AUSTERN Memocrat.

OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER

\$2 per annum

W. J. & E. A. TATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1860.

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THE

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WILLIAM J. & EDWIN A. YATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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SAMUEL P. SMITH, Attorney and Counselor at Law, CHARLOTTE, N C.,

remitting all claims intrusted to his care. Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Con-

Bers During hours of business, may be found in the Court House. Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office. have in getting their goods. January 10, 1860.

J. A. FOX Attorney at Law, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. Office at the Court House, I door to the left, down stairs.

Wm. J. Kerr, *ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Will practice in the County and Superior Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties. OFFICE in the Brawley building opposite Kerr's Hotel January 24, 1860

J. M. MILLER, M. D., Practitioner of Medicine and Surgery,

CHARLOTTE, II. C. Office opposite Kerr's Hotel.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D., PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE

OPERATIVE SURGERY, Office No. 2 Icwin's corner, Charlotte, N. C. December 14, 1859.

JAS. T. DAVIS. ATTORNEY AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjaining counties. The collection of claims promptly attended to. March 14, 1859

WM. H. KERR. KERR. TTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

Memphis, Tennessec. 18 Office over the Gavoso Bank, on the Corner of Main and Madison Streets, "Gall

Time of Holding Courts: CHANCERY-4th Monday in May and Nov. Circuit-3d Monday in Jan., May and September. COMMON LAW-1st Monday in Warch, July and Nov'r. CRIMINAL-2d Monday in February, June and October CRITTENDEN CIRCUIT COURT, ARK .- 2d Monday in May and November. Jan. 3d, 1860.

W. BECKWITH WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &C.

Of the best English and American manufacturers. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each. November 8, 1859

RANKIN & MARTIN Commission Merchants. Witmington, N. C.

ROBT. C. RANKIN. Aug. 30, 1859.

PEA MEAL.

coarse Flour. We warrant our family flour. Corn Meal and Grits can always be had at the mill J. WILKES & CO. April 19, 1859

COTTON SAW GIAS.

Of the best quality, with 10 inch saws, movemblechilled ribs and tinned brush, and all other necessary improvements-delivered at any Railroad station in the State at \$2 per saw. These Gins took the premium at the S. C. State Fair in 1858 and 1859, Planters wishing to purchase Gins of the subscirber,

will do well to send their orders early, as there is gen-J. M. ELLIOTT, March 20, 1860. 6 m Winnshoro, S. C.

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscriber being desirious of removing West, offers for sale his PLANTATION, situated ten miles west of Charlotte, on the waters of Paw creek and Catawaba River. The tract comprises 330 Acres, most of ban Segar Factory nearly opposite the Mansion House. it superior land. There is a good Dwelling and all necessary out-houses on the premises. Terms liberal, Also, will be sold a half interest in a Grist and Saw Mill adjoining the above tract. Apl 3, 1860. If WM. M. PORTER.

Methodist Protestant Female School,

Jamestown, Guilford Co., N. C. The Third Session of this College will commence July 11th, 1860. For Catalogues or Circulars Address J. S. RAY, Sec'y. 2m

Immense Attraction! Great Clothing Emporium

FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO. Stock of Ready-made Clothing

ever offered in the State. Their stock comprises all the different kinds of Fancy get receipts for their Installments. Cut Linen and Marseilles Business Suits, English and French Drap d'Ete and Alpacca Frocks and Sacks; a large variety of Cassimere Pants-Fancy and Black; also, Fancy and Black Silk, Cassimere and Marseilles Vests in endless variety.

Gents' Furnishing Goods. Trunks, Valises, Hats and Caps, &c., &c. All of the

MANUFACIURING DEPARTMENT.

FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO. have also added to their Ready-made Clothing Stock, a Merchant Tailoring Department, to which they call the especial attention of their many friends and customers.

They intend making this department second to none in the State, either in style and quality of Goods, or in the manufacture of Garments. At all times will be found a good stock of Black and

Will attend promptly and difficulty to collecting and colored Cloths, English, French and American Cassimeres, and a variety of Vestings. Also, an assurtment of Rock Lland Cassimeres. They feel confident of their ability to undersell any other house in the State, from the advantages they

> Their goods are bought by the quantity, by one of the Firm who resides in the Northern markets, which gives him the opportunity of taking advantage of the prices of goods, thereby saving at least Twenty-five per cent to the consumer. By Dimes saved are Dollars made !" So try us.

E. FULLINGS. JNO. M. SPRINGS, JNO. P. HEATH.

April 10, 1360,

NEGROES I want to hav Negro Boys and Girl; from 12 to 18

years old, for which the highest prices it cash will be SAML, A. HARRIS.

TAXES.

The TAX LISTS for the year 1859 are now in my hands for inspection. Those liable to pay Taxes will please come loward and settle. E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.

Large Arrivals SPRING & SUMMER GOODS KOOPHANN & PHELPS'

They have received and are receiving a large stock of Dry Goods.

Millinery and Ladies' Dress Goods a endless variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer Particular attention is called to their assortment of

Lace Shawls, Points and Mantillas. They have a LARGER STOCK of FINE GOODS than they have ever kept before. They assure those who may deal with them that they

will endeavor to give satisfaction both in price and the quality of the Goods, as they are determined to sell at such low rates as will tend to the great advantage of purchasers. They have in store

A large lot of Ready-made Clothing of various styles and qualities at reduced prices.

CROGERIES, HAIDWARE, &c.,

Of all kinds, kent constantly on hand and for sale on the most reasonable terms. They invite purchasers to give their extensive stock an examination before baying elsewhere. KOOPMANN & PHELPS.

JOHN HENRY WAYT, Surgeon Dentist,

(GRADUATE IN MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY.) Office in Brawley's Building, opposite Kerr's Hotel. CHARLUTTE, H. C.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS, as Cleft Palate, Harp. Tumors of mouth and jaws, performed. FRACTURES AND DISLOCATIONS of the Jaws treated Teeth filled with Gold, Silver, Tin or Amalgam. ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in the best manner. A very superior Tooth Powder and Tooth Wash

Prices moderate and all work done satisfactory to the A stock of Dentists' materials always on hand. Gold and Silver Plate of any fineness gotten out. February 28, 1860

T. J. CORPENING. Surgeon Dentist,

(Graduate of the Baltimore Dental College,) We keep at our Steam Flouring Mill in this place Can be found at his Office on Tryon street, opposite Pea Meal for feeding cows and stock. Also, we have | China Hall, where he will be pleased to receive the on hand at all times. Family, Extra, Superfine and calls of those who may require his professional services. February 21, 1860.

ANOTHER SOUTHERN MOVEMENT CUBAN SEGAR MANUFACTORY.

Segars and Tobacco Leaf direct from Cuba.

JOHN S WILEY has returned to Charlotte from uba, where he bought a large and varied assortment makes. of SEGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, &c., for this market, and is now opening some celebrated brands of Segars, | American. Also, Putty by the keg or pound. among which may be found the following :

Mucha El Littleto. El Rico Habana, Rio Ho dro. Flor del Tumas, Lasbelas Guston. He manufactures Segars from the best Havana To-

bacco; and keeps the best Smoking and chewing Tobac-

co, Lynchburg and Turkish Brands; Maccabau, Rappee and pure Scotch Snuffs: Powhatan Pipes, snuff Boxes, Matches. Blacking, &c.; Meershaun Segar Hold-He respectfully invites the public to call at the Cu-

January 3, 1860.

LIFE INSURANCE. The undersigned, as Agent, will receive applications

for Insurance in the North Carolina Mutual Life Insur ance Company, This Company is the oldest in the State, and has are moderate, and all losses promptly adjusted. Persons wishing to insure their own lives or the lives of the Agent at the Branch Bank of North Carolina. Slaves insured for two-thirds of their value.

T. W. DEWEY, Agt.

Apl 3, 1860. 3m

NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, A., T. & O. R. R. CO. CHARLOTTE, N. C., 11th June, 1860. Notice is hereby given that the Third Installment of Five Dollars per Share of the Capital Stock of this Company, subscribed in Mecklenburg county and at Mount Mourne, Iredell county, is made due and payable on

Commencement, and sincerely hopes that all persons interested in the progress of the Road, and who OWE for Stock subscribed, will meet him at that place and

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of FEASTER & McLEOD was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 21st inst. The Notes and Accounts due the firm will be found in the hands of L. Feaster or E. A. McLeod for immediate settlement. Lead for payment. E. A. McLEOD.

M. L. WRISTON, Treas'r.

The undersigned will continue the GROCERY AND PRODUCE BUSINESS at the old stand. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. A good stock of Family Groceries always on hand.

May 29, 1860.



MANUFACTORY, where will be kept con- spring of 1780 and proceeded as far as the Santee. stantly on inspection and sale, SADDLES, HARNESS, before they heard of the surrender of Charleston &c. &c., of our own manufacture, together with Collars | by Gen. Lincoln, the American commander, to Sir (warranted not to gall,) and a select and general assort- Henry Clinton, who commanded the British. At ment of every article appertaining to the trade, all of the Santee, hearing of the fall of Charleston, and which will be sold at the lowest figures for eash or approved names. The Manufacturing Department will that a further march was unnecessary and entirely be committed to the most proficient workmen, under too hazardous, they returned to Camden. During the supervision of Mr ROBERT SHAW. Distant orders | this time Col Buford, according to some histo-

feet Repairing of all kinds executed with neatness

N. B. The highest market prices paid for hides. Irwin's Corner Building. H. M. PRITCHARD.

MANSION HOUSE The undersigned having taken the above well-known

the house and the traveling public that he is repairing and refurnishing it and has made several changes which will add to comfort as a home and public resort. No effort shall be spared on the part of himself or assistants to render sojourners pleasant and comfortable. H. B. WILLIAMS.

Charlotte, January 10, 1860.

J. S. PHILLIPS, MERCHANT TAILOR.



HAVING located in Charlotte, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage A complete assortment of Cloths, Caswhich will be made to order at the shortest notice. Shop three doors south of the

Mansion House. Sept. 27, 1859.

S100 REWARD:

ANAWAY from the subscriber on the 1st October. a mulatto boy named SOLOMON. He is near six feet high, about thirty years old, tolerably bright, rather slim, and weighs about 175 pounds. He has a down look when spoken to. The end of the forefinger of his left hand has been cut off, and a sharp hard knot has grown on the end of it. I think he is lurking about Rocky River, in the lower end of Cabarrus county. where he was raised. All persons are forewarned not to harbor or assist him, under the penalty of the law. I will pay the above reward for his delivery to me, or his apprehension and confinement in any jail so WILLIAM HAMILTON, Negro Head Depot, Union Co., N. C.

Hardware!! Hardware!! A. A. N. M. TAYLOR

ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the pub-lic generally, that he has added to his extensive stock of Stoves and Tin Ware, a large and complete stock of Hardware, consisting in part as follows:

Carpenters' Tools. Circular, mill, crosscut, hand, ripper, pannel, prun-

ing, grafting, tennou, back, compass, webb, and butcher SAWS; Braces and bits, Draw Knives, Chissels, Augers, Cimlets, Hammers, Hatchets, and Axes; Brick. plastering, and pointing Trowels; Saw-setters, Screw- covered his cavalry coming round in the rear. plates, Stocks and dies, Planes of all kinds, Spokeshaves, Steel-blade bevel and try Squares; Spirit Levels, Pocket Levels, Spirit level Vials, Boring machines, Gougers, and in fact everthing a mechanic wants, in great variety and at very low prices, at TAYLOR'S lent as to what became of Buford, but tradition Hardware Store and Tin-ware Depot, opposite the Man- says he fled. Tarleton, totally regardless of the sion House, Charlotte, N. C. May 29, 1860.

Blacksmith's Tools.

Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, hand and slide Hammers, Battresses, Farriers' Knives. Screw-plates, Stocks Files of every kind, Cut horseshoe and clinch Nails, Borax; Iron of all sizes, both of northern and country manufacture; cast, plow, blister and spring Steel; &c., for sale very cheap at

AT TAYLOR'S you can find the largest assortment

WOODEN WARE, Brooms, &c., of all kinds. Rope! Rope!!

5,000 pounds of Manilla, Juto and Cotton Rope, from I inch to 3 inches, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store, Opposite the Mansion House. Tin and Japanned Ware, A large assortment; Block Tin, Block Zinc, Tin Plate,

Babbit metal, &c. Stoves, the largest Stock, of all sizes, at TAYLOR'S Hardware, Stove and

een in successful operation for several years. Its rates | den Hoes and Rakes, with handles; Grain Cradles; grain, Shears, &c., at TAYLOR'S Hardware Depot, opposite

From the Lancaster (S. C.) Ledger. BUFORD'S DEFEAT.

Our last issue contained an interesting account of the proceedings of the meeting held on Saturturday, 2d instant; the purpose of said meeting being the rearing of a monument over the graves of They are now opening at their large and capacious Store Room, the HANDSOMEST and CHEAPEST The Treasurer will attend at Davidson College during battle ground, nine miles east of this place. Something was said in that report of a meeting held at this place several years ago, looking to the very object that was contemplated a few days since. The proceedings of that meeting were published in the Camden Journal of June 18th, 1845, and a copy of that issue is now before us. That such a demonstration was made here at that time, is doubtless as new to many of our readers as it is to ourself, and we re-publish the following report of a Committee Claims due by the firm must be presented to E. A. Mc. that had been appointed to collect facts relative to the battle. It gives a clearer and more detailed history of the massacre than is to be found in any of our books of history. The Committee, through

their Chairman, James H. Witherspoon, submitted the following report: The facts in relation to the battle which took blood induced him willingly to submit and en- did not injure the person of Credle, only by a place in this District at the spot known as "Buford's battle ground," as far as can be ascertained from history and tradition, are as follows: Col. for carnage upon a surrendered and armless foe- dogs two miles through a swamp until they came Abraham Buford commanded a regiment of infantry and one company of artillery, of between three and four hundred men, who had marched harlotte, N. C., at what will be styled from Pittsylvania and the other adjoining counties in Virginia near the North Carolina line, to the wards became proverbial throughout the country. relief of Charleston, South Carolina. This regi-SADDLE and HARNESS ment must have left their homes early in the particularly solicited-work and quality of goods guar- rians, was accompanied by Gen. Caswell of North Carolina, who was also marching to the relief of Charleston, and who commanded about 700 militia and continentals. According to others, Gen. Caswell joined Col. Buford in his return to Camden. At Camden, Gen. Caswell filed off to the Pee Dee country. Buford's regiment was then placed under the command of Gen. Huger, as an escort to Gov. Rutledge; there his regiment was detained and favorite Hotel, begs leave to inform the patrons of for a few days with apparent security, not fearing or suspecting the approach of the enemy, and from which they were aroused by the warning of a gentleman professedly opposed to the Americ:n cause. After this, Gen. Huger gave up the command to Buford, who took the road to Charlotte, N. C. Lord Cornwallis, at that time, was at Nelson's Ferry. and hearing of the approach of Buford and Caswell, despatched the bloodthirsty Col. Tarleton, with about 600 cavalry and infantry in pursuit, each trooper having a trooper man behind him. After a rapid force I march of over 100 miles in 54 hours, Tarleton came up with Buford on the simeres and Vestings always on hand, 29th May, 1780, when the battle, which ended in a most brutal and bloody massacre, took place. Tarleton sent a flag and summoned them to surrender. Buford submitted the summons to a council of his officers with three propositions. 1st, Shall we comply with Tarleton's summons? 2d, Shall we abandon the baggage and by a rapid movement save ourselves? or 3d, Shall we fortify ourselves by the wagons and wait his approach? These were

each rejected, and the conclusion was, that they would continue the march in the best order to receive the enemy. This conclusion, no doubt, was the more readily agreed upon, as they had no certainty of Tarleton's attack, or of his number, and supposed it might be a false alarm. The march was continued by Col. Buford, with the baggage wagons and the company of artillery commanded by Capt. Carter, in front. It is believed that this company was seven miles ahead at the time of the attack. At the sound of Tarleton's bugle, the first intimation of the attack, Buford prepared for battle, but unfortunately, it was in open woods, which highly favored the movements of the cavalry. Tarleton advanced with the infantry in the centre and the cavalry on the wings The rear guard of Buford commanded by Lieut. Pearson, was cut to pieces, the Lieutenant himself was shot downhad his nose and lip cut off and his teeth knocked out; notwithstanding he survived by being fed with milk through a quill for weeks. The main body received Tarleton with firmness, and was about beating his infantry back, when they dis-Then Buford ordered a flag to be hoisted and to ground arms. Easign Cruit, who bore the flag of truce, was cut down by Tarleton. History is sirules of civilized warfare, began an indiscriminate mas-acre and torture, which continued as long as life was supposed to exist. Capt. Stokes received twenty-three wounds; he was attacked by two dragoons, one of whom cut off his right hand,

and dies. Blacksmith's Pincers and Tongs, Rasters and which was extended to ward off the blow aimed at his head-the other cut off the forefinger of the left hand-he was then cut down by a blow on his head, and after he fell, he was transfixed four TAYLOR'S, opposite the Mansion House: times with the bayonet; yet strange to relate, he of Cutlery Guns and Pistols, of all the celebrated the Bench. (The county of Stokes, in North GLASS, of all sizes and qualities-both French and the wounded were pitched about with their bayo- were brought suddenly to the ground safe, one 151 so badly wounded as to be left on the ground, He was fatally injured. being between two-thirds and three-fourths of the whole of their force. Tarleton himself reports it at was before the attack in front and led the van. thor. It is an improvement "addendum to the He continued his march and did not stop for the picture: engagement, nor did he take any part in the ac- "Uncle Ned's old dog laid down by his grave Tin ware Depot, opposite Mansion House tion. "His conduct," says Dr. Brownfield, "was regarded as suspicious, and more particularly so, And he wonder'd if Ned wouldn't come back again Agricultural Implements of all kinds. as his whole company was parolled by Tarleton af-Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, Hoes, Shovels, ter the battle without injury." According to tradi-Spades, Forks, Axes, Picks, Mattocks, Grubbing Hoes, tion in that neighborhood Carter was at Silver Run, Trace Chains, Wagon Chains, Log Chains, Pruning and Hedge Shears, Pruning and budding Knives, gargrass and brier Scythes, Bush Hooks. Wagen boxes; ter's fault. Except this company, the few sur- sons. One of them is a driver on the Erie canal, had not the support of the old Democratic States; Hollow ware, such as pots, ovens and lids, skillits, spi- vivors whose names are known, were Captains another has been committed to prison as a vagrant, and thus, lacking in its mode the essential quality of their Slaves, in this Company, will call at the office ders, stew-pans and kettles, Cauldrons from 20 to 120 Stokes, Lawson, and Hoard, Lieutenants Pearson and a third has gone to a public institution (called of nationality, it is open to the most objectional

whose father, in company with the Rev. Jacob writing from Pantego, N. C., 20th ult., says: Carnes, and others, assisted in burying the dead, On yesterday three large negro men passed Low-

can point out their last resting places. and one officer and 13 privates wounded. So san- negro; the negro struck him a blow with the gun guinary and cruel was the battle and the conduct | which felled him to the ground, and repeated the of Tarleton, that the attempt to excuse himself by | blows once or twice. Credle, who was just behind, surrender his horse was shot, and that his men be- the negro while beating Davis, the gun missing came so infuriated, supposing he was wounded, fire; the other two negroes seeing the gun miss that it was impossible for a while to restrain them; fire, jumped into Credle, took his gun and struck but the truth no doubt was, that his thirst for it against the ground, breaking it to pieces, but courage it. It was a fit occasion for an officer of slight blow on the face. A company was raised his cold and obdurate heart to satiate his thirst | immediately to pursue them, which was done by

ry to eternal obloquy and scorn. "Tarleton's

WESTERN TEXAS. I have been on a botannical tour through western Texas, by way of San Antonia to Corpus Christi on the Gulf coast, returning by way of Refugio, Goliad and Gonzales to Austin. This is what is termed the dry region, but it has suffered more severely during the last five years than ever before, so say the oldest inhabitants. At present, on account of spring rains, the crops promise well. At the farm of Gen. Pitts, near San Marcos, I saw a cornfield of a hundred acres on the 1st of May, which was of a deep green, and had an average height of more than three feet. I never before saw so fine a corn field on May-day. The planting same field of many hundreds of acres, were cot- al Intelligencer writes as follows: ton, rve, wheat, oats, Chinese sugar cane and corn, all of which looked finely, indicating the good farmer, who, by deep plowing and having the work done well and in good season, gets good returns.

The soil of western Texas is generally of the best quality, being a dark limestone loam, much like the prairie lands of the North-western States. Owing to dry seasons, it is probable that this portion of the State will never be a great grain growing region. On the contrary, as now, it will continue to be a great stock growing section, where thousands of cattle, mules and horses roam over hill and prairie, amid scattering live oak and musquit trees. Many of these stock men lead an easy wild life, rarely raising more grain than for home upon our coast, and sixteen hundred human beings use. Their principal wealth consists of cattle, perished with the wrecks. Surely our knowledge horses and mules. The land is nearly all unfenced of the laws of storms should enable us, in some and the owner of only fifty acres may have several degree, to diminish this vast amount of mischief thousand cattle and horses. The chief work is to and suffering. brand the colts and calves, no further care being

gulated communities. Western Texas is a beautiful country. Many of its springs and streams have a clearness not found in the waters of other portions of the South, excepting amid the mountains or in Florida. The San Marcos and Guadaloupe, near New Braunfels, the 1st inst., 28 days from Kanagawa. A battle emerge from the hills above, bright and sparkling, gliding along over the limestone rocks plainly vis- was killed. Fears were entertained that an attack ible in the beds of these streams. New Braunfels | would be made on Kanagawa, and so much is the centre of a large German colony, who have the promise of an abundant harvest. This will give new life to that region, where drouth has prevented a full crop during the past four years. Austin, May 22d. S. B. BUCKLEY

A COMET has been visible for the past two

weeks in the Northwest. IMPORTANT FROM UTAH.-Captain Gibson passed through this city on his way to Washington, as bearer of important despatches from Utah to the General Government. We understand these despatches embrace propositions from Brigham Young to sell out the Mormon property at Salt Lake City and vicinity to the United States, the saints to evacuate the Territory and remove to some point on the Pacific coast, either in the British possessions or within the boundaries of the United States, where they will establish a new home for themselves and followers. There is no doubt that Brigham Young is induced to take this course by the recent heavy emigration to Pike's Peak, and the rapid extension of the power of the gentiles towards the immediate neighborhood of the prophet's dominion .- St. Louis Democrat.

WESTERN REPORTING .- A Western paper, survived and was afterwards promoted to a seat on chronicling the lamentable occurrence of a staging to a church being blown down, very feelingly says; Carolina, was called after his name.) Others of "We are happy to state that over twenty persons nets and tortured to death-even the dead were man, Mr Wilkins, got his neck broke. Mr W. was an estimable young man, and the father of a r spondent of the Adrian 'Expositor' "figures up'

It is our honorable privilege to give to the world two-thirds of the whole American force. Capt. another verse of Old Uncle Ned, never before pub- from Chicago on Monday morning, informed me Carter, who commanded the artillery company, lished, but written and sung by the original authat that hour a heavy thunder storm was in

And he howled in de light of de moon;

To hunt for de'possum an'de coon." by Buford, it was then Buford's error and not Car- trades, has recently received tidings of three of his tuted, but was in itself a sectional nomination. "It gallons each; Iron and brass Preserving Kettles, Sheep and Jamison, and Ensign Cruit, and Col. Buford a Penitentiary) to learn the shoe-making business charge which can be made against a political himself. It is a melancholy and much to be re- under a keeper.

gretted fact that the names of the unfortunate and | RUNAWAY NEGROES-Fatal Attack .- A corfallen brave to us are unknown. Mr Usher, respondent of the Washington (N. C.) Dispatch,

states that 84, as well as he recollects, who were or Broad Creek, and were hailed by a gentleman killed on the day of battle, were buried in one named Credle. They said to Credle they were large pit or grave, and that 25 who died of their bound to Leachville, to work for Mr Martin .wounds the next day, were buried in another grave Credle informed Mr W. H Davis, and both of about 300 yards distant from the others. The them pursued after them, overtook and asked if wounded who survived were, in a few days, hauled | they had any papers, which they readily produced. in wagons to the Waxhaw Church as a hospital- | They were ordered to return, which they readily there a number died and are buried in the grave | did; two walking before D., and one walking by yard at that church, but now probably no person his side. They had not proceeded far on their return, before the one by his side seized his gun and The loss of the British, according to Tarleton's snatched it away while D. was not upon his guard account, was two officers and three privates killed, Davis dismounted instantly and made towards the informing Cornwallis that about the time of the dismounted immediately, and attempted to shoot a thirst which characterizes him a cruel and sen- to the mill-pond which the negroes had crossed. guinary tyrant, and holds up his name and memo- Pursuit was given over to organize a larger company to guard the different passes in the juniper Quarters," which here had its full origin, after- swamps. About an hour before day they came along, and were hailed by one of the guard; the negro, instead of answering, made ready for an attack. He was struck by the guard that hailed, and just as the negro was in the act of returning the blow another of the guard shot him in the face. The night being dark, the forest trees shutting out all light, they could not see a man ten feet, so the other two made their escape. No clue was found as to whom they belonged. Papers were found purporting to be free papers, dated from Bertie county. Mr Davis is very severely injured, having two large and dangerous wounds upon his head.

VIOLENT CONVULSIONS OF NATURE.-It is rather a remarkable fact that at nearly the same period of time hurricanes of almost unprecedented of this corn began the 9th day of February, and violence have occurred on both sides of the Atwas continued until the 17th of March. In the lantic. The London correspondent of the Nation-

> Since the 25th of October last, when the "Royal Charter" was crushed like an eggshell on the coast of Wales, hurricane after hurricane, of a violence not often experienced in these latitudes have swept over and around us. The month of May ended with a tempest which wrecked three hundred and fifty vessels on the British coast, and June opened with another storm which, even on land, approached the character of a tornado. We do not yet know the extent of the mischief it has done at sea; we can only hope that it did not spread so wide a disaster as did its immediate precursor. Within the last twelve months ships and cargoes to the estimated value of £1,760,000 were lost

It is true that against the violence of the wind necessary more than a general supervision. Each and waves man's puny strength would be vainly stock man has a brand recorded in the county in opposed, but cannot something be done to warn which he resides. That some brand colts and the mariner of the approaching storm, and to tell calves mistakingly, which do not belong to them, him when it would be dangerous for him to leave is probable; but mistakes will occur in the best re- harbor and when prudent to seek shelter? The wrecks around the coasts of England, Ireland and Scotland are more than 1,100 per annum.

> LATER FROM JAPAN - A Reported Battle .-The brig Ida Rogers arrived at San Francisco on had been fought near Jeddo, in which a Prince probability of it, that the shipping in the harbor were notified to hold themselves in readiness to protect themselves, as they could not be protected by the Government. A letter from a commercial firm at Kanagawa, dated May 3d, says:

> It is reported that there was a big fight in Yeddo yesterday, between the revolutionary party and the Government. No particulars received. The captains of all the vessels in the harbor were notified to be prepared for an attack. Guns were run out and shotted, and things certainly look squally. Two hundred and sixty soldiers arrived in town

> yesterday. Some say they came to protect the place; others say that they intend to wipe out all the foreigners. We have so many reports of this kind, that we do not regard them much. A few days will tell the story. From the Rev. Mr Goble, who sailed a few months ago from San Francisco for Kanagawa, as

a missionary, the following lettes is received, dated Kanagawa, April 24. "We arrived safe in Japan on the 1st of April, where we found the What-Cheer and the Page at

anchor. They were about three weeks before us. "The white men here are in a state of constant alarm, on account of a set of desperadoes who hate foreigners, and have assessinated several and wounded others. These people are led on by a Prince Meta, and are said to be constantly lurking about to see what they can do to disturb foreign

HOW FAR CAN LIGHTNING BE SEEN? -- A cor-The loss of the Americans was 113 killed, and good many children, besides a farm well stocked, as follows, in answering the question. "How far to be left on the ground, He was fatally injured."

At half past nine o'clock on Sabbath evening I observed lightning low in the horizon, due west. A gentleman who came progress in that city-no signs of which were to be seen this side of the head of Lake Michigan. So lightning can be seen at least two hundred miles."

> The Boston Post adheres to the Breckinridge ticket, on the ground of its regularity and its The man who did not think it respectable to nationality. The Douglas nomination, it says, was