

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, May 12, 1863.

THE LATE VICTORIES.

We publish to-day all the details we have received of the recent great and glorious victories at and in the vicinity of Fredericksburg, Va., on the 2d, 3d and 4th May. Although the details are not as complete as we hoped to be able to give, yet they are sufficient to show beyond a doubt that the Confederate army under Gen. Lee has whipped and driven off the Lincoln army under Gen. Hooker. It is the opinion of some well-informed persons that we had but 55,000 men, while the enemy certainly had 100,000, if not more. Our loss is estimated at Atwell, J A Rankin mortally, J H Eddings. between five and eight thousand in killed, wounded. & c., and that of the enemy at from twenty to thirty thousand. An officer who passed over the field on Sunday told us that he counted ten Yankees to one Confederate dead and wounded. From Saturday morning to Sunday night the Confederates drove the invaders steadily before them, and captured eight to ten thousand prisoners, from 30 to 50 cannon, and a large number of small arms.

We are informed by a soldier who was in the fight that he heard one of the Yankee prisoners say that Gen. Hooker told his army, after crossing the Rappahannock to make the attack, that they must either go to Richmond or to hell. It is supposed none to Richmond except those who went under guard. This attempt of the enemy to take Richmond was one of the most desperate that has yet the most signal defeats of the war.

The only thing to mar the general rejoicing over this victory is the loss of so many of our brave and gallant soldiers, among them the world-renowned he ... Lieut-Gen. T. J. Jackson.

The Richmond Dispatch speaks as follows of the battles and results:

dering the powerful contest are of the most brilliant character. The enemy, in his own efforts to retrieve his fortunes, has added immensely to the army with a large force of fresh troops. The gained some advantages over our command at Fredericksburg; but were afterwards repulsed, and by a prompt and rapid movement by Gen. Lee were routed and forced to retreat rapidly across the Rappahannock, under cover of their guns on its north bank. Saturday and Sunday are amongst the most brilliant in the annals of the Southern Confederacy, already illumined with triumphs which, for number and magnitude, are not surpassed in

This terrible defeat is a sad finale for the thousands of men in the Yankee army whose terms of service were on the eve of expiring. Hooker could not afford to wait till they were at liberty to leave him. He felt the necessity of bringing all the men he could against the brave army of Gen. Lee, and they were led to slaughter.

So far as his reputation is concerned, Hooker might well envy the dead. He obtained command of the army he has led to defeat by defaming his brother officers and the assiduous obtrusion of his own conceits of strategy on the Government. He the wounded was gratified with the chance of winning renown by fate, and must now go to the Yankee Hades of all defeated Generals.

What our enemies propose next, and how long they will extend the time for the capture of Richmond, we shall perhaps soon learn. They have displayed great perseverance in their object, so dear to them, and may not be willing yet to abandon it. It is probable that Rosecrans will be the next star in the Yankee heavens. Let us hope, however, that there will be time to sink him below the horizon before the new "On to Richmond" can be planned.

The blow on the Rappahannock will be salutary in its effects upon the enemy and upon our own men. It will cheer ours as much as it will depress his, and give tone to the summer campaign. If it

improvement, both at home and abroad. The glorious Army of the Potomac merits the lasting gratitude of the nation. It has won a renown equal to that of any army the world ever saw." | good officer and brave soldier.

We learn that during the battles the enemy had their sharp-shooters posted in the tops of trees to pick off our officers.

COUNTY TAXES.

The Magistrates of Mecklenburg county met last week for the purpose of levying Taxes for County purposes, &c. We publish the assessment as follows:

For county purposes 4 cents on the \$100 value. Railroad School Fund Asylum Interest & sinking fund for co. bonds 7 Indigent families 15

40 cents on the \$100 value. It is estimated that this tax will raise between thirty and forty thousand dollars for the use of the county. In addition to the above, taxes were levied on the

following subjects On white poll \$1 20; Note shavers 10 per cent on amount of purchases [all liquors bought out of the manufacturing goods of cotton, wool, leather, &c., 2 been shot away, but it is believed he will ultimately per cent; On each dog over two, \$1; Express Office recover its use." \$500; On every merchant, merchant tailor, jeweller, grocer, druggist, apothecary, produce dealer, commission merchant, factor, produce broker, and every other trader who as principal or agent carries on the business of buying and selling goods, wares and merchandize of whatever name or description, one-half of one per cent. on the total amount of his purchases, whether made in or out of the State for cash or on credit; and on all other subjects not enumerated in this list and which are taxed by the State, 10 per cent less than

If It will be seen by a Proclamation in another column that Gov. Vance has extended the prohibition against the exportation of provisions from this State.

DIVIDEND.—The Bank of North Carolina has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent., payable on the first Monday in June.

Lengir on Monday evening, May 25th; Charlotte on Tuesday at 6 o'clock, a. m., and Salisbury on the same day at 2 o'clock, p. m.

consideration of parents and guardians.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED In the late Battles near Fredericksburg.

From officers who were in the late battles near Fredericksburg on Saturday and Sunday, May 2d and 3d, we obtained the names of some of the killed and wounded, mostly in Lane's Brigade composed of the 7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th N. C. Regiments:

7th Regiment .- Killed: Lt Col Junius L Hill, Capts. Wm J Kerr and J P Young, Lieuts, E M Campbell and Bolick. Wounded: Col E G Haywood, Maj Wm Lee Davidson not dangerously, Capt J R McCauley, Lieuts. P C Carlton, Quince, J Emack, T G Williamson, J Y Templeton, J M Alexander leg off. D B Penick and McCauley. Adj't. Smedes was killed.

Capt J R McCauley of Iredell, furnished us with the following list of the killed and wounded in his company, which belongs to the 7th Regiment: Killed: J AT Young, W M Ready, J E Galloway, and Geo person is exempted as agent or overseer, is required Henry reported killed. Wounded: Capt J R McCau- to pay into the Confederate Treasury the sum of Sergts E M Correll and W B Smith, privates J L Blackwelder, A T Deaton, W P Deaton, Eli Overcash, R J Williford, A H Cook, J F Kerr, R H Cowan, C H the Exemption Act stands as it did heretofore.

18th Regiment .- Killed: Col Thos J Purdie. Wounded: Lt Col Forney George, slightly.

33d Regiment .- Killed: Lieuts. Weaver, Bouchel W K Baab and J B Callais. Wounded: Col C M Avery severely but not dangerously, Lt Col R V Cowan, Ma T W Mayhew, Capts T H Gatlin and Corzine, Lieuts Lyons, Joines, Slough, Baab, S C Watson, W J Callais W L White, J T Walton, Henry McCov.

37th Regiment .- Wounded: Col Barber, Lt Col J Asheraft, MajeW G Morris, Capt W M Stitt in thigh, L Wm Reagan, and Lt C Reagan reported killed. Private Dallas Rigler wounded in leg.

In Company I (37th N. C. Regiment) from this coun ty, the following is a list of the casualties furnished by that many of them went to the latter place, but Capt J M Stitt: Killed-John W Orten. Wounded-Sergt. D C Robinson, Corp'ls. Stitt, J L Orr arm amputated, privates A F Yandle arm, M Adderholt, S A men. Burns arm flesh, G B Cathey neck slight, Wm Hunsucker thigh, J M McGinn hip, Thos Mauney thigh been made, and we think they have received one of slight, D M Rigler leg, W J Coffee leg, J Starns hand, B Starns head and leg mortal, J Rudisill shoulder. J W Henderson slight, J Hipp side severe, L A Hipp shoulder, Jacob Shoe, A P Young abdomen, William King slight. Capt Stitt was wounded and arrived here on Sunday morning.

In Capt Owen Brown's company from this county (formerly Capt Potts) none were killed. The following were wounded: Jackson Stewart in hand, Wn Henderson slight, Wm Sample severely, "The rest of "The manœuvres and achievements of our army the Hopewell boys are all safe." We get this information from a private letter to Col B W Alexander.

splendor of the triumph. To Gen. Sedgwick, one report from the 28th Regiment. The following are the of their ablest and most accomplished commanders, names of killed and wounded in N C Regiments as we was assigned the task of assailing the rear of our gather from our exchanges and from private sources: 4th Regiment .- Capt Falls killed, Capt Lord mor-

The above Regiments were in Lane's Brigade. No

tally wounded. We learn that this Regiment suffered 16th Regiment.-Col McElroy mortally wounded and reported dead. Lt Col Wm A Stowe of Gaston, mor-

tally wounded and reported dead. 20th Regiment .- Lt Col Nelson Slough mortally wounded and reported dead.

22d Regiment .- Lt Col C C Cole killed. 54th Regiment.-Col J C S McDowell reported killed.

Grimes of 4th, Col Godwin of 57th. Brig Gen R F Hoke was slightly wounded. In Capt Witherspoon's company from this county (30th Regiment) Milton Rea, Wilson Hartis, and Robt

Barnett were killed, and 10 men wounded, none of

Wounded-Col W R Cox of 2d Regiment, Col A M

retrieving the fortunes of the oft-defeated Federal and thigh, Lieut J C Moore of same county was wounarmy of the Potomac. He has met a well-merited ded in thigh, neither dangerously. Caleb Costner and New York papers, as many of the Yankee girls are Thos Wilson from Gaston were killed.

DEATH OF CAPT. KERR .- In the list of killed in the late battles near Fredericksburg will be seen the name of Capt. Wm. J. Kerr of this place. He commanded a company in the 7th N. C. Regiment. An officer who was near him informs us that he received his death wound while standing on the enemy's breastworks cheering his men on to victory, on Sunday morning the 3d of May. While his many friends in this community sincerely regret the loss his relatives and the service sustains by his does, the situation of affairs will undergo a great | death, yet they have the satisfaction of knowing he died like a hero in the discharge of his duty to his country. He was an excellent young man and a

> How GEN. JACKSON WAS WOUNDED .- It will be seen in the account of the battles fought at and near Fredericksburg which we publish to-day, that General Stonewall Jackson was severely and dangerously wounded, and that he has since had his left arm amputated. Mrs. Jackson has been informed by a letter of the melancholy circumstances under which he received his wounds:

"At midnight on Saturday night, his men being drawn up in line of battle, a body of troops was seen a short distance in advance of our line. It being doubtful whether they were friends or enemies, Gen. Jackson and staff rode forward to ascertain. While he was engaged in reconnoitering, his men, being unaware of his movement, mistook himself and staff for enemies and fired a volley into them, instantly killing one of his staff and severely wounding Gen. Jackson and Major Crutchfield. One bullet passed through the General's right hand, shoulder. He instantly fell to the ground. His ing continued on the 19th, 20th, 21st 22d and soldiers are in good health and in fine spirits. profits; Carriages and pleasure vehicles of over \$50 him to ascertain the character of his wounds. In a value, 10 per cent on value; Gold and silver plate of moment the unknown troops in front, who proved to over \$25 value, 1 per cent.; Gold and silver Watches be the enemy, advanced and captured two other placed him on a stretcher and were bearing him to loss was heavy, ours slight. He contested every arms. the resr, when they were all shot down. The injury inch of ground, but falling back before overwhel-State are classed as foreign]; On capital invested in to his right hand is severe, one of the bones having

> The Richmond Enquirer of the 7th says: Our victory on the Rappahannock has cost us

dear, in the severe wounds unfortunately received by the great and good General Jackson. His left arm has been amputated above the elbow; a bullet has passed through his right hand. His condition is now, we learn, as favorable as could possibly be expected; and he will doubtless recover, and is not, we trust, lost to active service.

P. S .- It is announced that Gen. Jackson died at Guinea Station on Sunday morning last. A nation weeps for the loss of a great and good man.

WELL ROUNDED OFF .- To-day twelve months ago, (says the Richmond Whig of the 5th inst.), we chronicled the victory of Williamsburg. It was the end of a period of darkness and gloom, in which We are requested by Rev. A. G. Stacey, Forts Donelson and Henry, Nashville, Island No. President of Davenport Female College, Lenoir, 10, and New Orleans. It was the beginning of a General Forrest captured Colonel Strait and his glorious year of victories, almost without interruption as without parallel. To-day we record the latest triumph of Southern valor in the victory of We commend the Institution to the favorable Chancellorsville, and thus round off a year of triumph, such as the annals of no country surpass. They are all stalwart men.

THE EXEMPTION ACT .- The late Act of Congress to amend the Exemption Act passed at a previous session, will be found in another column. It will be seen that that clause of the Exemption Act which exempts "one person, as agent, owner or overseer, on each plantation on which there are twenty negroes," has been repealed. The amendment adopted exempts one person on each farm or plantation on which there are twenty or more slaves, provided the plantation belongs to a minor, a person of unsound mind, a feme sole (unmarried woman), or to a person absent from home in the military or naval service of the Confederacy, and for the overseeing of which it is impossible to procure a person not liable to military duty. The wner of the slaves and plantation for which a

MISTAKEN.-The Yankees made a very poor calculation when they settled down into the belief that they could starve the South into submission if they could not whip us. There is no danger of starvation unless Providence is against us, which we do not believe. From all directions we hear the most cheering accounts of the crops, and we are told that even the women are in the fields, working with all their might-some who never did a day's work out of doors in their lives before, are now putting their hands to the plow. Can a people who have such noble women ever be subjugated? Never, never. If the men were to submit, the women of the South would resist to the death. They have sion of the information that Col. Edgar's Battalion, determined that their children shall never be the stationed at Lewisburg, Greenbrier Co., Va., were subjects of Abe Lincoln or be ruled by Northern

five hundred dollars annually. With this exception,

A FEMALE ORATOR AND POLITICIAN.-The Yankees (of course the Yankees, for no other people would so disgrace themselves,) have got a female prosecution of the war against the South. She is called "Miss Anna E. Dickinson," and we find in a late number of the New York Herald an account of a harangue she delivered at the Cooper Institute in that city. Ex-Gov. Morgan, Henry Ward Beecher, and other prominent fanatics were on the stand, and the Herald says the house was so crowded that hundreds could not gain admittanceall to see and hear a poor, silly woman expose and disgace herself. In the synopsis of her speech we find the following sentence:

"After an eloquent exordium, Miss Dickinson defined the fight which the country was engaged in evening last, the railroad bridge across Buffalo as a contest between intelligence and ignorancebetween cultivation and brutishness-between the niceness and refinement of civilization and the uncouthness of barbarism."

Of course she claimed that the Northern people were the intelligent, refined and civilized class, while she illustrated the reverse in her own conduct and person; for we are sure that no respectable Southern woman would ever consent to make Scales of 13th Regt., Maj M M McLaughlin of 38th, Col public speeches to a crowd of "Plugs" and "Shoulder-strikers" and fanatics. "Miss Dickinson" was particularly severe on what she called the "democratic Generals" of the North, such men as McClellan, Buell, &c., but she complimented Butler! and for so doing received a round of apthem seriously. We were _nable to procure a list of plause. Such is the low and degraded condition of in the military service all aliens domiciled in the Capt Fite of Gaston county, was wounded in breast | "civilized." Probably Miss Dickinson is only hunting a husband, instead of advertising for one in the doing. They are the "refined" cream of Yankee-

WHAT THEY SAID .- As usual with the Yankees upon the eve of a great engagement, they commenced to felicitate themselves with the idea that their army had achieved a great success at Fredericksburg even before the fight began. The New York Herald of the 2d inst., claims that Hooker won a "decided victory" at Fredericksburg on Wednesday, the 29th ult., four days before the fight commenced. The "victory," however, is is said he split the young man's head open with predicated on the fact that Hooker successfully an axe, and then chopped him to pieces. Grooms crossed his army, and without opposition, on the morning of that day, during a dense fog, and that he also succeeded in capturing one or two of our companies on picket duty. The Yankees must be hard up for a "decided victory" to believe such tales as are dished up to them.

THE YANKEE RAID IN GEORGIA.

[Official Account.] Thy following telegram was received at the War

Department in Richmond: TULLAHOMA, TENN., May 5th, 1863.

To Gen. S. Cooper A. and I. General: On the 18th April the enemy, moving from Corinth towards Tuscumbia, crossed Bear creek with five regiments of cavalry and two of infantry, and ten pieces of artillery. Col. Roddy, commanding, fought them on the 18th, killing a number and captured more than one hundred prisoners and one piece of artillery, with horses and caisson, losing six killed and twenty wounded. The enemy, after burying their dead, fell back, and on the and ranging upward, shattered the bone near the shoulder. He instantly fell to the ground His

> On the night of the 19th the enemy landed ming forces, the enemy advanced and entered Tuscumbia on the 25th. The enemy advanced towards Decatur as far as Town Creek.

> Nothing more occurred until the 28th. On that day Forrest, with his brigade, having been ordered by me from Columbia, arrived and engaged them all day, with the loss of one killed and three wounded; the loss of the enemy heavy. Forrest falling back.

> On the 28th, Forrest discovered a heavy force of Cavalry, under Col. Strait, marching on Moulton and Blountsville. General Forrest pursued this force with two regiments, fighting him all day and night at Driver's Gap, at Sand Mountain, with a loss of five killed and fifty wounded-Captains Forrest and Thompson, it is feared mortally. The enemy left on the field 50 killed, 150 wounded, burnt 50 of his wagons, turned loose 250 mules, and 150 negroes, and pursued his way towards Blountsville, Gadsden, and Rome, Ga.

On the 3d of May, between Gadsden and Rome, whole command, about 1,700 with rifles, horses, BRAXTON BRAGG.

ATLANTA, May 5 .- Seventeen hundred prisonners captured at Rome arrived here this evening.

Congress.-Congress adjourned on the 30th plt. to meet again in December next."

The Acts which have actually passed into laws may be summed up as follows: A Taxation Act for the support of the Government and army; a Currency Act, to promote the funding Confederate notes in Confederate bonds; an Impressment Act to regulate the seizure (when emergency calls for it) of produce for army use and to settle the mode of appraisement; an amended Impressment Act, to give the Government officer an appeal from the assessment of price; and an act for the assessment the hired hulks of the Yankee ship owners must furnish and collection of the taxes under the new Taxation him the means for a safe transportation. Indeed, it

On the last day of the session the President returned with his veto the bill to authorize the transthe United States sojourning in the Confederate States, was unsigned by the President, and will therefore fail to become a law.

FROM EUROPE.-Late European advices indicate an estrangement between the United States and England, growing out of the issue by Mr Adams, the Federal Minister, of permits or protections to English vessels trading to the neutral port of Matamoras. Mr Adams had given such permit to parties who were about to sail for that port with munitions of war to be used by the Mexicans against the French, and its publication has elicited much indignant comment in the

Good News FROM LEWISBURG. VA .- The Lynchburg Republican has been placed in possesattacked by one thousand Yankee Cavalry late on Friday night last, but with consummate skill he rallied his men and fought the enemy with determined bravery, beating them back, killing and wounding a number of them. The enemy sent in a flag of truce, asking permission to bury orator going through their country advocating the their dead, which was refused by Col. Edgar. His force was barely eight hundred men, and his loss resulting from the surprise was supposed to be very heavy, but notwithstanding this he fought the enemy, as our informant says, like a lion. giving them a total defeat.

> Governor Vance has appointed R. V Blackstock, Esq., of Buncombe, Commissioner or Appraiser on the part of this State to impress supplies for the Army. Mr Burgwyn, appointed by the President, and Mr Blackstock, will constitute the Board of Appraisers for this State.

ATTEMPT TO BURN A BRIDGE.—On Tuesday creek, four miles west of this town, was discovered to be on fire. A train passed over while the bridge was burning, and by mere chance the engineer discovered the flames, and fortunately in time to prevent their progress sufficiently to cause

The guard stationed for the protection of the bridge, we learn, were some distance from their post, amusing themselves at angling. We further learn that for thus neglecting their duties, they were arrested and sent on for the purpose of investigating the matter. - Greensboro Putriot.

CONSCRIPTION OF FOREIGNERS.-Some two weeks ago Mr Clay, of Ala., introduced inco the Confederate Senate a bill to conscribe and place Northern society, i. e. the "intelligent," "refined," Confederate States, on and after the first day of June, 1863. The bill was partly considered in open session and then transferred to the secret calendar. On Saturday, the 25th ult., the injunction of secresy was removed and the measure has been defeated. The danger that an attempt to conscribe aliens would involve us in difficulties with foreign nations, is said to have been the argument that killed the bill.

Hung.-The Hendersonville Times of the 30th

A man by the name of Grooms, paid the penalty of the law by hanging, in Waynesville, N. C., on the 16th inst., for killing a young man about captured. The oath of allegiance was administered to twelve months ago, for courting his daughter. It denied killing him to the last, though he was seen at it, and laid the killing on his wife and daughter, saying he was innocent of the charge.

guns of the Keokuk (eleven-inch Dahlgrens) have to this city to-morrow by a special train .- Telegraphed been relieved from their very useless position under the salt water, and have been carried to Charleston.

Col. Zarvona reached Petersburg, by flag of truce, on Monday evening, having been released from his long confinement in Yankee dungeons. It will be remembered that a threat having been made that Col. Zarvona would not be recognized as a prisoner of war, but be treated as a pirate, our Government promptly ordered Capt. Thomas Dameron and First Lieut. Wilson Dameron, of the bogus Fourth Virginia regiment, to be held as hostages for Zarvona. These worthies have now been released, and are on their way North.

KINSTON, N. C., May 5 .- No news here of importance. Everything is quiet along our lines

TULLAHOMA, May 5 .- An official despatch says that Forrest, after five days' hard marching, withtroops at Eastport from a large number of steamers out provisions or forage, captured, on the 3d, a 1 per cent.; Pianos \$2 50; Dealers in domestic Li- staff officers who were standing over the General, and burned the town, and houses on several plan- body of the enemy, 1,700 strong, near Rome, Ga., quors 10 per cent. and foreign liquors 20 per cent on without noticing him. Soon after, four of our men tations. On the 24th Roddy fought them. Their with a number of Enfield rifles, horses and side-

> barges in tow loaded with medical stores and rations for the army below, attempted to run by our batteries last night and were set on fire by our guns and all burned to the water's edge. Twenty-four prisoners were taken from them, among whom are one correspondent of the New York World, two of the New York Tribune, and one of the Cincinnati Times.

BLACKING FROM CHINA BERRIES .- The Columbus Sun recommends its readers to preserve the following receipt: If you want good blacking, take a half bushel of

China berries, and having them well picked from the stems, put into a kettle, and add three galions of water; boil down to one gallon, then strain the liquor, through a seive, from the seed and skins, and add as much pine wood (the richer the better) soot as will make a good black, and it is ready for use. A pint of good, or a quart of weak vinegar, (or stale beer,) first mixed with the soct will make it better, and if you add the whole of one egg to half a gallon of the liquor it will be best and equal to any Yankee Blacking. This blacking costs very little besides trouble; and we have seen boots cleaned with it inferior to none in gloss, and it will not soil a white handkerchief. Let it stand for several days before you bottle it off.

LATEST NEWS.

THE LATE ENGAGEMENT.

Late advices from the army of the Rappahannock show that the fighting is probably ended there for the present; and the result to our arms to be both decisive and satisfactory.—The "best army on the planet" now lies mangled and bleeding upon the very ground from which, a week ago, it took up its line of march for Richmond; and its depleted ranks and demoralized condition are the best commentary that can be furnished upon the struggle which it has passed through. The oast of its leader-that he could take it to the Gulf of Mexico-he may yet redeem to Mr Lincoln; but if so, may be well questioned if we have heretofore gained so decided a success, as in our late encounter.

But we have succeeded with the loss, however, of many mourned and gallant spirits. The loss we have mission of newspapers to the soldiers free of charge: inflicted upon the Yankees will, it is estimated, and the bill providing for conscription of citizens of quadruple our own; whilst the number of prisoners will not fall short of ten thousand. From the best general intelligence we have received, our own loss will not exceed five thousand all told, a very large proportion of which were only slightly wounded. With this result we have every reason to be pleased; and our gratitude to the great leader, and the strong arms and stout hearts of his followers cannot be too freely manifested. Let a nation's greeting go forth to them in the hour of triumph, that their spirits may be gladdened and their hearts rejoiced .- Richmond Enquirer, Saturday May 9th.

ADDRESS OF GEN. LEE TO HIS ARMY. The following appropriate address has been issued by

Gen. Lee to the gallant and invincible army under his

HEADQ'RS ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA' May 7th, 1863. General Orders, No. 59.

With heartfelt gratification the General commanding xpresses to the army his sense of the heroic conduct dis ayed by officers and men during the arduous operations which they have just been engaged

Under trying vicissitudes of heat and storm you attacked the enemy, strongly entrenened in the depths of a tan-gled wilderness, and again on the hills of Fredericksburg, fifteen miles distant, and, by the valor that has triumphed on so many fields, forced him once more to seek safety beyond the Rappahannock. While this glorious victory entitles you to the praise and gratitude of the nation, we are especially called upon to return our grateful thanks to the only giver of victory for the signal deliverance He has

It is, therefore, earnestly recommended that the troops unite on Sunday next in ascribing to the Lord of Hosts the glory due unto His name.

Let us not forget in our rejoicing the brave soldiers who have fallen in defence of their country; and while we mourn their loss, let us resolve to emulate their noble ex-The army and the country alike lament the absence for

are so much indebted for success. The following letter from the President of the Confede rate States is communicated to the army as an expression of his appreciation of its success:

a time of one to whose bravery, energy, and skill, they

"I have received your dispatch, and reverently unite with you in giving praise to God for the success with which He has crowned our arms. "In the name of the people, I offer my cordial thanks to yourself and the troops under your command for this

addition to the unprecedented series of great victories which your army has achieved. R. E. LEE, General.

LATEST FROM VIRGINIA. RICKMOND, May 8 .- The trains have resumed their

egular trips from Fredericksburg. Five trains arrived last night with wounded. We captured about 10,000 prisoners in the battles of Chancellorsville and Fredericksburg, many valuable horses and wagons, and a large quantity of ammunition, small arms, &c. All quiet at Fredericksburg. Barksdale re-occupies the city. The enemy on the opposite side the same as before the battle. Gen.

Dan Sickles, Yankee, is reported killed. The number of our wounded is large, but they are well provided for. Crowds of ladies are at the depot

dispensing refreshments. Our victory is a very decided one.

RICHMOND, May 9 .- Stoneman's cavalry broke camp on Thursday, and started for the Upper Rappahannock. After stealing all the horses they could find, they cut the throats of two hundred of their worn-out horses. General Imboden has destroyed the great Chest River Bridge; on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. built at an enormous cost, and which was regarded as one of the greatest triumphs of science.

Brig. Gen. Barry is reported killed; Ned Howard and two others wounded; the Medical Director of Birney's corps was also killed-all Yankees. Two thousand prisoners arrived here this evening;

the same number will arrive here to-night. The mail train from Fredericksburg arrived at 8 m. Passengers report Frank P. Blair, Jr., among the him at his request.

MELANCHOLY INTELLIGENCE-DEATH OF GEN. T. J. JACKSON.

RICHMOND, May 10 .- Gov. Letcher received a dis patch this evening, announcing the death of General Jackson at Juinea Station, at 3 o'clock and 15 minutes p. m. He died from the combined effects of his wound THE GUNS OF THE KECKUK .- The two great and an attack of pneumonia. His body will be brought to the Bulletin.

LATEST NORTHERN NEWS.

Late Northern papers were received in Richmond or the 9th, from which is gathered the following :

The account of the fights at Chancellorsville and Fredericksburg is published in the usual sensational style, and headed: "The rebels shattered at Chancellorsville-The position impregnable-Sedgwick laurelled with success," &c. They then go on to speak of what they term Hooker's great generalship and Napoleonic qualities, and say their entrenchments at Chancellorsville are the best they ever had.

The Washington Chronicle, of the 4th, publishes an order from Hooker, dated the 30th, expressing to the army his heartfelt satisfaction that the operations of the last three days have determined that the enemy must ingloriously fly, or come out from behind their defences and give us battle on our own ground, where

changed their tune as follows:

The night attack of the rebels was the most brilliant hing of the war. On Sunday the fight was desperate. The rebels threw themselves on the muzzles of our guns; our ammunition gave out, but the position was held one hour by the bayonet, and we then fell back in order to Chancellorsville.

A despatch from United States Ford (near Fredericksburg), dated May 6th, says that Hooker is much depressed, and after consultation a hasty return to our camps was decided upon. It is raining heavily and the river has risen ten feet. The upper pontoons have been taken to lengthen the lower ones. After several hours' hard work they were passable. At midnight the troops commenced the retreat, the pontoons being covered with boughs to prevent the rebels hearing the crossing. Great numbers of our wounded are in the enemy's hands. In Sunday's battle our dead were unburied and the wounded unattended.

The 11th corps are denounced as poltroons for throwing down their arms and running from Rhodes' (Confederate) brigade. The New York World says: "Nothing concerning war matte s has been telegraphed from Washington. We learn by a special messenger that a great battle was fought on Monday, and that Hooker with the remains

of his army was driven back across the Rappahannock." A despatch to the Chicago Times states that a raiding party of Confederates overwhelmed Col. Mulligan at Fair Mount, Va. The statement of the Federal loss is withheld from the public by the authorities at Washington.

The Washington Chronicle says Lincoln has issued draft for 500,000 men. The Washington Chronicle, of the 6th, says Val-landigham has been arrested. An attempt at re-sistance was made, but failed.

The Alabama has destroyed the ship Punjaub.

The Yankees are slow to confess their defeat, but will come after awhile. It is about time for them to DEATH OF GEN. VAN DORN

Official information has been received announcing the death of Major General Earl Van Dorn, at Spring Hill, Tennessee, on the 7th instant.—[RICHMOND ENQUIRER. By the following it appears that Gen. Van Dorn was

murdered, though the Richmond papers say nothing about that : TULLAHOMA, May 7.—The following despatch was re-ceived to-day, dated Columbia, Tenn., May 7th: To the Provost Marshall: Gen. Van Dorn has been murdered by

Dr. Peters. Peters is about six feet high. dark complexion, dark iron grey hair, black eyes, whiskers on chin little grey. Arrest him.

JOHN S. WHITFIELD, Provost Marshal.

Vicksnung, May 8 .- All quiet to-day along our lines.

The enemy is reported to be using the spade on the other side of the Big Black. The Yankees are said to occupy Uties, Hinds county.

FROM EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

A correspondent of the Raleigh Journal writes as

KINSTON, May 8 .- It is now no longer a matter of speculation as regards the fate of Capt. Whorton and portion of his command, who belonged to Gen. Robertson's brigade of Cavalry, and who were on a spont-ing expedition on White Oak River below Treuton. Il s now certain that 58 of our men have been cut of and captured, with their entire equipage, including to horses, and are now in the hands of the Yankees. Capt Whorton escaped but is wounded.

A SIEGE THAT PAID.—The seige of Suffolk, which was kept up only some three or four weeks, enabled Gen. Longstreet to gather up, besides large quantities of corn, over a million and a half pounds of bacon. At present market prices this would bring upwards of two millions of dollars.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Sunday the 3d inst., by Rev. D. J. Simmons, Mr T. J. Wilkinson to Miss Harriet Laura Wilson, daughter of Mr James Wilson. In Hertford county, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. Thos. Hume, Mr. Wm Boyd of Charlotte, to Mrs. J. C.

of Gates county. In Mocksville, on the 7th inst., by Bey Geo B Wet more, the Rev. Wm. R. Wetmore, Rector of St. Luke's Church at Lincolnton, to Miss Mary Bingham, daughter of Mr L. Bingham.

Forbes, daughter of the late Whitmell Stallings, Esq.,

DIED.

In this county, on the 21st of April, Alexander Malcolm, son of Dr. Jos. M. and M. M. Davidson, aged

23 months and 10 days. In this county, 10 miles above Charlotte," on the 8th nst., Robert D. Alexander, Esq. of cancerous affection, aged 67 years.

In this county, on the 8th inst, Mr Silas Alexander, after a protracted and painful illness, aged 60 years. In Salisbury, on the 3d instant, Wm. M. Horah, Sr. aged 75 years. Also, on the 27th ult, Mrs Isabella M.

Windsor, wife of Maj. N. R. Windsor. In Davidson county, on the 1st inst., Henry R. Bradshaw, aged 29 years.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF N. CAROLINA A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the time limited in my Proclamation dated the 13th of April, forbidding the exportation of certain articles from the State, is about to expire. Now, therefore, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of North Carolina, do, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of State, issue this Proclamation, continuing said prohibition thirty days from the 13th inst., subject to the exceptions and restrictions con-

tained in said Proclamstion of the 13th of April, with the following alterations: The prohibition is not to embrace the article of salt, and lard is to be added to the list of the articles pro-

Justices of the Peace are also enjoined to assist in carrying out this Proclamation. In witness whereof, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor, Captain General and Commander-in-Chief, hath signed

these presents and caused the seal of the State to be Done at the city of Raleigh, this 8th day of May, A. D., 1863, and in the 87th year of our independence. By the Governor:

R. H. BATTLE, JR., Private Secretary. Daily papers copy one week, weeklies and semi-

weeklies two weeks, and send bill to Executive Office.

Plantation for Sale, AND

NEGROES TO MIRE. As Executor of Rufus D. Johnston, deceased, I will expose to public sale, on Wednesday, the 27th of May, the Plantation on which said deceased resided, on the Wilkesboro road, afteen miles north-west from Salisbury, in Rowan county, and joining the lands of J. D. Johnston, Jas. Watson, G. A. Locke, &c. Said Plantation is in a good state of cultivation, contains about 600 acres—consisting of River Bottoms, Meadows, Pastures-well wooded and watered, and suited to raising Stock.

several Negroes-men, women and children. Terms made known on day of sale. R. Z. JOHNSTON, Executor.

Also, I will hire out for the balance of the year,

May 12, 1863

Notice.

The Board of Directors of the Western Plank Road Company having accepted the amendment of their Charter as passed at the last session of the Logislature

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held at

Charlotte on the 4th inst., a resolution was passed that they would retain for the Company and charge toll on that part of the road from Peter Cansler's to where the Plank Road diverges from the Public Road, about two bundred yards east of where Orr & Alexander's Saw-Mill used to stand, on the east aide of the Catawba river, including the River Bridge. And they also instructed their President to sell the Road and Bridges from the Town of Charlotte to its junction with the Public Road, leading by Stewart's to a point about balf a mile east of J. P. Ross', with its Privileges, excenting the Toll House and Lot, and also the Bridges over Long Creek and Killian's Creek; but in the public all the balance of said Plank Road except such parts as they have reserved for the Company, and ordered to be sold, as above stated, and notice is hereby given to the public to that effect,

C. C. HENDERSON, May 12, 1863 4t Pres't W. P. Road Co.

PUBLIC SALE.

will sell to the highest bidder, in the town of Charlotte, for eash, on Tuesday, 2d June, the Toll House and Lot in Charlotte, belonging to the Western Plank Road Co. And also, at the same time and place, that portion of said Plank Road (and its Privieges) lying between the town of Charlotte and the point on said Road where the Public Road, leading by Stewart's, intersects the Plank Road, about a half mile east of J. P. Ross', including the Bridges. And also, at the same time and place, the Bridge over Long Creek. And on Wednesday, the 36 June, I will sell to the highest bidder, at Lincolnton, for cash, that splendid bridge over Killian's Creek, including its Privileges. C. C. HENDERSON, May 12th, 1863 Prest. W. P. Road Co.

NOTICE.

A number of Notes due the Building Committee of the M. S. Church in this place, have been placed in my hands for collection. Persons owing said Notes will confer a favor by calling on the undersigned at the Branch Bank of North Carolina and settle the same, as it is now desirable to have them co S. L. RIDDLE May 12, 1863 18

WANTED,

At the Medical Purveyor's Depot, at Charlotte, N. C., ten pounds (10 lbs.) of leaves of the New Jersey Tea Tree [Ceanithus Americanus.] The leaves must have been enrefully dried in the shade.

JAS. T. JOHNSON, Med. Purv'r.