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday last. After about 30 minutes consultation, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, which will stay judgment six months.

**Hon. John H. Bryan,** one of the Directors of the Bank of North Carolina, has resigned.

**WHIPPED.**—We learn that three pick-pockets were detected on the upward train on the C. & S. C. Railroad on Saturday last. They had stolen the pocket-book of some one on the train. On arriving at Morrow's Turnout, the light-fingered gentry were taken out and about 150 lashes put upon each one's back, after which, it is said, they were tarred and feathered, placed upon the night train and started back to Charlestown, for the purpose of being shipped to New York. One of them is said to have been an old man, and the other two comparatively young.

P. S.—We learn that the affair took place at Columbia, S. C., instead of Morrow's Turnout.

**WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.**—The Board of Trustees of this Institution, have passed a resolution, admitting all young ministers of the gospel connected with any of the evangelical denominations, to the advantages of the College, free of tuition. Such liberality, we think, must commend itself to the public.—*Raleigh Age.*

Certainly it is very liberal in the Trustees and creditable to the Institution. "Wake Forest" is under the care and direction of the Baptist Church of this State. The Faculty is an able and competent one.

**CALIFORNIA U. S. SENATOR.**—Gov. Weller has appointed Judge Hann, (formerly of Kentucky,) as United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Broderick.

**FIRE.**—We learn that the old Methodist church in Salisbury (which was occupied by the colored congregation) was burnt on Wednesday morning last. Cause of the fire unknown.

**DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.** we notice, have been held in several counties in the State. All recommend Gov. Ellis for nomination.

A meeting in Nash county expressed a preference for the Hon. Thos. Bragg as a candidate for Vice President.

**AID TENDERED.**—The Governor of South Carolina offered to furnish Gov. Wise with troops if needed in the present troubles in Virginia. A Company in Wilmington, one in Raleigh, and one in Elizabeth City, also offered their services. Gov. Wise returned thanks, but said Virginia would take care of herself.

The "Hornets' Nest Riflemen" of this town have tendered their services to Gov. Ellis, in case he should need help at any time in maintaining the rights of the Old North State.

**THE FRENCH BROAD ROAD.**—The Asheville News of the 24th, contains the Report of Major McCalla, Chief Engineer of the proposed French Broad Railroad, who proposes the adoption of a temporary track for the mountain district, which, he says, will reduce the cost of the road from Spartanburg to Asheville to about \$1,400,000. One-half of this is already secured, and the New-hopes South Carolina will subscribe the other.

## THE NEW CONGRESS.

The first session of the Thirty-Sixth Congress opens next Monday the 5th of December.

The Senate is composed of sixty-six members. Parties stand thus: Democrats 37, Republicans 24, Americans or know-nothings 2. There are 23 vacancies, viz: one in Minnesota, Oregon and Texas.

The House of Representatives is composed of 237 members. Parties stand thus: Republicans 113, Democrats 101, Americans 23.

A good deal of difficulty is anticipated in the election of a Speaker, as neither party alone have a sufficient majority to elect a Speaker. Of the Democrats, there are 8 anti-Lecomptonites; and if they vote with the regular Administration Democrats it will require 18 more votes to secure the election of a Democratic speaker. The question is will enough Americans unite with the Democrats, or will they throw their votes away, and allow the election of a Black Republican, as they did when Banks was elected Speaker. The Democrats and Americans ought to unite to prevent the election of a black republican—the Americans ought to support the Democratic candidate, for they are so largely in the minority it cannot be reasonably expected that the Democrats should go over to them. We have no idea that such Americans (?) as Henry Winter Davis will do anything to prevent the election of a Black Republican, but there are others who ought to avert such a calamity. Will they do it? We shall soon see.

**ARRESTED.**—We learn that two Northern book peddlers, or agents, were arrested in Salisbury last week, and bound over to Court on a charge of trading with negroes. It seems that they had been having a good deal of intercourse with the negro population, promising to send them books. The authorities did right to arrest the fellows, but we doubt the propriety of encumbering the Courts with such cases; they might have been paid off in two hours and started northward, with word to the people at the different stations along the line to hurry them forward. That's the way to drive off and keep off abolition emissaries, and until southern communities adopt such plans they will always be liable to interruption. We hope there is not a lawyer in the South mean enough to take part in an action against a southerner for assisting to rid any community, in a speedy manner, of fanatics and incendiaries.

We admire the course the Virginians are pursuing. In addition to the summary punishment they are inflicting on the northern emissaries they catch lurking and operating about their towns and neighborhoods, the Richmond Whig advises that the next Legislature be petitioned to pass a law levying a heavy tax on everything bought at the North and offered for sale in that State. The best way to bring the people of the North to their senses is to affect their pockets—touch the pockets of the good as well as the bad, and then the good-disposed will do something towards crushing out fanaticism. Withdraw southern trade from New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and as the grass begins to sprout in their streets, and their operatives begin to starve, the people will feel for themselves instead of pretending to feel for the southern negro.

**THE McKENNA WILL CASE** has taken a new turn, as we learn from the Lancaster Ledger. After the decree of the Ordinary refusing the probate of the Will, a petition was filed by four persons praying for Letters of Administration on the estate. The Executors contended that as an appeal had been taken to a higher Court, the Ordinary had no further jurisdiction. After counsel had argued the case for three days the Ordinary decided to grant Letters of Administration to S. B. Massey, Dixon Barnes, Wm. Stevens and Jos. A. Cunningham.

The Executors gave notice of an appeal to the Court of Common Pleas and a motion for a writ of prohibition to restrain further proceedings.

It will be remembered that this is the case where the testator, McKenna, left the main portion of his property to the Catholic Church, cutting off the heirs, Mrs. Mittag, his daughter, and her children, with an insignificant amount.

**GOOD ADVICE.**—The Richmond Enquirer, in speaking of the execution of the insurrectionists at Charlestown, says:

"We would advise all persons to forego the pleasure, if such it be, of witnessing the executions, by staying quietly at home and protecting their property, as well as avoiding an unnecessary risk of their persons, by going to the executions. Especially would we advise Northern people to stay away from Charlestown at the times of the executions; excursions of large bodies of men will not be permitted, and if persisted in, will be prevented by actual force. Nothing would be easier for a rescuing party than to go to Charlestown as spectators, carrying concealed weapons, and in the confusion of a large crowd, to attempt the rescue. To prevent the possibility of such a result, and to protect life while executing the judgment of the Court, a very large body of troops will be on duty at Charlestown on the days of the executions. These troops will protect the execution of the sentence of death from interruption, and will execute summary punishment upon all persons attempting a rescue. In such duty, many innocent persons might be injured, hence we would advise all to remain at home."

The first drove of Hogs the present season passed through Yorkville last week. The owners asked 7 cents gross. A few droves have recently passed through Asheville—prices ranging from 6 to 6 1/2 cents gross.

## LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamship Circassian arrived on Friday last with Liverpool dates to the 12th inst. Cotton was selling freely in the Liverpool market, but had declined about an eighth.

Three Treaties of Peace were signed on the 19th inst. No formal proposition has been made to England to join the Peace Congress. The Tuscans have conferred a Regency on Prince Carignano. The Moors have commenced an attack on Ceuta.

**SLAVES LIBERATED.**—By the Will of the late Lewis Y. Christmas, of Warren county, N. C., ten favorite slaves have been liberated, and a sum of \$10,000 left to be divided among them when they leave the State. The residue of the property, consisting of about 100 slaves and a very large quantity of land, is willed to W. D. Jones, Esq., the proprietor of White Sulphur Springs, Warren county.—*Warrenton News.*

**Overland route,** Miles. Days.  
Tehuantepec, 2,651 25  
Do, from New Orleans, 5,804 21  
Nicaragua, 2,704 15  
Panama, 4,531 22  
Do, 4,992 23

**HARD PUSHED.**—Our friends of the Fayetteville Observer are pretty hard pushed for an analogy, and greatly at fault in their simile, when they undertake to show that the editors of the "Winston Sentinel" and "Charlotte Democrat" might be "charged with being in a league with abolitionists in the business of Old Brown," because the editors of the Sentinel and Democrat are in favor of hanging Brown as is Henry Ward Beecher and other abolitionists! We must beg permission to say that our respected friends of the Observer are not as successful in this effort at comparison as they usually are. In fact, they have missed the mark and wasted their ammunition. It didn't seem to strike the Observer that its shot could rebound and hit the source from whence it came, for if there is any possibility of drawing a comparison in the premises, it applies to the Observer as much as it does to the Democrat or Sentinel, because the Observer, too, is in favor of hanging old Brown, therefore we must claim the editors of the Observer as members of the "league," together with all other editors in the State. Our friends must load with more suitable ammunition next time, and take better aim, if they want to "bag the game."

Of course the Observer does not charge the "league" upon us, but it thinks it might do so with as much fairness as we charge Gilmer and Vance with co-operating with Grow, an abolitionist, in securing the defeat of the Post Office Bill at the last session of Congress. Another failure to make "a good shot." There is no analogy between the cases. Gilmer, Vance and Grow agreed as to their object in pursuing a factious course in regard to the P. O. Bill,—they wanted to embarrass Mr. Buchanan—while there is a total disagreement between the Sentinel, Democrat, and other papers at the South, and Henry Ward Beecher and his crew; the former want Brown hanged because he deserves it—the latter pretend to want him choked to death for the purpose of holding him up as a martyr. Some difference, sure.

**NEW YORK ELECTION.**—The result of the late election in New York turns out more favorable for the Democrats than had been anticipated. Jones, the Democratic candidate for Sec'y of State, and Richmond and Skinner, also on the Democratic ticket, have been elected over their black republican competitors. It is thought that if the election had been a few weeks later, so as to have allowed time to establish the complicity of the republican leaders in the Harper's Ferry affair, the whole black republican ticket would have been defeated.

A New York correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer says:

"The result of this election kills Seward as a candidate for the Presidency. He can never carry the State of New York. The majority of the people are against him. The party may be forced to hunt some renegade southern demagogue of the Bates stripe as an available candidate."

Some of our opposition contemporaries say there is no chance for the election of the Democratic Presidential candidate in 1860, that the black republican candidate cannot be defeated by the Democratic party, and therefore the Democracy and southern opposition ought to unite on a conservative whig. This is strange reasoning in view of the fact that the whigs have not been able to carry a single State in the Union, north or south—while the Democracy have triumphed in every southern State. If our opposition friends are disposed to put down black republicanism and do what is right, they should unite on the Democratic candidate and act with the party which has been able to carry the South, with a prospect of securing the vote of New York and probably some other northern State. It is not fair to expect the Democratic party to take up a whig when it is well known that the whig party is entirely powerless.

**A BAD SIGN.**—We see it stated that negroes are becoming very scarce in Missouri, especially in the border counties. The slave-owners are sending their negroes South for sale in order to prevent them from falling into the hands of the abolitionists. That is the most effectual way to abolish slavery in Missouri that could be adopted. The places of the negroes are being filled with northern white laborers.

**TO THE POINT.**—In reply to the charge made by the Rowan county opposition meeting, that the condition of the State is much worse now than it was when the Democratic party came into power, the Raleigh Standard remarks as follows:

"Since the Democratic party came into power the amount of money distributed for Common Schools has nearly doubled, as the tables will show; more than three hundred and fifty miles of Railroad have been constructed; emigration has nearly ceased; our crops of tobacco, wheat and cotton have nearly doubled; while, altogether, the State has increased in wealth, in actual cash valuation, not less than one hundred millions of dollars. Does any unprejudiced person believe that North Carolina is worse off now than she was in 1850? Not one. Every one feels that the old State is prospering, and that she is making rapid strides to the front rank of States, by the side of Georgia herself, the 'empire State' of the South."

And in regard to the complaint about "State debt," the Standard says:

"Who created the debt originally? Why, the representatives of these very gentlemen—their Whig representatives in 1838, in 1840, and at other periods, with their approval. It is well known to all, and especially well known to these very gentlemen, that the Whig party left a legacy when they went out of power of millions of debt to be paid by the Democratic party. The present revenue act was framed, and the taxes were increased, to provide for that debt; and yet these gentlemen, who created or approved the creation of a large portion of this debt, and who advocated and labored for the appropriation of three millions of dollars for the North Carolina Railroad, would have the people believe that they have always been opposed to State debt and high taxes, and that the Democrats are alone responsible. If this is a specimen of their political honesty, we fear the State would 'go further and have worse' if it should fall into their hands."

**THE FAR WEST.**—At present there are four routes to California, but not all open to transit. We subjoin a brief list of these in tabular form, with their respective distances and time of transit to San Francisco from New York:

**INTERVIEW WITH BROWN.**—A Charlestown correspondent says: "Last night, through the courtesy of Captain Avis, the Jailor, I was allowed an interview with old Brown. I was received very kindly by him, and in a few minutes the subject of slavery was introduced, upon which he spoke with the greatest pleasure. He thinks Virginians a generous people, but abhors the institution of slavery. Says he made a blunder in holding the engine house instead of the bridge. Says he could have fortified each end of the bridge with his small number of men, and would have given our troops a good deal of trouble before they would have surrendered. For this great blunder he says he ought to be hanged! He informed me that he had yesterday sold a Sharp's rifle to Mr. Henry Clay Ward, of Alexandria. He also says he has a very high opinion of Gov. Wise, his bravery, and chivalrous character, but thinks he would rather deal with Capt. Henry Clay Pate, of Kansas renown, than the Governor. I then questioned him in regard to his opinion upon the subject of amalgamation, when he responded, that although he was opposed to it, yet he would much prefer a son or a daughter of his to marry an industrious and honest negro, than an indolent and dishonest white man. He also says he is perfectly resigned to his fate, and is unconscious of having committed any crime."

**ILLNESS OF BISHOP ATKINSON.**—We regret to learn that Bishop Atkinson is confined to his bed by sickness, supposed to be varioloid, at Richmond, Va. A grand child had died of small-pox. Mrs. Atkinson was recovering from varioloid.

By this Providential dispensation Bishop Atkinson has been rendered unable to meet his appointments at Salisbury, Statesville, and other points in the west.—*Statesville Express.*

The Raleigh Standard learns from a friend, that John W. Poole, Esq., living about two miles from Smithfield, on the Neuse river, raised the present season twenty-four barrels of corn on one acre of land.

**GONE TO CANADA.**—Dr. S. G. Howe, the Boston abolitionist, whose name has recently been brought prominently before the public in John Brown's and Col. Forbes' correspondence, has written a letter to define his position. He knows nothing of Cook, and never heard of him until after the outbreak at Harper's Ferry, an event unforeseen and unexpected to him. His relations with Brown were such, in former times, as no one ought to be ashamed or afraid to avow. He would give testimony to his high qualities, if they could be of any use to him, but no testimony shall be extorted for unrighteous purposes from him. He says, in conclusion: "I am told by high legal authority, that Massachusetts is so trammelled by the bonds of the Union that, as matters now stand, she cannot, or dare not, protect her own citizens from such forcible extradition; and that each one must protect himself, as he best may. Upon that hint I shall act; preferring to forego anything rather than the right to free thought and free speech." The Dr. has gone to Canada.

**Profits of Sewing Machine Manufacture.**—The number of sewing machines sold last year by the leading manufacturers is numerous, viz: 37,442. Mr. Elias Howe, to whom each manufacturer pays tribute for his lock-stitch, has a princely income therefrom. One periodical has stated that it amounts to \$100,000, but at five dollars for each machine, it amounted last year to \$87,210.

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A lady was asked to join one of the divisions of the Daughters of Temperance. She replied, "That is not necessary, as it is my intention to join one of the sons in the course of a few weeks."

An author of a love story in describing his heroine, says:

"Innocence dwells in the cluster of her hair."

A waggy editor suggests that a fine tooth comb would bring it out.

A down cast editor says he has seen the contrivance our lawyers use when they "warm up with the subject." He says it is a glass concern and holds about a pint.

**FIRST IMPRESSIONS.**—A love-sick traveler from Wisconsin, on his first visit to the Falls, had to record his first impression of the mighty cataract and its surrounding in the album kept for that purpose, at one of the points of attraction for visitors, in this manner:

"Next to the bliss of seeing Sarah, Is that of seeing Niagara."

A certain green horn touched with love to the core, Called upon a fair maiden who opened the door; He made a low bow and thus he began— "O I adore you, my charming Susan."

"I'll adore you, too," she answered at once, And slammed the door in the face of the dunc.

"My men will rally at the tap of the drum," exclaimed a militia captain on a parade ground in an adjoining State. "Y-es, but they will rally quicker at the tap of a whistling barrel," replied a rather verdant mountain sprout, who was standing near by.

All you that want a mate, And to marriage do incline, If you have slid through '58, Now don't through '59.

**NEW TAILORING SHOP.** The subscriber having permanently located in Charlotte, respectfully informs the citizens of the town and vicinity that he has opened a Tailoring Shop opposite Mr. Beckwith's Silversmith Store, next to the Rock Island Office, where he is prepared to manufacture gentlemen's clothing in the best manner and latest style. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done, and with dispatch.

Nov. 29, 1859. 1m W. S. HICKS.

**KOOPMANN'S ANTI-DYSENTERIC AND ANTI-DYSPEPTIC BITTERS.** PREPARED BY B. KOOPMANN, Charlotte, N. C.

These unrivaled Bitters possess peculiar curative properties in all Affections of the Bowels. They will be found effectual in the cure of Dysentery, Diarrhea, Dyspepsia, Stomach, and all those painful and troublesome diseases arising from a derangement of the digestive organs and irregular action of the functions of the stomach and intestines. They will also be found a Safe Remedy for Chills and Fevers.

These Bitters are prepared from Roots brought from Germany, and for over a century have been found effectual in that country for the permanent cure of the diseases enumerated above. They contain no deleterious drugs, but are compounded entirely from roots, and are perfectly safe at all times.

A simple trial is all that is asked, as a cure will naturally follow, and that is the best certificate of their superiority over every other remedy for those particular diseases.

They are manufactured by B. Koopmann, Charlotte, N. C., and are for sale by KOOPMANN & PHELPS.

Also for sale at F. Scarr's and E. Nye Hutchison & Co's Drug Stores. Nov. 29, 1859.

**For the Western Democrat.**  
**ATTENTION, CITIZENS!**  
Considering the inefficiency of our military defence, it is deemed necessary and expedient to organize a volunteer Company at or in the vicinity of Pineville, N. C., that we may be better able to defend our homes and firesides from the incendiary and murderous attacks of Northern abolitionists, we therefore earnestly urge every good citizen in Providence, Sharon and Steel Creek to come forward and enroll under the banner of the Old North State. For this purpose a meeting is called at Pineville, 10 miles south of Charlotte, on the first Saturday in December, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Nov. 28th. MANY CITIZENS.

**MARRIED.**  
In this county, in the Steel Creek neighborhood, on the 10th inst, by Rev Mr. Chalmers, Mr. Wm. Hammonds to Miss Sophrony, daughter of Berry Henry.  
In Union county, on the 22d inst, Mr. Abel Belk of Lancaster District, to Miss Sally Walkup, daughter of Robt. Walkup, dec'd. Also, on the 24th inst. Col. Wm. McCain of Lenoir county, to Miss Walker, daughter of John Walker, dec'd, of Union.  
In Cabarrus county, on the 15th inst, Mr. Thomas Sapp of Guilford, to Miss Sarah Safret.  
In Caldwell county, Dr. J. L. Glass to Miss M. E. Abernathy.  
In Gaston county, on the 1st inst, by J. F. Smyer, Esq. Thomas G. Ford to Miss Sarah Kindric.  
On the 15th inst, Mr. C. H. Woodward of Ireddell county, to Miss S. E. Abernathy of Catawba.  
In York District, on the 15th inst, Mr. James L. Bigger to Miss Violet P. Partlow. Also, on the 10th, Mr. P. Curran to Miss Sarah C. Boyd.  
In Hillsboro, on the 9th inst, Mr. George Hobbs to Miss Becky Jane Tapp.  
In this town, on the 26th inst., at the residence of Mr. Penelaze, Dr. Chas. Overman, Esq., Wm. Wedlock to Miss Mary E. Morris, dec'd, aged 20 years.  
Now may all their foibles, pain and sorrow, Be put off always till to-morrow; May she enjoy wedlock as long as he, And she in wedlock on Earth shall be. [Cos.]

**DIED.**  
In this county, on the 5th instant, Mr. W. L. Wright, aged about 32 years.  
Near Davidson College, in this county, on the 20th inst, Mr. Robert Potts, aged about 73 years.  
In this county, on the 15th inst, John R. Baker, son of Jesse B. and Mary A. Baker, aged 6 years.  
In Raleigh, on the 22d inst, Louis E. Henry, only son of the late Hon. Louis D. Henry, aged 20 years.  
Near Ebenezer, on the 19th inst, Miss Jane Faris, aged about 55 years.

**A Perpetual Running Top.**  
Millward's Gyroscopic TOP, a philosophical Toy which excites wonder and admiration in every one who has seen it. Call and get one—price 50 cents, silver plated, at J. D. PALMER'S Variety Store, Nov. 29th. one door above Bank of Charlotte.

**To Hire and Rent.**  
A number of NEGRO MEN and GIRLS to hire, privately, for the next year.  
Also to rent, one convenient DWELLING HOUSE, next to the old Methodist Parsonage, with 8 rooms, and all necessary out-buildings.  
Enquire at my office opposite Kerr's Hotel. J. M. MILLER, M. D. November 29, 1859. 5t

**DECEMBER 1st, 1859.**  
**T. H. Brem & Co.**  
From this date, will offer their entire stock of DRY GOODS, Hats, Shoes, Carpets, Fancy Goods, &c., &c., At Greatly Reduced Prices, as they are determined to REDUCE THEIR STOCK much lower than usual before the opening of the Spring trade.

**THIS IS NO HUMBUG! Call and examine Prices.**  
To the Ladies We will offer Fancy Dress Silks at New York cost. We will offer Fancy Silk Robes at New York cost. We will offer Fancy and solid colored De Lains at N. Y. cost. We offer Poplins and Poplinets at New York cost. We offer Raw Silks and all wool Plaids at N. Y. cost. We will offer Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Embroidery, Linen, Jaconet, Swiss, Nainsook and Tartan Muslins at New York prices. Our stock of the above Goods is complete, and in fact, we have no hesitancy in saying, that for style, price, quality and elegance.

**Our Entire Stock cannot be excelled.**  
THE GENTLEMEN will find our Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings full and at prices that cannot fail to please. We are determined to Reduce our Stock. Call and see us. T. H. BREM & CO. Nov. 29, 1859.

**12 Likely Negroes For Sale.**  
By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity for Mecklenburg county, at the Public Square in the town of Charlotte, on the 31st DECEMBER, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder

**12 Valuable Slaves,**  
on credit of Six Months, with interest from day of sale, the purchaser in every instance executing Bond with two good Securities.

The object of the sale is to make a division between the undersigned, Augustus J. Orr, and John A. Young, guardian of James H. Orr. A. C. WILLIAMSON, C. M. E. Charlotte, Nov. 29th, 1859. 5t

**Negroes for Sale.**  
Having been appointed Commissioner by the Court of Equity of Lincoln county, N. C., to sell the Negroes the property of L. E. L. C. Houston, A. V. L. Houston and C. H. H. Houston, I will sell at public auction on Wednesday the 4th day of January, 1860, at Beattie's Ford, Lincoln county, 22 miles west of Charlotte, about TWENTY LIKELY NEGROES, men, women and children.

A credit of six months will be given, with interest from date. Note and satisfactory security required. A. H. HOUSTON, Guardian. November 29, 1859. 89-61-pd

**Stop the Thief!**  
STOLEN from my stable, near Tuckasee Ford, in Mecklenburg county, on the night of the 18th of Nov., a dark-colored MARE, with black mane and tail, and a white star on the forehead, and the left hip a little low. Any person returning the animal to me or furnishing information as to its whereabouts, will be paid for their trouble. I will give a reward of \$25 for the detection and apprehension of the thief.

The Mare was tracked to the neighborhood of Tirza church, 6 or 8 miles north-east of Lancaster village. A. F. SADLER. Tuckasee P. O., Nov. 29, 1859. 31-pd Wadesboro Argor and Lancaster Ledger copy 31 and forward accounts to this office.

**30,000 Cross-Ties Wanted.**  
Thirty Thousand Cross-Ties are wanted between Charlotte and the Catawba River, for the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Road, to be delivered by the 1st day of April, 1860.

This is a profitable business, and presents a chance to land owners of converting their waste timber into ready money.

Persons desirous of contracting will call upon F. Gardner, Pr. Asst. Engineer, or upon S. P. Caldwell, Resident Engineer, at Charlotte.

**ALSO, WANTED TO HIRE,**  
For the ensuing year, 100 HANDS, to work on said Railroad. Persons wishing to hire are assured that their hands will be properly cared for, well clothed and fed and humanely treated. Liberal prices will be paid. Enquire of the undersigned at Lincolnton, or of S. W. Davis, Esq., at Charlotte.

H. W. GUION. Prest. W. C. & E. R. R. Co. Nov. 29, 1859. 1f