

The Democrat

OFFICE
ON THE
WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

\$2 per annum
IN ADVANCE

W. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1861.

NINTH VOLUME--NUMBER 447.

THE
WESTERN DEMOCRAT,
Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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If paid within 3 months, 2 50
If paid after the expiration of the year, 3 00
Any person sending us five new subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

SAMUEL P. SMITH,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will attend promptly and diligently to collecting and remitting all claims entrusted to his care.
Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Conveyances, &c.
During hours of business, may be found in the Court House, Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office.
January 10, 1860.

J. A. FOX,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT.
Office at the Court House, 1 door to the left, down stairs.

Wm. J. Kerr,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will practice in the County and Superior Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties.
Office in the Brawley building opposite Kerr's Hotel.
January 24, 1860.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.,
PRACTITIONER OF MEDICINE
AND
OPERATIVE SURGERY,
Office No. 2 Lewis's corner, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
December 14, 1859.

LEE & KERR,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Memphis, Tennessee.

Office over the Gayoso Bank, on the Corner of Main and Madison Streets.
Hours of Holding Courts:
CHANCERY—1st Monday in May and Nov.
CIRCUIT—2d Monday in Jan., May and September.
COMMON LAW—1st Monday in March, July and Nov.
CRIMINAL—2d Monday in February, June and October.
CITIZENS' COURT CIVIL, ABR.—2d Monday in May and November.
Jan. 24, 1860.

R. W. BECKWITH
Has constantly on hand
WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &c.,
Of the best English and American manufacturers.
Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each.
November 8, 1859.

John T. Butler,
PRACTICAL
Watch and Clock Maker, Jeweler, &c.,
OPPOSITE KERR'S HOTEL, Charlotte, N. C.
(Late with R. W. Beckwith.)
Fine Watches, Clocks & Jewelry,
of every description, Repaired and Warranted for 12 months.
Oct. 16, 1860.

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Watches,
JEWELRY,
Silver & plated Ware
AND FANCY GOODS,
No. 5, Granite Range,
Opposite the Mansion House, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Attention given to Repairing Watches and Jewelry.
September 18, 1860.

**New Supply of
WATCHES, JEWELRY,
Solid Silver and Plated Ware.**
The subscriber has lately purchased a very extensive supply of the above articles. His purchases being made directly from the manufacturer, he is therefore enabled to sell at a very small advance on cost, and persons may rest assured that all his articles are warranted to be what he represents them to be.
Watches and Clocks carefully repaired and will receive my personal attention.
R. W. BECKWITH,
Nov. 27, 1860.

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad.
On and after the First day of October, THROUGH EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS will run Daily between Charlotte and Charleston, without transshipment, thus enabling freight to reach Charlotte in 5 days or less from New York, and in one day from Charleston, and vice versa.

Also, THROUGH TICKETS will be sold from Charlotte to Charleston at \$2 50, and to New York, via Charleston Steamers, at \$12, and vice versa. The merchants and public are invited to try this cheap and expeditious route for freight and passengers.
A. H. MARTIN,
Gen'l Fr. and Ticket Agent.
Oct. 2, 1860.

AT TAYLOR'S you can find the largest assortment of Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, of all the celebrated makes.
GLASS, of all sizes and qualities—both French and American. Also, Putty by the keg or pound.
WOODEN WARE—Brooms, &c., of all kinds.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DRS. M. B. TAYLOR and J. M. MILLER have associated themselves for the practice of MEDICINE, in all of its various branches.
1859. Miller's old stand.
October 23, 1860.

FRUIT AND TREE STORE.
The subscriber has opened out next door above Beverly's Tin-Shop, in the Mansion House Building, and will keep on hand a well selected stock of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Evergreens and Shrubby, &c. Also, Fruits of various kinds—Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Pine Apples, &c., &c.
E. W. LYLES,
Dec. 11, 1860.

VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale that valuable Plantation formerly owned by the Rev. H. B. Cunningham, situated nine miles north of Charlotte. The tract of land contains 700 acres, about 500 of which are cleared, including a good meadow of 25 or 30 acres—the balance is good wood-land. The A. Tenn. & Ohio Railroad passes through the plantation. There is a fine Dwelling House containing nine rooms with 8 fire-places, and all necessary out-buildings. Good water convenient.
For further information apply to the undersigned at his residence or address him at Craigfield P. O., or apply to J. C. McAuley on the premises.
R. B. HUNTER.
December 4, 1860.

Quinn's Rheumatic Remedy
Has effected cures of Rheumatism that were considered hopeless, certificates to prove which can be exhibited. The suffering are invited to give the medicine a trial. Orders addressed to the undersigned at Charlotte will receive prompt attention.
W. W. QUINN,
April 10, 1860. Price \$1 50 per bottle.

Hardware!! Hardware!!
A. A. N. M. TAYLOR
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has added to his extensive stock of Stoves and Tin Ware, a large and complete stock of Hardware, consisting in part as follows:

Circular, mill, crosscut, hand, ripper, panel, pruning, grafting, tenon, back, compass, web, and butcher SAWS; Braces and bits, Draw Knives, Chisels, Augers, Gimlets, Hammers, Hatchets, and Axes; Brick, plastering, and pointing Tools; Saw-setters, Screws, plates, Sticks and dies, Planes of all kinds, Spoke-shaves, Steel-blade level and try Squares; Spirit Levels; Pocket Levels, Spirit level Vials, Boring machines, Gougers, and in fact everything a mechanic wants, in great variety and at very low prices, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store and Tin-ware Depot, opposite the Mansion House, Charlotte, N. C.
May 29, 1860.

Blacksmith's Tools.
Such as Bellows, Anvils, Vices, hand and slide Hammers, Batteries, Farrier's Knives, Screw-plates, Sticks and dies, Blacksmith's Pincers and Tongs, Rasps and Files of every kind, Cut horseshoe and clinch Nails, Borax; Iron of all sizes, both of northern and country manufacture; cast, plow, blister and spring Steel; &c., for sale very cheap at TAYLOR'S, opposite the Mansion House.

Ludlow's Celebrated Self-Sealing Cans, of all the different sizes, at TAYLOR'S Hardware Store, opposite Mansion House.

Agricultural Implements of all kinds.
Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Forks, Axes, Picks, Mattocks, Grabbing Hoes, Trace Chains, Wagon Chains, Log Chains, Pruning and Hedge Shears, Pruning and budding Knives, grass, and mowing Machines; Grain Cradles, grain, grass and brier Scythes, Bush Hooks, Wagon boxes; Hollow ware, such as pots, ovens and lids, skillets, splders, stew-pans and kettles, Cauldrons from 20 to 120 gallons each; Iron and brass Preserving Kettles, Sheep Shears, &c., at TAYLOR'S Hardware Depot, opposite the Mansion House.

Tin and Japanned Ware,
A large assortment; Block Tin, Block Zinc, Tin Plate, Babbit metal, &c.
Stoves, the largest Stock, of all sizes, at TAYLOR'S Hardware, Stove and Tin ware Depot, opposite Mansion House

\$100 REWARD!
RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 1st of October, a mulatto boy named SOLOMON. He is near six feet high, about thirty years old, tolerably bright, rather slim, and weighs about 175 pounds. He has a down look when spoken to. The end of the forefinger of his left hand has been cut off, and a sharp black knot has grown on the end of it. I think he is lurking about Rocky River, in the lower end of Cabarrus county, where he was raised. All persons are forewarned not to harbor or assist him, under the penalty of the law. I will pay the above reward for his delivery to me, or his apprehension and confinement in any jail so I can get him.
WILLIAM HAMILTON,
Negro Head Depot, Union Co., N. C.
April 9, 1860.

Beef Cattle Wanted.
Highest Cash Prices paid for Bees and Sheep.
I am still engaged in Butchering, and desire to purchase Beef Cattle and Sheep, for which I will pay the highest market prices. Those having stock for sale will find it to their advantage to give me a call. Inquire at Dr. Taylor's Tan Yard.
Aug. 21, 1860. J. L. STOUT.

NOTICE.
Taken up and committed to the Jail of Mecklenburg county, on the 8th day of September, 1860, a Negro boy about 18 or 20 years of age, (black), about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high. He says his name is JIM, and that he belongs to John Worley of Gaston county; that his master moved to Texas early last Spring, at which time he ran away from him. Jim appears very dull; can scarcely communicate anything about his master or home with any intelligence. He has a scar on his right fore finger, made by a cutting knife. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay expenses, and take said boy away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.
E. C. GRIER, Sheriff.
Oct. 9, 1860.

CHILDREN'S Carriages,
Cabs, Cradles, &c., a beautiful assortment always on hand at PALMER'S Variety Store,
One door above the Bank of Charlotte. Dec 4 '60

Raisins, Raisins.
Just received, a large lot of fresh Prune Maltage Raisins; also a large supply of Figs, Dates, Prunes, Currants, &c., at J. D. PALMER'S Confectionery.
Dec 4, 1860

REMARKS OF MAJOR D. H. HILL,
OF THE
N. C. MILITARY INSTITUTE AT CHARLOTTE,
Before the Committee on Education of the North Carolina Legislature, January 1861.

It is no longer a disputed point whether it is the duty of the State to provide for the education of her sons. Whatever differences of opinion there may have been on this matter, there has been none among the civilized nations of the earth for the last half century. North Carolina has recognized this obligation ever since the American Revolution. Section 41st of the Constitution established in 1776, provides "that a school or schools shall be established by the Legislature for the convenient instruction of youth, with such salaries to the masters, paid by the public, as may enable them to instruct at low prices; and all useful learning shall be duly encouraged and promoted in one or more universities." It is with deep significance that this section was introduced. Just our our chivalrous sons were breaking the ties that bound her to the Mother Country. She felt, then, as she had never felt before, her need of more educated men, and that she must depend in the awful crisis before her chiefly upon the cultivated intellect of her youth.

Great Britain would be very nominal, would be farcical even, if it extended only to political relations and left her dependent for her literature, her science, her arts and manufactures upon the country whose authority she ignored and despised.

We are probably upon the eve of a greater revolution than that through which our fathers passed; but we will never constitute a great and prosperous Commonwealth, we will never be truly independent, until we develop our own resources and learn to lean upon our own strength. We are probably upon the eve of a greater revolution than that through which our fathers passed; but we will never constitute a great and prosperous Commonwealth, we will never be truly independent, until we develop our own resources and learn to lean upon our own strength.

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I have heard some of the largest donors say that they were expected to be divided, but I should all the profits to go to the enlargement and improvement of the Institute. They looked for an equivalent, it is true, but it was in the elevation of the morals of the young men, and the greater prosperity of the Commonwealth.

My third argument is, that we can make our barracks a depository of arms for the State. The Governor, the Council, and the Legislature know very well that vast sums have been expended in the purchase of arms, and that immense stores of ordnance have been given to them in the largest manner, and they have not permitted to rot for the want of intelligent management. The N. C. M. I. has now a most accomplished ordnance officer connected with it, and, if the State can generously to its support, we can from time to time call into its service the most intelligent and experienced officers qualified to take charge of our military supplies and to give proper directions about the kind needed, and the quantity and quality of each. Can any man doubt that more money would be thus saved to the State than a liberal annual appropriation would cost her? South Carolina employs an ordnance officer, a graduate of West Point, at a salary of \$3,000 per annum. Several of the other Southern States have made appropriations for the same purpose. We are willing to do this work at our Institute, and will furnish a man trained in our largest arsenal, and who has not permitted to rot for the want of intelligent management. The N. C. M. I. has now a most accomplished ordnance officer connected with it, and, if the State can generously to its support, we can from time to time call into its service the most intelligent and experienced officers qualified to take charge of our military supplies and to give proper directions about the kind needed, and the quantity and quality of each. Can any man doubt that more money would be thus saved to the State than a liberal annual appropriation would cost her? South Carolina employs an ordnance officer, a graduate of West Point, at a salary of \$3,000 per annum. Several of the other Southern States have made appropriations for the same purpose. We are willing to do this work at our Institute, and will furnish a man trained in our largest arsenal, and who has not permitted to rot for the want of intelligent management.

All men agree that money may be judiciously expended in order to save a greater expenditure. Insurance offices owe their existence to this principle. Make the same principle govern the selection of our officers, and the Commonwealth against wasteful neglect and abuse of arms when purchased. Let this be done, and the saving to the State will not be by thousands nor by tens of thousands, but by hundreds of thousands. This plan will bring into our Institute an amount of ordnance skill which would enable us to prepare the ammunition (fixed and unfixed) for the artillery and small arm service of the State. We have already made a large quantity of ball and cartridge for our own use and could extend our labors for the benefit of the State.

My fourth argument is, that we can from time to time call into its service the most intelligent and experienced officers qualified to take charge of our military supplies and to give proper directions about the kind needed, and the quantity and quality of each. Can any man doubt that more money would be thus saved to the State than a liberal annual appropriation would cost her? South Carolina employs an ordnance officer, a graduate of West Point, at a salary of \$3,000 per annum. Several of the other Southern States have made appropriations for the same purpose. We are willing to do this work at our Institute, and will furnish a man trained in our largest arsenal, and who has not permitted to rot for the want of intelligent management.

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