

Western Democrat.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Tuesday, October 27, 1863.

THE ELECTION.—The election for members of Congress takes place in this State on Wednesday, the 4th of November. We hope all who are entitled to a vote will go to the polls on that day and exercise their privilege. We will thank our friends in the surrounding counties to forward us returns as early as possible. Let some one in each county make it his business to do so, or see that it is done. Last year it was ten or twelve days before we got the vote of some of the adjoining counties.

FACTORY BURN.—The Woollen Factory of A. R. Homesly, situated about 8 miles from Shelby, Cleveland county, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night last. The fire originated by accidentally dropping a lamp into some loose cotton. Mr Homesly's loss is about \$25,000. No insurance. Besides throwing a number of poor people out of employment, the destruction of this factory is a loss to the country at large, as all the woollen cloth manufactured was sold to the Government.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—We learn from the Raleigh Progress that another accident occurred on Friday last at the Powder Mills of Waterhouse & Bowers near Raleigh. The "corporating" mill was blown up, inflicting a loss of about \$12,000. No bodily injury was sustained.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—The Literary Board has made a Fall distribution of \$125,000 for Common School purposes. A tabular statement in another column shows the amount to which each county in the State is entitled.

THE Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company has declared a dividend of twenty per cent, making the third dividend declared this year, equal to forty per cent on the capital stock. The Wilmington Journal says that the gross receipts of the Road for the year ending 30th Sept., 1863, will reach upwards of \$1,400,000. We do not think it is any credit to any corporation to make such enormous dividends at this time; and we repeat that we said recently whilst speaking of another Company, that such large dividends are made off of the necessities of the Government and people.

We direct attention to the advertisement of the Postmaster General in regard to transmitting letters West of the Mississippi River. Parcels on the East side may now correspond with those on the West side of the River by the following directions given.

PROVISIONS.—It will be seen by the proceedings that two Associations have been organized in this town for the purpose of buying provisions, &c. The object of one of these Associations is to furnish the needy, gratis, with the necessaries of life during the winter—the object of the other is to buy provisions to be sold to consumers at cost. Both objects are very proper, and we hope much good may be accomplished in that way. There is an abundance in the country, and if those who hold the necessities of life will only sell a portion, there will be no suffering among any of our people this winter. It is not scarcity, or a want of confidence in Confederate money that makes provisions hard to get, but an indisposition to sell. Instead of holding one year's supply, as usual, some people are holding two or three years supplies. That is the difficulty. They seem unwilling to trust Providence for another crop.

THE CURRENCY.—A communication on the subject of the Confederate currency will be found in our paper to-day. It is from a gentleman who has had much experience in money matters and who is considered one of the best financiers in the State.

HOME-MADE CHEESE.—Miss Harriet S. Pearson, of Burke county, has sent us a very acceptable present in the shape of a Cheese of her own make, weighing some 15 or 20 pounds. We exhibited it to several gentlemen, and they all pronounced it either English dairy or Northern made, supposing that we had been running the blockade; and it is in fact as good as any we ever saw anywhere. Miss Pearson is certainly entitled to much credit for her skill and industry in this respect, and we assure her that she has our thanks for so nice a present at a time when delicacies of any kind are almost out of the question.

Last summer we learned that Miss Pearson made a Cheese and sent to President Davis, who wrote her a letter in acknowledgment, saying that the only difficulty he had in regard to it was in making those who saw and tasted it believe that so fine an article was actually made in the Confederacy.

Accompanying the box containing the cheese sent us was a lot of fine Irish potatoes from our friend R. C. Pearson, Esq. of Morganton.

Col. Thomas M. Garrett, of the 5th N. C. Regiment, offers a reward of \$250 for the arrest of C. D. Sides, a deserter from that Regiment. Col. Garrett says: "This man deserted on the 10th of May last, and was last heard of as figuring on the committee to draft resolutions for a meeting held in Forsyth county on the 26th August."

A deserter drafting resolutions for a peace meeting! No wonder the administration of President Davis was denounced at such meetings. Deserters, of course, are opposed to sending any more men from North Carolina.

Col. Thomas Rufin of the 1st N. C. Cavalry who was reported as killed on the 11th inst., in a fight with the yankee cavalry, was only wounded and captured by the enemy. Col. Ferebe, of the 59th N. C. Regiment (cavalry), was also wounded.

It is reported that Lieut. Paul Grier, of the 11th Regiment, (son of Mrs. Margt Grier of this county) was killed in the late fight.

Marshall Grier, a member of Graham's Battery, (son of Zenas Grier of this county) was also killed in Virginia recently.

The Bank of Cape Fear has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.

STARTLING "IF TRUE."—The following item is from the Wilmington Journal: "A friend just from Lincolnshire assures us that Abraham's family is prepared, or are preparing, to emigrate to Germany. That said Abraham refuses to take anything but gold for his salary, and it is confidently believed that Abraham himself will take to his Scotch cap, and be found missing from Washington by or about January next. Whether there is any foundation for this report or not, we certainly are not prepared to say, but our informant alluded to it as apparently certain to take place."

DRAFTING SOUTHERN MEN FOR THE YANKEE ARMY.—It appears that wherever the Yankees have got a foothold on Southern soil they commence forcing Southern men into the Yankee army, and thus compel them to fight against their own section and people. The following is an item from a Northern paper: "In the New Orleans Times, of the 8th, is an address from Col. C. W. Killburn, Provost-Marshal of New Orleans, calling upon the citizens to volunteer for the defence of the city, and declaring that conscription act is to be positively enforced. Gen. Shepley has announced a rigorous collection of the taxes, and forfeiture of the property of delinquents."

If any portion of our people are disposed to think that by submitting to the North they will get clear of war and high taxes, the above item may change their ideas.

A correspondent of the Raleigh Progress speaks of President Davis' speech at Wilson, N. C., as follows: "The people of Wilson were in excellent spirits occasioned in part by a speech of President Davis, on his way South. The ladies were very attentive. Driving the waiters of the hotel off, they waited on him in person at his meal. Having finished, he was addressed by a speech, with which he complied, addressing the ladies in a few remarks and in the housewife style. He told them, among other things, 'to take care of their Confederate money, that it would be good in a few days; the washing day is over, the clothes are hung on the line to dry; all that is needed is a little more sunshine.'"

It is announced that the Hon. Bedford Brown is a candidate for Congress in the 6th District in opposition to the Hon John A. Gilmer.

CONFEDERATE CURRENCY.

MR. EDITOR: No subject is of more vital importance to this Confederacy than its currency, save the question of its independence. If money is the sinew of war we must maintain our circulating medium at all hazards.

I have read with much interest the respective propositions of Gov. Morehead of this State, and William Gregg, Esq., of South Carolina. Either of these plans if carried out would give temporary relief, but neither appears to be sufficiently comprehensive. A friend suggests a mode which appears to me to be more general and equitable in all its bearings, and looks to the future as well as the present condition of our currency. It is very simple and briefly stated. Let Congress authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue one billion of 6 per cent bonds, payable at a fixed and certain period—say 30 years from date, with coupons payable semi-annually, and to be forever exempt from taxation. Let Congress also levy a tax to yield about one hundred and twenty million of dollars, one-half to be paid in Confederate notes, the other half in specie. In lieu of the specie receive the coupons of these bonds. Repeal all the objectionable legislation on the subject of our currency; make all notes and bonds of all issues and dates fundable in these 6 per cent bonds, and the people will soon restore the currency. What will be the effects? Every tax-payer at once commences to fund his notes and bonds in these state tax notes. Every tax-payer becomes an agent to get the notes and bonds heretofore issued to fund in this Government security. With this legislation, the \$500,000,000 of treasury notes in circulation and most of the 200,000,000 of bonds issued would be absorbed by the 6 per cent bonds, leaving a balance of over 300,000,000 of the bonds to provide for the future wants of the Government. Thus the circulation would in a few weeks be reduced to the exact wants and necessities of the country and could be kept so by judicious management of the Treasury Department.

This would cure the remorseless spirit of speculation and hoarding. The prices of all articles within a few weeks would decline according to the law of supply and demand, to the great relief of the people and the Government. The future expenses of the Government would be greatly reduced, its vigor and strength in prosecuting the war much increased, with a certainty that its pecuniary faith could never be assailed or doubted, while its debt was thus distributed equally among its tax-payers and supporters. This system of legislation is suggested with such modifications as Congress may adopt. If the tax in kind is maintained, less than one hundred millions to be levied otherwise might be sufficient, and the proportion to be paid in specie or coupons could be raised according to the necessities of the Government, based upon accurate information furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury.

These suggestions carry out what we seem to cover the great evils of an inflated currency, with its evil consequences upon the people and Government; bring all articles of merchandise to a proper standard; terminate wild speculation; restore the legitimate merchant; give confidence in all obligations of the Government, and secure the maintenance of our country by enabling us to maintain our brave armies and their dependents at home.

MONROE, N. C., Oct. 15, 1863.

At a recent session of the Brown Creek Baptist Association, held with the Mount Olive Church, Anson county, N. C., the following resolutions were introduced by D. A. Covington, and unanimously adopted:

1st. Resolved by this Association, That we deeply regret the present unhappy state of affairs, as they exist in our beloved country; that while we are anxious for peace and sincerely desire to see this dreadful war speedily end, yet we conceive it to be our duty to continue to resist with all our might the attempt of our wicked and ruthless foe to subjugate us.

2d. Resolved, That we feel grateful to our brave soldiers, who are so nobly defending our rights, our property and our homes from yankee aggression, and deem it our duty to sustain and encourage them to the extent of our ability.

3d. Resolved, That however sincere and patriotic those who may conceive themselves to be who are in favor of peace meetings, Union meetings, &c., yet we are of opinion that all such proceedings tend to encourage our enemy, to prolong the war and to fasten the chains of despotism upon us.

4th. Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the surest road and speediest way to an honorable peace, and to end this cruel war, is for our people to stand shoulder to shoulder, side by side, and defend ourselves and country to the last extremity; that our appeals to the enemy for peace should be made from the mouth of the cannon, and our resolution with the sword and the bullet.

5th. Resolved, That we acknowledge ourselves in the hands of the Creator of worlds, the King of kings and the God of battles; that His will we will humbly submit to, and in this stupendous war, the North against the South, if it should be the will of God that we should be subjugated and become bondsmen under the vandals of the North, then we will submit, and say His will and not ours be done.

WHITE HILL, Union county, Oct. 20.

MR. EDITOR: Please publish the following list of donations made by the citizens in Ashcraft's Beat, payable in wheat and corn for the relief of the indigent families of soldiers in service and those that have died:

- V. T. Chears \$24
D. Rushing \$24
G. W. Wimberly \$16
B. D. Rushing \$16
J. Lockhart \$16
Dr. Thos Lowrie \$24
J. P. Lee \$8
Wm H Harrell \$4
Rich'd Harrell \$4
Wm J Horn \$4
H Grady \$20

DONATION ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the subscribers to the "Donation Association, of the town of Charlotte, was held on the 20th inst., and organized by electing Wm. R. Myers, Esq., Chairman, and Richard N. Tiddy Secretary.

The committee appointed to solicit contributions for the support of the needy in Charlotte reported \$17,260 as subscribed. The report was received. It is understood that "this amount was subscribed for the purpose of buying provisions to be given to the needy."

The committee appointed to prepare a constitution for the government of this Association (consisting of Rev. G. M. Everhart, J. L. Brown, Wm. Tiddy and M. L. Wriston) reported by submitting a constitution which met with general approval, and after slight amendments it was adopted. The thanks of the meeting were tendered the committee and they were discharged.

S. A. Harris, L. S. Williams, Wm. Tiddy, M. L. Wriston, John L. Brown and S. A. Cohen were elected Directors of the Association. W. J. Yates, S. M. Blair and J. S. Phillips were elected as a committee to audit accounts. M. B. Taylor and E. N. Hutchison were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions. On motion the meeting adjourned.

RICH. N. TIDDY, Sec.

At a meeting of the Directors of the "Donation Association of the town of Charlotte," held on the 20th inst., the following persons were duly elected officers of the Association: Samuel A. Harris, President. L. S. Williams, Vice President. W. A. Williams, Secretary and Treasurer. D. H. Byerly, Commissary.

The visiting committees to learn the names and wants of the poor of Charlotte are as follows: Ward No. 1.—F. Scarr, John Wilkes. " " 2.—A. N. Gray. " " 3.—H. M. Phelps, R. M. Jamison. " " 4.—E. N. Hutchison, M. D. Johnston.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST.

- Yankee Winter & Orr \$2000 M B Taylor \$1000
Williams, Oates & Co. 2000 J S Phillips 500
S A Harris 500 E Nye Hutchison 500
Wm Tiddy 500 J Duls 100
John L Brown 500 A N Moore 100
Wm Treloar 500 A Minister 100
Wm H Catson 100 Rev G M Everhart 100
William J Yates 150 H E Morse 25
Wm Johnston 500 E H Britton 500
Jas W Catson 500 Kahawalla & Bro. 500
Blair & Burrows 1000 Drucker & Heilbrun 100
J M Springs 200 Jas T Johnson 25
J H Brem 100 Mrs Dr J T Johnson 100
F R Davidson 100 J M Jones 100
P Neman 500 J D Palmer 25
Elias & Cohen 1000 J J Blackwell 250
Koopmann & Phelps 500 S M Howell 500
Stenhouse & Macaulay 250 E Scarr 100
J B F Boone 25 J H Hestwood 100
W S Bryan 50 J L Morehead 100
A W Quinn 25 W M Burton 225
R H M Pritchard 25 W M Matthews 100
Rich'd N Tiddy 100 R W Beckwith 100
A J F Butt 100 John F Butt 100
Wm R Myers 200 Wm P Phifer 100
S P Smith 100 Kuck & Helker 25
A N M Taylor 100 E A Thompson 25
Geo G Hanson 500 Jas J Blackwell 200
J W Warr 250 J M Hutchison 100
W A Cook 50 W A Williams 100
H A Moring 50 J R Galt 100
J M James Hartly, 15 ys. domestic and 6 pair socks. \$17,310

RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 21. At a meeting of the signers to organize a Relief Association in Charlotte, assembled this evening, on motion, Wm. Treloar was requested to act as Chairman and E. H. Britton as Secretary.

The meeting being organized, on motion, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Be it Resolved, That regarding it proper and absolutely necessary to form an association for affording such assistance as may be deemed advisable, we associate ourselves together under the style and title of "The Laboring Man's Relief Association" to use such funds as may be placed under our control for the purpose of purchasing provisions, to be sold in such quantities and at such prices as to supply the immediate wants of the laboring population.

On motion, the Association proceeded to the election of permanent officers, which resulted as follows: Dr F Scarr, President; J S Phillips, Vice President; Wm Treloar, Treasurer; E H Britton, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.—Wm Phifer, S M Howell, R Koopmann, Dr H M Pritchard, Wm E White, J A Fox, J Heilbrun, Wm Gray.

On motion, it was Resolved, That the Board of Directors are hereby authorized to appoint a commissary, arrange with him for salary and security, and make all other arrangements that may be necessary to commence operations forthwith, that they supervise all the accounts and business of the commissary and require him to make a monthly exhibit to the Association.

Resolved, That at the call of the President, and in his absence the Vice President, the Association may be assembled at any time to transact business.

Resolved, That the officers of "The Laboring Man's Relief Association" be elected annually until its existence shall become no longer absolutely necessary, when by the vote of the Association, a new meeting being organized, on motion, the following subscriptions were returned to the several parties, or their heirs, executors, administrators or assigns.

On motion, it was Resolved, That our special thanks are hereby tendered to Mr T R Tate for the very liberal propositions he has made this Association, and the invaluable aid he has tendered to further its objects, for which he deserves the thanks of this community. On motion, the meeting adjourned.

WM. TRELOAR, Ch'm'n.

- The following is the list of contributors for the purpose stated:
G C Hanson \$100 Wm Treloar \$1000
J A Fox 500 Wm F Davidson 25
M Howell 500 J S Phillips 500
A N M Taylor 1000 E Nye Hutchison 500
Elias & Cohen 1000 E H Britton 1000
Koopmann & Phelps 1000 Maj J H Caldwell 100
M Waterhouse 25 J E Britton 250
Stenhouse & Macaulay 500 W Roid 100
W M Matthews 200 J Y Bryce 200
Moody & Pritchard 1000 Dr R K & W W Gregory 100
F Scarr 50 Wm Gray 125
W Johnston 500 J M Howie 125
J D Palmer 100 C Rodecker 200
C M Query 50 H B Williams 200
W E White 200 J P Smith 2000
J E Bingle 250 A W Alexander 100
Wm P Phifer 200 S W Whitaker 100
Drucker & Heilbrun 1000 J F Butt 100
Kahawalla & Bro 1000 J Egenbaur 100
H E Morse 100 S Frankenthal & Co 100
S Green 50 J S Wiley 50
M B Taylor 250 J R Galt 100
J R Dussill 100 \$17,225

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger learns from high authority that the petition of the French residents of New Orleans to the Emperor, praying that a suitable fleet may be sent for their protection in the event of any sudden trouble has been promptly and favorably responded to, and that some half-dozen vessels of war will soon be within easy call of the French Consul in that city.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM VIRGINIA. Parties from the vicinity of Gen Lee's army report that matters are entirely quiet, not even a skirmish occurring to disturb the repose of the army since its return from the pursuit of Meade.

CAPTURES BY OUR ARMY.—The following official dispatch was received at the War Department on Friday: HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, October 23, 1863. Gen S Cooper, A and I G: Gen Imboden, on the 18th, attacked the garrison at Charlottesville, Shenandoah Valley, captured four hundred and thirty-four prisoners, with their arms, transportation and stores. To these add prisoners already forwarded, makes two thousand four hundred and sixty-two. (Signed) R E LEE, Gen.

MEADE'S LOSSES.—From a source in which we place the utmost confidence, we learn that Meade sent to Norfolk for all the ambulances that could be gotten together. Thence we infer that his losses were very large—larger than we had in the slightest degree suspected. The campaign, we suppose, is over. The Yankees are just where they were two years ago.—Richmond Dispatch.

The number of Yankee prisoners held in Richmond is a fraction under 12,000.

FROM THE WEST.

MOBILE, Oct 24.—Maj A. S. Rose arrived, yesterday from Texas, on his way to Richmond. He heard nothing on the other side of our lines of the great defeat of Gen. Banks.

Houston papers, of the 30th ultimo, state that Sabine Pass is being rapidly put in condition to trouble the enemy, and that the gun-boat Clifton, captured in the recent grand victory, has been put in first-rate fighting trim. Her armament has been tested and is of the best quality.

News from Brownsville to the 16th ult., states that the French had then not taken possession of Matamoros. President Davis had just arrived from Mississippi, and will review the troops this evening.

FROM THE SOUTH CAROLINA COAST.

Ten Yankee prisoners including an acting ensign, captured in a charge by our cavalry, arrived at Charleston on Friday last. They belong to the United States schooner Ward, blockading off Georgetown, and were taken after setting fire to and destroying a small schooner loaded with cotton in Dearing Creek.

There has been considerable decrease in the enemy's squadron off Charleston harbor and an increase of Hilton Head.

NORTHERN NEWS.

Late Northern papers have received, but the news is unimportant. The enlistment of negro troops will shortly commence in Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri and Tennessee. Lincoln has issued a proclamation calling for 300,000 volunteers.

Rosenberg has been removed from the command of the Yankee army in Tennessee, and Gen. Grant put in his place.

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND, October 24.—Ex-Governor Morehead, of North Carolina, at the invitation of a number of gentlemen, delivered an address in the hall of the House of Delegates, last night, on the condition of the currency. There has been considerable discussion, and a proposition is now pending in the Legislature, embodying the main features of his scheme.

MONEY.—We learn that the Depository at this place has received about \$1,800,000 in Confederate notes in exchange for Bonds. This sum withdrawn from circulation has relieved the redundancy in this section to some extent. It is a fact apparent to all business men that money is scarcer now than it has been for some time, but while this is so, it is also equally apparent that prices have not receded any. But the action of Congress, when it meets, may produce a favorable change.

The Yankees by this time are beginning to learn that they have not yet got the free and unmolested navigation of the Mississippi River. A letter to the New York Times, speaking of the operations of the Confederate guerrillas, says: "Their depredations have made them an intolerable nuisance; for they not only seriously interrupt the navigation of the Mississippi—which is by no means 'free' as long as these scoundrels exist, but also prevent a great quantity of cotton and other produce from reaching the New Orleans market. Many attempts have been made to break up these organizations, but, by what cause I know not, have hitherto proved entirely unsuccessful. Scarcely a steamer arrives in New Orleans that does not have some fresh outrage to report, and if not fired into herself has seen or heard of some steamer that has."

THE RECENT RAID IN WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.—A raid by some two or three hundred renegade Tennesseans and North Carolinians was made from the direction of Greenville into Madison county, last week. They came in this direction as far as the Warm Springs. One mile below the Springs they shot Mr Garrett, as he was standing in his yard. He died in 35 minutes. He was about 70 years of age, a good citizen, and a clever man. It was a cold blooded murder, and one at which humanity weeps and manhood blushes. The raiders carried off all the stock in the country, as far as they penetrated, and said they would be back again shortly.

Many threats have been made against this place, and reports of the advance of the enemy in heavy force have been rife for some days. Considerable alarm among a portion of our people has been the consequence. If it would do any good, we would say to all, keep cool—the enemy, when he attempts to reach Asheville, will find "Jordan a hard road to travel"—preparations have been made to give him a reception he will not soon forget. Gen. Vance is wide awake, active and vigilant. He is at the right point, and has several men with him, and several more scattered around "permissus," some of them on horseback and some afoot, and all eager to extend a true Carolina welcome to the invaders of their homes.—Asheville News.

We learn that the Home Guard in this and other counties in this portion of the State have been called out by the authorities. We are not however aware that they are ordered to do duty out of their respective counties. We suppose that it is the intention to have them employed in arresting deserters and conscripts who are absent without leave from their commands, for from the circumstances under which they are ordered into service, we can conceive of no other duty that they will be called upon to perform.—Winston Sentinel.

We are glad to learn that intelligence has been received in this city that the steamer Advance got safely to sea again. May favorable winds give her a quick voyage and safe return.—Raleigh Progress.

Adjutant Morehead of the Sixty-third Regiment Partisan Rangers was seriously wounded on Saturday the 17th, in a skirmish near Brandy Station, Virginia.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the N. C. Insurance Company will please take notice that the second installment of 15 per centum will be due on the 12th of November next. J. M. SPRINGS, Secy.

Administrator's Sale.

The undersigned, as Administrator of the estate of C. F. Caldwell, deceased, will sell at the late residence of the said deceased, on Thursday the 12th of November, the following property, viz: Two Mules, two Horses, Cattle and Hogs, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay and Fodder, one road Wagon, Buggy, Harness and Farming Tools; also, 12,000 lbs Seed Cotton.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to come forward and pay, and all having claims will present them according to law. Oct 27, '63 31-pd D. S. CALDWELL, Adm'r.

LOST.

At Zion Camp Ground, near Davidson College, on Sunday the 18th instant, a GOLD NECKLACE and LOCKET attached. A reward of \$5 will be paid for its delivery to Mrs Sarah H Withers at Davidson College, or at this office. Oct 27, '63 pd

NOTICE.

The Wardens of the Poor of Mecklenburg county will meet at the Poor House on the 14th of November, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a Steward and Physician for the year 1864. Those wishing the place should send recommendations of their moral character and steady habits with their bids, &c. We also give notice that the Steward cannot receive paupers without permission from one or two of the members of the Board. E O WALLIS, Ch'm.

\$25 REWARD.

My boy MONROE ran away on the 22d October inst. He is very dark, about 5 feet 10 inches high and about 28 years old. I will pay the above reward for him. I suppose he is in this neighborhood. Oct 27, '63 Im JAMES S JOHNSTON, Davidson College, N C

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of J B French, deceased, will present them for payment without delay to the undersigned. Oct 27, '63 J A FOX, Executor.

RUNAWAY.

From the plantation of Mrs R A Hunter, in Sharon neighborhood, a negro man named WASH, about 35 years old, medium size, and copper color. It is supposed that he has been persuaded off by some mean white person, and may be trying to make his way to the Yankees. A reward of \$50 will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to me, or his confinement in any jail. J. W. HUNTER.

Administrator's Sale.

On Tuesday the 17th day of November next, will be exposed to public sale, at the late residence of J C Cochran, dec'd, all the property of said deceased, viz: Wheat, Corn, Oats, Fodder, 1 Mule, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Wagon, Buggy, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles not necessary to mention. Terms made known on day of sale.

WANTED.

A Tract of LAND, 500 or more acres; good dwelling, &c. Address WILLIS D HARRISON, Oct 27, '63 if Leesburg, Caswell Co., N. C.

Printing Materials for Sale.

I desire to sell the Printing Materials connected with the late "North Carolina Whig" newspaper, published in this town. The materials consist of a Hand Press with Inking Apparatus, Long Primer and Brevier Type, together with a fair assortment of Fancy and Job Type. Further information will be furnished by addressing the undersigned at Charlotte, N. C. Oct 27, '63 RACHAEL R. HOLTON.

Post Office Department.

RICHMOND, October 20th, 1863. By virtue of authority vested in me by an act of Congress "to authorize the establishment of express mails," approved May 1, 1863, I have this day directed an agent to be carried on said route, except the official correspondence and blanks and postage stamps of the Post Office Department, the postage to be prepaid in all cases, shall be at the rate of forty cents on each single letter of half an ounce or less, and forty cents for every additional half ounce or fraction of a half ounce.

Letters and packages to be sent by this route may be mailed and the postage paid, at any post office in the Confederate States, and those sent from the East to the West of the Mississippi should be plainly marked with either Meridian or Brandon, Mississippi, and those sent from the West to the East of the Mississippi should be plainly marked with either Shreveport or Alexandria, Louisiana, as they will be forwarded from either of said offices, and from none other without further notice. JOHN H. REAGAN, Postmaster General.

THE AYR OIL COMPANY.

(ST. CATHERINE'S MILLS). Will exchange Salt for Flax Seed, Wheat, Corn or Bacon, delivered at the Mills, two miles below Charlotte. E NYE HUTCHISON, Secretary. Oct 27, '63 1m

HEADQUARTERS, 63d Battalion.

Guard for Home Defence, Charlotte, Oct 23. The members of the 63d Battalion, Guard for Home Defence, are commanded to meet in Charlotte on 26 October A. M., on Friday the 26th day of November, armed and equipped as the law directs, for drill and inspection. By order of T. H. Brem, Lt. Col. commanding, J. H. WILSON, Jr., Adjutant. October 27th. 2t

Executive Department of North Carolina.

Adjutant General's Office (Militia). RALEIGH, Oct. 17, 1863. General Orders No. 15. The Militia Officers in each county where the Guard for Home Defence has been or may hereafter be fully organized, will turn over to the commander of the latter all arms, accoutrements and ammunition in their possession belonging to the State, taking receipts for the same. By order of Gov. Vance. R. C. GATLIN, Adjutant General.

Exchange Notice, No. 7.

RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 16, 1863. The following Confederate officers and men are hereby declared duly exchanged: 1. All officers and men captured and paroled at any time previous to the 1st of September, 1863. This section is not intended to include any officers or men captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863, except such as were declared exchanged by Exchange Notice No. 5, Sept. 12th, 1863, or are specifically named in this notice. But it does embrace all deliveries made at City Point or other place before Sept. 1st, 1863, and with the limitation above named, all captures at Port Hudson or any other place where the parties were released on parole. 2. The Staff of Generals Pemberton, Stevenson, Bowen, Moore, Barton, S. D. Lee, Cummings, Harris and Baldwin, and of Colonels Reynolds, Cockerell and Dockery; the officers and men belonging to the Engineer Corps and Sappers and Miners, and the 4th and 46th Mississippi regiments, all captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863. 3. The general officers captured at Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863, were declared exchanged July 10th, 1863. RO. OULD, Agent of Exchange. October 27. 6t

REVIVAL.—By a private letter we learn that the Church at Statesville, under the pastoral charge of Rev. W. W. Pharr, is experiencing a revival of extraordinary power. Assisted by Prof. E. F. Beckwith, of Davidson College, daily meetings of great interest have been held during a fortnight past, and sixty persons have been hopefully converted, while many more were anxiously inquiring the way of life.—N. C. Presbyterian.

A revival is also progressing in the Baptist and Methodist Churches in this town.

MARRIED.

In Providence, Mecklenburg county, on the 20th inst., by Rev. R. Z. Johnston, Raj.