

The Western Democrat.

OFFICE
ON THE
WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

W. J. & E. A. YATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1860.

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Any person sending us five new subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive six months gratis for one year.
Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

SAMUEL P. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will attend promptly and diligently to collecting and remitting all claims entrusted to his care.
Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Conveyances, &c.
During hours of business, may be found in the Court House, Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office.
January 10, 1860

J. A. FOX,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT.
Office at the Court House, 1 door to the left, down stairs.

Wm. J. Kerr,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the County and Superior Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties.
Office in the Brawley building opposite Kerr's Hotel.
January 24, 1860

J. M. MILLER, M. D.,
Practitioner of Medicine and Surgery,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
May 10th. Office opposite Kerr's Hotel.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.,
PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE
AND
OPERATIVE SURGERY,
Office No. 2 Irwin's corner, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
December 14, 1859.

JAS. T. DAVIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining counties.
The collection of claims promptly attended to.
March 14, 1859

LEE & KERR,
TTOREYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Memphis, Tennessee.
Office over the Gayoso Bank, on the Corner of Main and Madison Streets.

Time of Holding Courts:
CRIMINAL—4th Monday in May and Nov.
CIVIL—3d Monday in Jan., May and September.
COMMON LAW—1st Monday in March, July and Nov.
CRIMINAL—2d Monday in February, June and October.
CRIMINALS CRIMINAL COURT, ARK.—2d Monday in May and November.
Jan. 3d, 1860.

R. W. BECKWITH
Has constantly on hand
WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &c.
Of the best English and American manufacturers.
Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each.
November 8, 1859

RANKIN & MARTIN
Commission Merchants,
Wilmington, N. C.
ROBT. C. RANKIN. ALFRED MARTIN.
Aug. 20, 1859. 1y-pd

PEA MEAL.
We keep at our Steam Flouring Mill in this place
Pea Meal for feeding cows and stock. Also, we have
on hand at all times, Family, Extra, Superfine and
coarse Flour. We warrant our family flour.
Corn Meal and Grits can always be had at the mill.
J. WILKES & CO.
April 19, 1859

COTTON SAW GINS.
Of the best quality, with 10 inch saws, moveable—
chilled ribs and tinned brush, and all other necessary
improvements—delivered at any Railroad station in the
State at \$2 per saw. These Gins took the premium at
the S. C. State Fair in 1858 and 1859.
Planters wishing to purchase of the subscriber,
will do well to send their orders early, as there is generally
a crowd of work late in the season.
J. M. ELLIOTT.
March 20, 1860. 6m Willsboro, S. C.

LAND FOR SALE.
The subscriber being desirous of removing West,
offers for sale his PLANTATION, situated ten miles
west of Charlotte, on the waters of Paw creek and Ca-
tawba River. The tract comprises 320 Acres, most of
it superior land. There is a good Dwelling and all
necessary out-houses on the premises. Terms liberal.
Also, will be sold a half interest in a Grist and Saw
Mill adjoining the above tract.
Apr 3, 1860. 1f WM. M. PORTER.

**Methodist Protestant
Female School,**
Jamestown, Guilford Co., N. C.
The Third Session of this College will commence
July 11th, 1860. For Catalogues or Circulars
Address J. S. RAY, Sec'y.
June 12, 1860. 2m

Immense Attraction! Great Clothing Emporium

FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO.
They are now opening at their large and capacious
Store Room, the HANDSOMEST and CHEAPEST

Stock of Ready-made Clothing
ever offered in the State.
Their stock comprises all the different kinds of Fancy
Cut Linen and Marseilles Business Suits, English and
French Dress Suits and Apron Frocks and Sacks; a
large variety of Cassimere Pants—Fancy and Black;
also, Fancy and Black Silk, Cassimere and Marseilles
Vests in endless variety.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Trunks, Valises, Hats and Caps, &c. All of the above
goods are of the latest styles and patterns.

MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT.
FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO. have also added to their
Ready-made Clothing Stock, a Merchant Tailoring De-
partment, to which they call the especial attention of
their many friends and customers.

They intend making this department second to none
in the State, either in style and quality of Goods, or in
the manufacture of Garments.

At all times will be found a good stock of Black and
colored Cloths, English, French and American Cas-
simere, and a variety of Vestings. Also, an assortment
of Rock Island Cassimere.

They feel confident of their ability to undersell any
other house in the State, from the advantages they
have in getting their goods.

Their goods are bought by the quantity, by one of
the Firm who resides in the Northern markets, which
gives him the opportunity of taking advantage of the
prices of goods, thereby saving at least Twenty-five
percent to the consumer.

Dimes saved are Dollars made! So try us.
E. FULLINGS,
JNO. M. SPRINGS,
JNO. P. HEATH.

April 10, 1860. 1f

DISSOLUTION.
The firm of FEASTER & McLEOD was dissolved, by
mutual consent, on the 21st inst. The Notes and Ac-
counts due the firm will be found in the hands of L.
Feaster, or E. A. McLeod, for the settlement. Claims
due by the firm must be presented to E. A. McLeod
for payment.

The undersigned will continue the GROCERY AND
PRODUCE BUSINESS at the old stand. A share of
patronage is respectfully solicited.
A good stock of Family Groceries always on hand.
E. A. McLEOD.
May 29, 1860. 2m

**Large Arrivals
OF
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,**
AT
KOOPMANN & PHELPS'

They have received and are receiving a large stock of
Dry Goods,
Millinery and Ladies' Dress Goods

in endless variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer
trade.
Particular attention is called to their assortment of
Lace Shawls, Points and Mantillas.
They have a LARGE STOCK OF FINE GOODS than
they have ever kept before.

They assure those who may deal with them that they
will endeavor to give satisfaction both in price and
the quality of the Goods, as they are determined to sell
at such low rates as will tend to the great advantage
of purchasers. They have in store

A large lot of Ready-made Clothing
of various styles and qualities at reduced prices.

**GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, &c.**
Of all kinds, kept constantly on hand and for sale on
the most reasonable terms.

They invite purchasers to give their extensive stock
an examination before buying elsewhere.

KOOPMANN & PHELPS.
April 10, 1860.

T. J. CORPENING,
Surgeon Dentist,
(Graduate of the Baltimore Dental College.)
Can be found at his Office on Tryon street, opposite
China Hall, where he will be pleased to receive the
calls of those who may require his professional services.
February 21, 1860. 6m

**ANOTHER SOUTHERN MOVEMENT
CUBAN SEGAR MANUFACTORY.**
Segars and Tobacco Leaf direct from Cuba.

JOHN S. WILEY has returned to Charlotte from
Cuba, where he bought a large and varied assortment
of SEGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, &c., for this market,
and is now opening some celebrated brands of Segars,
among which may be found the following:

El Rico Habana, Macha El Littleto,
Conecha Malos, Rio Hondo,
Flor del Tumbas, Lasbela's Custon.

He manufactures Segars from the best Havana To-
bacco; and keeps the best Smoking and chewing Tobacco.
Lynchburg and Turkish Brands; Macabau, Rap-
pee and pure Scotch Snuff; Pouchman Pipes, snuff
Boxes, Matches, Blacking, &c.; Meerhaan Segar Hold-
ers and Pipes.

He respectfully invites the public to call at the Cu-
ban Segar Factory nearly opposite the Mansion House.
January 3, 1860.

J. S. PHILLIPS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HAYING located in Charlotte, respect-
fully solicits a share of public patronage.
A complete assortment of Cloths, Cas-
simere and Vestings always on hand,
which will be made to order at the
shortest notice.

Shop three doors south of the
Mansion House.
Sept. 27, 1859. 1f

\$100 REWARD!
RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 1st October,
a mulatto boy named SOLOMON. He is near six
feet high, about thirty years old, tolerably bright, rather
slim, and weighs about 175 pounds. He has a down
look when spoken to. The end of the forefinger of his
left hand has been cut off, and a sharp hard knot has
grown on the end of it. I think he is lurking about
Rocky River, in the lower end of Cabarrus county,
where he was raised. All persons are forewarned
not to harbor or assist him, under the penalty of the
law. I will pay the above reward for his delivery to
me, or his apprehension and confinement in any jail so
I can get him.
WILLIAM HAMILTON,
Negro Head Depot, Union Co., N. C.
April 9, 1860. 1f

A CONTENTED LIFE.

(At thirty.)
Five hundred dollars I have saved—
A rather moderate store—
No matter; I shall be content
When I've a little more.

(At forty.)
Well I can count ten thousand now—
That's better than before;
And I may well be satisfied
When I've a little more.

(At fifty.)
Some fifty thousand—pretty well—
But I have earned it sore;
However, I shall not complain
When I've a little more!

(At sixty.)
One hundred thousand—sick and old—
Ah! life is half a bore!
Yet I can be content to live
When I've a little more!

(At seventy.)
He dies—and to his greedy heirs
He leaves a countless store;
His wealth has purchased him a tomb—
And very little more!

NOTICE.
On the 20th of August, (week of Gaston county
Court,) I will sell in the town of Dallas, a tract of land
of 70 Acres, all under a pretty good fence, with one
partition fence, and a portion of the land is under cul-
tivation. In the centre of the tract, on a high level, can
be found one of the most regular veins of Gold in this
portion of the country, never failing when worked to
yield from \$250 to \$300 to the bushel. \$10 to the
bushel has been made out of the ore after having been
washed by a sweep-pounded. The vein has been left
at about 70 feet wide, lined with quartz.

The Land lies in one mile of Stovesville, in Gaston
county. Terms will be made easy, and a small portion
of Cash required at the time of sale. The sale will be
positive.
July 3, 1860. 19-71 LEROY STOWE.

**PROPERTY FOR SALE IN
Lenoir, N. C.**
The undersigned wishing to move West, offers for
sale his Town Property, consisting of Three Lots, on
one of which is a large and commodious building and
all necessary out-houses. The others are well im-
proved, on one an orchard of choice fruit, on the other
a good Spring. Also, 8 acres of land near the village,
(part in cultivation). He offers also 350 acres of land
in Watauga county, near a good turnpike, being one of
the best stock farms in the country.

Lenoir is a beautiful Mountain Village, 18 miles from
the W. N. C. Railroad. A tri-weekly stage line passes
from Lincoln, N. C., via Hickory Station and Leno-
ir to Abington, Va. Davenport Female College and
Finley High School, both well conducted and successful
institutions, are situated in the place. Any one wish-
ing to buy will get a bargain by applying early to the
subscriber at Lenoir, Caldwell co., N. C.
June 19th, 1860. 3m W. GATHER.

Hardware!! Hardware!!
A. A. N. M. TAYLOR
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the pub-
lic generally, that he has added to his extensive
stock of Stoves and Tin Ware, a large and complete
stock of Hardware, consisting in part as follows:

Carpenters' Tools.
Circular, mill, crosscut, hand, ripper, panel, pruning,
grating, tenon, back, compass, web, and butch-
er's SAWS; Braces and bits, Draw Knives, Chisels,
Augers, Gimlets, Hammers, Hatchets, and Axes; Brick,
plastering, and pointing Trowels; Saw-setters, Screw-
plates, Stocks and dies, Planes of all kinds, Spoke-
shaves, Steel-blade bevel and try Squares; Spirit Levels,
Pocket Levels, Spirals, Boring machines,
Gongers, and in fact everything a mechanic wants, in
great variety and at very low prices, at TAYLOR'S
Hardware Store and Tin-ware Depot, opposite the Man-
sion House, Charlotte, N. C.
May 29, 1860. 1f

Blacksmith's Tools.
Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, hand and slide Ham-
mers, Buttresses, Farriers' Knives, Screw-plates, Stocks
and dies, Blacksmith's Pincers and Tongs, Raspers and
Files of every kind, Cut horseshoe and clinch Nails,
Bars, Iron of all sizes, both of northern and country
manufacture; cast, plow, blower and spring Steel; &c.,
for sale very cheap at
TAYLOR'S, opposite the Mansion House.

AT TAYLOR'S you can find the largest assortment
of Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, of all the celebrated
makes.
GLASS, of all sizes and qualities—both French and
American. Also, Putty by the keg or pound.
WOODEN WARE, Brooms, &c., of all kinds.

Rope!! Rope!!
5,000 pounds of Manila, Jute and Cotton Rope, from
1 inch to 3 inches, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store,
Opposite the Mansion House.

Carriage Materials.
He would call special attention to his stock of the
above goods, consisting of Springs, Axes, Hubs, Bows,
Spokes, Shafts, Curtain frames, Knobs, Bands, Lining
Nails, Damask, Satinet, Cloths, Laces, Fringes, Car-
pet, and Patent Leather, Enamelled Cloth, Oil Carpet,
Paints of all kinds, dry and in oil; Varnish, Turpentine,
Lined Oil, Tyre and oval Iron, Bolts, and everything
in the way of Carriage Trimmings, at prices that can-
not fail to please, at the Hardware Depot of
A. A. N. M. TAYLOR,
Opposite the Mansion House.

Tin and Japanned Ware,
A large assortment; Black Tin, Block Zinc, Tin Plate,
Labbit metal, &c.

Stoves, the largest Stock, of all sizes, at
TAYLOR'S Hardware Store, opposite the Mansion House
Tin ware Depot, opposite Mansion House

Agricultural Implements of all kinds.
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, Hoes, Shovels,
Spades, Forks, Axes, Picks, Mattocks, Grubbing Hoes,
Trace Chains, Wagon Chains, Log Chains, Pruning
and Hedge Shears, Pruning and budding Knives, gar-
den Hoes and Rakes, with handles; Grain Cradles; grain,
grass and briar Scythes, Bush Hooks, Wagon boxes;
Hollow ware, such as pots, ovens and lids, skillets, spi-
ders, stew-pans and kettles, Cauldrons from 20 to 120
gallons each; Iron and brass Preserving Kettles, Sheep
Shears, &c., at TAYLOR'S Hardware Depot, opposite
the Mansion House.

**Ludlow's Celebrated Self-Sealing
Cans,** of all the different sizes, at TAYLOR'S
Hardware Store, opposite Mansion House.

NEGROES WANTED.
I want to buy Negro Boys and Girls from 12 to 18
years old, for which the highest prices in cash will be
paid.
May 17, 1859 SAML. A. HARRIS.

TRIAL BY JURY.

During the session of 1859, the New Hampshire
Legislature addressed to the Supreme Court of that
State two interrogatories, as follows:

1. Has the Legislature power so to change the
law in relation to juries as to provide that petit
juries may be composed of a less number than
twelve?

2. Has the Legislature power to provide that a
number of the petit jury, less than the whole num-
ber, may render a verdict?

The Justices of the Court in their reply, state
that in view of the fact that trial by jury has been
steadily regarded, from the earliest judicial history
in England, as the great safeguard of the lives,
liberty and property of the subject, against the
abuse of arbitrary power, as well as against undue
excitements of popular feeling, and as it is con-
sidered in this country as the most valuable of the
rights of freemen, they have examined these ques-
tions, and always previously, by the term "jury"

was unquestionably meant a body composed of
twelve men, and as at that date no such thing as a
jury of less than twelve men, or a jury deciding
by less than twelve votes, had ever been known or
ever been the subject of discussion in any country
of the common law, no body of less than twelve
men, though they should be by law denominated a
jury, would be a jury within the meaning of the
constitution; nor would a trial by such a body, tho'
called a trial by jury, be such, within the meaning
of that instrument. They are of the opinion,
therefore, that the Legislature has no power either
to lessen the number of jurymen, or to provide
that less than the whole number can render a ver-
dict. This opinion is concurred in by each member
of the Court.

By the following from the Columbia Carolinian
of last week it will be seen that the southern cities
are unusually sickly this season:

"The deaths in Charleston last week were up-
wards of forty. By private information from Mo-
bile, we learn that for the past two or three weeks
the number of deaths has ranged from 35 to 45.

A CHILD DEVoured BY BEARS.—On Wednes-
day, 6th ult., a child, about four years of age,
was carried off and devoured by a bear in the town
of Ellenburgh, Clinton county, N. Y. The child,
a boy, went a short distance from his father's
house, with a brother about eight years old, to fish
in a brook. At school time the oldest boy went
into the house to prepare for school, and told his
mother that his brother had remained at the
brook, and would return in a short time. In a
little while his mother went after him, but he was
not to be found. She then called him, and heard
him crying at a distance. The sounds rapidly re-
ceded and passed beyond hearing. The woman
immediately alarmed her husband, who made
search for the child without success.

The neighbors were then notified, and a general
search took place till nightfall. Next day the
alarm became more extensive, and the search was
renewed with increased energy. It was continued
from day to day, without avail, till the following
Monday, when a man passing a hollow log was
glowed by a black bear. The bear was fired
upon and killed. In the log were found two young
bears, the missing child's clothes, and a portion of
one of his legs. The cubs were despatched,
and in the stomachs of all three were found
portions of the devoured boy.

SHARP PRACTICE.—A week or two ago four
creditors started from Boston in the same train of
cars for the purpose of attaching the property of
a certain debtor in Farmington, Maine. He owed
each one separately, and each one was suspicious
of the other's business. When they arrived at
the depot there was only one cab to convey them
to the debtor's place of business, which was three
miles off. Three got in, and refused admittance
to the fourth, and the cab started. The fourth
mounted up on the outside with the driver. He
asked the driver if he wanted to sell his horse.
The driver said he was not worth more than \$50,
but he didn't want to sell him for that. He asked
him if he would take \$100 for him. The driver
said yes; whereupon the "fourth man" quickly
paid over the money, took the reins, and backed
the door of the cab against a sand-bank so it could
not be opened, slipped the horse from the harness,
mounted and rode off, while the "insiders" were
looking out of the window. He rode to a lawyer's
got a writ made and served, and his debt secure,
and got back to the hotel just as the "insiders"
came up puffing and blowing. They offered to
pay him back what he had expended for the horse,
if he would not tell the joke in Boston.

EDWARD LAMBERT & CO.
Have removed their WHOLESALE BUSINESS from
No. 55 Chambers Street, to the
New Marble Building, Nos. 380 and 382 Broad-
way, corner of White Street, New York.

Where they will offer on and after the 15th of July,
one of the most beautiful, varied, and extensive assort-
ments of

**Silks,
Dress Goods,
Shawls, Ribbons,
Gloves, Embroideries,
&c., &c., &c.,**

To be found in this country, adapted to every part of
the UNION,
North, South, East and West,
And at the Lowest Ruling Market Rates.
July 3, 1860. 19-3t

MANSION HOUSE
The undersigned having taken the above well-known
and favorite Hotel, begs leave to inform the patrons of
the house and the traveling public that he is repairing
and refurbishing it and has made several changes which
will add to comfort as a home and public resort. No
effort shall be spared on the part of himself or assis-
tants to render sojourners pleasant and comfortable.
H. B. WILLIAMS.
Charlotte, January 10, 1860. 1f

Roofing, Guttering and Job Work,
Of all kinds, promptly attended to at
TAYLOR'S Hardware Store,
Opposite the Mansion House.

A CHINESE FEAST.

[From the San Francisco Herald.]
Monday night Ah Ching, a wealthy Chinese
merchant of this city, and for seven years director
of the Canton Company's affairs, and now chief
of the Board of Administrators, gave a dinner to
Judge McAllister, Judge Freelon, Mr. Henry
Hentsch, Mr. B. Davidson, Mr. Selim Woodworth,
Mr. Fred. Woodworth, and Mr. Thomas W. Cary.
Mr. Carvalho, the Chinese interpreter, did the
honors of the table, Ah Ching occupying the seat
next to Judge McAllister. For the information
of those of our readers who have never been pre-
sent at a regular Chinese dinner, we give the fol-
lowing description: The table was laid with fig-
ured porcelain, and ornamented with the centre
with large porcelain vases, containing bananas,
oranges and apples, all very fine, and of a superior
flavor. Beside each plate stood a saucer contain-
ing the tiniest cups, and a large porcelain spoon
upon each, the latter for soup. The first thing
served up was the tiny cup full of a species of
(Chinese liquor, by way of an appetizer. It had a
flavor somewhat resembling orange peel; and was
an extract from that substance. This was follow-
ed by a glass of fine brown Cantegnac claret, which
was also absorbed before any eatables were placed
upon the board. Then came the soup, composed
of chicken's flesh, cut into strips like narrow rib-
bons, and preserved by drying in the open air, and
isinglass. It was quite palatable. This course
was followed by pigeons stewed with delicate green
beans, spring onions and other condiments. Fol-
lowing this came a dish of pigeons, cooked in an-
other style. This was succeeded by Chinese
ortolans or other small birds. The courses follow-
ed each other in regular succession, until ten had
been gone through with, washed down at short
intervals with Claret champagne and fine claret.
The eleventh course consisted of the famed bird-
nests, worth their weight in gold in China. These
nests are built by a species of swallow found in
the Indian seas, particularly the island of Sumatra.
The nest is the shape of a common swallow's nest,
and is about the size of a goose egg, and has the
appearance of fibrous, imperfectly connected sin-
glass. The substance of which it is composed is
not known, but it is supposed to be the spawn of
fishes, gathered by the bird, or a secretion elabo-
rated from the body of the swallow. The finest
are those gathered before the young swallows are
hatched, at which time they are pure and white.
These nests are found in caverns and almost inac-
cessible places, rendering it impossible for any one
to collect them who has not been regularly brought
up to the business. After the bird's nest a dish
of shark's fins, a great delicacy with the Chinese,
was placed upon the table. It had a rank, musty
flavor, by no means palatable to outside barbarians.
Another course of some Chinese preparations, and
the last one, consisting of stewed duck, wound up
the meats, making fourteen courses in all.

Then came the desert, consisting of Chinese
cakes, jellies and dices of different kinds, all of
which were served up at one time. The bread
consisted of two kinds, one in small-sized loaves,
about as large and looking just like moderate sized
freshly baked mushrooms. They were exquisitely
white and light. The other sort of bread was in
loaves of the same shape, but about four times
larger. On being broken open, a thin plastic
covering made of flour, peeled off and revealed the
light and snowy bread baked in layers, which de-
tached from each other like separate pancakes.—
Both of these sorts of bread were slightly sweet-
ened.

At half-past 9 o'clock, Ah Ching invited his
guests to visit the Chinese theatre. The last per-
formances of the season being given by the com-
pany, who are going on a tour through the in-
terior, private boxes were provided, from whence
the stage and audience could be distinctly seen.
The dress circle was occupied entirely by women,
and the pit by men. It would be impossible to
convey anything like an accurate idea of the per-
formances, but several of the actors exhibited
wonderful agility in their combat scenes. At ten
o'clock the company separated, highly pleased with
their host and his entertainment.

THE NEW COMET.—Prof. Bond, of the Cam-
bridge Observatory, announces that the expected
comet is approaching the earth. Through the
large telescope it presents an appearance curiously
like that of the great comet of 1858 on a reduced
scale. The tail branches off in two streams from
the nucleus.

RECKLESS MARRIAGES.—The New York Tri-
bune expresses the opinion that young women in
this country marry more recklessly than anywhere
else, and asks if there is a village of fifty houses
in the land wherein a plausible, well-dressed adven-
turer, of whom nobody knows anything cannot
marry a girl of spotless character, after a resi-
dence of six weeks.

So far as the towns north of Mason and Dixon's
line are concerned we answer No! We rarely
glance over a Northern paper which does not con-
tain an account of the elopement of some silly
simpling Miss of fifteen summers, or thereabout,
with an adventurer, of whom she knows nothing,
and who in all probability deserts her within a
month.

Eloquements sometimes takes place at the South
but we are happy to say that the parties are almost
invariably persons who have never entered into the
marriage relation; in the North the case is very
different. We doubt not that in the northern
States the number of married women who desert
their husbands and elope with other men is greater
than the number of girls in the South who marry
without the consent of parents or guardians.—
These remarks might be incorrect if applied to the
middle and New England States; but when we
speak of the northern States we include the north-
west, where men and women march up to the
Legislatures of their respective States by hundreds
with petitions for divorce.—Exchange.

RELIGIOUS GAMBLING.—The Oswego (N. Y.)
grand jury publishes a card notifying managers of
fairs and festivals held by church societies, that
the practice of disposing of their goods by lottery
is contrary to the statute, and must not be persist-
ed in.

NEW COTTON.—The first bale of New cotton
from Texas was received at New Orleans on the
5th instant.

SEARCH FOR WIVES.

Where do men usually discover the women who
afterwards become their wives? is a question we
have occasionally heard discussed; and the result
invariably come to is worth mentioning to our
young lady readers. Chance has much to do in
the affair, but then there are important governing
circumstances. It is certain that a few men make
a selection from ball-rooms, or any other place of
gayety, and nearly as few may be influenced by
what may be called showing off in the streets, or
by any allurements of dress. Our conviction is,
that ninety-nine hundredths of all the fiery with
which the women decorate or load their persons,
go for nothing, as far as husband catching is con-
cerned. When and how, then, do men find their
wives? In the quiet homes of their parents or
their guardians—at the fireside, where the domestic
feelings and graces are alone demonstrated. These
are the charms which most surely attract the
high as well as the humble. Against these,
all the fiery and airs in the world sink into insigni-
ficance. We shall illustrate this by an anecdote,
which though not new, will not be worse for being
again told. In the year 1773, Peter Burnell, Esq.,
of Rockingham in Kent, whose health was rapidly
declining, was advised by his physicians to go to
Spain for the recovery of his health. His daugh-
ters feared those who only had motives entirely
mercenary would not pay him that attention which
he might expect from those who, from duty and
affection united, would feel the greatest pleasure
in ministering to his ease and comfort; they there-
fore resolved to accompany him. They proved that
it was not a spirit of dissipation and gayety that
led them to Spain, for they were not to be
seen in any fashionable circles; they never stirred
from their homes except to attend him either to
take the air or to drink the waters; in a word, they
lived the most reclusive life in the midst of a town,
then the resort of the most illustrious and fashion-
able personages in Europe. The exemplary atten-
tion to their father procured these three admirable
sisters the admiration of all the English in Spain,
and was the cause of their elevation to that rank
in life to which their merits gave them so just a
title. They were all married to noblemen—one
to the Earl of Beverly, another to the Duke of
Hamilton, and afterwards to the Marquis of Exeter,
and the third to the Duke of Northumberland.
And it is justice to say, that they reflected honor
on their rank, rather than derived any from it.—
Spirit of the Age.

FEMALE MEDICAL COLLEGE.
The Faculty of the Female Medical College of
Pennsylvania have issued the announcement for