OFFICE WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF

\$4 per annum WWW IN ADVANCE

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 23,

ELEVENTH VOLUME .-- NUMBER 574.

THE DEMOCRAY. Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES,

\$4 IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and

FIELD OFFICERS OF N. C. TROOPS.

FIELD OFFIC	ERS OF N.	C. TROOL
č Colonels.	LieutCol.'s.	Majors.
1 J A McDowell.	Ham A Brown,	James S Hines.
2 W R Cox, 3 W L D Res ^{sett} ,	W S Stallings,	D W Hurt
3 W L DeRessett,	S. D. Thurston,	W M Parsley
4 Bryan Grimes,	James H Wood	E A Osborne
5 T M Garrett	John W Lea	William J Hill,
6 Isaac E Avery.	Robert F Webb.	Sam McD Tate.
7 Ed G Haywood.	W Lee Davidsen	
8 Henry M Shaw,	J W Hinton,	Henry McRae
9 L S Baker,	Jas B Gordon,	Just H Whitaker
In J A J Bradford,	S D Poole,	Guion and Sparre
11 C Leventhorpe,	Wm J Mactin,	Egbert A Ross,
13 Alfred M Scales,	J H Hyman	Jno T Hambrick
14 R T Bennett,	W A Johnston	courti
15 Wm MacRac,	WH Yarboro',	GW Hammond
16 J S McElroy,	Wm A Stowe,	H D Lee
7 Wm F Martin,	John C Lamb,	Thos H Sharpe.
18 John D Barry	1	
9	W G Robinson,	C M Andrews,
20 Thos. F. Toon,	Nelson Slough	W J Stanly
H W W Kirkland	Section Constitution	W S Rankin
2 James Conner,	C C Cole	Laban Odell
3 Danl H Christic	R D Johnston,	C C Blacknall, T D Love,
4 Wm J Charke,	John L Harris,	W S Grady
5 H M Rutledge,	S C Bryson,	J T Jones
6 H K Bargwynn,	John R Lane	J C Webb
7 John A Gilmerjr	G F Whitfield W H A Spear	Saml N Stowe
Samuel D Lowe,	W 11 2 Spear	W B Creasman
30 Fran M Parker,	James T Kell,	Wm W Sillers,
31 John V Jordan,	C W Knight	J A D McKay
12 Ed J Brabble,	W T Williams,	G D Coward,
3 Clark M Avery,	Robt V Cowan.	T W Maybew
1 W L J Lowrance	J L McDowell	
5 M W Ransom,	John G Jones,	
6 Artillery-	detached	companies,
7 Wm M Barber,	W G Morris	Owi-n N Brown
Milliam J Hoke,	John Ashford,	M M McLaughli
9 David Coleman,	F A Reynolds,	
o Artillery-	detached	companies,
1 John A Baker		
2 George C Gibbs,	John E Brown,	C W Bradshaw
3 Thomas S Kenan,	Wm. G Lewis,	Walt J Boggan,
4 T C Singeltary.	T L Hargrove,	C M Stedman,
5 J H Merchend,	Andrew J Boyd.	J R Winston
6 Edward D Hall,	W. L. Saunders	A C McAllister
7 G H Facilionit,	John A Graves.	A D Crudup
8 Robert C Hill.	S H Walkup,	Albert A Hill
O Lee M McAfee.	John A Fleming	P B Chambers
 J A Washington, 	Geo. Wortham,	J C Van Hook
I II McKethan,	C B Hobson	Jas R McDonald
2 J K Marshall,	Mareus A Parks,	J Q Richardson,
3 Wm A Owens,	J T Merchead,	Jus J Iredell,
4 K M Murchison,	Anderson Ellis,	Jas A Rogers
5 John K Conally,		M T Smith
6 Paul F Faison,	G G Luke,	H F Schenck,
7 Arch C Godwin,	H C Jones, Jr.,	James A Craige,
is John B Palmer,	Wm W Produt,	J C Keener,
9 D D Ferebee	E Cantwell	Jus M Mayo,
O Jos A McDowell.		W M Hardy
Il Jas. D. Radcliffe,	Wm S Devane,	Henry Harding,
2 Robt. G. A. Love.		D G McDowell
3 Peter G Evans	S B Evans,	I II MaNain
4 L M Allen, 5 George N Folk	James A Keith,	J II McNeill

65 George N Folk, The above Regiments are in the following Brigades: Clingman's - 8th, 31st, 51st and 61st.

Cooke's-15th, 27th, 46th and 48th. Daniel's—32d, 43d, 45th, 56th and 53d. Heke's-6th, 21st, 54th and 57th Hampton's-9th, (cavalry) Iverson's-5th, 12th, 20th and 23d

Lane's-7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th. W H F Lee's-19th, (cavalry) Pryor's-1st and 3d. Pender's-13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th. Pettigrew's-11th, 26th, 42d, 14th, 47th and 52d Ransom's-24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th. Ramseur's-2d, 4th, 14th and 30th. Robertson's-41st, 59th, and 63d.

The 10th, 17th, 36th, 40th, 58th, 60th, 62d, 64th and 45th Regiments are not Brigaded.

The 9th, 19th, 41st, 59th, 63d and 64th are cavalry Re-

The 10th, 36th and 40th are Artiflery Regiments. In addition to the Regiments, there are the following Battalions: Licut-Col. Chas E Shober's infantry (formerly Whatton J Green's); Maj J H Nethercutt's Rangers; Maj R W Wharten's Sharpshooters; Maj John W Moore's Artillery; Maj W L Young's Artillery; Maj Alex McRae's Artificry; Col Peter Malout's comp Guard, Col. Wm H Thomas has a Legion of Highlanders and Indians numbering over 1,500 men.

The Charlotte Mutual Fire Insurance Company,

CONTINUES to take risks against loss by fire, on April, 1863, who have been released on parole. Houses, Goods, Produce, &c., at usual rates.

3. All men captured in North Carolina or V President-M. B. TAYLOR. Vice President-C. OVERMAN.

Attorney-JOS. H. WILSON, Sec'y & Teas'r-E. NYE HUTCHISON. DIRECTORS:

A C. STEELE, WM. J. YATES. JNO. L. BROWN,

CHAS. OVERMAN. Executive Committee-F. Scarr, Jno. L. Brown, Was

April 10, 1863. Copartnership.

WILLIAMS & OATES Have this day associated with them in the Mercantile and Commission business, LEWIS W. SANDERS. The style of the firm will bereatter be

WILLIAMS, CATES & CO. Williams & Oates will please call and settle up, as other condition, he is discharged from the same.

Dec 9, 1862 11 DR. J. M. MILLER,

Charlotte, N. C., ilas resumed the Practice of Medicine, and can be found at his Office in the Brawley building opposite to Kerr's hotel, or at his residence.

Feb. 25, 1862. NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

Lowrie, deceased, are requested to call and make im-

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD,) Columbia, May 30, 1863. . . . Liquor will not be transported by this Company or

the A., Tenn & O. Railroad company, unless securely boxed and strapped. TROS. R. SHARP. Gen'l. Sup't. June 1, 1803 6t

State of N. Carolina-Mecklenburg Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-April Term, 1863. Joab P. Smith, Adm'r with the Will annexed of Dan Alexander, dec'd, vs. The Heirs at Law of Dan Alexander, deceased.

Petition to sell Land to pay debts. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court That Marcus S. Alexander and Wm F Alexander, two of the heirs at law of the said deceased, are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the court that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Demoerat, a newspaper published in the town of Charlotte, for said defendants to appear at the next term of the court house in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in July next, and show cause why the lands described in the

Witness, Wm. Maxwell, clerk of our said court, at office in Charlotte, the 2d Monday in April, 1863. WM. MAXWELL, clerk. State of N. Carolina-Mecklenburg Co.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions-April term, 1863. Isaae N. Alexander, Adm'r of John T. Reid, dec'd, vs. James P. Henderson, wife, and others. Petition for settlement of the Estate of John T Reid.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that N this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is being stoned, rotten egged, and shot. therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in the town of Charlotte, notifying next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the gave notice that at an early day he should move place of conducting a registered business, there ports, but more than all by the blockade running petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken and Witness, Wm. Baxwell, clerk of our said court at office in Charlotte, the Ed Monday in April, 1863. WM MAXWELL, clerk. 69-61 [adv \$6]

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

the Confederate Covernment within the State of North Carolina, and will pay for the same in 7 per cent Bonds Sub Agents visiting the different parts of the State,

By order of the Secretary of the Treasury, all Cotton purchased by myself or my agents, on and after the 18th day of March, 1853, will be paid for in 7 per

the 8 per cent bonds will be furnished as stated. Patriotic citizens are now offered an opportunity to

aid the Government by selling to it their Cotton rather than to private capitalists.

LEWIS S. WILLIAMS. Charlotte, March 24, 1863 tf

Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford to follow.

RAILROAD. On and after Monday the 25th of May, 1863, the Passenger Train will run on this Road (Western Divi-

sion) daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: GOING WEST:

1		Charlotte,	7 30 A. M	
1	8 15 A. M.	Tuckaseege,	8 20 .4	
ł	8 55 "	Brevard,	9 00 "	
Ì	9 25 "	Sharon.	9 30 "	
ł	10 00 4	Lincolnton,	10 05 "	
	10 45 "	Cherryville.		
į		GOING EAST:		
Ì	ARRIVE:		LEAVE:	
١		Cherryville,	11 30 A M	
1	12 15 P. M.	Lincolnton,	12 25 P. M.	
1	12 50	Sharon,	12 55 "	
1	1 20 0	Brevard,		
į	1 53	Tuckaseege,	2 00 "	
	2 45 "	Charlotte.		
1	**************************************	201 201 0 10	- 10 S	

Fare, six cents per mile. Soldiers going to and returning from the army, half fare Passengers are required to make the proper change, as the Ticket Agent cannot farnish change for every one. A Freight Train leaves Cherryville for Charlotte at

b'clock. A M, on Mondays, and returns same day. For Passenger Trains transporting Freights, 50 per cent to the tariff rates of freight will be added. V. A. McBEE, Master of Transportation.

Lincolnton, May 25, 1863.

EXCHANGE NOTICE No. 5.

RICHMOND, May 9th, 1863. The following- Confederate officers and men have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared .

1. All officers and men who have been delivered at City Point at any time previous to May 6th, 1863. 2. All officers captured at any place before the 1st of 3. All men captured in North Carolina or Virginia before the 1st of March, 1863, who have been released

5. The officers and men captured and paroled by Lieut, Col. Stewart at Van Buren, Arkansas, January ed them. 25th, 1863; by Col. Dickey, in December, 1862, in his march to the Mobile and Ohio railroad, and by Capt Cameron, at Corinth, Miss., in December, 1862. the 23d of December, 1862; at Des Arc, Ark., on the Asheville News. 17th of January, 1863, and at Baton Rouge, La., on

the 23d of February, 1863. or the waters leading to the same, or upon the sea coast of the Confederate or United States, at any time previous to December 19th, 1862.

8. All civilians who have been arrested at any time before the 6th of May, 1863, and released on parole, are discharged from any and every obligation contained in said parole. If any such person has taken NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of any bond, or if his release was accomplished with any

9. If any persons embraced in any of the foregoing sections, or in any section of any previous Exchange Notice, wherein they are declared exchanged, are in any Federal prison, they are to be immediately released and delivered to the Confederate authorities, May 17, 1863 ROBERT OULD.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE. Having taken out Letters of Administration with the

Will annexed on the estate- of A. J. Dann, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time pre- New York says that in the hotels and bar-rooms, All persons indebted to the Estate of Patrick J. of their recovery. And those indebted to said estate scribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar labels are exhibited naming the popular drinks.

Attorney for Freentrix. Feb.3, 1863

Che Western Democrat. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

NOTICE.

Our terms are four dollars per year in advance. Individual or local shinplasters will not be reeived. When sent to us they will be held subject to

the sender's call, and not returned by letter. Be The Democrat will be discontinued to all subscribers at the expiration of the time for which it is paid. piration of their time.

NORTHERN ITEMS .- The democratic State Convention of Ohio unanimously nominated Vallandigham for Governor, and Hon. Mr Pugh for Lieut. Governor. Pugh made a speech defying such orders as have been issued by Gen. Burnside. A this court, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at committee was appointed to wait on Lincoln and demand that Mr Vallandigham be restored to petition should not be sold according to the prayer of Ohio. [We are glad to learn that Vallandigham has left the Confederacy and is now on his way

The Illinois Legislature was adjourned by the Governor in consequence of divisions between the members as to the proper time to adjourn. The republicans retired from the Hall and left the democrats without a quorum. The action of the Governor created considerable indignation.

A. McCombs and wife Jane, one of the defendants in the North have been pretty roughly handled by

R. Montague gave notice that he would move an amendment to this. A great meeting was held at I have been appointed by the Secretary of the Sheffield lately in favor of a recognition of the persons were present. Resolutions were passed to memoralize the Government on the subject. The Paris correspondent of the London Morning Post buying in my name, will have written certificates of also reports that fresh efforts are being made by Messrs. Mason and Slidell to obtain from the European Governments the recognition of the Southern Confederacy. The Paris correspondent cent Bonds or Cash, and not 8 per cent Bon's as stated of the London Morning Herald says that Mr in a former advertisement. Up to that time, however, Mason's presence in Paris has strengthened the report of the approaching recognition of the Southern Confederacy. The great stumbling block continues to be the stubborness of a portion of the British Cabinet. The general impression is that France will take the lead in the recognition of the South, and the rest of Europe will not be slow

> PRESIDENT DAVIS'S PLANTATION PILLAGED. -The Jackson Mississippian of the 6th inst.,

Last Sunday a body of Yankees went upon the Circus, plantation of President Davis and rifled it com- Distillers, pletely, destroying every implement of husbandry, Dentists, all his household and kitchen furniture, defacing Distillers of fruit the premises, and carrying and driving off every negro on the place. The plantation of Mr Jo. Davis, brother of the President, was treated in the same way, if we except four or five domestic | Hotels, servants which the robbers left.

Col. William H. Thomas's Legion, a fine Eating Houses, body of men embracing seventeen companies, we observe, has been ordered to Zollicoffer, Tenn., in view of another Yankee raid upon the East Tennessee & Virginia Railroad .- Asheville News. Livery stable keep's, 50

The President has called upon the State author- Pedlars, ities of Virginia for eight thousand Militia for lo- Physicians, cal defence and to be ready for active duty by the | Photographers, 1st of August, and the Adjutant General of the Retail dealers in State has issued orders for their enrollment and organization.

FOR EUROPE .- - Col. Richard Thomas Zarvona, Tobacconists, recently released from a Northern dungeon, after | Wholesale dealers, 200 two years confinement, and for the past month sojourning in Richmond, has, or is immediately to sail from a Southern port for Europe. When he returns, it will be, probably, on the deck of a who are required under the tax to make returns of Confederate steamer of a belligerent class, like unto | sales, shall be required by the district collector to

WELL DONE -- Northern dates of the 13th state that whilst the steamer Maple Leaf was conveying 300 Confederate officers from Fortress Monroe to Fort Delaware, on Wednesday the prisoners overpowered the guard, captured the boat, and 4 The officers and men captured and paroled by run her in near the Virginia shore, when all but Gon S P. Carter, in his expedition to East Tennessee 26 escaped. General Dix sent cavalry after them, but up to the latest advices they had not recaptur-

promising. If nothing occurs to mar it, the crop 6. The officers and men paroled at Oxford, Miss., on will be the heaviest harvested in many years .-

7. All persons who have been captured on the sea have learned from a source whose reliability is beyoud all question, that a serious and sanguinary riot occured on Tuesday, of last week, at Berlin Maryland. A Maryland regiment, commanded by Colonel Sly, had received orders to proceed to Harper's Ferry to prepare to penetrate into Virted, and then attempted to use force, when the men attacked them pell mell, clubbed the Golonel, the Lieut. Col. (Malsby) and the Major. During the revolt, a telegram was sent to Point of Rocks for assistance by the Colonel, and it, was answered by the speedy arrival of the 51st New York infantry, who marched upon the rebellious regiment and forced them to take the cars for the Ferry, at the point of the bayonet .- Richmond Enquirer.

YANKEE DRINKS .- A gentleman recently from Among these are 'Charleston Cobblers,' 'Sumter Bumpers,' Stonewall Punches,' 'Jeff Davis Cock-

COLLECTION OF CONFEDERATE TAXES.

the Confederate taxes. We copy some parts of cents-only a few cents higher than the article

collector shall give public notice requiring the per- large quantities of cotton to Nassau, from which sons mentioned in the fifth section of the tax act, place the yankees take it to New York. Instead of April 24, 1863, and hereinafter set forth in of being entirely destitute of that great necessary Those who want to continue must renew before or at the ex- article thirteen of these instructions, to attend at of life, as they should have been before this, they such places as he may appoint, on or before the 1st now have no occasion to complain of its want. of July, 1863, or at the time of beginning busi- And in return for this mark of Southern kindness ness, and register, in the form to be prescribed by in supplying their pressing need, they send us all the commissioner of taxes, a true account of the sorts of manufactures of their own, not even disname and residence of each person, firm or cor- guised by a pretence of an English mark. We go poration engaged or interested in the business, on as we used to do when they pretended to be with a statement of the time for which, and the our friends, supporting their manufactures and place and manner in which the same is to be conducted, and such other facts as may be requisite hiring Irishmen and Dutchmen to come over by to ascertain the amount of tax upon such business every ship from Europe to murder and rob us. for the past or future, according to the provisions It is a strange state of things. Strange that Con-

lector shall collect the specific tax for the year eargo of the absolute necessaries of life or war imending 31st December, 1863, and such other tax plements, and without the clearest evidence that as may be due on sales or receipts in such busi- none of them ever saw a yankee port or acknowlness at the time of such registry, and the collector | edged a yankee owner. It must come to that, and shall make said registry and give a receipt for the speedily. And we therefore caution our readers amount in duplicate, specifying therein the sepa- | who may take a fancy to speculate in blockade rate sums received as specific tax, and tax on stocks, that the demands of public opinion will be sales or receipts; and one receipt he will deliver to obeyed and the business stopped. Then what The yankee enrolling officers in some parts of the tax payer, and the other he will forward to will be the value of the stocks in blockade runthe State collector, as in case of other receipts for | ning companies which people in Charleston are

MORE RUMORS OF RECOGNITION .- Northern each business, and for each place of conducting are, are not so great as that to which we have papers of the 10th bring us some interesting the same. But no tax is required for the mere heretofore more than once directed the attention of this court to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at advices from Europe. The rumors of recognition storage of goods at a place other than the registerthe court house in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in July are again revived. On the 29th ult., Mr Roebuck ed place of business. Upon every change in the is depreciated by every ship's cargo that enters our Herald: that an address be presented to the crown, praying shall be a new registry, but no additional tax, and across the Potomac to Richmond. It is amazing that her Majesty would cause negotiations to be so also upon the death of any person conducting that this has failed to arrest the attention of the entered into with European Powers, with a view to such business, or upon its transfer to another government and to induce it to propose the proper the recognition of the Confederate States. Lord person, there shall be a new registry in the name remedy to Congress. The multitudes of speculaof the person to continue the business, but no ad- tors in Rishmond have been willing to give any ditional tax shall be required.

Treasury, Chief Agent for the purchase of Cotton for South. The Mayor presided, and ten thousand persons taxed under the provisions of the fifth which to buy yankee goods. Confederate notes section of the tax act and the specific and general being the only thing that will not pass there, is

Occupation.	Special Tax.	e time of registry. General Tax.		
Occupation.	Aprella Lux.	General 141.		
Apothecaries	\$50	24 per cent on gross sale		
Bankers,	500	None.		
Brewers,	100	2} per cent on gross sales		
Brokers,	200	None.		
Butchers,	50-	I per cent on gross sales.		
Bakers,	50	I per cent on gross sales.		
Bowling Alle		40 each.		
Auctioneers,	50	d of one per cent on gross sales of stock or secur		

21 per cent on gross value all other things from 24th April to 30th June, 1863, both days inclusive. Commission merchants and commercial brokers, 200 24 per cent on all sales. Cattle brokers. per cent on gross sales. \$10 for each exhibition. Confectioners, 24 per cent on gross sales. 200 20 per cent on gross sales. 50 cts per gallon on ten gallons, and \$2 pr galfor ninety days

ties for money

500 first class. 300 second class. 200 third class. 100 fourth class. 30 fifth class. Jugglers and exhib-None. Lawvers. Pawnbrokers, 21 per cent on gross sales. 50 2} per cent on gross sales. 21 per cent on gross sales.

or less,

10 per cent on gross sales. Surgeons, 5 per cent on all receipts. 2½ per cent on gross sales.
 2½ per cent on gross sales. Wholesale dealers 5 per cent on gross sales. in liquor,

The several persons mentioned in article 13 make further returns to the assessor at the end of every three months, from the 1st July 1863, of the gross amount of sales made by them during said quarter, and to pay the amount of tax which is chargeable thereon to the said collector. The form for such return will be furnished by the com-

missioner of taxes.

If, on the 1st day of July, 1863, a commission merchant holds in store on account of producers, the articles enumerated in section one of the tax act, or any agricultural products of the growth or The Wheat Crop in this section is highly production of any year preceding the year 1863, he will be required to make full return thereof to the assessor, and to pay the tax of eight per cent upon the value of such articles, whether as owner. agent or factor, will be required to make the re-A REVOLT AT BERLIN, MARYLAND .- We turn and pay the tax. So, also, every person who, as trustee, guardian, curator or committee, executor or administrator, or as agent, attorney in fact or factor, of any person or persons, whether residing in the Confederate States or not, and every receiver in chancery, clerk, register or other officer of any court, shall be answerable for the doing of all such ginia; but being unwilling to go, the soldiers re- acts, matters and things as shall be required to be volted. The principal officers at first remonstra- done in order to the assessment of the money, property, products and income, under their control, and the payment of taxes thereon, and shall be indemnified against all and every person for all payments on account of the taxes in said act specified, and shall be responsible for all taxes due from the estates, income, money or property in their possession, or under their control,

> Col. Jno. H. Wheeler is preparing a new edition of the Historical Sketches of North Carolina, first issued by him in 1851. He is solicitous of receiving any new information in regard to the history of the State, and desirous of having any the present edition .- Raleigh Journal.

COTTON AT THE NORTH.

About three months ago the price of cotton in The Secretary of the Treasury has recently New. York was between 90 and 100 cents per issued the official instructions for the collection of pound. It has gradually gone down to about 50 the circular which are of general interest to our sells for here. What has caused this remarkable fall? Evidently nothing else than the facility Immediately after his appointment, each district with which steamers run the blockade, carrying mechanics and trades-people; and they in turn are gress has not put a stop to it. Not a vessel should At the time of such registry, the district col- be allowed to enter one of our ports except with a now rushing to buy at ten times the original cost?

There shall be a separate registry and tax for But the evils above alluded to, great as they price for gold, silver, bank notes, or State stocks The following are the occupations, trades and | - anything that will pass across the line-with the only thing that the speculators reject, and so they have been sinking constantly while the others

The newspapers generally abuse the blockade runners, but they are not the parties to blame. Not only is there no law against such a traffic, but it is known that the government has been urged to put a stop to it, and has refused. A military commander at one of the ports where the steamers arrive is known to be strongly opposed to the whole system of indiscriminate importations, and to have remonstrated against its continuance, but without effect .- Fayetteville Observer.

A BRILLIANT EXPLOIT.

A party of our daring marines started to get a steamboat; the party was under the command of Capt James Duke. After experiencing rather hard fare in the marshes of the Mississippi for some days, they discovered the Boston towing the ship Jenny Lind, loaded with ice, up to New Orleans. This was some three miles from the Pass a l'Outre light-house. The brave fellows hailed lon on all spirits dis- | the ship, and a line was thrown out to them; they tilled beyond that were in an open boat. On getting aboard of the Boston, the Confederates made a very pretty display of revolvers, when the Captain of the ship remarked, "I told you they were d-d rebels." It was too late; the fastenings were instantly cut, and our men were in possession of the steamer. In coming round at sea, they met the bark Lennox, from New York loaded with an assorted cargo, principally stores, to which they helped themselves and retaining the Captain and Mate as prisoners, sent the passengers and crew ashore; they then set fire to her, completely destroying the vessel. There were about 40 on the Lennox. About an hour afterwards they came up with the bark Texana, also from New York. They did not take anything from her but the Captain and Mate soldiers detest the negroes. The black race are the balance, they sent ashore. The Texana in danger of being exterminated, and so are the was then set afire, and was burning splendidly abolition leaders. Beecher has already fled to when she left. There are about 17 prisoners on Europe, directing the sale of his pictures, and board of the Boston. The Boston arrived at Fort Morgan about 2 o'clock. She is a staunch tugruns about twelve knots an hour, and is a propeller. In the Mississippi River the Confederates coming storm. It will not be necessary for him were for some time within speaking distance of to seek safety in flight. He is all right on the the United States man of war Portsmouth, 16 guns, and about half an hour previous to their capturing the Boston, a gunboat had passed up within gun shot of our men. This prize will prove very valuable to the captors-and shows what daring can accomplish in the way of a little private enterprise. The Boston was cheered all along our front as she came in the Confederate flag over the gridiron .- Mobile Advertiser.

> AN EXPERT ARTILLERIST.—The London correspondent of a New York journal asserts that the aged and robbed, and completely ransacked the chief gunner of the Alabama is the most expert whole town. Private houses were broken open artillerist ever in the British Navy. After being and entered into, and the clothes of women and mustered out of her Majesty's service, with the helpless babes were taken and destroyed. In expectation of re-enlisting, he joined Captain fact, it is beyond any one's comprehension the Semmes, with whom his pay is £200 sterling a way they acted, without having been an eye witmonth, "which in Confederate currency," is equal ness. When they entered the town they did not to \$42,000 per annum.

ALCOHOL FROM CHINA BERRIES. - Messrs. Beusse & Hines, of this place, are now manufacturing alcohol from china berries. They have succeeded in making it ninety per cent proof. It has been tested, and pronounced an excellent article for mechanical purposes. The enterprise descryes encouragement .- Athens Banner.

A government tannery is nearly completed at San Antonia, Texas. The capacity of the vats is equal to the accommodation of 5,000 hides at a time, and the actual cost of tanned leather to the government at 50 cents per pound, will be a saving of 500 per cent on present prices of leather.

errors in his work as already printed corrected for Rev. Bishop Elliot, of the diocese of Georgia, offi- strength to the brave men under him, to avenge

"SIGNS OF THE TIMES."

A friend has sent us a late copy of the New York Herald, and from It we make the following extracts. But a short time ago the Herald was for Lincoln for the next Presidential term; now, it declares that the peace candidate, whoever he may be, will certainly be elected. Here is what it says in regard to the late peace meeting in New

"The greatest meeting ever held in this city was that of the Democracy on Wednesday evening. It numbered thirty thousand men, including all the fighting elements of the city, manifesting such an unmistakeable bitterness of hostility against the administration as has never before been witnessed in the history of the United States. . The enthusiasm was up to the fever point. A spark of opposition to the objects of the meeting, or the right to hold it, would have exploded a mine and let loose a volcano. The most singular phase of this meeting was the absence of the democratic political leaders. They were opposed to it, and cept aloof. The sickly weekly papers representing Tammany Hall were against it; yet the rank and file of the Democracy were there, not only the men of Mozart Hall, but the whole legion of the Tammany section. All agreed that "failure" was written on the brow of the administration, and that it was high time to stop the war. "Peace" is henceforth the platform of the democracy."

"Mozart Hall and its leaders, boldly seizing on the elements of discontent and disaffection which exist in the community, have inaugurated a peace revolution which is bound to be successful, and have left the Tammany lights of other days licking the empty plates in the kitchen of the Corporation.'

The following are two of the resolutions passed by the democratic meeting spoken of by the

Reselved, That the war, in its inception and further continuance, being contrary to the Constilution, must necessarily fast consume all the elements of Union, and hence that our duty as citizens, our obligations as men, and our relations to our common Father, alike demand that an end should be put to what is repugnant to the law. abhorrent to the humanity and civilization of this enlightened era, and inconsistent with the benignant spirit of morality and religion.

Resolved, That thus believing there can be no reliable security to persons or property pending this war, and that by its continuance the Government itself will be utterly and irrevocably subverted-and that the South as well as the North must alike crumble into general ruin and devastation, we recommend, in the name of the people, that there be a suspension of hostilities between the contending armies of the divided sections of our country, and that a Convention of the States composing the Confederate States, and a separate Convention of the States still adhering to the Union, be held, to finally settle and determine in what manner and by what mode the contending sections shall be reconciled; and appealing to the Ruler of all for the rectitude of our intentions, we implore those in authority to listen to the voice of reason, patriotism, and of justice.

The reading of the address occupied about three-quarters of an hour, and was received with general favor. Among the sentiments of the audience elicited by the reading were groans and hisses for President Lincoln, Burnside and Butler, cheers for Vallandigham and McClellan, hisses for the Emancipation Proclamation, prolonged and hearty cheers for peace, groans for military court martial of citizens, and cheers for the proposition for a Convention to take preliminary steps to secure peace. The groans and hisses for the President and the cheers for Vallandigham and peace were specially vigorous.

The following is another "sign" given by the Herald:

A SIGN OF THE TIMES .-- From one of the Harrisburg papers we learn that the soldiery in Harrisburg a few days ago burned down the negro quarters in that city and drove all the negroes out of the place. This is a sign of the times. The Cheever, Phillips, Greeley and Garrison ought to follow them as fast as they can. Gerrit Smith is the only man of the party who foresaw the record. But let the other radical leaders look

[The Herald is trying to get on the strong side.

How THEY PILLAGED .- A private letter from ackson, Miss., gives the following sketch of the proceedings of the enemy in that place, which have been already partially represented from vari-

"Here they burned all Government stores, factories, &c., and many private stores. They pillcome in as a disciplined and civilized enemy, but in perfect disorder and much after the fashion of wild beasts. The town appeared as if the lower regions, with all their evil spirits, had been turned upon it, to destroy everything and everybody. They robbed men on the streets and in the houses of their watches and their valuables, and even stripped one poor fellow of a pair of pants he had on, and gave him a pair of old torn blue Yankee breeches instead.

A friend in north-western Arkansas writes to us the particulars of some of the atrociona acts committed by the Federals there. Two of them seized two young girls and outraged them. Afterwards, two negroes, after severe struggling, committed rapes on two respectable ladies, while their white comrades in arms stood by laughing General Braxton Bragg has joined the Protestheir white comrades in arms stood by laughing tant Episcopal Church. He was confirmed a few at the shricks and prayers of the poor women. days since at his quarters in Shelbyville, Tenn., Rt. May God nerve the arm of Gen. Cabell, and give the foul deeds of these dastardly ruffiana