

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, August 27, 1861.

THE NEWS.

Nothing of great importance has occurred within the reported by telegraph one day is contradicted the next. Alexandria, and will soon make a strike. They very the Confederate Government. properly keep their own secrets.

Ben McCulloch has about broke up the Lincoln nests

Gen. Lee and Wise are operating in Western Virginia, Railroad company. and will soon drive the tories across the Ohio River. The hogus Legislature or Convention, assembled at section, to be called "Kanawha." The Washington authorities disapprove of this, because they want the ment of the whole State.

At Yorktown, nothing important has occurred. Magruder has not yet succeeded in drawing the Lincolnies | the prisoners of war to work is under consideration. out of Fortress Monroe. Gen. Wool has taken command of the Fortress, and it is hoped he will come out and try the "corn-stalk" boys again.

The Confederate Congress is yet in session. We are glad to see that an Act has been passed establishing Assay Offices in Charlotte, N. C., and Dahlonega, Ga. These are in place of the Mints, which have been suspended for some time past.

A British vessel arrived at Morehead City last week, loaded with an assorted cargo, such as guns, powder, percussion caps, &c. Other vessels were expected. The Lincolnites find it a bard matter to blockade the N. C.

The days of terror have begun at the North Last week eight newspaper offices were mobbed and the materials destroyed, because they favored peace and opposed Lincoln's war. Liberty is fast expiring in the groes of Hayti have always shown more respect for law and liberty than Lincoln and his minions are now showing. They exhibit the spirit of devils.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS .- The committee of the Legislature to divide this State into ten Congressional Districts, have, we learn from good authority, agreed to submit the following plan for the consideration of both Houses. The committee reported yesterday or to-day

FIRST DISTRICT-Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Permimons, Chowan, Gates, Hertford, Washington, Bertic, Hyde, Beaufort, and Tyrrell. SECOND-Northampton, Halifax, Edgecombe, Wil-

son, Martin, Pitt, Green, and Lenoir. Sampson, Wayne, and Johnston.

FOURTH-New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Robeson, Richmond, Cumberland, and Harnett. FIFTH-Nash, Warren, Franklin, Granville, Orange,

SIXTH -- Alamance, Caswell, Rockingham, Stokes, Forsythe, and Guilford. SEVENTH-Chatham, Randolph, Davidson, Montgo-

mery, Stanly, Anson, and Moore, EIGHTH-Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, and Cleaveland.

NINTH-Ashe, Alleghany, Wilkes, Surry, Yadkin, Davie, Iredell, Alexander, Caldwell and Burke. Buncombe, Madison, Yancey, Mitchell, Watauga, Me-

Dowell, Rutherford, Poik, Henderson, and Tranvsylania. The Legislature may make some change in the above arrangement. It will be seen that the only alteration made in this (the 8th) District, is the cutting off of Anson and Stanly and attaching them to the 7th district.

BLANKETS AND SOCKS .- In accordance with the request of the Governor, the Sheriff of this county, W. W. Grier, will receive donations of Blankets and woollen socks for the soldiers, and he requests us to say that Messrs Brown, Tate & Co. have kindly consented to take charge of such articles. Those who have a Blanket or pair of Socks to give to keep our brave soldiers from suffering this winter, will please deposit it with Brown, Tate & Co., who will keep a list of the donors. The Assistant Commissacies in the county are requested to act as Agents in collecting the needful articles. We hope our people will respond to this call as readily and patriotically as they have done on former occasions.

THE CONVENTION AND THE LEGISLATURE, -It will be seen from the sketch of a debate in the House of Commons, published in another column, that there is some feeling in the Legislature against the Convention. The bill to take the sense of the people of the State whether the Convention shall meet again, passed the House by a large majority on Thursday. We have no idea that the bill will become a law, and probably it was only intended as a rebuke to the Convention for proroguing the Legislature. However we do not think that the interests of the State would suffer if both the Convention and the Legislature were abolished. The Convention has transacted the business for which it was called, and the Legislature to either body-but we mean what we say. We want the State saved the \$50,000 expense for extra sessions.

. . . A man named Stringer or Springer, from Philadelphia, who has been working in this place as a carpenter, was arrested and put in jail last week for expressing abolition sentiments.

THE CONFEDERATE LOAN -About \$75,000 have been subscribed in this county and forwarded by Mr Myers to the State commissioners at Wilmington. Two additional commissioners have been appointed for this place, J H Wilson and J H Carson, owing to the absence of two of the three originally appointed.

\$75,000 more ought to be subscribed in this county. sub-commissioners appointed to solicit subscriptions in Mecklenburg county. They are as follows:

Providence-W M Matthews, J B Robinson, J N Ross. Sharon-Dr J W Ross, Wm Reid, Wm Ross. Morning Star-W Maxwell, R McEwen, Arthur Grier. Hill's-Rev Smily Pharr, Dr T C Neel, S W Caldwell. Deweese's-W Caldwell, E B D Sloan, J P Henderson. Lemly's-W G Potts, Wm Gillespie, W B Withers. Long Creek-A B Davidson, S C Pharr, Dr I Wilson. l'aw Creek-J S Means, Rich'd Rozzell, W S Norment Clear Creek-Robt King, R M White. Eli Hinson. Berryhill's-T B Price, Saml Berryhill, Alex Cooper Steel Creek-Z A Grier, J M Potts, Col Wm Grier. Crab Orchard-Will Wallace, R Cochran, F Stafford. Charlotte-W F Phifer, J J Blackwood, J H Wilson.

The 7th Regiment of N. C. troops, (in camp at Graham.) is now full, and will proceed to Virginia this week. The officers are, R P Campbell, Colonel; E G Haywood, Lt. Colonel; Major not appointed; Dr Campbell of Iredell, Surgeon, and Dr W E White of Charlotte, assistant Surgeon. Capt W L Davidson's company, from this county, is in this Regiment, being the sixth from Mecklenburg county; and two more nearly ready.

We return thanks to Capt Hislop of the N C Road for Raleigh and Richmond papers in advance of the mails.

"One way or the other, all that is done along our coast, at our seat of government, or elsewhere, gets to all to the body of our people at home."- Wilmington

No wonder, when all sorts of men are allowed to come into and leave the State at pleasure. At Augusta, no one should be allowed to pass from North and South Carolina without a passport. A few vigilance committees, composed of reliable, energetic men, would do

Davis, Person, and others spoken of for Senators.

generally understood that the Speaker of the Senate, Mr Clark, was entitled to act as Governor for the bal-A resolution has been passed to continue the Quarasl week. Thousands of rumors are constantly circu- termaster, Commissary and Adjutant General's departating, but few prove to be true. Frequently, news | ments; also suspending so much of the Ordinance of the Convention as relates to discharging 12 months Reauregard and Johnston have an immense army near volunteers not yet tendered and actually accepted by

> Mr Davis of Mecklenburg, introduced bills to encourage the manufacture of powder in Mecklenburg county, and to incorporate the Charlotte and South-western

A bill authorizing the Treasurer to issue State Bonds to the amount of \$200,000 to the Fayetteville Coal Field Wheeling, Va., have formed a new State out of that Railroad (in accordance with a law of the last session) was passed by yeas 83, nays 14. That's right.

Mr McBee introduced a resolution in favor of L H tenitors to assume (or pretend to assume) the govern- Lorance, Sheriff of Lincoln, and Mr Stowe a bill to change the county line of Mitchell county.

as defective as the old law-it fails to bind a man's puny race that inhabits the Northern States. property for his debts. Where judgments have already issued, it creates a lien on the property, but the act does not make the property of debtors liable for debts where no judgments have been obtained. In this way, those who have been indulgent are made liable to lose their claims, if the debtor chooses to sell or dispose of his property, while those who brought suit and pushed the debtor are secured. Why don't those who think it their baseness entitles them .- Raleigh Journal, necessary to have a stay law, frame one in accordance with equity and justice—simply provide that the debtor's property shall remain liable for his debts, and provide deluded land of the Yankees. Men are arrested and against his disposing of it as long as he takes advancast into prison by telegraphic orders from Washing tage of the law and refuses to pay just claims against ton and not so much as the charge specified. The nehim. We do not think it right to push any man to a settlement at this time, unless it is some stubborn or mean person who has money plenty and is striving to avoid payment anyhow, (though we think the majority secure creditors in their rights, and prevent fraud and dishonesty on the part of those who are able to pay and

Mr Lane's bill is, if anything, worse than the act passed at a former session. If we must have a stay law, let it be a fair one; but we think experience will prove that such laws not only injure and cripple the class they are designed to benefit, but do more to destroy confidence between man and man and retard busiwill really benefit the people and relieve the necessities of the honest debtor, but we cannot believe that such a stay law as was adopted by the last and now proposed in the present session of the Legislature, will do either. It will aid a few to cheat and defraud their creditors, to suffer, if they are not rained. Besides, there are suits pending in our Courts against non-residents, Northern men, who owe our people just claims, and who own property here sufficient to satisfy those claims. TENTH-Cherokee, Clay, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, | Ought not the law to take its course in their cases, and the property made to satisfy their debts? Certainly, Then why don't our legislators exempt such cases from being shielded by a stay law?

> The fact is, there is too much legislation of an impracticable, unnecessary, mystified kind, by a set of men unacquainted with the wants and business of the country. Our revenue bills, &c., clearly sustain this assertion. We know that some of our legislators are practical business men, but they are out-numbered and over-ruled by those who are not and never will be.

DIRECT TAXATION .- The Confederate Congress has acted promptly and commendably in making provision for paying the interest on the Confederate Bonds and for finally redeeming them. Another Act was passed, and approved by the President last week, authorizing he numbed the said Wm. Cook until he got out of him the issue of one hundred millions of dollars in Treas- about all he knew. Cook, among other things, im- Parks, committee, present. urv Notes. For the redemption of these Notes, the Act provides for a tax of fifty cents on every one hundred dollars in value of real estate, slaves, merchandize, bank and other stock, money at interest (excepting Confederate bonds,) cash on hand, cattle, gold watches, gold and silver plate, pianos, pleasure carriages, &c. Any family whose property is valued at less than five hundred dollars is exempt from taxation. Colleges, chools and charitable institutions are also exempt.

This will be a pretty heavy tax, but it is exactly right and proper, and will prove a benefit in the end to the South. This direct tax is not as much as the people of that the people of that settlement will fight under the lies their supply on Monday of each week. the South heretofore paid to the late U. S. Government in an indirect way by means of a protective tariff. The could do this week all that is necessary, if the members | Southern Government must be sustained, because if it would work more and talk less. We mean no disrespect fails, all we have is gone and we would find ourselves | quarter. a conquered people, subjugated and ruined. Therefore it would be better for property-holders to pay double the above rates of taxation than to suffer an invasion and lose all at the hands of a corrupt and tyrannical Administration, such an one as now rule the Northern States. We are now in for the war, and we must fight it out successfully or be degraded and enslaved. There is no way to escape the horrors of subjugation but by aiding the Confederate Government and keeping our brave and patriotic volunteers in the field supported, fed and comfortably clothed. In this way the South will certainly be victorious. Let no one grumble about this direct tax; and as Congress was It has been suggested that we republish a list of the | unanimous in passing the Act, let our people be unani-

property, honor, liberty and lives. On the second page we publish the Tax Bill in full. Our readers would do well to save it for future referta n we could not publish anything of greater import- day of fasting and prayer! ance to the people generally.

left East Tennessee for the purpose of taking his seat gives the following: in Lincoln's Congress, was arrested in the mountains | The Constitution of the Provisional Government proon the 16th inst., and carried back to Knoxville as a hibits a State from issuing bills of credit, but the perprisoner. He was to be sent to the chmond, and will manent Constitution, which does not go into effect un- and Tennessee Railway, on the night of the 19th. Western Democrat for six successive weeks, notifying said probably, like Nelson, take the oath and be released. movements in East Tennessee have been arrested-the stitution took effect. other one, Maynard, has escaped to the North.

man's business, but he should always be prepared to amount of sickness is altogether out of due proportion. do what he promises in his advertisement, so as not to __ Wilmington Journal. disappoint public expectation. Seeing a flaming ad- We think the Surgeons of some of the Regiments vertisement in some of our exchanges stating that a are either ignorant of their duty, or wilfully neglect to Type Foundry bad been established in Richmond, pre- discharge it. We have good reasons for thinking so. pared to furnish printing materials, we concluded to An army is no place for a physician who is not willing W. B. March was elected President, and C. F. put our paper in a new dress and otherwise improve it; to work, and work hard. In many cases, physicians Lowe Cashier of the Bank. A semi-annual dividand week before last we went to Richmond, but was who are serving in the ranks as soldiers have proved be known at the North frequently before it is known at surprised to find that the Foundry was entirely unpre- themselves of more benefit to the sick men than the triot. pared to furnish an office. The scarcity of lead, zinc regularly appointed Surgeons. and antimony was offered as an excuse-a very good Confiscation.-Lincoln has issued a Proclamation one, but we would suggest to the enterprising proprie- ordering the confiscation of all goods and chattels, goes of sugar and molasses yesterday by the Mar- on the 4th Monday in October next, then and there to tors the propriety of curtailing their advertisement. If wares and merchandize, and vessels, belonging to citi- shal of the State was very well attended and the tors the propriety of curtailing their advertisement. If zens of the Confederate States, or going to or from goods sold well. Molasses brought from 26 to 28 they can, hereafter, get the materials, and will make it those States Very well. Let our Congress pass a known, we shall again give them a call. A type foun- like act. Let there be abundant retaliation.—Fay- cents per gallon and sugar from 9 to 10 cents per 4th Monday of July, 1861, and in the 86th year of Amerdry in the South is greatly needed.

THE LEGISLATURE.—To-day was fixed upon for the CAUGHT IN THEIR OWN TRAP.—The Northern people North Carolina College.—The next session of this election of two Senators to Congress. We have heard commenced this war because they were dissatisfied Institution, located at Mt. Pleasant, Cabarras county, the names of Messrs Bragg, Avery, Clingman, Reid, Geo with the condition of the negro in the South, but in- begins on the 26th of September. We have received a of the fifteenth, issued a proclamation tending to quiet stead of helping those for whom they professed so much catalogue for the year 1861, and from it learn that The question of electing a Governor to fill the unex- concern, they have enslaved themselves to masters more there were 100 students (male) in attendance the last pired term of Gov. Ellis is under consideration. It was inhuman and more tyrannical than any slave-owner in year. The faculty is composed of an able corps of the South ever proved to be. The poor laboring man professors, with Rev. D. H. Bittle as President. The in a free State. of the North, and many others who heretofore exercised locality of the College is considered healthy and the ance of the term, but it appears that some of the Con- the privilege of freemen, are to-day in no better constitution expounders in the Legislature think otherwise. dition than the serfs of Russia, and not half as comfortably situated as the negroes throughout the South- Point told us last week that five companies were now ern States. This is no idle talk-it is true, and the at that place, and that since his stay there he had not history of the times substantiates it. Let any white man heard an oath sworn nor saw a man drunk, and that in yankee-land dare denounce and disapprove of Lin- there was not a sick man in four of the companies. coln's wicked course, and he is immediately beaten by Col. S. N. Stowe, 1st Lieut. of Capt. Edward's Gaston a mob or cast into prison. Those newspapers in New Hampshire, Maine, and other Northern States, which had the manliness to stand up for the liberties of the Washington Government, have been forced to suspend, the presses and type are thrown into the streets, and the editors threatened with death. It is stated that the paragraphs. army officers at Washington are unanimous in favor of a despotic military government, with Gen. McClellan as chief. Indeed, it is a sad spectacle to see Americans surrendering their liberty and falling to the level of A resolution inquiring into the propriety of putting monarchial subjects and practising the barbarities of heathen nations. The Northern people have enslaved themselves, and the future to them is dark and gloomy. STAY LAW .- We see that Mr Lane, of Wayne, has Let the people of the South rejoice and be glad that introduced another Stay Law in the Legislature. It is they have forever dissolved all connection with the

"We believe the Convention repealed the law on treason, or amended it to such an extent that now no traitor can be punished, unless actually found in arms against the State or in the ranks of her enemies. We have a few traitors in the State who are anxious to die as martyrs to the faith of old Lincoln, and we hope the Legislature will untie the judge and executioner, that these moral pestilences may meet the fate to which

The law on treason is very inefficient, and we hope the Legislature will pass one that will meet the demands of the present crisis. To show how useless and defective the present law is, we point to a case which occurred in Forsythe county a few weeks since. A man was arrested in that county for uttering the most violent incendiary language. It was in evidence that he denounced the South, wished for her defeat, and said that the handcuffs captured at Manassas ought to of people are as able to pay now as at any time) but in be put upon our volunteers, &c., &c. He was tried | 000; Military Appropriations \$1,458.620 43; General providing against oppression, care should be taken to before three or four Magistrates, and released on the ground that nothing could be done with him because the present law on treason did not apply to or reach of \$232.855-23 his crime. It is a fact that the law could not be made to operate in his case, but we think the Magistrates did wrong in releasing him, notwithstanding the miserable, inefficient law. Such cases as that must be punished, and if the law is not amended and made to apply to them, the people must administer punishment in a summary manner. If any case of the kind occurs ness than anything else. We are for any measure that in this section, we think we may safely say a remedy Railroad train with its hundreds of innocent passengers, present Legislature will pass a proper and efficient

RATHER LATE .- We see it stated that Jno. H. Wheeler of North Carolina, who has held an office in Washingwhile the greater portion of our people will be made | ton, was passed, a few days ago, through the Confederate lines at Manassas under a flag of truce from Washington. If this is so, we think Mr Wheeler is rather late in returning to the South.

> ORGANIZING .- The citizens of Madison county, N. C. held a Convention at Marshall on the 2d inst., for the purpose of organizing a Regiment to oppose the threatened rebellion in East Tennessee. They want arms and ammunition, and ask the Governor of North | ing the Legislature. He has been to New York, but Carolina to furnish them or send men to protect them against the tories of East Tennessee. We hope our State authorities will co-operate in this movement and A letter from Spring Creek, Madison county, pub-

> lished in the Asheville News, gives the following ac- Thomas of Thomasville has been to New York and recount of the operations of a tory in that neighborhood. "A fellow named William Cook, hailing from Washington county, Tenn., recently made his appearance in this neighborhood, and called on Mr R. S. Cook. The latter soon discovered that his guest was a "bad egg." and proceeded to lay a trap for him, by pretending to be a Lincolnite, and sood found that the bait took, and the State, met in the Counting Room of Brown, Tate & parted to his new found Spring Creek acquaintance the fact that there is a Regiment of tories in Greenville, Tenn., commanded by one Blair; one in Carter county, commanded by Weaver; one on Cherokee Creek, commanded by Parks; and that these men all have arms and accoutrements of every description. He said Andy Johnson was to force his way into East Tennessee with a large body of Yankees, when these tories are to this county.] scatter on their devil's mission-some to Kentucky, some to Virginia, and some to western North Carolina. Their work is to steal, kill and burn. Asheville is to be burnt to the ground, and the inhabitants put to the sword. He furthermore stated that he came through the mountains by way of Laurel, in this county, and tory banner. He said they were only waiting for the troops to leave for Va. to commence operations. He said he was on his way to Murphy, in Charokee county, to look around, and see what the signs were in that

The people of Jonesborough can ascertain whether he has been here by examining his head. They will find some hair missing, where the 'wool ought to grow.' How much credit is to be attached to this fellow's story, is not for me to say. I give it to the public as it was pumped out of him by one whom he sup-

posed a friend. 'Forewarned is forearmed.'" The Raleigh Register says that tidings had reached Raleigh that the tories of Tennessee had seized several citizens of Watanga county, N. C., to be held as hostages for the safety of Nelson. As Nelson was released (after taking the oath) we suppose the citizens of this State were also released; but such things ought not to be allowed to go un punished. A few hangings in East Tennessee will do more good than anything else. The Southern authorities have the power to whip and submous in sustaining it. It is the only way to save our due the Northern abolitionists and the Southern tories, with prayer by the Rev W S Pharr. The Rev J G Mcand the sooner the latter class is attended to the better.

SACRILEGIOUS .- Abe Lincoln has directed that his erce. It occupies considerable space, but we are cer- subjects observe the last Thursday in September as a

As a reason why the State of North Carolina ANOTHER TORY CAUGHT .- The Hon Mr. Bridges, who has not issued Treasury Notes, the Raleigh Standard

til February next, does not; therefore the Public Treasurer was directed by law not to issue treasury Two of the three prominent leaders of the treasonable notes or bills of credit, until after the permanent Con-

We regret to learn that the health of our soldiers at ADVERTISING is a first rate method of promoting a Yorktown is far from such as could be desired. In one of our regiments-the 5th N. C. Volunteers-the

etteville Observer.

GOOD REPORT .- A soldier from the camp at High company, is commander of the post.

STATE FINANCES .- We are indebted to C. G. Wright, people and point out the tyranny and wickedness of the | Esq., (says the Fayetteville Observer,) for a pamphlet copy of Treasurer Court's Special Report to the present session of the Legislature. We copy the following Day Book will be suppressed by order of the Govern-

"Just as the Bank of the Republic in New York was about transmitting by Adams Express, to Raleigh, a trafity. package of our coupons, which had been taken up and cancelled by said Bank, all communication between the North and the South was suddenly cut off. We had no money in that Bank at the time, and have none there now, as shown by the accounts and their letters

It will be seen that our expenditures for the war have already been very heavy, but I am happy to say that all drafts for the support of it have been promptly met at this office. I respectfully submit that the present revenue law be so amended as to increase the revenue next year at least 25 per cent, and in addition to the authority now existing to issue small treasury notes after the 1st March next, I recommend that authority be given, with proper restrictions, to issue treasury notes to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars in sums of \$5, \$10 and \$50. The Legislature may perhaps deem it proper to delay the issuing of these until the expiration of the present Provisional Government of the Confederate States in Feb. wext."

The receipts of the Public Fund since October, 1860, have been \$2.611,533 81, consisting of sales of coupon bonds for subscription to W. C. & R. road, Western N. C. Road, Coalfields road, Insane Asylum, \$823,408; loans \$1.685,839 54; taxes \$65,765 27; and various We understand such men are and have been in the South other small items, (among which are, \$1 in an anonymous letter, and \$200 in another.)

The expenditures consist of Judiciary \$112,953 52; interest on debt, \$336,989 56: W. C. & R. road \$600,-000; Western N. C. road \$82,063; Coalfields road \$100,-Assembly \$67,596 40; State Convention \$17,877 14. And various smaller items too tedious to enumerate. There is a balance in the treasury of the State Fund.

\$500 REWARD .- The Superintendent of the Wil. & Weldon Railroad offers a reward of \$500 for the person' who attempted to destroy a train on that Road by cut- his death deprives the Presbyterian church of a devotting the beams and stringers of a bridge. If the person is caught, he should be hung immediately. Any one who is wicked and mean enough to attempt to destroy a will be applied, law or no law. But we do hope the should not be suffered to live another hour in this world. Keep a good look-out for all such scamps on all the Roads.

> ACTUALLY CONFINED .- We have it from the most undoubted authority that John W. Thomas, of Thomasville, in this State, is confined in prison in New York city, having been recently arrested

We did understand, but not so direct, that he was there in the city actually buying goods and shipping them to this State. If that be true they served him right. - Newbern Progress.

We learn that Mr Thomas is now in Raleigh attendwas not arrested. Of course be did not let any one know that he was from North Carolina. We hear it said that he bought a large amount of leather in New | State, and not in the actual use of any volunteer com-York and hopes to receive it through Kentucky, &c. We know nothing about the matter more than that Mr

THE RELIEF COMMITTEE.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 23. The Executive Committee for the relief of indigent families of persons engaged in the military service of

Co. B W Alexander, chairman; W. E. White and D. On motion, the following Rules were adopted: Families of the soldiers living in this county at the

time they volunteered only shall be entitled to relief. [That is, the committee will aid families living in the county, no matter where the soldier volunteered or enlisted, but will not feel bound to aid families living in other counties even if the soldier entered the service in All applications must be handed to the Executive

Committee and passed on, when they will give an order for the commissaries to furnish to each family one month's supply at a time. The Executive Committee will meet on Saturday of

each week, and the Commissary will give out to fami-

For the Western Democrat. PUBLIC MEETING.

According to previous announcement, the citizens of Mallard Creek and vicinity met at Mallard Creek

Church, Mecklenburg county, for the purpose of giving a public dinner to the soldiers in camp there, Capt. T. M. Alexander's company, know, as the " Mecklenburg Farmers," which is drilling and desiring recruits. On motion. Andrew Hunter was called to the Chair, and B H Garrison requested to act as Secretary. Col.

W B Cochran was chosen Marshal, and J M Earnhardt,

E P Cochran, F E Query, F N Query, R B Cochran, and B H Garrison, assistant marshals. After the drilling exercises of the morning were closed, the soldiers, ministers of the gospel, ladies and spectators, numbering about 500 persons, formed a procession near the soldier's camp and marched to the

dinner table, previously arranged by the ladies, and partook of an excellent dinner. After dinner the procession was re-formed and marched to the stand, where the meeting was opened Laughlin and Rev S C Alexander then addressed the audience in beautiful and well conceived speeches,

abounding in practical common sense and good advice. Independence. The audience was dismissed by thanks being offered up by the Rev J G McLaughlin. A. HUNTER, Ch'n.

B. H. GARRISON, Sec'y.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

RICHMOND, August 24.—The Knoxville Rein which the Natchez Rifles, Capt. Davis, had one man, C. A. Ogden, killed, and about twenty more or less severely wounded-two or three on the 4th Monday in October next, then and there to dangerously; many others were slightly bruised plead, answer or demar, or judgment pro confesso will be and scratched.

BANK OF LEXINGTON .- At a general meeting of the stockholders of this bank, held in Lexington on the 31st ult., Andrew Hunt, Henderson Adams, J. W. Thomas, E. D. Hampton, and Geo. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-July Term, 1861. Riley were elected Directors for the ensuing year. At a meeting of the Directors held the same day.

1b .- Newbern Progress, 20th inst.

WAR NEWS.

Sr. Louis, August 23,-Gen. McCulloch, under date the fears of the Unionists; also, a general order thanking the army, and describing the exploits of the army as brilliant. Brownlee has been released, on condition that he will resign his office, leave the city and reside to \$2 50 per sack.

Two released prisoners arrived from Springfield report that on Thursday after the battle, McCulloch moved after Seigle, but learning he had been reinforced. moved towards Jefferson City. Quite a number of Acc wounded on both sides have died. Col. Coffee lost a good. leg. The official loss of the Federals was 223 killed. 721 wounded, and 291 missing.

Washington, August 23 .- The Committee have reported twelve disloyal and many disaffected in the War Department; fifty-one disloyal and ten suspected in the Treasury Department; twenty disleyal and seven suspected in the Interior Department. The Tribune says the Provost Marshal flatly refused a pass to Russell, the | ing 23 to 25; Rope 14 to 15-scarce. correspondent of the London Times, to cross the Poto-

It is rumored that the New York Daily News and ment. It is also intimated that the Government will no longer allow Kentucky to occupy a position of neu-

SAVANNAH, August 22 .- A letter from Fernandina. Florida, dated August 21, received here, says: "The crew of the privateer Jeff. Davis arrived here this afternoon. They state that on Sunday morning, while trying to get into St. Augustine, the vessel struck on the bar and was lost. All her guns were saved, with the exception of two small ones.

New York, Aug 23 .- Geo Miles, of Petersburg, and John Garnett and M. Guthrie, of Richmond, collecting agents for tobacco houses, have been arrested and sent to Fort LaFavette. Guthrie is a heavy dealer and has heavy consignments here and in Philadelphia and Baltimore. Guthrie raised \$144,000 on shipments, which through friends and agents he invested in Confederate and Southern State bonds. Miles was an agent of James Thomas, and had collected \$35,990, and had also made liberal investments in Confederate bonds. About \$175,000 was recovered from Guthrie, and lies principally in bonds, sight drafts, Virginia paper money and \$1,000 in gold. A number of letters addressed to persons in the Southern States were found on their persons.

Let every man caught in the South collecting debts for northern houses be arrested by way of retaliation.

MARRIED.

E. White of the "Gaston Invincibles," to Miss Sallie C. Gantt of Cleaveland county. In Rowan county, on the 20th instant, Mr Jacob C. Fink to Miss Mary J. Crosby.

On the 14th inst, by the Rev. P. D. Moore, Mr John

DIED.

In Fayetteville, on Sunday the 18th inst, Rev. George McNeill, senior Editor of the N. C. Presbyterion, aged 35 years. He was a christian in deed and in truth, and ed minister and able editor.

Near Manassas Junction, on the 6th inst. James E. brinkle; and in Richmond, recently, Wm. Alleymembers of the "Blues" from Iredell county. In York District, on the 11th inst, Mrs Mary Hood,

SCHOOL NOTICE.

REV. G. D. BERNHEIM'S Male and Female Academy will open on Monday, September 2d, in the Lu-

For full particulars, apply to him for a circular. August 27, 1861

RUNAWAY. My negro woman, JULIA, absconded five or six

ly owned by R. P. Waring. I will give a liberal reward for her apprehension and delivery to me. D. ELIAS. Aug 27, 1861 NOTICE. All persons in Mecklenburg county having in his or her possession Arms or accourrements belonging to the

pany of the State, are hereby notified to deliver them to W W Grier. Sheriff of said county : otherwise the penalty of the law will be enforced against them. This notice is given by the authority of his Excellency, the Governor. No excuse will be taken.

Acting Solicitor for Mecklenburg

Headquarters N. C. Troops, Adjutant General's Office, Raleigh, Aug 20, 1861. All Officers recruiting companies for State Troops, who have not as yet reported their c mpanies full and been assigned to Regiments, will report without delay to Colonel H M Shaw, 8th Infantry, N C State Troops, Warrenton. By order of the commander-in-chief,

Adjutant General. State of North Carolina-Mecklenburg county. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-July Term, 1861. John Hicks vs. The Mecklenburg Gold and Copper Co.

Original Attachment. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, but reside bewond the limits of the same, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Western Democrat, newspaper printed in the town of Charlotte, for six successive weeks, notifying said defendants to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next court to be held for said county, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in October next, then and there to plead, answer or demnr, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

Witness, W K Reid, Clerk of said Court, at office the 4th Monday of July, 1861, and in the 86th year of American Independence. W. K. REID, Clerk.

State of North Carolina-Mecklenburg county. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-July Term, 1861. John F Little vs. The Mecklenburg Gold & Copper Co. Original Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Western Democrat for six successive weeks, notifying said defendants to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next Court to be held for said county at the Court House in Charlotte on the 4th Monday of October next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them. Witness, W K Reid, clerk of said Court at office the 4th

Monday of July, 1861, and in the 86th year of American W. K. REID, Clerk. State of North Carolina-Mecklenburg county.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-July Term, 1861. Wm P Little vs. The Mecklenburg Gold and Copper Co. Original Attachment. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore

defendants to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next Court to be held for said county, at the Court House in Charlotte, entered against them.

4th Monday of July, and in the 86th year of American travel. W. K. REID, Clerk. Independence. State of North Carolina-Mecklenburg county.

R. Barringer vs. Charles Wilkes. Original Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State, it is end of 5 per cent. was declared .- Greensboro Pa- therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Western Democrat for six successive weeks, notifying said defendant to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next court MARSHAL SALE .- The sale of the prize car- to be held for said county at the Court House in Charlotte plead, answer or demur, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against him. Witness, WK Reid, clerk of said Court, at office

ican Independence.

W. K. REID, Clerk.

Charlotte Market, Aug. 26, 1861.

But little was done in the way of trade the past week. Bacon is very scarce and will command 15 to 154 hog round. Corn 65 cents, and is scarce. Meal 65 to 70 cents. White Wheat 90 to 95 cents-Red 80 to 85. Flour \$2 25

The tendency of the price of Groceries is upward. Salt \$6 per sack: Coffee 33 to 35 cts per lb.; Bagging 25 cts.; Bale Rope 182 to 20.

Accounts from all directions represent the crops as very

COLUMBIA, August 24 .- Cotton, 34 bales sold at 8 to 11. Flour \$2 75 to \$3 per sack. Bacon scarce. CHARLESTON, Aug. 22 .- Only 21 bales Cotton received the past week—sales at 10 to 11 to 11 to 20 to 95 cts; Oats 75 cts; Flour \$6 75 to \$7 25 for city use; Bacon scarce and in demand. Salt \$4 per sack; Bagg-

YORKVILLE, Aug 22 .- Corn 60 to 65 cents-very little offering. Flour meets with ready sale at \$2 25 per sack. Groceries are firm at high prices-Salt \$6 per sack-Coffee 40 cts per pound-Molasses 60 to 70 cents per gallon-Bagging 30 cts-Rope 16 to \$181 .-

NEW YORK, August 23 .- Sales of cotton to-day 2,200

State of North Carolina-Mecklenburg county. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-July Term. 1861 Charles H Newbold vs. The Mecklenburg Gold and Cop-

per Company-Original Attachment. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the court that publication be made in the Western Democrat for six successive weeks, notifying said defendants to be and appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held for said county at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday of October next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

Witness, W K Reid, clerk of said Court, at office the 4th Monday of July, 1861, and in the 86th year of American Independence. W. K. REID, Clerk.

Confederate Loan.

The undersigned having been appointed local Commissioners to receive subscriptions of stock to the Confederate loan, would respectfully and most earnestly appeal to the patriotism of the people of Mecklenburg, to come forward with their known liberality, and uphold the Government and sustain the credit of the Confederate States, by such substantial aid which their ample means would seem imperatively to demand It is no mere gift we ask of you, nor are they empty promises made in return. We offer you good dividend

aying stock, and a promise of perpetual relief from Black

Republican rule, for your money. JOHN WALKER, JOHN A. YOUNG, W. R. MYERS, Commissioners. Jos. H. WILSON,

JAS. H. CARSON, Miss M. E. Stewart will re-open her School for Children, on the 2d of September, 1861.

LAST NOTICE.

All who are indebted to us by Note or Account, are requested to close them by the 1st of October, or they will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

J. G. WILKINSON & CO. No goods sold from this date, nor work done, inless the Cash is paid for them. J. G. W. & CO. August 20, 1861 3t

IMPORTANT NOTICE. OUR TERMS will be

POSITIVELY CASH, veeks ago. She is about 35 years old, and was former- on and after the 21st August. COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Aug 20, 1861

To Rifle Makers within the State. ORDINANCE DEPARTMENT. Raleigh, August 10, 1861 Proposals are invited until 12 M. on Wednesday 4th September next, for the fabrication and delivery at the

Ordinance Depot in this city-where samples may be seen-of (5000) five thousand Percussion Rifles of the following dimensions to-wit: Inches BARREL, (Diameter of the bore cast steel Variation allowed, more 0.01 or iron, { Diameter at the muzzle 0.90 steel pre- | Diameter at breech, between the flats, 0.15 Length without the breech screw,

ferred.

J. G MARTIN.

RAMROD-steel-length ARM COMPLETE-length IMPLEMENTS: screw driver, with cone wrench; wiper, ball screw, spring vice, bullet mould. To be subject to inspection before reception. Proposals will state the number that will be delivered weekly, and the earliest day of the first delivery. Sufficient security for the faithful preformance of contract will accompany proposals, which will be addressed to

N. C," and endorsed "Proposals for furnishing percus-JAS. A. J. BRADFORD.

August 20, 1861. MONTAMOENA FEMALE SEMINARY.

MOUNT PLEASANT, CABARRUS COUNTY, N. C. The exercises of this School will be resumed on the

the "Officer Commanding Ordinance Depot, Raleigh,

0th of August. RATES PER SESSION : Board (including washing and fuel) \$40 00 English course, from \$5 00 to 15 90 Music on the Piano, Melodeon or Guitar, 20 00 Languages, each, 8 00 Drawing or Painting, 10 00 Vocal Music, 3 00

7 00

TERMS: Half of all the expenses, board and tuition, must be paid in advance, and the remainder at the close of the

Embroidery.

Other ornamentals reasonable.

Pupils who board in the Seminary will not be permitted to make store accounts. For further information, address

L. G. HEILIG. August 13, 1861

875 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from where we had them hired, near ester, in June last, our three negro men, viz : Bill, Giles and Henry Bill and Giles we bought the 14th of last November at the estate sale of Ed. Leach, on Broad River, in

tions in the neighborhood where we purchased them. it is more than likely they have made their way back to their old neighborhood. Bill is about 26 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, will weigh 150 or 180 pounds; is very black; rather sharp

York District. They being brothers and having rela-

faced, speaks quick when spoken to. Giles his brother, is about 24 years old; 5 feet 1 nches high; will weigh 160 lbs., is very black, and walks with his head up and feet turned out in front. Henry, we purchased Jan. 1, of Col. C. Rives on the Catawba river. Be is 28 years old, well set, 5 feet 10 inches high, and will weigh 175 pounds; has a heavy brow and speaks slowly: has some character as a runaway. May go to Charleston or Washington city, it is Witness, W K Reid, clerk of said Court, at office the hard telling where he will go as he is a gentleman of

> They all ran off about the same time. We will pay \$75 reward for the 3 men; or \$25 a piece for either of them delivered in any jail so that we can get them. These boys may attempt to make their way North as some others from this place have at-PRIDE & DUNOVANT. tempted. Chester, S. C. July 30, 1861



Fruit Jars.

FRUIT JARS, for preserving Peaches, Tomatoes, &c. for sale at China Hall. JAMES HARTY. ugust 20, 1861