Atestern Aemocrat.

OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER

\$2 per annum

W. J. & E. A. YATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 24, 1860.

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THE

TEMOURE Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. & EDWIN A. YATES, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TEME, PERAMPONIC If paid in advance,.... If paid within 3 months, 2 50 If paid after the expiration of the year, Beg Any person sending us five NEW subscribers,

accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year. Ber Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in Ber Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and tharged accordingly.

SAMUEL P. SMITH, Attorney and Counselor at Law, CHARLOTTE, N C.,

Will attend promptly and diligently to collecting and remitting all claims intrusted to his care. Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Con- of Rock Island Cassimeres.

gest" During hours of business, may be found in the Court House, Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office. January 10, 1860

Attorney at Law, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. Office at the Court House, I door to the left, down stairs

Wm. J. Kerr, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Will practice in the County and Superior Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties. Office in the Brawley building opposite Kerr's Hotel. January 24, 1860

J. M. MILLER, M. D., Practitioner of Medicine and Surgery, CHARLOTTE, M. C.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D., PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE

May 10th.

December 14, 1859.

Jan. 3d, 1860.

Office opposite Kerr's Hotel.

OPERATIVE SURGERY, Office No. 2 Irwin's corner, Charlotte, N. C.

JAS. T. DAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining counties. For The collection of claims promptly attended to. March 14, 1859

KERR. TTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY Memphis, Tennessee.

Ber Office over the Gayoso Bank, on the Corner of Main and Madison Streets. "Ga Time of Holding Courts: CHANCERY-4th Monday in May and Nov. CIRCUIT-3d Monday in Jan., May and September. COMMON LAW-1st Monday in March, July and Nov'r CRIMINAL-2d Monday in February, June and October CRITTENDES CIRCUIT COURT, ARK .- 2d Monday in May and November.

R. W. BECKWITH Has constantly on hand

WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &C. Of the best English and American manufacturers. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each. November 8, 1859 v

RANKIN & MARTIN Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.

ROBT. C. RANKIN. ALFRED MARTIN. Aug. 30, 1859.

PEA MEAL. We keep at our Steam Flouring Mill in this place

Pea Meal for feeding cows and stock. Also, we have on hand at all times, Family, Extra, Superfine and coarse Flour. We warrant our family flour. Corn Meal and Grits can always be had at the mill.

J. WILKES & CO. April 19, 1859

COTTON SAW GINS.

Of the best quality, with 10 inch saws, moveablechilled ribs and tinned brush, and all other necessary improvements-delivered at any Railroad station in the State at \$2 per saw. These Gins took the premium at the S. C. State Fair in 1858 and 1859. Planters wishing to purchase Gins of the subscirber, will do well to send their orders early, as there is generally a crowd of work late in the season.

J. M. ELLIOTT.

March 20, 1860. Winnsboro, S. C.

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscriber being desirious of removing West, offers for sale his PLANTATION, situated ten miles west of Charlotte, on the waters of Paw creek and Catawaba River. The tract comprises 330 Acres, most of it superior land. There is a good Dwelling and all necessary out-houses on the premises. Terms liberal, Also, will be sold a half interest in a Grist and Saw Mill adjoining the above tract. WM. M. PORTER. Apl 3, 1860. tf

Methodist Protestant Female School.

Jamestown, Guilford Co., N. C. July 11th, 1860. For Catalogues or Circulars Address J. S. RAY, See'y.

Immense Attraction! Great Clothing Emporium FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO.

They are now opening at their large and capacious Store Room, the HANDSOMEST and CHEAPEST Stock of Ready-made Clothing

ever offered in the State. Their sto & comprises all the different kinds of Fancy Cut Linen and Marseilles Business Suits, English and With a mind independent and free, French Drap d'Ete and Alpacca Frocks and Sacks; a large variety of Cassimere Pants-Fancy and Black; also, Fancy and Black Silk, Cassimere and Marseilles Vests in endless variety.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, Hats and Caps, &c., &c. All of the above goods are of the latest styles and patterns.

MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT.

FULLINGS, SPRINGS & CO. have also added to their Ready-made Clothing Stock, a Merchant Tailoring Department, to which they call the especial attention of their many friends and customers. They intend making this department second to none

in the State, either in style and quality of Goods, or in the manufacture of Garments. colored Cloths. English, French and American Cassi- and settle immediately.

meres, and a variety of Vestings. Also, an assortment They feel confident of their ability to undersell any other house in the State, from the advantages they have in getting their goods.

Their goods are bought by the quantity, by one of per cent to the consumer. Ber Dimes saved are Dollars made ! To So try us.

E. FULLINGS. JNO. M. SPRINGS, JNO. P. HEATH.

April 10, 1860. tf

DISSOLUTION.

Feaster or E. A. McLeod for immediate settlement. Claims due by the firm must be presented to E. A. Mc-L. FEASTER Lead for payment. E. A. McLEOD.

PRODUCE BUSINESS at the old stand. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. A good stock of Family Groceries always on hand.

E. A. McLEOD. May 29, 1860.

Large Arrivals SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, KOOPMANN & PHELPS'

They have received and are receiving a large stock of Dry Goods. Millinery and Ladies' Dress Goods

a endless variety, suitable for the Spring and Summer Particular attention is called to their assortment of

Lace Shawls, Points and Mantillas. They have a LARGER STOCK of FINE GOODS than they have ever kept before.

They assure those who may deal with them that they will endeavor to give satisfaction both in price and the quality of the Goods, as they are determined to sell at such low rates as will tend to the great advantage of purchasers. They have in store

A large lot of Ready-made Clothing of various styles and qualities at reduced prices. CROCERIES,

HARDWARE, &c., Of all kinds, kept constantly on hand and for sale on They invite purchasers to give their extensive stock

an examination before buying elsewhere. KOOPMANN & PHELPS. April 10, 1860.

T. J. CORPENING. Surgeon Dentist, (Graduate of the Baltimore Dental College.)

Can be found at his Office on Tryon street, opposite February 21, 1860.

CUBAN SEGAR MANUFACTORY.

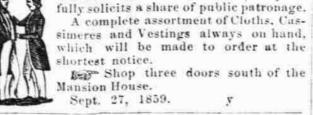
Segars and Tobacco Leaf direct from Cuba. JOHN S WILEY has returned to Charlotte from Cuba, where he bought a large and varied assortment of SEGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, &c., for this market, and is now opening some celebrated brands of Segars,

among which may be found the following: Mucha El Littleto, El Rico Habana, Rio Hondro, Concha's Malos, Lasbelas Gustou.

Flor del Tumas, He manufactures Segars from the best Havana Tobacco; and keeps the best Smoking and chewing Tobacco. Lynchburg and Turkish Brands; Maccaban, Rappee and pure Scotch Snuffs; Powhatan Pipes, snuff Boxes, Matches, Blacking, &c.; Meershaun Segar Hold-

January 3, 1860. J. S. PHILLIPS,

MERCHANT TAILOR, HAVING located in Charlotte, respect-



\$100 REWARD !

ANAWAY from the subscriber on the 1st October, a mulatto boy named SOLOMON. He is near six paid. feet high, about thirty years old, tolerably bright, rather slim, and weighs about 175 pounds. He has a down look when spoken to. The end of the forefinger of his left hand has been cut off, and a sharp hard knot has grown on the end of it. I think he is lurking about Rocky River, in the lower end of Cabarrus county, and favorite Hotel, begs leave to inform the patrons of where he was raised. All persons are forewarned the house and the traveling public that he is repairing not to harbor or assist him, under the penalty of the and reformishing it and has made several changes which law. I will pay the above reward for his delivery to will add to comfort as a home and public resort. No The Third Session of this College will commence me, or his apprehension and confinement in any jail so effort shall be spared on the part of himself or assis-WILLIAM HAMILTON. Negro Head Depet, Union Co., N. C. April 9, 4860.

THE FARMER.

In a sweet healthy air with a farm of his own, Secluded from tumult and strife, throne,

Enjoys all the comforts of life, When the sweet smiling Spring sheds her per- Hall is a good preacher, and, according to the settled a factory and mission of Jesuits in Japan, fumes around. And music enchants every tree,

With his glittering plough-share he furrows his ground, When Winter howls dismay o'er the earth, And want tells her tale at his door,

Serenely he sits at his clean blazing hearth, And dispenses relief to the poor. Then let idle ambition her baubles pursue, While wisdom looks down with disdain, The home of the farmer hath charms ever new, Where health, peace, and competence reign.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of MOODY & NISBET was dissolved by mutual consent on the 25th of June, 1860. Those hav ing claims against the firm will present them to M. D. L. Moody at Charlotte, or to A. R. Nisbet at Lincoln-M. D. L. MOODY, A. R. NISBET July 10, 1860. 3t

PROPERTY FOR SALE IN Lenoir, N. C.

the Firm who resides in the Northern markets, which sale his Town Property, consisting of Three Lots, on gives him the opportunity of taking advantage of the one of which is a large and commodious building and prices of goods, thereby saving at least Twenty-five all necessary out-houses. The others are well improved, on one an orchard of choice fruit, on the other a good Spring. Also, 8 acres of land near the village, the best stock farms in the county.

Lenoir is a beautiful Mountain Village, 18 miles from from Lincolnton, N. C., via. Hickory Station and Le- been a good preacher, a good pastor, and if his they delivered the letter to their protector, the nor the third day, nor the fourth, and not at all. noir to Abington, Va. Davenport Female College and sermons were not Evangelical!" The answer was, Prince of Firando, who communicated it to the There was no mystery in the matter. It was nat-The firm of FEASTER & McLEOD was dissolved, by Finley High School, both well conducted and successful "We are an anti-slavery church and people." counts due the firm will be found in the hands of L. | ing to buy will get a bargain by applying early to the subscriber at Lenoir, Caldwell co., N. C. W. GAITHER. June 19th, 1860.

The undersigned will continue the GROCERY AND Hardware!! Hardware!! A. A. N. M. TAYLOR

stock of Stoves and Tin Ware, a large and complete a distance, at a considerable expense, and with the stock of Ha: Iware, consisting in part as follows: Carpenters' Tools.

Circular, mill, crosscut, hand, ripper, pannel, pruning, grafting, tennon, back, compass, webb, and butch-SAWS; Braces and bits, Draw Knives, Chissels Augers, Gimlets, Hammers, Hatchets, and Axes; Brick plastering, and pointing Trowels: Saw-setters, Screwshaves, Steel-blade bevel and try Squares; Spirit Levels, Pocket Levels, Spirit level Vials, Boring machines Gongers, and in fact everthing a mechanic wants, in great variety and at very low prices, at TAYLOR'S sion House, Charlotte, N. C. May 29, 1860.

Blacksmith's Tools.

Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, hand and slide Hammers, Buttresses, Farriers' Knives, Screw-plates, Stocks and dies, Blacksmith's Pincers and Tongs, Raspers and Files of every kind, Cut horseshoe and clinch Nails Borax: Iron of all sizes, both of northern and country manufacture; cast, plow, blister and spring Steel; &c. for sale very cheap at

TAYLOR'S, opposite the Mansion House: AT TAYLOR'S you can find the largest assortment of Cutlery. Guns and Pistols, of all the celebrated

GLASS, of all sizes and qualities-both French and American. Also, Putty by the keg or pound. WOODEN WARE, Brooms, &c., of all kinds. Rope! Rope!!

inch to 3 inches, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store, Opposite the Mansion House.

Carriage Materials. He would call special attention to his stock of the above goods, consisting of Springs, Axles, Hubs, Bows Spokes, Shafts, Curtain frames, Knobs, Bands, Lining China Hall, where he will be pleased to receive the Nails, Damask, Satinet, Cloths, Laces, Fringes, Enamelcalls of those who may require his professional services. ed and Patent Leather, Enamelled Cloth, Oil Carpet Paints of all kinds, dry and in oil; Varnish, Turpentine, Linseed Oil. Tyre and oval Iron, Bolts, and everything they cut down trees, which they caused to fall east ANOTHER SOUTHERN MOVEMENT in the way of Carriage Trimmings, at prices that can- and west, and so soon as they felt the tremulous not fail to please, at the Hardware Depot of A. A. N. M. TAYLOR, Opposite the Mansion House.

Tin and Japanned Ware,

Babbit metal, &c. Stoves, the largest Stock, of all sizes, at TAYLOR'S Hardware, Stove and Tin ware Depot, opposite Mansion House

Agricultural Implements of all kinds. Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Axes, Picks, Mattocks, Grubbing Hoes, Trace Chains, Wagon Chains, Log Chains, Pruning grass and brier Scythes, Bush Hooks. Wagon boxes; these underground currents. He respectfully invites the public to call at the Cu- Hollow ware, such as pots, ovens and lids, skillits, spiban Segar Factory nearly opposite the Mansion House. ders, stew-pans and kettles, Cauldrons from 20 to 120 gallons each: Iron and brass Preserving Kettles, Sheep

> the Mansion House. Ludlow's Celebrated Self-Sealing Cans, of all the different sizes, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store, opposite Mansion House.

Roofing, Guttering and Job Work, which will be made to order at the Of all kinds, promptly attended to at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store,

I want to buy Negro Boys and Girls from 12 to 18 years old, for which the highest prices in cash will be

SAML. A. HARRIS.

The undersigned having taken the above well-known

tants to render sojourners pleasant and comfortable. H. B. WILLIAMS. Chariotte, January 10, 1860.

POLITICS AND RELIGION. A correspondent of the Hartford Times says, in Central Village, Conn., there is a neat and pretty The farmer, more blessed than a King on his edifice in which the Congressional Church and Society worship, over which the Rev Geo. Hall, was installed as pastor about six months since. Mr his people for several weeks after his settlement, to the apparent satisfaction of all, it was discovered from the South." Suddenly it was remembered

of having done nothing worthy of such treatment.

committed some crime.

belief that his situation would be permanent. It was proposed and urged that he should at least receive the balance of his salary for the current year some three hundred dollars. But the voice of the majority prevailed, and with the paltry sum of \$100, which the Council voted him, a devoted plates, Stocks and dies, Planes of all kinds, Spoke- | Christian minister is dismissed from a church over year previously. For no crime, for no blot upon his moral or religious character, he is turned into character can be appreciated.

THEORY OF EARTHQUAKES. Professor Rogers of the Glasgow University in the course of a lecture delivered recently in the Merchants' Hall, on "Volcanic Actions, with spe cial reference to the theory of earthquakes," treated of the different species of volcanic eruptions such as hot steam, lava, stones, earth, and then proceeded to the special subject of earthquakes. These, he said, were composed of a pulsating motion, of colossal magnitude, and connected with which was a tremendous jarring-a shudder of the earth-accompanied by a crackling of the rock matter. An earthquake took its time to a minute, and observers could consequently calculate its velocity. It was composed of a group of advancing waves, and its average period of oscilla-5,000 pounds of Manilla, Juto and Cotton Rope, from tion was two or three minutes.

In the year 1812, the town of Caraccas in America was destroyed; the valley of the Mississippi was also affected. The backwoodsmen in the Western States, at that period, who had their senses all awake, discovered that this earthquake came from the direction of the Mississippi, and that when the earth yawned, the fissures ran north and south. To save themselves being engulfed, movement they left their cabins and bestrode the trees. The result of the investigations which he had made into several earthquakes that had occurred in the West Indies and in America, was that A large assortment; Block Tin, Block Zine, Tin Plate, the undulating wave in the interior of the earth moved forward at a speed of from 27 to 34 miles per minute, leaving a crust upon the rocks with which they come in contact. In some parts of the world the earthquakes had completely changed the surface of the earth; the swamps of the Missouri, for instance, having been transformed into a that city. rich soil, dotted with shallow lakes. A port at the mouth of the Indus had been sunk beneath and Hedge Shears, Pruning and budding Knives, gar- the surface of the water; and the strata of the Alden Hoes and Rakes, withhandles: Grain Cradles; grain, leghany Mountains bore marks of the influence of

A printer, meddling with the verdict of a coroner's Shears, &c., at TAYLOR'S Hardware Depot, opposite jury, struck out a comma after the word "apoplexy," making it read thus :- "Deceased came to his death by excessive drinking, producing apoplexy in the minds of the jury."

NOTICE.

On the 20th of August, (week of Gaston county | Then the bright starry host peeped out, one by one. Court,) I will sell in the town of Dallas, a tract of land of 70 Acres, all under a pretty good fence, with one Opposite the Mansion House. partition fence, and a portion of the land is under culti- While I mused o'er the scene, and enjoyed all alone come an influential and prosperous citizen. One vation. In the centre of the tract, on a high level, can be found one of the most regular veins of Gold in this portion of the country, never failing when worked to yield from \$2 50 to \$3 to the bushel. \$10 to the bushel has been made ont of the ore after having been washed by a sweep-pounder. The vein has been left at about 70 feet deep, lined with quartz, The Land lies in one mile of Stowesville, in Gaston county. Terms will be made easy, and a small portion of Cash required at the time of sale. The sale will be

TAXES.

LEROY STOWE.

The TAX LISTS for the year 1859 are now in my please come foward and settle. E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.

July 3, 1860.

April 3, 1860,

JAPAN.

From the Franklin Observer.

Why the Japanese totally Exterpated Christianity and Prohibited all Commerce with Christians. Messes Editors: The Portuguese, about 1459.

standards of New England theology, sufficiently with great success. Trade increased, and conorthodox. Having performed his duties among verts were numerous, amongst whom were the Princes of Rungo, Arima and Ornusa; and in 1582, they tendered their homage to Pope Gregory that Mrs Hall, who is a lady of piety, refinement XIII. But when it was thought that the whole and education, and who is calculated to gain the nation of Japan were resolved to possess Christ, affections of all who can appreciate real worth, is a the heathan priests prevailed so effectually with native of a Southern State The cry was soon their Emperor, that by Proclamation in 1585, he to prison under the sway of Bobespiere. heard, "Our minister is pro-slavery-his wife is forbid all his subjects, under pain of death, to embrace the Christian faith; which was followed imthat he had not preached upon the subject of mediately by a most severe persecution, in which was called out. He immediately, with the greatest abolition-he had not even prayed for the slaves' | 20.570 people suffered death in the year 1590. emancipation since he had been their pastor. Mr and 12,000 in 1591-'92. And it was thought and Mrs Hall at once became objects of suspicion | that the new converts had not at last been disgust-A committee waited on the pastor and asked ed at the pride and covetousness of the Portuguese terrible times. And Schlaberndorf was not the him to resign his charge This he refused to do clergy as well as of the laity, it had not been in at the bidding of three or four men, being conscious the power of tortures to exterpate Christianity. unavoidable Must of fate stood sternly before him. The Dutch, in imitation of the Portuguese, resolv- He was soon dressed, only his boots were miss-Though he had lost the love of the people, he had ed some time befere the year 1600 to extend also ing. He sought, and sought, and sought, and At all times will be found a good stock of Black and ton, and those indebted to the firm must come forward not lost his own self-respect, and he was unwilling their navigation into the East Indies. Their first the jailor sought with him, in this corner and in to be turned out upon the world as if he had factory in Japan was at Firando, and they had a that; but they were not to be found. "Well," said Being thus situated, the church called a council Spain, which was then possessed of all the Portu- lotined without my boots will never do. Hark ye, to decide the question for them. On assembling, guese dominions, they undertook to supplant the my good friend," he continued, with simple good the council saw at once that Mr Hall must be Portuguese and ruin their trade. Besides, they humor, to the jailor, "take me to-morrow; one day The undersigned wishing to move West, offers for dismissed, whether in the right or in the wrong. had great reason to complain of the Portuguese, makes no difference; it is the man they want, not He could not live as he was then situated. His who represented them as the worst and most un- Tuesday or Wednesday." The jailor agreed. The wife was confined to her bed by sickness occasioned just people in the world. Therefore they took | wagon, full enough without that one head, went by the state of things in the church. Her husband hold of an opportunity which offered itself soon off to its destination. Schlaberndorf remained in could no longer be of any benefit to the people as after. Having captured an homeward bound Por- the prison. Next morning at the usual hour, the (part in cultivation). He offers also 350 acres of land a minister of the Truth, for they had decided that tuguese ship, near the Cape of Good Hope, in vehicle returned; and the victim who had so in Watauga county, near a good turnpike, being one of he was pro-slavery. One of the council asked the which they found a traitorous letter to the King strangely escaped on the previous day, was ready, committee of the church, "If the question of of Portugal, written by one Captain Moro, a Jap- boots and all, waiting the word of command. the W. N. C. Railroad. A tri-weekly stage line passes slavery were wholly set aside, if Mr Hall had not anese, and a great zealot for the Christian religion, But, helold! his name was not heard that day; Governor of Nagasaki. Captain Moro being taken urally supposed that he had fallen with the other Mr Hall was dismissed, and by the unanimous up, boldly denied the fact, and so did all the Por- victims named for the original day. In the multivote of the Council, though in relation to the tuguese at Nagasaki, but they were convicted. tude of sufferers no one could curiously inquire for manner and reasons, a bare majority only ruled The letter was sent to Court, and Moro was burnt an individual. For the days that followed there this body. There were some who, though known alive. The letter laid open the plot which the were enough victims without him, and so he re-

afterwards confirmed by another letter written by in the jail. the same Captain Moro, to the Portuguese government at Macao, which was intercepted and brought

two countries will be the means of again bringing the reigning Prince. The assassination of the two the Japanese under the mild and saving influence Dutch sea-captains was shrouded in mystery until the strong man, to come to that city and try his involve the Government in a difficulty with the strength with a good deal of the butter sold in foreigners, during which Milto could make an at-

skill in the management of their ship, perished at

sea, as they were never heard of again. Each of

the other Portuguese had, according to the custom

of the country, his own executioner standing by

him; so that upon the signal given, all their heads

were struck of in an instant. We truly hope our

people in their commercial dealings, and our Am-

passador to the Court of Jeddo, will be more for-

tunate than the Portuguese have been, and that

How fond ones have perished, and left me here has been enstalled, who was understood to be friend-

Their counsels, their sympathy, as onward I stray !

The calm blue of Heaven looked down on the flood

And the waters, urged on by the gentle South wind.

SEA-SIDE MUSINGS.

Came up and knelt down on the beach where I stood, Dispelling the sorrows entraneing the mind,

The song which the wind and the waves sung to me. of the apprentices will come to be a master builder Oh, cold is the heart that can only find pleasure 'Midst revelry and mirth as they skimmer along;-They're good in their places-yet, oh! beyond

measure, I worship great Nature—a friend, and a song.

How oft, when the full tide of fortune is flowing, The full glow of friendship is sure to attend, But when the rude blast of misfortune is blowing Oh, where are the smiles of the cold-hearted then?

Oh, give me a friend who can joy for my pleasure, Or weep for my sorrow, or sigh for my woe; A treasure this fond heart could never forego.

How a Man's Boots saved his Life .-- Now that the name of Varnhaghen von Ense is brought so prominently forward, through the Humbolt correspondence, it may not be amiss to quote from one of his works a story about a pair of old boots which, by their opportune disappearance, did their owner better service than did ever boots before by the promptest attendence. It occurs in the author's account of Crab Schlaerndorf, a writer of no little power, who lived in a Paris garret, was miserly in trifles, and lavishly generous in great things; who was primarily a hearty friend of liberty, and secondarily a persevering, disinterested patriot. A

One morning the death-cart came for its usual number of daily victims, and Schlaberndorf's name coolness and good humor, prepared for departure.

friend of the Girondist, he speedily found his way

Presence of mind in some shape, a grand stoicism or mere indifference, were common in those man to make an ungraceful departure when the free commerce granted them. Being at war with | Schlaberndorf, sharply, "this is too bad; to be gulto be anti-slavery in their principles, were not willing Japanese christians, in conjunction with the Pormained in prison till the fall of Robespiere, when, to send a brother beloved out into the world in this tuguese, had made against the Emperor's life, the with so many others he recovered his liberty. He summary manner, without some remunerat ion want they stood in of ships and soldiers, which owed this miraculous escape—not the least strange from the people. They had invited him to settle were promised them in Portugal, and the names in the strange history of the Revolution-partly ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has added to his extensive had removed his family and household goods from spiracy. This discovery, made by the Dutch, was

GAS CONSUMERS IN ENGLAND .- A late Eninto Japan by a Japanese ship. It was therefore glish journal states that the frauds which are pracordered in the year 1637, that no foreigners should | ticed upon gas consumers have at length reached have leave to come into the country, and that none such a height and excited such indignation as to of the Emperors should travel abroad. However, have lead to an application for Parlimentary relief. the directors of the Portuguese trade staid in Notice has been given that a bill will be asked for, which he was settled in good faith in less than one Japan two years longer. But at last, upon assur- providing for the appointment of an Inspector of ances given to the Emperor by the Dutch East | Gas In England, as in this country, says the India Company that they would supply the coun- Baltimore Exchange, the measurement of gas is Hardware Store and Tin-ware Depot, opposite the Man- the world to seek a position where his labors and try with such commodities as had been imported entirely in the hands of the companies that manuby the Portuguese, he declared the latter to be facture and sell it. The consumer has no evidence enemies to the empire. Thus the Portuguese lost of the amount of gas consumed, except the word their trade with Japan, and were totally expelled of the company. There is no measure of gas exbefore the latter end of the year 1639. The next | cept that which the company furnishes-its own year they resolved to try again to revive that pro- meter, with the practical operations of which infitable branch of their trade. In order to do it, terests the great body of consumers are entirely the government of Macao sent two embassadors to unacquainted. The result of the state of things the Emperor of Japan, attended with a retinue of in England have led to the remedy which is about seventy-three persons. As soon as these embassa- to be adopted by Parliament,-the establishment lors came into the horbor of Nagasaki, they were by law of a standard meter of gas, and competent put under arrest with their whole retinue, though and honest inspectors appointed to enforce the law. hey had no goods on board to show that they did It is also urged that there should be an inspection not come with the intention to trade. The Empe- of the gas also, as well as of the meter, for grantror ordered them all to be beheaded, except twelve | ing the meter to be all right, it is well known that of the lowest rank, who were sent to Macao to car- an inferior and impure gas will register a greater ry to their countrymen the news of this unhappy number of feet in the same time than a purer qualsuccess, with a proud and threatening message ity. It is said that the evil which has reached from the Prince, importing that should the King such a height in England as to demand the interof Portugal himself, nay, the very God of the position of Parliament, has caused great complaint Christians, presume to enter his dominions, he against gas companies in this country, and that would serve them in the very same manner. It is here, as well as there, some efficient measures of highly probable that those twelve men, for want of relief is demanded .- Richmond Dispatch.

> FROM JAPAN. - Our correspondence from Japan gives a definite idea of the condition of affairs there, and will serve to allay somewhat the fears which have been excited by the reports which had previously reached us. The difficulties have been undoubtedly instigated by the Prince of Mito, who a pires to the throne, and who about a year ago was banished from Jeddo to his own principality for the treaty now about to be ratified between the having been engaged in a similar attempt against the attack was made on the Prince Regent, when the motive which prompted that deed was made The Buffalo Republican challenges Dr. Winship, more apparent. The intention probably was to tempt to obtain possession of the throne. Circumstances, however, seem to indicate that the American residents were to be exempt from massacre I've walked by the sea, when the tide was receding. by his emisaries. The Prince Regent, although And thought how bright hopes like its flood ebb'd not killed immediately, is known to have died from the effects of his wounds; and another person ly to foreigners. No further apprehensions were felt, as this last act of Prince Mito would undoubtedly, it was thought, result in his death.

> THE SIMPLE SECRET .- Twenty clerks in a store. Twenty hands in a printing office. Twenty young men in a village. All want to get along in the world, and all expect to do so. One of the clerks And threw their pure rays o'er the earth and the | will rise to be a partner and make a fortune. One of the compositors will own a newspaper and be-One of the villagers will get a handsome farm and live like a patriarch. But which is destined to be the lucky individual? Lucky? There is no luck about it. The thing is almost as certain as the Rule of Three. The young fellow who will distance his competitors is he who masters his business, who preserves his integrity, who lives clearly and purely, who never gets in debt, who gains friends by deserving them, and puts his money in a savings bank. There are some ways to fortune that look shorter than this old dusty highway. But the staunch men of the community, the men who achieve something really worth having, good Such a friend in my bosom I'd hide as a treasure, fortune, good name, and a serene old age, all go this road.