

The Western Democrat.

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CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

\$2 per annum IN ADVANCE.

W. J. & E. A. YATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1860.

EIGHTH VOLUME--NUMBER 410.

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Published every Tuesday.
WILLIAM J. & EDWIN A. YATES,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS, PER ANNUM:
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If paid after the expiration of the year, 2 50
If paid within 3 months, 3 00
If paid within 6 months, 3 50
Any person sending us five new subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year.

Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.
Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

SAMUEL P. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will attend promptly and diligently to collecting and remitting all claims entrusted to his care.
Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Conveyances, &c.
OFFICE, with Wm. Johnston, Esq.
During hours of business, may be found in the Court House, Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office.
January 16, 1860.

J. A. FOX,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT.
Office at the Court House, 1 door to the left, down stairs.

Wm. J. Kerr,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the County and Superior Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties.
Office in the Broadway building opposite Kerr's Hotel.
January 24, 1860.

J. M. MILLER, M. D.,
Practitioner of Medicine and Surgery,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
May 10th. Office opposite Kerr's Hotel.

ROBERT GIBSON, M. D.,
PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE
AND
OPERATIVE SURGERY,
Office No. 2 Leitch's corner, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
December 14, 1859.

JAS. T. DAVIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining counties.
The collection of claims promptly attended to.
March 14, 1859.

LEE & KERR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Memphis, Tennessee.
Office over the Gayoso Bank, on the Corner of Main and Madison Streets.

R. W. BECKWITH
Has constantly on hand
WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &c.
Of the best English and American manufacturers.
Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each.
November 8, 1859.

PEA MEAL.
We keep at our Stearns Flouring Mill in this place
Pea Meal for feeding cows and stock. Also, we have
on hand at all times, Family, Extra, Superior and
coarse Flour. We warrant our family flour.
Corn Meal and Grits can always be had at the mill.
J. WILKES & CO.
April 19, 1859.

WANTED.
The subscriber will pay the highest cash prices for
Beef cattle.
Those having Pork Hogs for sale would do well to
give me a call, as I am desirous of purchasing that
kind of stock.
J. L. STOUT, Town Butcher.
October 11, 1859.

NEGROES WANTED.
I want to buy Negro Boys and Girls from 12 to 18
years old, for which the highest prices in cash will be
paid.
MAY 17, 1859
SAML. A. HARRIS.

COTTON SAW GINS.
Of the best quality, with 10 inch saws, moveable,
chilled ribs and tinned brush, and all other necessary
improvements—delivered at any Railroad station in the
State at \$2 per saw. These Gins took the premium at
the S. C. State Fair in 1858 and 1859.
Planters wishing to purchase Gins of the subscriber,
will do well to send their orders early, as there is generally
a crowd of work late in the season.
J. M. ELLIOTT,
March 20, 1860. Wmshoro, S. C.

Attention, FARMERS!
The MAGIC PLOW, (patented
by J. P. Harris of Mississippi),
possesses the advantage of combining
two plows in one. It can be laid five times and sharpened
twelve times without the aid of a Blacksmith. It can
be used the whole season without any additional
expense. For sale at the Hardware Store of Cochran
& Sample.
March 27, 1860.

WHEAT!
The subscriber is prepared to purchase the new crop
of Wheat at the highest market price. Farmers
will find it to their advantage to call at the CHAR-
LOTTE STEAM MILLS before selling.
J. W. WILKES.
July 26, 1858.

THRESHING MACHINES.
The subscriber is still Agent for the sale of the
celebrated and much admired combined improved
THRESHER AND WINNOWER, manufactured by
Wheeler, Melick & Co., Albany, N. Y.
These Machines will thresh and clean from 150 to
250 bushels of wheat per day, with less work and less
waste than any other machines known in North Caro-
lina.
Prices at the Shop, viz:
Railway Chain Horse Power, \$120
Lever (superior) " " " 100
Improved Combined Thresher and Winnower, 125
Terms cash, or approved note on interest. Warranted
to give satisfaction or no sale.
Delivered at any Railroad Depot at the above prices—
charges and transportation only to be added.
Address J. B. TROY, Troy's Store,
March 6, 1860. 3m Montgomery Co., N. C.

ANOTHER SOUTHERN MOVEMENT
CUBAN SEGAR MANUFACTORY.
Segars and Tobacco Leaf direct from Cuba.
JOHN S. WILEY has returned to Charlotte from
Cuba, where he bought a large and varied assortment
of SEGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, &c., for this market,
and is now opening some celebrated brands of Segars,
among which may be found the following:
El Rico Habana, Macha El Littleto,
Cocha's Malos, Rio Honro,
Flor del Tamas, Lasbelas Guston.
He manufactures Segars from the best Havana To-
bacco; and keeps the best Smoking and chewing Tobacco,
Lynchburg and Turkish Brands; Macabau, Rappe
and pure Scotch Snuff; Pochitan Pipes, snuff
Boxes, Matches, Blacking, &c.; Mershan Segar Hold-
ers and Pipes.
He respectfully invites the public to call at the Cuban
Segar Factory nearly opposite the Mansion House.
January 3, 1860.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Implements of my manufacture can be found at the
Hardware Store of COCHRAN & SAMPLE in Char-
lotte. Among the various implements for Agricultural
purposes is Westinghouse's combined Thresher and
Winnower, J. H. THOMPSON,
Jan 31, 1860 6m Tyro, Davidson Co.

LOWRIE'S
BOOK STORE.
I receive all the New Pub-
lications as fast as they come for-
ward from the Press; and keep
constantly on hand a large lot of
School, Academy and College
TEXT-BOOKS, and many useful
reference and recreative works.
I also keep a very large stock of Stationery, plain
and fancy. Having made an arrangement with the
Southworth Paper Manufacturing Company, I am en-
abled to sell paper at the same prices—by the whole-
sale or retail as can be bought in the Northern cities,
freight added.
P. J. LOWRIE.
Feb. 15, 1860.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, Conn.
Incorporated A. D. 1810. Charter Perpetual.
Capital paid in 500,000
Surplus 309,000
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1859.
Cash on hand and in Bank \$43,455 22
Cash in hand of Agents and in transit, 54,827 09
Real Estate unencumbered, 15,000 00
Bills receivable, amply secured, 73,174 55
2,494 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, 236,413 00
2,200 " " " New York, 197,750 00
710 " " " Boston, 74,620 00
100 shares Bank of the State of Missouri, 10,000 00
State and city Bonds, 6 per cents, 74,245 00
Rail Road Stocks, 16,250 00
United States Treasury Notes, 14,035 00
\$803,769 86

**PERSONS having well authen-
ticated claims against H. C. Blundin
or G. D. Longstaff, who were connected
with the Anglo-American Gold Mining Co. in this
region between the years 1835-'41, may be benefited
by conferring with the undersigned at an early
date.**
HUTCHINSON & BROWN,
Attorneys.
April 3d.

T. J. CORPENING,
Surgeon Dentist,
(Graduate of the Baltimore Dental College).
Can be found at his Office on Tryon street, opposite
China Hall, where he will be pleased to receive the
calls of those who may require his professional services.
February 21, 1860. 6m

DIRECTIONS.
H. Huntington, Charles Boswell, Job Allen,
Albert Day, Henry Keney, John P. Bruce,
James Goodwin, Calvin Day, Charles J. Rrace,
Timo. C. ALVES, Secretary, H. HUNTINGTON, President,
C. C. LYMAN, Assistant Secy. Wm. N. BOWERS, Actuary.
This old and reliable company, established for nearly
sixty years, continues to insure against loss or dam-
age by Fire on dwellings, furniture, warehouses, stores,
merchandise, mills, manufactories, and most other
kinds of property, on its usual satisfactory terms.
Particular attention given to insuring Farm Property,
consisting of Dwellings, Barns and Out-buildings con-
nected, and Furniture, Live Stock, Hay, Grain, Farming
Utensils, &c., on the same, for a term of three
to five years at low rates of premium.
Applications for Insurance may be made to the un-
derigned, the duly authorized Agent for Charlotte and
vicinity.
Losses equitably adjusted at this Agency, and paid
immediately, upon satisfactory proofs, in funds current
in the cities of New York or Boston, as the assured may prefer.

E. NYE HUTCHISON,
June 28, 1859. y Agent at Charlotte.

NOTICE.
Bids will be received by the subscribers until the
first Saturday in May, for building a Church at Cas-
tania Grove, Gaston county, N. C. Dimensions 34
by 40 feet. Specifications can be seen by calling on the
Committee at or near Castania Grove.
JAS. ABERNATHY,
JNO. R. JOHNSTON,
S. K. JOHNSTON,
W. J. NANCE,
J. F. BLACK, Committee.
April 3, 1860. 4t

**Money I Want, and MONEY I must
have! Do you owe Jonas Rudasill?**
If so, come and pay him. He has many drafts upon
him every day for lumber and labor. These are cash
articles. Men can't work without eating—flour, bacon,
lard, &c. are cash articles. I cannot do work without
lumber; and have to pay for what I get, on delivery.
I have large amounts due me for work on stone build-
ings due for a long time, and I now most positively say
these accounts must be closed.
I still continue to carry on the business at my old
stand, and have for sale Sash Doors, Blinds, &c., and
can manufacture anything in the line to order at short
notice. Orders respectfully solicited, and I promise to
sell cheap for cash as I have always done, and for cash
only.
I still continue to carry on the business at my old
stand, and have for sale Sash Doors, Blinds, &c., and
can manufacture anything in the line to order at short
notice. Orders respectfully solicited, and I promise to
sell cheap for cash as I have always done, and for cash
only.
MARCH 27, 1860. 6t-pd
JONAS RUDASILL.

PROVISIONS.
The subscriber keeps always on hand Corn Meal,
Flour, Dried Fruit, Eggs, &c. Also, Tobacco, Snuff,
Segars, &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices
for cash.
M. S. OZMENT,
Feb 28th. Second door above the Jail.

NOTICE.
My Horse, Young Brimmer, can be found the present
season, on Mondays and Tuesdays at E. P. Blankin-
ship's, near Wright's Ferry; Wednesdays, at R. W.
McBowel's, near the Yoraville road; Thursdays, at
J. B. Stewart's, six miles from Charlotte on the Previ-
dence road; and on Fridays and Saturdays, at W. P.
Robinson's, near Morrow's Turnout. Persons can call
and judge for themselves of the qualities of this Horse.
A. E. GORDON.
March 27, 1860. 6t-pd

CHARLOTTE HOTEL,
BY J. B. KERR, Proprietor.
VERY ACCOMMODATION afforded the
patrons of the Charlotte Hotel.
At this Hotel is kept the line of Daily
Stages from Charlotte to Asheville.
Oct. 1, 1859. J. B. KERR.

**CHILDREN OF THE pathless wood,
Dwelling in deep solitude,
Born of earth and blessed of heaven,
Proofs of love that God hath given;
Pledges from His bounteous hand,
Ever fair and sinless band—
When your gentle mother, spring,
Heard the happy robin sing,
Then we saw her, calm and slow,
Lift the covert of snow
From your tiny forms, and press
Your pure lips with tenderness.
And we knew she lingered there,
Whispering words of love and prayer;
For at last each sleeping child
Looking upward, sweetly smiled,
With the beauty of the skies
Mirrored in its dewy eyes;
Low winds whispering through the trees;
Dreamy murmurs of bees;
Notes of birds and flow of rills;
Music that the rain distills;
Your sweet cradle songs are these,
And unnumbered melodies.
O, ye children of the wood,
Messenger of solitude,
Ye are dearer far to me
Than the nurslings of the lea!
For ye bring to heart and brain
Childhood's rosy dreams again.**

TAXES.
The TAX LISTS for the year 1859 are now in my
hands for inspection. Those liable to pay Taxes will
please come forward and settle.
E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.
April 3, 1860.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.
BY VIRTUE OF A MORTGAGE to the undersigned
made, they will sell publicly at the High Shoals,
in Gaston county, N. C., on the 28th day of April, 1860,
that valuable property known as the
HIGH SHOALS,
embracing above Fourteen Thousand Acres of Land,
lying on the South Fork of the Catawba River, in Gas-
ton and Lincoln counties.
This property embraces extensive and valuable
GOLD MINES, IRON-ORE BEDS,
Limestone, and other minerals; and also possesses the
BEST WATER POWER in the State.
A large portion of the land is valuable for Agricul-
tural purposes, and all of it susceptible of profitable
cultivation.
The Sale will be Positive and for Cash.
The Stockholders in the Old High Shoals Company
are requested to meet in Lincoln on the 27th April,
the day preceding the day of sale. Matters of the ut-
most importance will come before them.
THOMAS GRIER,
W. P. BYNUM, Mortgagees.
March 27, 1860. 5t

CUSTOMS OF THE JAPANESE.
In view of the anticipated presence of the
Japanese embassy in Washington, the following
from a correspondent of a New York paper will
not be considered malapropos:
In the land of Brahma, when two people quarrel
about a piece of ground, he who has most malignity,
as well as fondness for his family in him, takes a
knife, walks deliberately to his neighbor's house,
and planting himself right before his door,
maliciously cuts his own throat. What, you may
ask does he gain by this? He gains his lawsuit,
for the disputed land inevitably becomes the
property of his family. A similar aberration of
intellect prevails among the Japanese. Upon the
least possible provocation a gentleman will seize
upon his sword and rip his own bowels. Very
frequently whole families are ordered by the
government to do this deed upon themselves, and
they obey at once. The poor Japanese, if any one
offers him an indignity, must sacrifice himself
wherever he may happen to be, or else consent to
live among his suicidal fellow-countrymen a
disgraced and lost member of the community.
With a party proceeding one day on an excursion
in the country, were followed by two officers of
the government who performed this duty under
strict compulsion. Our American friends were
thrown into a savage mood by the occurrence, and
one of them turned back and closely confronted
these officials, and took hold of one of them by the
shoulders, turned his face towards the bamboo
edifice, and gave him a slight push in that direction—
The two Japanese persisted in coming on; the
Yankee took his man again by the shoulders, and
performed with his heavy expedition boot a violent
ceremony, which is usually considered a violent
but flattering or agreeable throughout the rest of
the world, but in Japan was an insult that, we
might safely aver, had never been committed
before, and which could only be avenged by death.
Without, therefore, making the slightest attempt
at retaliation on the body of his adversary, he
unsheathed his chief sword, which beautifully
burnished, flashed for an instant in the sunlight.
The Yankee, meanwhile, extricated his revolver
from his hiding place. It was needless, for at two
strokes—two gentle slashes of the keen-edged
weapon, performed in an instant, one across the
other like the letter X—he had disembowelled
himself, and fell a swiftly dying man. As he
reached the ground he cast up his eyes at his
adversary, and seeing him standing near, apparently
with no intention of following his example, he
expressed the most fearful agony we had ever
beheld. We were all filled with dismay at this
strange event, while the brother officer surveyed
us with threatening looks of the most intense
horror. "He expects you to kill yourself in the
same manner with the same sword," said the
Sandwich Islander. The American muttered out
something to the effect that he was not such a
fool. Meanwhile the distortions of the dying man
were painful to look upon; the other officer motioned
us away, and before he rose, a few seconds afterwards,
the man was dead.

A SPLIT AMONG THE MORMONS.
A portion of the Mormons have at last become
disgusted with the proceedings of the Saints at
Utah, and have taken steps to get rid of the
tyranny of Brigham Young. A letter from a
correspondent, which we publish in another column,
gives an interesting account of the proceedings of
the Mormon Conference just held at Amboy, in
Illinois. The Mormon Church everywhere ac-
knowledges the rightful authority of young Joe
Smith, son of the founder of the sect;—and steps
have for some time been in progress to induce him
to assume the Presidency. This has at last been
accomplished. He has been inducted into office,
and made an address on the occasion.
This new organization denounces the action of
Brigham Young with great vehemence, as founded
upon false doctrine, and calculated utterly to
disgrace and ruin the new faith. It will be seen
by young Smith's speech, that they have no
sympathy with polygamy,—that they brand the
practices of Young and his followers as prompted
by seducing spirits, and based on the doctrines of
devils. It is proposed to send missionaries to
Utah, to expound to the brethren the false and
dangerous errors of faith, and practice into which
they have been betrayed, and to induce them to
abandon their present habits, and return to the
primitive faith of the Mormon Church. It is
believed that, with the prestige of young Joe
Smith's name, they can make a decided impression
upon the Saints in Utah, and overthrow the
usurped and abused authority of Brigham Young.
It is doubtful, however, whether Young will
surrender his position and power so easily, and
whether his hold upon the people is not strong
enough to render these movements abortive. The
isolation in which the Utah Mormons live, the
despotism which Young has established over them,
the fact that all their property is in his hands, and
the ignorance of the great mass of them of any
other head of the Church, will render it a very
difficult task to undermine his authority, or per-
suade the mass of his followers to rebel against
him. It is well understood, moreover, that he has
five or six hundred Danites—reckless and perfectly
unscrupulous ruffians—at his command, ready to
commit any crime which he may direct, and
disposed to crush summarily any authority which
may dispute his own. If young Smith has anything
of his father's nerve and skill in dealing with men,
he may carry this important revolution into effect.
The attempt is, at all events, an interesting and
important event.

COURAGE IN WOMAN.
We submit a paragraph below on the subject
indicated in the caption, which we commend to
our lady readers everywhere. The gentler sex,
many of them, have not hesitated to acknowledge
in our presence that it was their nature to be easily
alarmed, and that they could not help it. This is
all sheer nonsense. We have seen ladies who
would scream with terror at the sight of a bee; run
afrighted from the approach of a small dog, and
actually fall into a paroxysm of fear upon imagin-
ing they were threatened with an attack from a
vicious cow. We are far from admiring Amazon-
ian qualities, but we do confess with a high respect
for ladies who can look danger in the face without
fainting, and who, in time of peril, can so com-
mand their presence of mind as frequently to avert
the habit, which, by the betrayal of undue timor-
idity, becomes inevitable. The extract above re-
ferred to is as follows:
"There is a branch of general education which is
not thought of as necessary for woman, as regards
which, indeed, it is well if they are not brought
up to cultivate the opposite. Women are not
taught to be courageous. Indeed, to some persons,
courage may seem as unnecessary for women as
Latin and Greek, yet there are few things that
would tend to make women happier in themselves
and more acceptable to those with whom they live,
than courage. There are many women of the pre-
sent day—sensible women in other things—whose
panic terrors are a frequent source of discomfort
to themselves and those around them. Now, it is a
great mistake to imagine hardness must go with
courage; and that the bloom of gentleness and
sympathy must all be rubbed off by that vigor of
mind which gives presence of mind, enables a per-
son to be useful in peril, and makes the desire to
assist overcome that sickliness of sensibility which
can only contemplate distress and difficulty. So
far from courage being unbecoming, there is a pe-
culiar grace and dignity in those beings who have
little active power of attack or defence passing
through danger with a moral courage which is
equal to that of the strongest. We see this in
great things. We perfectly appreciate the sweet
and noble dignity of Ann Bowley, a Mary Queen
of Scots, or a Marie Antoinette. There is no
beauty in fear. It is a mean ugly dishevelled
creature. No statue can be made of it that a wo-
man would wish to see herself like."

POPULATION OF LONDON.
The weekly tables of the Registrar General for
1859 have shown the changes of the population of
London during each of the fifty-two weeks; and
now the births, deaths, and fatal diseases of the
year can be summed up. The gains and losses can
be numbered.
The natural increase of the population was 30,-
939. That was the excess of the registered births
over the registered-deaths. Besides the increase
by natural growth, London receives other access-
ions; every county of the United Kingdom sends
its quota to the metropolis, and the aggregate
number of immigrants, according to the best esti-
mate, exceeds 23,000. The probable increase of
the population was 54,000 in the year, or more
than a thousand weekly.

THE PRESIDENT ON PRIVATEERING.—President
Buchanan has written a letter to the New York
Chamber of Commerce in reply to their resolu-
tions on the subject of privateering. He opposes
its abandonment, and says:
"We might, with almost as much propriety, agree
to abandon our system of volunteer militia and
trust also to the regular arms for our defence on
the land, as to deprive ourselves of the service of
privateers, which are our volunteers and militia
upon the ocean. Besides, privateers may be
strictly guarded from abuse by law, and be restrained
within the rules which govern our navy. Nei-
ther would the abandonment of war against pri-
vate property upon the ocean of itself afford free-
dom and security to our commerce. In order to
accomplish this object, we must proceed a step
further and obtain the consent of the powerful na-
val nations, that merchant vessels may not be block-
aded in port, but be suffered to pass the blockad-
ing squadron and go out to sea. If these should
remain blockaded in our harbors, there would be
comparatively but little private property on the
mouth of the Chesapeake, could effectually prevent
any merchant vessel from going to sea from any
port in that noble Bay or its tributaries. So in re-
gard to New York, New Orleans, &c. If the propo-
sition to abolish war against private property on
the ocean, were combined with a proposition to
secure to merchant vessels a perfect immunity
from blockade in any port, then the subject would
be well worthy of serious consideration."

THE MILITIA OF THE STATES.—Colonel Robert-
son of the U. S. Army, has proposed a plan of
reorganization of the militia of the several States.
He proposes a short term of service for volunteers,
who are to be armed and equipped and disciplined
by Congress, and to be paid for a few days service
each year, when under instruction, discipline and
drill. He fixes this volunteer force at two hun-
dred thousand, and proposes to divide them in all
the States in proportion to their population, be-
lieving this division will give to each State suffi-
cient force to preserve domestic tranquility, to pre-
vent insurrection and enforce the laws. When
war is declared the militia to be subject to the call
of the President, to repel invasion, and even to
carry on offensive and foreign war. The plan is
before Congress for its consideration.

THE TEST.—An Irishman had been sick a long
time, and while in that state would occasionally
cease breathing, and life be apparently extinct for
some time, when he would come too. On one of
these occasions when he had just awakened from
his sleep, his friend Patrick asked him: "And
how'll we know, Jimmy, when yer dead? yer after
waking up every time." "Bring me a glass of
whiskey, and say to me, here's to ye, Jimmy, an'
if I don't rise and drink, then bury me."

INCENDIARY LANGUAGE.—A man named Wood,
for using incendiary language relative to the John
Brown foray, received thirty-nine lashes in the
Public Square of Abbeville, S. C., a few days ago,
under legal sentence, and was then shipped off on
the cars.

Large Arrivals
OF
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,
AT
KOOPMANN & PHELPS'
They have received and are receiving a large stock of
Dry Goods,
Millinery and Ladies' Dress Goods
in endless variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer
trade.
Particular attention is called to their assortment of
Lace Shawls, Points and Mantillas.
They have a LARGER STOCK OF FINE GOODS than
they have ever kept before.
They assure those who may deal with them that they
will endeavor to give satisfaction both in price and
the quality of the Goods, as they are determined to sell
at such low rates as will tend to the great advantage
of purchasers. They have in store
A large lot of Ready-made Clothing
of various styles and qualities at reduced prices.
GROGERS,
HARDWARE, &c.,
Of all kinds, kept constantly on hand and for sale on
the most reasonable terms.
They invite purchasers to give their extensive stock
an examination before buying elsewhere.
KOOPMANN & PHELPS.
April 10, 1860.

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ticated claims against H. C. Blundin
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consisting of Dwellings, Barns and Out-buildings con-
nected, and Furniture, Live Stock, Hay, Grain, Farming
Utensils, &c., on the same, for a term of three
to five years at low rates of premium.
Applications for Insurance may be made to the un-
derigned, the duly authorized Agent for Charlotte and
vicinity.
Losses equitably adjusted at this Agency, and paid
immediately, upon satisfactory proofs, in funds current
in the cities of New York or Boston, as the assured may prefer.

E. NYE HUTCHISON,
June 28, 1859. y Agent at Charlotte.

NOTICE.
Bids will be received by the subscribers until the
first Saturday in May, for building a Church at Cas-
tania Grove, Gaston county, N. C. Dimensions 34
by 40 feet. Specifications can be seen by calling on the
Committee at or near Castania Grove.
JAS. ABERNATHY,
JNO. R. JOHNSTON,
S. K. JOHNSTON,
W. J. NANCE,
J. F. BLACK, Committee.
April 3, 1860. 4t

**Money I Want, and MONEY I must
have! Do you owe Jonas Rudasill?**
If so, come and pay him. He has many drafts upon
him every day for lumber and labor. These are cash
articles. Men can't work without eating—flour, bacon,
lard, &c. are cash articles. I cannot do work without
lumber; and have to pay for what I get, on delivery.
I have large amounts due me for work on stone build-
ings due for a long time, and I now most positively say
these accounts must be closed.
I still continue to carry on the business at my old
stand, and have for sale Sash Doors, Blinds, &c., and
can manufacture anything in the line to order at short
notice. Orders respectfully solicited, and I promise to
sell cheap for cash as I have always done, and for cash
only.
I still continue to carry on the business at my old
stand, and have for sale Sash Doors, Blinds, &c., and
can manufacture anything in the line to order at short
notice. Orders respectfully solicited, and I promise to
sell cheap for cash as I have always done, and for cash
only.
MARCH 27, 1860. 6t-pd
JONAS RUDASILL.

PROVISIONS.
The subscriber keeps always on hand Corn Meal,
Flour, Dried Fruit, Eggs, &c. Also, Tobacco, Snuff,
Segars, &c., which he will sell at the lowest prices
for cash.
M. S. OZMENT,
Feb 28th. Second door above the Jail.

NOTICE.
My Horse, Young Brimmer, can be found the present
season, on Mondays and Tuesdays at E. P. Blankin-
ship's, near Wright's Ferry; Wednesdays, at R. W.
McBowel's, near the Yoraville road; Thursdays, at
J. B. Stewart's, six miles from Charlotte on the Previ-
dence road; and on Fridays and Saturdays, at W. P.
Robinson's, near Morrow's Turnout. Persons can call
and judge for themselves of the qualities of this Horse.
A. E. GORDON.
March 27, 1860. 6t-pd

CHARLOTTE HOTEL,
BY J. B. KERR, Proprietor.
VERY ACCOMMODATION afforded the
patrons of the Charlotte Hotel.
At this Hotel is kept the line of Daily
Stages from Charlotte to Asheville.
Oct. 1, 1859. J. B. KERR.

**CHILDREN OF THE pathless wood,
Dwelling in deep solitude,
Born of earth and blessed of heaven,
Proofs of love that God hath given;
Pledges from His bounteous hand,
Ever fair and sinless band—
When your gentle mother, spring,
Heard the happy robin sing,
Then we saw her, calm and slow,
Lift the covert of snow
From your tiny forms, and press
Your pure lips with tenderness.
And we knew she lingered there,
Whispering words of love and prayer;
For at last each sleeping child
Looking upward, sweetly smiled,
With the beauty of the skies
Mirrored in its dewy eyes;
Low winds whispering through the trees;
Dreamy murmurs of bees;
Notes of birds and flow of rills;
Music that the rain distills;
Your sweet cradle songs are these,
And unnumbered melodies.
O, ye children of the wood,
Messenger of solitude,
Ye are dearer far to me
Than the nurslings of the lea!
For ye bring to heart and brain
Childhood's rosy dreams again.**

TAXES.
The TAX LISTS for the year 1859 are now in my
hands for inspection. Those liable to pay Taxes will
please come forward and settle.
E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.
April 3, 1860.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.
BY VIRTUE OF A MORTGAGE to the undersigned
made, they will sell publicly at the High Shoals,
in Gaston county, N. C., on the 28th day of April, 1860,
that valuable property known as the
HIGH SHOALS,
embracing above Fourteen Thousand Acres of Land,
lying on the South Fork of the Catawba River, in Gas-
ton and Lincoln counties.
This property embraces extensive and valuable
GOLD MINES, IRON-ORE BEDS,
Limestone, and other minerals; and also possesses the
BEST WATER POWER in the State.
A large portion of the land is valuable for Agricul-
tural purposes, and all of it susceptible of profitable
cultivation.
The Sale will be Positive and for Cash.
The Stockholders in the Old High Shoals Company
are requested to meet in Lincoln on the 27th April,
the day preceding the day of sale. Matters of the ut-
most importance will come before them.
THOMAS GRIER,
W. P. BYNUM, Mortgagees.
March 27, 1860. 5t

COURAGE IN WOMAN.
We submit a paragraph below on the subject
indicated in the caption, which we commend to
our lady readers everywhere. The gentler sex,
many of them, have not hesitated to acknowledge
in our presence that it was their nature to be easily
alarmed, and that they could not help it. This is
all sheer nonsense. We have seen ladies who
would scream with terror at the sight of a bee; run
afrighted from the approach of a small dog, and
actually fall into a paroxysm of fear upon imagin-
ing they were threatened with an attack from a
vicious cow. We are far from admiring Amazon-
ian qualities, but we do confess with a high respect
for ladies who can look danger in the face without
fainting, and who, in time of peril, can so com-
mand their presence of mind as frequently to avert
the habit, which, by the betrayal of undue timor-
idity, becomes inevitable. The extract above re-
ferred to is as follows:
"There is a branch of general education which is
not thought of as necessary for woman,