

Wm T Dortch. SOUTH CAROLINA. ARKANSAS. Dates Battles. Robert W Johnson, Robert W Barnwell, Charles B Mitchell. then the James L Orr. TENNESSEE. FLORIDA. A E Maxwell, F.h. 16 San Antonio, Langdon C Haynes, 100 J M Baker. Mar 12 Fort Brown, Gustavus A Henry. Apl 13 Fort Sumiter, GEORGIA. TEXAS. 100 Apl 15 Fort Bliss, Benjamio H Hill, Louis T Wigfall, John W Lewis. Ant 20 Indianola. W S Oldham. KENTUCKY. LOUISIANA. H C Burnett, Edward Sparrow, June I Aquin Creek. William E Simms. T J Semmes. June 5 Pig's Point. MISSOURI. MISSISSIPPI 1 7 150 250 Innecto Great Betheli 50 100 Albert G Brown, John B Clark. June 16 Vienne. June 17 Kansas City, 15 30 50 150 150 James Phelan R S Y Peyton. VIRGINIA. 3 pm 16 New Creek; 2 4 14 R M T Hunter, Total number, 26. damentsi Romney. done 27 Mathias Raint 61 16 Win B Preston. 2 12 874 .85 . 10 Collins and States HOUSE. Sulv 5 Cartheses 3) 1 56 100 THOMAS S. BOCOCK, Speaker. Judy 11 Sanry Creek, ande de Ball Ran. 13 53 3 260 300 20 375 1189 30 1000 2360 1600 d ify 21 Manalsas ALABAMA. 10 25 I Thomas J Foster. July 25/Westlin, 6 W Chilton. Wm R Smith, July 28 Fort Stanton, 7 David Clopton. 265 800 30 1000 1200 300 3 John P Ralls, And In Springfield, 8 James L Pugh, Aug. 15 Mathias Point. 9 E S Dargan. 20 30 4 J L M Curry, 5 Francis S Lyon, Aug 20 Hawks' Nest, 1 1 A 12 27 Bailey's X Rds ever second every AREANSAS. Very 27 Cross Lanes, 50 50, 100 3 more more 2 1 Felix J Balson. Sept 3 Big Creek, 3 Augustus H Garland, Sept 10 Gauley, 5 150 250 2 Grandison D Royster, 4 Thos B Hanly. 5 9 6 20 30 50 Sept 11 Lewinsville, A 44444 10000 FLORIDA. Sept 11 Toury's Creek 2 1 James B Hawkins, 2 --- Hilton. Sept 15 Barboursville, 2 50 25 72 39 120 3500 Sept 20 Lexington, GEORGIA. 2 30 1 Julian Hartridge, Sept 25 Alamesa, 6 William W Clark, 45 Oct 1 Steam'r Fanns 2 C J Munnerlyn. 7 Robt P Trippe, 6 31 12 100 150 32 3 Hines Holt, diet Internitrier: 8 L J Gartrell. 1.1.2 5 Chicamacom -20 42 19 20 30 17 4 A H Keunn, 9 Hardy Strickland, Oct 9 Santa Rosa, 5 David W Lewis, 10 A B Wright. O. t. 12 Miss. Passes. 11 10 15 40 12 thet 16 Bolivar. KENTUCKY. 27 111 500 800 726 1 Alfred Boyd, Oct 21 Leesburg, 95 373 117 400 600 200 2 John W Crockett, 7 H W Bruce, Nov & Belmont, 8 S S Scott. Nov & Piketon, 9 E M Bruce, Nov 9 Guyandotte, 10 J W Moore. Nov 16 Upton Hill, 11 R J Breckinridge, Jr., Nov 18 Falls Church, 6 T L Burnett, 12 John M Elliott. Nov 22 Pensacola, 1 6 10 20 Nov 26 Near Vienna, LOUISIANA. 2 2 4 15 I Charles J Villiere, 4 Lucien J Dupre, Dec 2 Anandale, 100 200 2 Charles M Conrad, 60 Dec 13 Alleghauy, 5 John F Lewis, Dec 17 Woodsonville, 6 John Perkins, Jr. the 26 Opothleyholo, 2 1 10 20 18 MISSISSIPPI. Dec 28 Sacramento, I John J McRae, 5 H C Chambers, 984 3356 218 4825 7614 8777 | 2 S W Clapp, Total, 6 O R Singleton. 3 Reuben Davis, 7 E Barksdale. RECAPITELATION. 4 Israel Welch. Confed, losses. Fed losses. MISSOURI. 4,911 1 John Hyer. 5 W W Cook. 7.821 2 Casper W Bell, 6 Thos W Freeman, 8.777 3 George W Vest, 7 Thos A Harris. -4 A H Conrew, 21 669 NORTH CAROLINA. and the second sec 1 W N H Smith, 6 Thomas S Ashe. SAMUEL P. SMITH. 2 Robert R Bridgers, 7 James R McLean, 3 Owen R Kenan, 8 William Lander, Attorney and Connscior at Law. 9 B S Gaither, 4 T D McDowell. CHARLOTTE. N C., 5 Archibald Arrington, 10 A T Davidson. Wall attend promptly and diligently to collecting and SOUTH CAROLINA. waitting all claims intrusted to his care. 1 W W Boyce, 4 John McQueen. Special attention given to the writing of Deeds, Con- 2 W Porcher Miles, 5 James Farrar. Sevances, &c. 3 M L Bonham. 6 L M Ager. 8-3" During hours of business, may be found in the TENNESSEE. ouri House, Office No. 1, adjoining the clerk's office. 1 J T Heiskell, 7 G W Jones, duadary 10. 1862 2 W G Swann, 8 Thomas Mences, 3 W H Tebbs. J. A. FOX 9 J D C Adkins, 10 ---- Bullock, 4 E L Gardenshire, Attorney at Law. 5 H S Foote, 11 David M Currin. 6 M P Gentry. CHARLOTTE, N. C. TEXAS. GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT. 1 John A Wilcox, 4 Wm B Wright, Office over the Drug Store, Irwin's corner.

2 Peter W Gray,

5 Malcolm Graham.

Clement C Clay.

ard to these things, and ask him if it is not time for martial law or some sort of law to be enforced against Lincoln sympathizers and those who are waiting for an opportunity to injure the southern cause. Is it right to allow them to go at large in Raleigh and other southern towns? He that is tion and watchfulness is what we need now. . . .

our young and able-bodied men to fight them, it disgrace to the people individually, and through The effect of these blows, falling with such cause of the Country.

The resolutions of the Mecklenburg meeting in infamy protects it from retaliation. regard to the management of the August election, Officers and men of the Confederate army-ye | detachments under Lee and others. ry, possesses some admirable traits suitable for the brutal mobs, through which Lincoln's officers con- test approached its termination." place. But that man of quick perception, energetic duct you unprotected? Nay, to be assailed by head, is, to our mind, a head and shoulder above any wear uniforms and are called soldiers? To be published for the inspection of the people. other we can think of. He has been a faithful and thus treated by those whom you have never harmlow-citizens in Western North Carolina -- Salis- Enquirer. bury Watchman.

We are highly gratified to know that the Watchman is opposed to a canvass by candidates. -----

Governor of the good Old Commonwelath, at the trative abilities and well-tested energy, would be pounds produces only 101 pounds of ash; and of in the army. One regiment reviewed ninety equal to the crisis which the war has precipitated this 101 pounds only 0.46 of a pound is phos- muskets and seven bayonets. ston, with all his sterling abilities, and administrative public carcer of usefulness for a score of years past, in the dischargo of most responsible trusts, for the welfare and prosperity of the people and from some quarter, is not a matter for wonder. generally.

a balcony to answer a flattering serenade. and in spite of the remonstrances of Gen. Wash-The South has taken prisoners, as many as the ington and their own officers

North has. They were of soldiers who had come New York was then abandoned, with the loss of few days since, in a commune near Contance, as invaders of our homes, and murderers of our our artillery, much of our army stores, provisions, Manche. A young man employed on a farm had brethren on our own soil. But no Southern tents, &c.

crowd, outraged as we all feel, has been found | The American army behaved better at White had carried off the prize from several other guilty of such dastard brutality as is described in Plains. But it was pursued by other disasters. suitors, and the nuptials were kept with all the not for us is against us. Proncht and vigorous ac- the above. We trust such a scene will never be Fort Washington-rather against the advice of rejoicing usual on such occasions. In the evenwitnessed here. It is an offence that it would be Gen Washington-was defended. The garrison ing a large house dog, chained up in the yard, an infamy even to retaliate. It has been enstomary made a gallant defence, killing several hundred was heard barking violently, and was at length set PUBLIC MEETING IN MECKLENBURG -We in- at the North to sneer at "Southern chivalry." We Hessians; but the British advanced in three at liberty in order to quiet him. The moment the vite attention to the proceedings of a public meet- have here an example of theirs.' Pouring in dai- columns, and drove the garrison within the fort, animal was let loose it ran into the house, and up ing held in Charlotte, N. C., on the Sth instant ly crowds of impertinent visitors to badger cap- where it surrendered. The British captured two the stairs to the door of the room prepared for We highly approve the action of this meeting, tives with insults; their soldiers stoning them thousand five hundred men, with military stores, the married couple, against which he began and believe it would be profitable for the whole through the car-windows! captive generals, whe- and a strong position. This was considered the scratching in a violent manner. On the door people of every county in the State to meet to- they the stern Buckner, or the debonair Tilgh- greatest calamity of the war. Fort Lee fell next being opened by the persons who had followed ether and talk over their public affairs. Hordes man, successively hissed and hooted, by a mob! - the troops were withdrawn, but all the arma- the animal, the dog rushed under the bed, and of avaricious plunderers are on our borders, seek- What a deep, dark, eternal disgrace to any people ment and supplies, including three hundred tents immediately a loud ery was heard. On looking ing to destory us, and whilst we are sending out claiming to be within the pale of civilization -a fell into the hands of the enemy.

certainly could not be unprofitable for those who the government which sllows it, a disgrace to weight and rapidity was intense. The historian are left at home to meet together for the purpose them collectively and as a nation. Such is North- says the troops quitted the army "by regiments. of greeting, inquiry, exchanging views, counsell- ern chivalry! We again express the earnest hope half regiments, and companies." Gen. Washinging, and sustaining each other and promoting the that our people will, under no degree of provoca- ton crossed into the Jerseys, into which he was tion, imitate this conduct. The meanness of the followed by a victorious enemy. He then headed an army of only three thousand men, besides some

and also that recommending Wm. Johnston, Esq., see the treatment you are to expect, if taken cap- New Jersey yielded without resistance, and no meet our cordial approbation. We know of but | tive in this war ! It will not intimidate you, but one who looked on the "ragged" handful of few gentlemen in the State whom we regard as it will arouse you ! Are you willing thus "to make Americans as they retreated before the superior better qualified to be Governor during these trou- a [Northern] holyday?" To be an object for the force of the disciplined and well appointed army blous times. The iron-sided, indomitable Docke- hisses and jeers and insults and indignities of the which pursued them, could doubt that " the con

It is unnecessary to follow the narrative of reaction, and bold daring, the Hon. John M. More- stones and brick-bats hurled by creatures who verses, which ought to be read by every one, and

Washington, undismayed, turned in his celebrafications, William Johnston, Esq., the favorite son | gard as men regard the most diabolical enemy? If safety. But nothing else occurred for months to after. The jury, without hesitation, declared that of old Mecklenburg, will command, as he deserves, not, you must fight as heroes only fight, and yield break the current of British successes. Their the document was not the will of the decensed. the confidence and the cordial support of his fel- only when heroes may fight no longer .- Richmond army embarked in the next campaign, and for weeks Washington was ignorant of their destinacion. To avoid the forts which he had creeted on the Delaware, they had ascended the Chesapeake An article has appeared in several papers, to march overland upon Philadelphia. Washingsinged by L. J. Roberts, M. D., which contains | ton, who had again recruited his temporary army. WM. JOHNSTON, Esq.-The name of this gen- two such grave errors that I cannot refrain from resisted their advance at Brandywine. Leaving a tleman has been prominently brought before the correcting them, particularly as many persons who force to threaten the fords in front, the enemy people of the State by a large portion of the press use rye as a substitute for coffee might be fright- made a "detour and turned our right flank."

The article says: "The grain when burut con- Washington made yet another stand to save Philaelection to be held in August next. And men of tains fifty per cent of phosphorie acid." Now, delphia; but a violent rain so completely drenched all former political parties have united in recom- unscientific people would suppose this to mean his men that their whole stock of ammunition was mending him to their fellow citizens for the high when parched. We suppose the Doctor intended rendered unfit for use, and the army was comand responsible office, in the present critical con- the ash of the grain. What is the true analysis pelled to fall back. It is stated that at this time dition of our public affairs, as one whose adminis- of rye according to the best authorities? 1,000 there were scarcely two guns of the same calibre

upon the State and country. But that Mr. John- phoric acid; not quite half a pound to 1,000 Our night attack on Germantown was a fuilure, pounds of the grain, and not quite 5 per cent. of and the enemy held Philadelphia without further the ash, instead of upwards of 50 per cent., being molestation. Their object was to open the Delanot quite the one-fifth of 1 per cent of the solid ware. Washington wished to preserve his forts. grain. Besides, the Doctor forgets that not one We strengthend and threw men into them. The honor of the State-should encounter opposition particle of the earthy salts is probably held in encuy were repulsed in a land, attack on one of solution by a common weak decoction of the rye; them. Then they brought their ships to bear Such occurs in the history of all great men; al- and if the whole grain was swallowed there would and "shelled" the forts unlil they were no longer though, Mr Johnston pretends to nothing more only be the medium amount of phosphoric acid tenable, and were abandoned. Washington seem than to occupy an equality with his fellow entizens contained in wheat and other cereals, just about ed never afterwards to have resisted the British enough to make bone instead of destroying it. on the water-if we except the surrender of Corn-The Raleigh Standard in a late issue has The effects of rye, or the phosphoric acid in it, wallis. The British were surreme on that clecharged Mr Johnston with acting the partisan in on utero-gestation, is equally fallacious, and quite ment. In his own words: "To protect the coast the Convention and in the office which he held as as grave an error. It is the ergot of rye that pro- from an enemy entirely in possession of the sea is pay of Majors, and four clerks, with salaries of Commissary General. We call upon the Stand- duces abortion, not the common, healthy grain impracticable."

ard to make good these charges !- Statesville used for coffee. It is a long, black, sticking - But Washington never disbanded his army, and uished from the other, and his victorics were chiefly in the interior, where

AUTOMAL ATEN

In the last foreign news we find the following : The Journal d' Avranches mentions the following curious story: "A strange event occurred, a married his master's daughter, and in so doing

under, a man, who had been just strangled by the dog, was found, having in his hands two loaded pistols. He was recognized as one of the defeated suitors of the bride, and doubtless meditated a sanguinary vengeance for his disappointment."

There was a curious will case in the Dublia Court of Probate recently. James Port, of Ballygillan, county of Derry, was dying of fever. His brother and sister got a neighbor to draw his will, but, as the fever was infectious, he would go no nearer than the barn to the testator--whither the sister conveyed his answers to the questions put to him as to the disposal of his property, the drawer of the will putting in a legacy of ten pounds to himself, without troubling the dying man about such a triffe. When the document was completed it was read to the teststor, who understood nothing that was going on; valuable public servant, and if age, or other cause, ed, and who are doing their utmost to harm you ; ted night march across the Delaware, captured but they put a pen in his hand and got him to now deprive us of the benefit of his eminent quali- and whom therefore you have every reason to re- 1,000 men, with arms and stores, and returned in put his mark on the document. He died shortly

> THE RIGHT SPIRIT .- Passengers from New Orleans and Mobile report the citizens in the South-west as turning out with great enthusiasm, and arming themselves with pikes and all sorts of weapons.

This is necessary everywhere, and should be immediately encouraged. The coils of the anaconda are tightening around our borders, sud the most vigorous and combined efforts are needed to destroy the monster. Let every one feel that he must rouse himself to exertion in some way to aid to free his country from the chains now forging for her. Recent disasters should stimulate all to active and energetic movements. Organize and press forward-the existence of the State is

COMMANDING GENERAL -- General Robert E. Lee, who has been appointed Commanding General, has entered upon his duties. Under the direction of the President, he is to order the movements of our armies, to have charge of the discipline of the troops, the distribution of supplies, etc., and may when he thinks proper, take command in the field. His usual headquarters are to be at the seat of government, and he will fill the post at the will of the President. His pay is to be \$100 s month, without allowances, and he is to have a military secretary, with the rank and pay of 201. of Cavalry, four aides-de-camps, with the rank and \$1,200 each.

SPIRITED TEXAN LADIES .- The "Bell County

RYE COFFEE.

R. W. BECKWITH Has constantly on hand WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &C. Of the best English and American manufacturers. Call and examine his stock before parchasing elsewhere. Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each. January, 1862 John T. Butler,	 5 Thomas S Bocock, 6 John Goode, Jr. 7 James P Holcombe, 8 Dan'l C Dejarnette, Total number 107. 13 Walter Preston, 14 Albert G Jenkins, 15 Robert Johnson, 16 Charles W Russell. 	growth of the war. If Confederate paper is not good, there is no good money in the South-	stances. The common rye is quite as innecent as wheat or coffee in this respect. E. M. PENDLETON, M. D. Sparta, Ga., March 12th. ARMS IN PRIVATE HANDS.—We learn from the Richmond Enquirer that over seven thousand stand of fire arms have been delivered over to the military authorities by the citizens of Richmond in response to a recent proclamation by the Gov-	the enemy was compelled to pursue him on their theory of subjugation. We look with apprehension upon the numerous expeditions of the enemy. How was it with the invasion of our ancestors. A large British army held New York and the Jerseys. Another lay anmolested at Philadelphia. An expedition, un- der Burgoyne, came in from Canada. To the consternation of all, Ticonderoga—reported impreg- nable—fell, its capture due in great part to the shipping which accompanied Burgoyne. Our	DEPREDATIONS We learn that in Jefferson
PRACTICAL Watch and Clock Maker, Jew- eller, &c., OPPOSITE KERR'S HOTEL, Charlotte, N. C. (Late with R. W. Beckwith.) Fine Watches, Clocks & Jewelry, of very description, Repaired and Watconted for 12 months. The 16 (196) - x	ing Wagons and Buggies, Horse-shoeing, &c. His Shop is at his residence, nearly opposite Mr W F Phifer's dwelling, and he also has a Blacksmith Shop on the back-street in the rear of the Mecklenburg House. He solicits a share of public patronage, and feels confident he can give satisfaction both in workmanship and charges. Give him a trial.	protection of all other property. The whole oper- ations of war are carried on by its means; and the object of the war is to protect our slaves from emancipation, our labour system from destruction, our real estate from confiscation, and our personal- th from seizure and appropriation by the enemy. By means of Confederate money we are defending	nor of Virginia-an of them good and checkve weapons. In addition to the firearms about two hundred sabres and seventy artillery swords have been received. There is no way of estimating the wealth of weapons in private hands throughout the Confederacy. If our several State Governments will but require an exhibit by the people of their resources in this respect, there will be found to be no want of the means to carry on energetic war-	Another expedition advanced from the Canadian border. It was composed of loyalist Canadians, with a large force of Indians. Yet Burgoyne was captured with his army when he penetrated the centre of New York, and the Indian expedition came to naught. We shall not at present take up the Southern	rod. It is stated that a few days after they got possession of the county, they called upon don. Grane, Esq., and demanded of him the county's quota of revenue for the despicable Pierpont Gov- ernment. The Sheriff informed them that he had paid in the revenue of the county to the State of Virginia, at Richmond, whereupon he was told that his own and the property of his securities