Hestern Memorrat.

OFFICE

SIDE OF TRADE STREET

AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

per annum

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 1862.

ELEVENTH VOLUME --- NUMBER. 527.

THE

PEROCEE Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES,

EDITOR AND PROPERTOR.

\$2 IX ADVANCE.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in Advertisements not marked on the manuscript or a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and

harged accordingly.

CONSCRIPTION.

HEADQUARTERS CAME OF INSTRUCTION, Near Raleigh, June 26th, 1862. Special Order No. 1.

1. All persons subject to the provisions of the act of J M Baker. Congress entitled can not further to provide for the Public Defence," approved the 16th of April 1862, and known as the Conscription Act, are hereby ordered to John W Lewis. appear at their regular Regimental muster grounds in their respective counties, on the 8th day of July, prox. | Edward Sparrow,

H. The Conscripts after enrollment are hereby ordered to appear at the Courthouse of their respective counties, on the 15th July, proximo, prepared to proceed forthwith to this camp of instruction. III. The enrolling officers will have instructions to grant exemptions as prescribed by law, hereto append-

IV. Officers commanding regiments and companies of the Militia of this State, will immediately notify their respective commands, and warn all persons hable to Conscription to comply promptly with the above order,

V. All persons subject to enrollment, who may wish to Volunteer, must join companies in the Confederate service on the 15th April last, according to law; and 2 Wm R Smith. consequently are prohibited from recruiting or organiz- | 3 John P Ralls. ing new companies or regiments, Partizan or Rangers 4 J L M Curry, excepted.

PETER MALLETT. Major and Ass't Adj't Gen'l, P. C. S. A. | I Felix J Balson,

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADDITION AND INSPECTOR GRARAGE OFFICE,

GENERAL UNDERS. No. 37. I. The following act and regulations in reference | 1 Julian Hartridge,

thereto, are published for the information of all con-

An Act to exempt certain persons from enrollment for service in the armies of the Confederate States. SEC. I. The Congress of the Confederate States of

enact. That all persons who shall be held to be unfit for military service mader rules to be prescribed by the Secretary of War- all in the service or the Confederate States - all judicial and exe- | 3 H E Read entive officers of the Confederate or State Governments | 4 George W Ewing, -the members of both House of Congress and the 5 J S Chrisman, Legislatures of the several States and their respective 6 T L Burnett, clerks of the officers of the State and Confederate Governments allowed by how-all engaged in carrying the mails—att forrymen on post routes—att | 1 Charles J Villiere, pilots and persons engaged in the marine service on | 2 Charles M Conrad. river and railroad routes of transportation—telegraphic operators and ministers of religion in the regular discharge of ministerial duties-all engaged in working iron mines, formaces, and foundries-all journeyman printers actually employed in printing newspapers | 2 S W Clapp, -all presidents and professors of colleges and acade mies, and all teachers having as mony as twenty 4 Israel Welch. scholars—superintendents of the public hospitals. Innatic asylums, and the regular nurses and attendants therein, and the teachers employed in the Institutions of Casper W Bell, for the deaf and dumb, and blind—in each apatheory 3 George W Vest, store now established and doing busine's, one apothe-cary in good standing, who is a practical druggistsuperintendents and operatives in wool and cotton factories who may be exempted by the Secretary of I W N H Smith, War, shall be, and are hereby exempted from military | 2 Robert R Bridgers, service in the armies of the Confederate States. Ap- | 3 Owen R Kenan,

II. By the above act of Congress, the following 5 Archibald Arrington, 10 A T Davidson, classes of persons are exempt from enrollment for south Carotina.

Justices of the Peace; Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs: I W W Boyce, Clerks and Deputy Clerks, allowed by law, Musters and 2 W Porcher Miles, Commissioners in Chancery; District and State Attor. 3 M L Bonham, neys; Attorney General; Postmasters and Beauty Postmasters, and Clerks allowed by law; Commissions ers of Revenue, and foreigners who have not acquired.

Military Officers not in actual service: persons exempt by State laws, but not by the above act: foreigners | 6 M P Gentry. who have acquired domicil in the Confederate States. properly implied in the above set can be exempted, except by furnishing a substitute, from military service, in conformity with regulations already published, (General Orders No. 29,) and such exemption is valid only so long as the said substitute is legally exempt.

1 John A Wilcox.
2 Peter W Gray,
3 Claiborne C Herbert, 6 B F Sexton.

VIRGINIA.

1 M R H Garnett,
9 William Smi 1V. No persons other than those expressly named or

receive their certificates of exemption from the Captains whom the substitute have been accepted. Other cer. 4 Roger A Pryor, tificates of exemption will be granted by the enrolling | 5 Thomas S Becock. officers only, who will receive full instructions in 6 John Goode, Jr, regard to the conditions and mode of exemption. Ap- 7 James P Holcombe, plications for exemption cannot, therefore, by consid- 8 Dan'l C Dejarnette,

S. COOPER,

Adjt and Insp. General. ATTENTEDN TO ALL.

200 Reams of Writing Paper, 100,000 Envelopes.

KOOPMANN & PHELPS.

Wil., Charlotte & Ruth. Railroad--- C. H. Brogden, Comptroller. Salary \$1,000, WESTERN DIVISION.

man Mail Train will be run on this Road daily (Sunday GOING WEST. 7 00 A. M Tackasegee. 8 15 5 Brevard. Sharen.

GOING EAST. 11 00 A. M. Lincolnton, 11 23 11 Sharon 11 50 " 12 17 P. M. 11 20 A. M. Brevard. 11 45 " Tuvitusegre, 12 15 P. M. Charlette, 1:00

V. A. Menres, Lincolnton, April 4, 1861

Has constantly on hand WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, &C.,

Of the best English and American manufacturers. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, them will present them for settlement. The under-Watch crystals put in for 25 cents each. January, 1862

CONFEDERATE GOVERNMENT Jefferson Davis of Mississippi, President. Alex II Stephens of Georgia, Vice President. J. P. Benjamin, of Louisiana, Secretary of State. G. W. Randolph, of Virginia, Secretary of War.

C. G. Memminger, of South Carolina, Secretary of the Treasury. S. R. Mallory, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy. Thos. H. Watts, of Alabama, Chief of the Depart- piration of their time. The dunning business is unpleasant, ment of Justice or Attorney General. J. H. Reagan, of Texas, Postmaster General.

CONFEDERATE CONGRESS. SENATE. NORTH CAROLINA. ALABAMA. George Davis, Wm L Yaney, Wm T Dortch. Rement C Clay SOUTH CAROLINA. ARKANSAS. Robert W Barnwell, Robert W Johnson, James L Orr. Charles B Mitchell. TENNESSEE.

Gustavus A Henry. TEXAS. GEORGIA Louis T Wigfall, Benjamin H Hill, W S Oldham. KENTUCKY. LOUISIANA. H C Burnett,

T J Semmes. William E Simms. MISSOURI. MISSISSIPPI John B Clark, Albert G Brown, R S Y Peyton. James Phelan Total number, 26. R M T Hunter,

> HOUSE. THOMAS S. BOCOCK, Speaker.

> > ALABAMA.

1 Thomas J Foster,

Wm B Preston.

FLORIDA.

A E Maxwell,

6 W Chilton, 7 David Clopton, 8 James L Pugh, 9 E S.Dargan.

Langdon C Haynes,

5 Francis S Lyon,

3 Augustus H Garland. 2 Grandison D Royster, 4 Thos B Hanly. PLORIDA.

6 William W Clark, 7 Robt P Trippe, 2 C J Munnerlyn.

3 Hines Holt. 4 A H Kenan, 5 David W Lewis, EENTUCKY. 1 Alfred Boyd. 2 John W Crockett,

7 H W Bruce, 8 S S Scott. 9 E M Bruce. 10 J W Moore. II R J Breckinridge, Jr., 12 John M Elliott.

5 H C Chambers.

6 O R Singleton,

7 E Barksdale.

5 W W Cook,

7 Thos A Harris.

6 Thomas S Ashe,

7 G W Jones,

9 J D C Adkins,

11 David M Currin.

9 William Smith.

10 --- Bullock,

8 Thomas Menees,

6 Thos W Freeman,

8 L J Gartrell.

10 A B Wright.

9 Hardy Strickland,

1 Charles J Villiere, 4 Lucien J Dupre, 5 John F Lewis, 3 Duncan F Kenner, 6 John Perkins, Jr.

1 John J McRae, 3 Reuben Davis.

MISSOURI.

4 A H Conrew,

7 James R McLean, 8 William Lander, 9 B S Gaither, SOUTH CAROLINA.

4 John McQueen, 5 James Farrar, 6 L M Ager. TENNESSEE.

1 J T Heiskell, 3 W H Tebbs.

4 E L Cardenshire.

4 Wm B Wright, 5 Malcolm Graham,

2 John R Chambliss, 3 James Lyons,

10 Alex R Boteler, II John B Baldwin, 12 Walter R Staples, 13 Walter Preston. 14 Albert G Jenkins, 15 Robert Johnson, 16 Charles W Russell.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

HENRY T. CLARK, Governor ex officio. Salary Palaski Cowper, Secretary to the Governor. Sal ary, exclusive of fees, \$300.

Rufas II. Page, Secretary of State. Salary \$800 Daniel W. Courts, Treasurer. Salary \$2,000. W. R. Richardson, chief clerk to the Treasurer. Salary \$1,209.

Oliver H Perry. Librarian. On and after Monday the 15th instant, the Passenger and Mail Train will be run on this Rend daily (Sunday gentlemen: Council Wooten of Lenoir, President,

John W Couningham of Person, David Murphy of Cumberland. Wm A Ferguson of Bertie, J F Graves of Surry. J J Long of Northampton. W L. Hillard of Buncombe.

Governor's Aids-Hou Daul M Barringer, Spier LITERARY BOARD-Henry T Clark, President ex officio: Arch'd Henderson of Rowan, Jas B Gordon of Wilkes. Wm J Yates of Mecklenburg.

President ex officio: James Fulton of New Hanover, N M Long of Halifax, The General Assembly commences its session on the third Monday of November every alternate year. The next election fer memoers, and for Governor, Acting Master of Transportation. will be held on the first Thursday of August, 1862.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD-Henry T Clark

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

June 17, 1862

The Foundry and Machine shop of the late firm of ALEXANDER & McDOUGALD having been sold, notice is hereby given to those indebted to the concern | On hand and for sale by to come forward immediately and make settlement by cash or note; and those having claims against the signed is authorized to attend to settlements.

HENRY ALEXANDER.

Che Western Democrat.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The Democrat will be discontinued to all subscribers at the expiration of the time for which it is paid, Those who want to continue must renew before or at the exand we do not want to engage in it again. Those who are in arrears, and whose papers have been discontinued, will ob-MEMBERS OF THE FIRST FERMANENT lige us if they will pay up without putting us to further trouble about it.

> Although McClellan has been chief General of the yankee army for some time past, a portion of the northern people are disposed to doubt charged with being a traitor. Whether he is true or not to the Lincoln Government, he did his best Lincoln and the vile men who advise him-he federate army.

ARMY ARRANGEMENTS .- We learn that Maj Gen. D. H. Hill has been assigned to the command of the coast extending from Wilmington, N. C., to Drury's Bluff, Va. Maj. Gen. Holmes has been appointed to the command of the department of Trans. Mississippi.

MajorGeneral, and takes command of Gen. Huger's ful part of Napoleon's retreat from Russia, and Division. Col. Jenkins of S. C., and Col. Green | fill out the picture-the grim, gaunt, bloody picof Missouri, have been made Brigadier Generals, and R H Anderson Major General. Gen. Jos. R. The distance to Turkey Island Bridge, the point Anderson has resigned.

is agreed that no surplus on either side will be

series of most decided victories at

Drury's Bluff, Seven Pines, James' Island, Williamsburg, Barhamsville, Mechanicsville, Gaines' Mill, McDowell, Savage Station. Strasburg, Port Royal, Frazier's Farm, Winehester, Malvern Hills, Cross Keys, Vicksburg, Port Republic, Murfreesboro, Tenn. The Naval Victory of the Arkansas on the Mississippi River.

of the people of North Carolina are stigmatized as "destructives," and the clique of which the | ried manner into the aft cabin or ladies' saloon. Raleigh Standard is the organ and Mr. Vance the Gubernatoria candidate, has determined to clenched, from which all present inferred there put these people-these "destructives" down, at | was bad news. To the astonishment of all it was the risk of divisions, heart-burnings and animosi. | explained, "that the whole army of the Potomac

tives" are of the opinion that an electioneering fought the Confederates in superior numbers every struggle now is unpatriotic, and whilst they are disposed, therefore, to be quiet, the "conservatives" (?) are pulling and hauling and growling and their generals, the answer was, "they are the right place, should hesitate, is not very surand making charlatans of themselves generally. Well, this may be "conservatism," but a plain man would be led to question whether persons who mark, it was said, "what we want is fresh men, should scruple to receive Confederate money, is had time and disposition to indulge in such things now, did not think far more of their own triumph and the downfall of those whom they hate, than they do of the liberties of the people. Are not relates the following incident: such suspicions warranted by their acts?

Wilmington Journal.

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to settle their Accounts or Notes with Fisher & Burrough, can have an opportunity of doing so by calling at the store of A. A. N. M. Taylor, Don't delay, as we are anxious to get our business settled up.

J. C. BURROUGHS.

BONDS FOR SALE.

Ohio Railroad Co. are offered for sale. They are secured by the endorsement of the Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Co.

There is no better investment for capitalists, and carcely any bonds offered in market so secure. M. L. WRISTON, Treas. March 18, 1862

WANTED.

Twenty hands can find immediate employment by pplying at the Envelope Manufactory of J. H. STEVENS & CO., June 17, 1862 If Opposite the Postoffice.

BARLEY WANTED.

MARTIN MUNZLER. paid. Charlotte, Oct 29, 1861.

Selling off.

The largest stock of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, CORDS, TASSELS, &c., in the State, must be sold in 90 days, to make room for other business. All those wanting bargains had better call soon. Those in the trade will do well by calling on W. H. SCHUTT, Opposite Post Office. Dec. 31, 1861. tf

Tanner's Oil.

May 13, 1862 tf

HIDES. The market price paid for Hides, by May 13, 1862

S. M HOWELL.

THE ROUT OF THE YANKEE ARMY. A correspondent of a New York paper, who graphically describes the retreat of the "Young Federal soldiers, relates the following:

Napoleon" and his army :

the respect or contempt of a whole nation. and always shall.

men searching for water, men famishing for food, until their brother-in-law came up with them and Peninsula, where they were set to digging trenches, men lame and bleeding, men with ghastly eyes, told them to do so, and gave himself up in their and then ordered to advance on gunboats instead looking out between bloody bandages that hid the place. Levin Coe escaped. Brig. Gen. Armstrong has been promoted to face-turn to some vivid account of the most pititure of war in its most terrible features.

It was determined to move on during the night. as follows: of the hundred vehicles of the artillery train in them. our centre, by a slight deviation, crashed against ! a tree, were away the hours to dawn, when we starving Norfolk,' have sold the same for gold debouched into a magnificent wheat field, and the and silver only, or 30 per cent. discount on Virgismoke-stack of the Galena was in sight. Xeno- nia money. City notes are utterly repudiated. phon's remnant of ten thousand, shouting, "The sea! the sea!" were not more glad than we.

On reaching the river, Gen. McClellan immediately proceeded on board one of the vessels. He appeared greatly perturbed. Gen. McClellan MARK THE DIFFERENCE.-A certain portion met Gen. Patterson as he stepped on board, laid his hand on his shoulder, and took him in a hur-As he went in he beat the air with his right hand lay stretched along the banks of the river." Gen. Now mark the facts. These so-called "destruc- McClellan, however, claimed that his troops "had day for a week, and whipped them every time." To a question as to the location of certain divisions scattered everywhere, but are nevertheless in a prising. But that any man with a thimble full solid compact body;" and in reply to another rethey"-the troops-"are worked to death."

A correspondent of the Salisbury Watchman

A BRAVE YOUTH .- A brave and patriotic We ask the people of the State to look at it. | youth, O. C. Philips, a private in the 2d N. C. Look wherever you may, and when you find a State Troops, sick and excused by the Medical man preaching "conservatism," after the style of Surgeon, got up during the late battle near Richthe Raleigh Standard, you will find him a bitter mond and went musket in hand, as he said, to and uncompromising partizan. We speak of the drive or help drive the invading foe from our soil. leaders and those who hold forth. On the other Contrary to the wishes of his officers, he took his erate paper is unquestionably better. When it hand, when you meet a "destructive," as the gun and rushed into battle, and whilst in the ceases to be solvent, we would not give a button Standard calls the Southern Rights men, you thickest of the fight, was stricken down, by a find a man willing to sink, for the time at least, grape shot. His comrades insisted upon taking all other points in the great interests of the cause. him off the field, but he refused, saying, "no, you can do more good here where you are, go on - | your State bank money-the only difference being which we did, and in an hour returned and found him dead of his wounds. The noble youngster would not permit a man to stop to attend to his own sufferings, but urged them to go on and drive the wretches back. This is but another instance of patriotic Carolina's noble sons, who, regardless of self, and devoted to the welfare of the South, expired as a sacrifice to his country's cause. Brave, generous, and noble hearted, he leaves a broken hearted mother, sisters and The first Mortgage Bonds of the Atlantic, Tenn., & brothers to mourn his loss. Such devotion to patriotism in this our Southern cause is rarely ever surpassed.

ONE WHO FOUGHT BY HIS SIDE.

MORE TYRANNY .- Sometime since, Lincoln ordered all the political prisoners confined in the various northern bastiles, except spies, to be immediately released. His reason for this act of executive elemency, as alleged, was, that the rebellion was virtually crushed, and that the Baboon President could afford to display a little magnanimity. Since then, however, the tables have been turned. Grant, at Shiloh, was terribly thrashed; I want to purchase, immediately, all the BARLEY Banks has been routed in the Valley; Fremont been sent to Fort Lafayette.

COL. GODWIN'S REGIMENT.-The Regiment which has been forming here for the last three or | Corn.-We learn from the Macon Telegraph 25 years, \$965; a man, 38 years, \$805; a man 27

TWO SPIRITED YOUNG LADIES. A Memphis correspondent of the "Appeal," in probably tells not more than half the truth, thus referring to the bad treatment of citizens by the

The panic extended. Scores of gallant officers of is their treatment of the two Misses Coe. endeavored to rally and re-form the stragglers, but | Levin Coe, their brother, was at home discharged in vain; while many officers forgot the pride of from the army. They surrounded the house betheir shoulder-straps and the honor of their man- fore the family knew they were on the place. the militia for a period not exceeding nine hood, and herded with sneaks and cowards. O, Fortunately, young Coe had gone fishing, and two months, and also the employment of new pes in that I had known the names of those officers I of his sisters escaped to the garden and run to military service. saw, the brave and the cowardly, that here, now, warn him not to come home. The Yankees saw I might reward and punish upon each individual the way they went, and followed them, but the York. Governor Morgan has offered a bounty of sisters outran them and gave their brother in- fifty dollars to each recruit, trusting that the next That scene was one not to be forgotten. Scores formation of their coming. They came up with Legislature will endorse his action. f riderless, terrified horses dashing by in every the ladies at a house in the vicinity of the creek, direction; thick flying bullets singing by, admon- and attempted to arrest them, but they were both his loyalty to the Lincoln Government. Since ishing of danger; every minute a sman struck armed, and dared the six big strapping Yankees his defeat at Richmond, he has been openly down; wagons and ambulances and cannon block- to lay their hands on them. One would say to ading the way; wounded men, hiccuping and another, "She's got a pistol; take it away from groaning and bleeding, amid the throng; officers her." And she, a weak woman, stood at bay and and civilians, denouncing and reasoning and en- told them to touch her at their peril. And the to take Richmond, knowing that if he succeeded treating, and being insensibly borne along with craven wretches dared not do it. At last, to get it would make him the greatest man in the yan- the mass; the sublime cannonading, the clouds of them from the neighborhood of their brother, they that no application will be received from any but kee nation. McClellan certainly did not fail battle smoke, and the sun just disappearing, large agreed to go to headquarters with them. It was to take Richmond on account of his dislike of and blood red-I cannot picture it, but I see it, then noon, and these girls had ran two miles, and be left to starvation. This is one of many similar then these scoundrels marched them off on foot plans that Butler adopts to make loyal citizens. Huddled among the wagons were ten thousand four miles to town. At every step they tried to failed because it was impossible to whip the Con- stragglers-for the credit of the nation be it said, get their pistols from them, threatening them with nate, Chandler, of Michigan, occupied the eventhat four-fifths of them were wounded, sick, or instant death if they did not give them up. Three ing session with a long speech on the conduct of utterly exhausted, and could not have stirred but times they placed their pistols at the girl's hearts, the War, quoting largely from testimony taken for dread of the tobacco warehouses of the South. with them cocked and their finger on the trigger, before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, The confusion of this herd of men and mules, telling them they would kill them. Each time going to show that before the march on Manassas, wagons and wounded men on horses, men on foot, men by the road-side, men perched on wagons, as you can." And they never did give them up mand, of whom 153,000 were sent down to the

FROM NORFOLK

The Richmond Enquirer publishes an extract from a letter signed "A Virginia Girl in Norfolk,"

"The people of Norfolk are not idle even though | burg. The enemy has entirely evacuated that on James River which was to be reached, by the surrounded by the armed soldiers of the "Union." In the arrangement for exchanging prisoners it direct road, was six miles. Commencing at dusk. Our wounded in possession of the enemy are rethe march was continued until daylight. The gularly visited by the ladies of this place, and night was dark and fearful. Heavy thunder their wants ascertained and relieved. Their abrolled in turn along each point of the horizon, and sent friends may feel satisfied that they are well CONFEDERATE VICTORIES .- Since the 1st of dark clouds spread the entire canopy. We were taken care of. Nor need those brave men who May, Providence has blessed our arms with a forbidden to speak aloud; or, lest the light of a have volunteered in defence of our dearest rights segar should present a target for an ambushed and liberties, and who have left families here unrifle, we were cautioned not to smoke. Ten miles provided for, feel that they are not with friends, of weary marching, with frequent halts, as some who consider it a privilege to assist and relieve

The yankees who have brought goods here for Her British Majesty's man-of-war, Jason, now in our port, I understand, has prohibited the imsame privilege.

is though no other government was in our midst. A few of the lowest characters in Norfolk and out of office at once and kicked into nonenity, the Portsmouth, assisted by about 200 yankees, had a Federal Government will be irretrievably destroyed grand procession here, a few days ago, "in honor of the arrival of Gov. Pierpont," the traitor who The Cincinnati Enquirer, another lead pretends to preside over Western Virginia.

REFUSING CONFEDERATE MONEY .- We hear | and it is evident opposition to the war is fast gainof a person, now and then, in this region, who re- ing strength in the West and North-west. fuses to take Confederate money. That a grossly and criminally ignorant man whose heart is not in of brains in his skull, who is not a Lincolnite, matter of profound astonishment to us. They surely have a sinister design. There must be a "wheel within a wheel"-a desire to depreciate Confederate paper and buy it up at a big disto be a fact, when we declare that Confederate notes is the best money in the South? Why? Because the last particle of property-all the land, negroes, stock, everything-is pledged for their payment. Your State paper may be good-Confedfor a bushel basket crammed full of the best State bank paper in the South. If it falls, it will tumble in the same grave in which lies buried all that the Confederate paper will be on the top.

For our part we would as leave have it as gold or silver. We have but a single objection to Confederate money, and that is, we can't get it. It is a mooted question whether the man who refuses Confederate money should not be deemed a traitor and outlawed. If this money is offered in payment of a debt and refused, there should be a law deeming the tender payment.-Milton

diately with the terms of their subscription. this attempt at subjugation. Heretofore the payments of this loan have been Napoleon invaded Russia with 400,000 of the

assumed .- Richmond Examiner. and Shields fared no better; and last, but not more of the political prisoners confined here, even while we continue to fight our own "battle of least, McClellan, at the head of the best Yankee effected their escape last Thursday night. As in freedom," that the "way of the transgressor is Army ever put upon a field, has been driven the former instance so in this, they took advantage hard," and that the controlling hand of the God thirty-five miles with a loss of between 30,000 of a dark and stormy hour, and when the rain, as of Justice directs the affairs of nations? Let us and 40,000 men. This does not look so much they supposed, had unfit the guns of the guard reverently bow to the flat-"Vengeance is mine, like crushing out the rebellion, and Old Abe and for service. They were discovered, however, and saith the Lord-I will repay!" Seward have recommenced their tyranny. As an fired upon, but without serious effect. One of evidence, the Baltimore Sun of the 11th says the them has since returned. He can give no account State prisoners confined at Fort McHenry have of the others, further than that two of them were Courier, of the 16th, says that at an auction sale wounded by the guard-one in the hand and the yesterday, by John S. Riggs, Esq., the following other in the breast .- Salisbury Watchman.

four weeks having been filled, was duly organized that several large planters in South-Western years, 8775; and an olderly woman, 45 years, last week by the election of officers. Mr Godwin Georgia have sold their growing crop of corn, to \$485. The men and the woman were very was elected Colonel; H. C. Jones, jr., was elected be delivered at the nearest railroad depot, when ordinary negroes indeed. Several very ordinary Lt. Colonel; and James Craige, Major .- Salis. gathered, at twenty-five cents per bushel, and many servants were also sold at the same sale, at corothers anxious to sell at the same figures.

NORTHERN NEWS

The following items are from Northern papers : The confiscation bill in the Federal Congress has been amended, so that the bill should not The most unmanly and brutal act that I know work the forfeiture of real estate beyond the natural life of the cwner.

> The Yankee House of Representatives has passed a bill authorizing the President to call out

> Recruiting was going on very slowly in New In the New York cotton market on the 16th

cotton was quoted at 49 to 50 cents. A bill to authorize the President to issue letters

of marque and reprisal has been introduced in the Northern Congress. An order had been issued by Butler, offering food to destitute people, but with the proviso

"loyal" citizens. The Confederate will, therefore,

of Richmond. Chandler is very severe on the "Little Napoleon." FROM FREDERICKSBURG AND BALTIMORE.-From a gentleman attached to the cavalry service, who reached Richmond Friday night, the Exami-

city, and retired beyond the Rappahannock, on the North bank of which, he has posted a cavalry picket. The joy of the citizens is unbounded at this sudden departure of their oppressors. The Examiner's informant, before leaving Fredericksburg, met with a gentleman just arrived from Bultimore, from whom he learned that the Yankees have withdrawn from Baltimore all their troops except three regiments of militia. All their available force has also been withdrawn from Washington. The destination of these

ner has some interesting news from Fredericks-

troops was not positively known, but it was currently believed they had been sent to Gen. Pope in the Valley. The "Crisis," a paper printed at Columbus, Ohio, and edited by Sam Medary, by far the ablest portation into Norfolk of goods by the Yankee | political journal in the State, is highly conservagovernment, unless foreign powers are allowed the tive, and comes out fairly and squarely against the Black Republican administration-charges The people of Norfolk are as true to the South | that party with precipitating the country into war, and insists that unless the Republicans are turned

> The Cincinnati Enquirer, another leading journal, takes the same view. Both these papers have a large and rapidly increasing circulation,

TAKING PRISONERS PLAYED OUT .- The following paragraph, taken from the Philadelphia Inquirer, will serve as a hint to our men:

"The notorious Missouri rebel, Col. John Owens, who made himself conspicuous in burning bridges. cars and depots, and by firing into passenger trains last summer and fall, was last week hunted down by a detachment of soldiers sent out from Palmyra They found him near his farm, and, count. We assert what every man of sense knows after a slight resistance on his part, they succeeded in capturing him. Preparations were made for his execution. He begged the soldiers to take him a prisoner. They informed him that 'taking prisoners' was 'played out.' They then placed him upon a stump, in front of a file of soldiers, and, at the word of command, eight bullets pierced the body of the rebel, killing him instantly."

THE FATE OF INVADERS .- The fate of Mc-Clellan's army-the sickness and casualties in all their armies; the thickly increasing deaths from numerous causes everywhere among the invaders, lead us to believe that a righteous God is punishing them as such invaders have ever been pun-

ished. A few instances will suffice: Xerxes invaded Greece to subject it to his sway, with an army estimated by the best authorities at 5,288,320 fighting men-including the usual attendants, over 6,000,000. In one year this vast multitude was reduced to 3,000,000, and eventually of these only about 8,000 escaped destruc-

tion! So ended his attempt at subjugation. THE PRODUCE LOAN .- - We learn that the France invaded Spain with, altogether, over government has determined to require subscribers | 600,000 men, and was expelled in a few years of cotton and money to the loan to comply imme- with less than 50,000 survivors! And so ended

at the option of the subscriber-the suspension of best troops ever gathered together, devoted to the the collection being allowed by the department in | fortunes of a leader whom they esteemed invinciconsequence of the low prices of produce and a ble. Forty thousand only escaped-poor, weary, desire to facilitate the interest of both the sub- and broken down in spirit, one half of whom died scriber and government. No further indulgence within a year. So ended that invasion of an inwill be granted, and subscribers will be required dependent nation, by the "greatest captain of the to perform the obligations which they have age.

Looking at these examples of the fate of the invader, and in view of the prospect now opening ANOTHER ESCAPE OF PRISONERS -Seven within our own borders, can we not vividly realize,

> HIGH PRICES OF NEGROES .- The Charleston exceedingly high prices in cash were obtained: For a black girl, 15 years of age, \$1,450; a man, respondingly high prices.