

To the Farmers

of the 8th Congressional Dis., N. C. Office of Post Quartermaster, 8th Dist., CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 5, 1863.

From questions which are asked me almost daily, I deem it necessary to make the following notice: The articles taxable under the tax in kind law are: Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat, Irish and sweet potatoes, Beans, Peas, Rice, Sugar, cured Hay and Ground Peas, Cotton, Tobacco and Bacon.

Farmers are allowed to reserve 50 bushels sweet potatoes, 50 bushels Irish potatoes, 50 bushels wheat or 100 bushels corn (but not both), and 20 bushels beans and peas together.

Farmers will be required to deliver to my Agents the tenth of all that remains of their this year's productions. Should anything have been consumed before delivering the tenth, farmers will estimate the amount as nearly as possible and deliver accordingly.

Corn will not be received until it is in good marketable condition, dry—and of course must be shelled by the farmer.

We do not receive Pork for the very good reason that we cannot take care of it, but we receive Bacon, and only six lbs. for every hundred lbs. of Pork slaughtered.

Depots established as points of delivery, and Receiving Agents, are as follows: Monroe, Union county, H. J. Wolfe, George Cross, J. W. Morrow, H. A. Hunter, H. C. Cooke, James C. Cannon, J. A. Probst, W. M. Ellis, T. A. Allison, Henderson Sherrill, M. McCordle, A. I. Shuford, W. M. Ellis, J. F. Peggam, J. B. Fulton, E. C. Webb.

Farmers are hereby notified to deliver at any one of the above named depots, except Hickory Station and China Grove, all the taxes as soon as convenient, whether the assessment has been made or not. The above named Agents' receipts will be held good by myself. The Agents at Hickory Station and China Grove will give notice when they are ready to receive.

October 5, 1863 Capt. & P. Q. M. 8th District.

\$100 REWARD.

Stop the runaway Negroes. Runaway from my Plantation, 5 miles north-east of Charlotte, on the night of the 24th ult., a Negro Man, Woman and female child. The man, FANNY, is about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complexion, and has one or two teeth out in front. HESTER, his wife, is very short, rather thick set, dark complexion, and the child is about 4 years old.

For the apprehension and confinement of the above negroes in any jail so that I can get them, I will give \$25 reward for Jack and \$25 for Hester and child. Fanny, and \$50 for evidence sufficient to convict any white person of aiding them away from my plantation. R. J. SLOAN, Query's P. O.

Sept 28, 1863

State of North Carolina—Gaston Co.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, 1863. G. H. Hunter, adm'r of John Riley, vs. Jesse Riley, Wm. Riley, John Riley, and Robert Riley. Petition for settlement of the estate of John Riley. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the said Jesse Riley, Wm. Riley, John Riley, and Robert Riley, defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Western Democrat, a paper published in the town of Charlotte, notifying said defendants that they be and appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the county of Gaston at the Court-House in Dallas, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to this petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them.

Witness W. D. Glenn, Clerk of our said Court at Dallas on the 24th Monday in August A. D. 1863. W. D. GLENN, Clerk.

State of N. Carolina—Mecklenburg Co.

In Equity—To Sell Real Estate. In the Matter of Edwin Falls, guardian of Amelia K. White, against Esther Falls and others. Petition to sell Personally for payment of debts. In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the undersigned, that the Defendants—Esther Falls, James Simonton, Theophilus Simonton, Robert Simonton, William Simonton, Joseph C. Simonton, Mary, wife of Joseph C. Simonton, Narcissa, wife of John F. Irving, Julia S., wife of Thomas J. W. Kerr—reside beyond the limits of this State, this publication is therefore made for six successive weeks in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in the town of Charlotte, North Carolina, commanding the said non-resident defendants personally to be and appear at the Court of Equity to be held for the county of Mecklenburg at the Court-House in Charlotte on the 9th Monday after the 4th Monday in August 1863, and then and there upon their personal or this to answer fully and truly the allegations of the Plaintiff's petition; otherwise the said Court will order the said petition to be taken as confessed, and make such decrees thereupon as shall be deemed just.

Witness my official signature and the seal of said Court at office in Charlotte, the 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in August, 1863. A. C. WILLIAMSON, C. M. E.

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID.

Manufactured by J. E. BRITTON, Charlotte, N. C. The subscriber is manufacturing at Charlotte, N. C. articles of WRITING INK superior to any that has ever been offered to the South by any other firm. This Ink is of a Blue-Black color, and will not mould or thicken, nor will it corrode a steel pen. Tests having been made with this Ink, both in the ink and in water, and they have proven such, that the subscribers are offering to dealers as a superior article, and will not be defaced by color, but will be as good as new, and by putting the manufacturing process in water, it will give it a deeper blue, and it will not run, and parts written with it will be as good as new, and will not be injured or defaced in the least.

It is purely a chemical article, and those procuring this Ink will get an article that will not be defaced, but which will give, instead, a more permanent and lasting quality.

Manuscripts written thirty years ago, (and which have been exposed to the sun and air since that time,) with Ink manufactured from this receipt, are as bright and as good to-day as when first written.

Dealers will be supplied on as liberal terms as possible. This Ink can be found for retail at the Daily Bulletin office, where the subscriber will be pleased to wait upon patrons. Enquire for Britton's Blue-Black Writing Fluid.

Wholesale orders are solicited, and all of them will be promptly filled. Address J. E. BRITTON, Aug. 24, 1863. Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

SALT! SALT!

(SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.) CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 21st, 1863. I will exchange Salt for Bacon, giving two pounds of good Virginia Salt for one pound of Bacon. E. M. LOWE, Sept. 21, 1863. Maj. & C. S.

TANNERY.

We have a Tannery in full operation about six miles from Charlotte, on the C. & S. C. Railroad line. It is a first-class Tannery, and we are prepared to purchase, at market prices, Hides of all descriptions, and supply the trade at current prices. A. B. GRIFFITH, C. E. BELL, July 12, 1863.

BLANK DEEDS, Warrants, Ejectments, &c.

For sale at this Office.

Exchange Notice, No. 6.

RICHMOND, Sept. 12, 1863. The following Confederate officers and men, captured at Vicksburg, Miss., July 4, 1863, and subsequently paroled, have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared:

- 1. The officers and men of Gen. C. L. Stevenson's division.
2. The officers and men of General Bowen's division.
3. The officers and men of Brig. Gen. Moore's brigade.
4. The officers and men of the 2d Texas Reg't.
5. The officers and men of Waul's Legion.
6. Also all Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at City Point at any time previous to July 25th, 1863, have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared. ROBT. OLLD, Agent of Exchange, Sept 21, 1863

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

The undersigned entered into a Co-Partnership on the first day of August for the purpose of carrying on the Grocery and Commission Business, at the old stand of M. D. L. MOODY, opposite the Court-House, Charlotte, N. C.; and hope by faithful personal attention to share the patronage of the public. Strict personal attention given to the sale of Produce and manufactured articles of all kinds, and to the forwarding of orders for Goods when accompanied by cash or Charlotte references will be promptly filled. The HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for every article of general consumption or use. D. L. MOODY, H. L. FRITCHARD, Aug 24, 1863

3,700 BOXES OF THE SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS

Have been ordered in one day. Wherever known their use continues. Without puffing, they have gained ground by their real value. More than five hundred persons are known to have been cured by these Pills.

This excellent family medicine is recommended by the proprietors as good for Diseases of the Liver. It corresponds say that they also cure Bilious Rheumatism, Puerperia, Chills and Fevers, Billious Fevers, Piles and Worms. They are a perfectly safe medicine. Peter Vaden, Esq., who has not been able to cure, He describing remarkable cures in his family of Billious Rheumatism and Pleurisy, says: "My Doctor's bill has been heretofore from \$175 to \$200 per year. I have used these (these pills) for my family, which consists of eighteen white and colored, and have not called in a Doctor. This is a great saving. They certainly are the best family medicine ever discovered."

Rev. John W. Potter, of Greene county, North Carolina, had suffered twelve years from a diseased liver, which the physician had not been able to cure. He commenced taking the Hepatic Pills with no confidence in them. They acted like a charm on him. From that hour I have improved. I have persevered in their use, until now, by God's blessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro man who, as I believe, was saved from death by a dose of these Pills. My Doctor's bill was annually from \$100 to \$200, but I have had no use for a physician since."

Col. Jan Wright, of Goldsboro, N. C., (Aug. 14, 1862), says: "I have used the Southern Hepatic Pills in my family here, and also on my plantation in Alabama, and always with success. I have a valuable servant girl who had been a long time under treatment for consumption, without receiving any benefit. Almost in her extremity I was induced to try the Hepatic Pills. They were given according to directions, and she is now well, entirely restored by them. A similar case occurred among my servants in Alabama. For liver and lung diseases I have perfect confidence in them."

Full directions and other certificates will be found on the wrapper of each box. Price, \$1.50 a box. For \$15 a dozen boxes will be sent by mail, free to any part of the Confederacy. Still greater discount to Druggists, or others buying by the gross. Not less than a dozen need be ordered. Parties wishing a supply will do well to call on the undersigned before purchasing elsewhere. JAS. T. JOHNSON, Med. Purveyor, C. S. A., Charlotte, N. C., July 6, 1863

WANTED, 20,000 Staves.

At the C. S. Distillery (formerly owned by M. & E. Myers) at Salisbury, N. C., as follows: To be of White Oak timber, clear of sap; Staves 34 inches long, from 4 to 6 inches wide, and 1 inch thick; Heading 24 inches long, from 8 to 10 inches wide, and 1 1/2 inches thick. 200 Staves and 300 Heading to a thousand. Highest market price will be paid. Address, JAS. T. JOHNSON, Med. Purveyor, C. S. A., Charlotte, N. C., July 6, 1863

SALT FOR SALE.

We have on consignment 2,000 bushels SALT in store and to arrive, from the celebrated "Clauson Works," Charleston. Equal in quality to any imported. Parties wishing a supply will do well to call on the undersigned before purchasing elsewhere. STEPHEN HOUSE & MACAULAY, July 6th, 1863

REHOBOTH FURNACE, LINCOLN COUNTY, N. C.

THREE MILES EAST OF IRON P. O. The proprietors announce to the public that this Furnace is in full blast, and will make castings of all kinds to order. Also, Pig Iron is made and offered for sale. SHIPP & REINHARDT, July 6, 1863

NOTICE.

I am prepared to cast machine irons of all kinds, hollow-ware, salt pans, &c. Orders solicited—Terns Cash. I will exchange Iron for Bacon, corn, cloth, or provisions of any kind. J. W. DERR, July 1st, 1863. y-pd. Spring Hill Forge.

The Charlotte Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

CONTINUES to take risks against loss by fire, on Houses, Goods, Produce, &c., at usual rates. President—M. B. TAYLOR, Vice President—C. OVERMAN, Attorney—JOS. H. WILSON, Secy & Treas.—E. NYE HUTCHISON.

DIRECTORS.

CHAS. OVERMAN, WM. J. YATES, JNO. L. BROWN, WM. JOHNSTON, M. B. TAYLOR, F. SCARR, Executive Committee—F. Scarr, JNO. L. Brown, Wm J. Yates, April 10, 1863.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, and will be made TO ORDER, or SOLD BY THE YARD, Super. West of England Black Cloths; Satin Finished Black Doeskin Cassimeres; English Grey Cloths, a fine article for Confederate Army Uniforms. Also, Confederate Staff Buttons. J. A. PHILLIPS, March 3, 1863

MERCHANT TAILORING.

The undersigned having located two doors south of the Mansion House, Charlotte, N. C., is prepared to fill all orders in his line of business, such as Military and Citizens' Clothing, Caps, Lace, Buttons, &c., &c. A liberal share of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, as all orders entrusted to my care will be promptly and faithfully filled. I have competent workmen, and can compete with any other establishment in giving a "good fit," and I warrant my work to give entire satisfaction. J. A. CALDWELL, Me. R. M. ROBINSON, an experienced cutter, is engaged in this establishment, and he will be pleased to wait upon his friends. J. A. CALDWELL, June 16, 1863 y-pd

THE CONFEDERATE TAX-BILL.

The following is a summary of the Tax-Bill which was passed by the Confederate Congress on the 20th of April, 1863:

It imposes a tax of eight per cent. upon the value of all naval stores, salt, wines and spirituous liquors, tobacco manufactured or unmanufactured, cotton, wool, flour, sugar, molasses, syrup, rice, and other agricultural products, held or owned on the first day of July next, and not necessary for family consumption for the unexpired portion of the year 1863; and of the growth or production of any year preceding the year 1863; and a tax of one per cent. upon all moneys, bank notes or other currency, or hand or on deposit on the 1st of July next; and on the value of all credits on which the interest has not been paid and not employed in a business the income derived from which is taxed under the provisions of this act; provided, that all moneys owned, held or deposited beyond the limits of the Confederate States shall be valued at the current rate of exchange in Confederate Treasury notes. The tax to be assessed on the 1st day of July, and collected on the 1st day of October next, or as soon thereafter as may be possible.

Section 5th imposes the following taxes for the year ending the 31st of December, 1863, and for each year thereafter: Bankers shall pay \$500. Auctioneers, retail dealers, tobacconists, pedlars, cattle brokers, apothecaries, photographers, and confectioners, \$50, and 2 1/2 per centum on the gross amount of sales made.

Wholesale dealers in liquors \$200, and 10 per centum on gross amount of sales. Retail dealers in liquors, \$100, and 10 per centum on gross amount of sales. Wholesale dealers in groceries, goods, wares, merchandise, etc., \$200, and 2 1/2 per centum. Pawn brokers, money and exchange brokers \$200. Distillers, \$200 and 20 per centum. Brewers, \$100, and 2 1/2 per centum.

Hotels, inns, taverns and eating-houses—first class, \$500; second class, \$300; third class, \$200; fourth class, \$100; fifth class, \$50. Every house where food or refreshments are sold, and every boarding-house where there shall be six boarders or more, shall be deemed to be an eating-house under this act.

Commercial brokers or commission merchants \$200 and 2 1/2 per centum. Theatres, \$500 and 5 per centum on all receipts. Each circus, \$100, and \$10 for each exhibition. Jugglers and other persons exhibiting shows, \$50. Bowling alleys and billiard rooms, \$40 for each alley or table registered. Livery stable keepers, lawyers, physicians, surgeons and dentists, \$50. Butchers and bakers, \$50 and one per centum.

All persons engaged, or intending to engage, in any business named in the 5th section, shall, within sixty days of the passage of the act, or at the time of beginning business, and on the 1st of January in each year thereafter, register with the district collector a true account of the name and residence of each person, firm or corporation engaged or interested in the business, with a statement of the time for which, and the place and manner in which the same is to be conducted, and at the time of the registry there shall be paid the specific tax for the year ending on the 31st of December, and such other tax as may be due upon sales or receipts in such business.

Any person failing to make such registry and pay such tax shall, in addition to all other taxes upon his business imposed by the act, pay double the amount of the specific tax for such business, and a like sum for every thirty days of such failure. Requires a separate registry and tax for each place of conducting the same; but no tax for mere storage of goods at a place other than the registered place of business. A new registry required upon every change in the place of conducting a registered business upon the death of any person conducting the same, or upon the transfer of the business to another, but no additional tax.

Every person registered and taxed is required to make returns of the gross amount of sales from the passage of the act to the 30th of June, and every three months thereafter.

A tax upon all salaries, except of persons in the military or naval service, of 1 per cent. when not exceeding \$1,500, and two per cent. upon an excess over that amount. Provided, that no taxes shall be imposed on the salary of any person receiving a salary not exceeding \$1,000 per annum, or at a like rate for another period of time, longer or shorter. The tax on annual incomes, between \$500 and \$1,500, shall be five per cent; between \$1,500 and \$2,500, shall be six per cent; the first \$1,000 and ten per cent on the excess; between \$3,000 and \$5,000, ten per cent; between \$5,000 and 10,000, 12 1/2 per cent; over \$10,000 fifteen per cent; subject to the following deductions: on incomes derived from rents of real estate, manufacturing and mining establishments, &c., a sum sufficient for necessary annual repairs; on incomes from any mining or manufacturing business, the cost of fuel, cost of labor actually hired, and raw material; on income from navigating enterprises, the hire of the vessels or allowance for wear and tear of the same, not exceeding ten per cent; on income derived from the sale of merchandise or any other property, the prime cost, cost of transportation, salaries of clerks and rent of building; on incomes from any other occupation, the salaries of clerks, rent, cost of labor, material, &c.; and in case of mutual insurance companies the amount of loss paid by them during the year. Incomes derived from other sources are subject to no deduction whatever.

All joint stock companies and corporations shall pay one-tenth of the dividend and reserved fund annually. If the annual earnings shall give a profit of more than ten and less than twenty per cent on capital stock, one-eighth to be paid; if more than twenty per cent, one-sixth. The tax to be collected on the 1st of January next and of each year thereafter.

A tax of ten per cent. on all profits in 1862 by the purchase and sale of flour, corn, bacon, pork, iron, sugar, molasses, made of cane, butter, woolen cloths, shoes, boots, blankets and cotton cloths. This is not to apply to regular retail business.

Each farmer after reserving for his own use fifty bushels sweet and fifty bushels Irish potatoes, one hundred bushels corn, or fifty bushels wheat, produced this year, shall pay and deliver to the Confederate Government one-tenth of the grain, potatoes, forage, sugar, molasses, cotton, wool and tobacco produced. After reserving twenty bushels peas or beans he shall deliver one-tenth thereof.

Every farmer, planter, or grazier, one-tenth of the hogs slaughtered by him, in cured bacon, at the rate of 60 pounds of bacon to 100 pounds of pork; one per cent upon the value of all neat cattle, horses, mules and mules, and asses, to be paid by the owners of the same, heaves sold to be taxed as income.

Trustees, guardians, &c., are responsible for taxes due from estates, &c., under their control. All hospitals, insane, deaf, and charitable asylums, churches, schools and colleges are exempt from all taxes.

This act is to be in force for two years from the expiration of the present year, unless sooner repealed; but the tax on naval stores, flour, wool, cotton, tobacco and other agricultural products of the growth of any year preceding 1863, imposed in the first section, shall be levied and collected only for the present year.

Office N. C. Iron District, Charlotte, July 6, 1863.

SCRAP IRON WANTED.—I wish to purchase soft, Scrap Iron for this Department. Persons having large or small quantities on hand will please apply at once to this office. The Iron to be delivered at some point on the Railroads. WM. COOK, July 6, 1863. Genl. Agt. N. C. Iron Dist.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to FULLINGS & SPRINGS, by note or account, are hereby notified to call upon Wm. W. Grier, ex-cashier, and make immediate settlement. J. M. SPENGLER, February 3, 1863

CONFEDERATE GOVERNMENT.

Jefferson Davis of Mississippi, President. Alex. H. Stephens of Georgia, Vice President. J. P. Benjamin of Louisiana, Secretary of State. James A. Seddon of Virginia, Secretary of War. C. G. Manning, of South Carolina, Secretary of the Treasury. S. R. Mallory of Florida, Secretary of the Navy. Thos. H. Watts, of Alabama, Chief of the Department of Justice or Attorney General. J. H. Reagan, of Texas, Postmaster General. The President serves six years.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRST PERMANENT CONFEDERATE CONGRESS.

- SENATE. NORTH CAROLINA, George Davis, Wm T Dortch. SOUTH CAROLINA, Robert W Barnwell, James L Orr. TENNESSEE, Langdon C Haynes, Gustavus A Henry. TEXAS, Louis T Wigfall, W S Oldham. MISSISSIPPI, H C Burnett, William E Simms. MISSOURI, John B Clark, R S Y Peyton. Total number, 26.

HOUSE.

THOMAS S. BOCCO, Speaker. ALABAMA, 1 Thomas J Foster, 2 Wm R Smith, 3 John P Ralls, 4 J L M Curry, 5 Francis S Lyon, 6 W Chilton, 7 David CLOPTON, 8 James L Pugh, 9 E S Dargan.

ARKANSAS, 1 Felix J Balsan, 2 Grandison D Royster, 3 Augustus H Garland, 4 Thos B Hanly.

FLORIDA, 1 James B Hawkins, 2 Hilton.

GEORGIA, 1 Julian Hartridge, 2 C J Munnerlyn, 3 Hines Holt, 4 A H Kenan, 5 David W Lewis, 6 William W Clark, 7 Robt P Tripp, 8 L J Gartrell, 9 Hardy Strickland, 10 A B Wright.

KENTUCKY, 1 Alfred Boyd, 2 John W Crockett, 3 H E Read, 4 George W Ewing, 5 T S Chrisman, 6 J L Burnett, 7 H W Bruce, 8 S S Scott, 9 E M Bruce, 10 J W Moore, 11 R J Breckinridge, Jr., 12 R M Elliott.

LOUISIANA, 1 Charles J Villiere, 2 Charles M Conrad, 3 Duncan F Kenner, 4 Lucien J Dupre, 5 John F Lewis, 6 John Perkins, Jr.

MISSISSIPPI, 1 John J McRae, 2 S W Clapp, 3 Reuben Davis, 4 Israel Welch, 5 H C Chambers, 6 O R Singleton, 7 E Barksdale.

MISSOURI, 1 John Hyer, 2 Casper W Bell, 3 George W Vest, 4 A H Conrow, 5 W W Cook, 6 Thos W Freeman, 7 Thos A Harris.

NORTH CAROLINA, 1 W N H Smith, 2 Robert D Bridges, 3 Owen R Kennan, 4 T D McDowell, 5 Archibald Arrington, 6 Thomas S Ashe, 7 James R McLean, 8 William Lander, 9 B S Gaither, 10 A T Davidson.

SOUTH CAROLINA, 1 W W Boyce, 2 W Porcher Miles, 3 W D Simpsn, 4 John McQueen, 5 John Farrar, 6 L M Ager.

TENNESSEE, 1 J T Heiskell, 2 W G Swann, 3 W H Terbes, 4 E L Gardenshire, 5 H S Foote, 6 M P Gentry, 7 G W Jones, 8 Thomas Meenees, 9 J D C Adkins, 10 Mullock, 11 David M Currin.

TEXAS, 1 John A Wilcox, 2 Peter W Gray, 3 Claiborne C Herbert, 4 Wm B Wright, 5 Malcolm Graham, 6 B F Sexton.

VIRGINIA, 1 M R H Garnett, 2 John H Chambliss, 3 James Lyons, 4 Roger A Pryor, 5 Thomas S Bocock, 6 John Goode, Jr., 7 James P Holcombe, 8 Dan C DeJarnette, 9 William Smith, 10 Alex R Boteler, 11 John B Baldwin, 12 Walter R Staples, 13 Walter Preston, 14 Albert G Jenkins, 15 Robert Johnson, 16 Charles W Russell. Total number 107.

The term of the present Congress expires the 22d of February, 1864. Elections for new members will be held in this State on 4th Nov., 1863.

WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING.

SIKES & GRAY having commenced the Watch and Clock Making business in Charlotte, in the Parks Building, nearly opposite Kerr's Hotel, will be found ready to repair Watches, Clocks and Jewelry at short notice and on reasonable terms. Also, Engraving neatly and handsomely executed. All work warranted for twelve months. SIKES & GRAY, Feb 17, 1863

WANTED.

One hundred pounds Cantharis, Vitata or POTATO FLY. It resembles the Spanish Fly, but is smaller; is usually found on sweet potato vines about the end of July or beginning of August—is collected in the morning and evening by shaking the insects from the plants into a bucket. They are then carefully dried in the sun. A liberal price per pound will be paid for them. JAS. T. JOHNSON, Medical Purveyor, Charlotte, N. C. May 26, 1863

DR. JAS. H. HENDERSON

Offers his Professional Services to the citizens of the surrounding community. He has located at the late residence of his father, D. M. Henderson, dec'd, two miles north of Charlotte. Feb 17, 1863 y-pd

COPPERAS.

TAYLOR & ASBURY are now prepared to furnish by the ton or otherwise, a fine article of Copperas, superior to any English offered in market. Druggists and Apothecaries supplied with a chemically pure article. Address TAYLOR & ASBURY, May 5, 1863 Charlotte, N. C.

"GARRETT DAVIS."

This celebrated thorough-bred Horse, can still be found at my stable in Charlotte. For particulars apply to the undersigned. R. RABE, June 30, 1863 3m-pd

New Shoe Shop.

W. W. QUINN & CO. Respectfully inform the public that they are manufacturing BOOTS and SHOES of all kinds, in the building under the Western Democrat Printing office. Their work is put up in the best style by experienced workmen, and will be sold at less than 75 per cent profit. Orders will receive prompt attention. Terms, cash. Also, Shoe Pegs and Lasts for sale. W. W. QUINN & CO. Charlotte, Dec 2, 1862.

Carriage & Wagon Shop.

The subscriber, successor to Mr Charles Overman in the Carriage and Wagon making business, respectfully informs the public that he will promptly execute all work entrusted to him, and he solicits a share of public patronage. REPAIRING of all kinds will be particularly attended to and done at short notice on reasonable terms. Send your work to Overman's old stand and give me a trial. A. H. CRESWELL, Charlotte, Jan'y 13, 1863.

Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford RAILROAD.

On and after Monday the 25th of May, 1863, the Passenger Train will run on this Road (Western Division) daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

Table with columns: ARRIVE, GOING WEST, LEAVE, GOING EAST. Lists arrival and departure times for various stations like Charlotte, Tuckasee, Sharon, Lincolnton, Cherryville, etc.

Fare, six cents per mile. Soldiers going to and returning from the army, half fare. Passengers are required to make the proper change, as the Ticket Agent cannot furnish change for every one. A Freight Train leaves Cherryville for Charlotte at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Monday and returns on Tuesday. For Passenger Trains transporting Freight, 50 per cent to the tariff rates of freight will be added. V. A. McBEED, Master of Transportation. Lincolnton, May 25, 1863.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

All persons indebted to the Estate of Patrick J. Lowrie, deceased, are requested to call and make immediate payment to SAML. P. SMITH, Attorney for Executor. Dec 30, 1862

Prospectus of the DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

On and after the 1st day of November, the State Journal will be published Daily, Tri-weekly and Weekly. The Daily State Journal will contain all the news received up to the latest hour before mailing, and will consist of two editions daily. The Morning Edition will contain the news by telegraph, mail, and all telegraphic news up to 10 o'clock the previous night, and will be supplied to city subscribers and sent by the morning mails North and East; the Evening Edition will be printed at 3 o'clock p. m., and will contain the additional news by telegraph up to 2 o'clock p. m., and will be sent to subscribers by the trains west and by the Fayetteville mail. Thus subscribers, no matter in what direction they may live, will have the news up to the latest hour of the day. Arrangements have been made to procure telegraphic news from all parts of the Confederacy, expressly for the State Journal. General news by mail will be promptly published. The Markets will be fully reported. Reliable Correspondents will be secured in the Army and elsewhere. The Legislative Proceedings will be reported daily by competent Reporters. The State Journal will be essentially a newspaper. TERMS: For the Daily—12 months, \$10; 6 months, \$6; 3 months, \$3.50; 1 month, \$1.50. For the Tri-Weekly—12 months, \$7; 6 months, \$4; 3 months, \$2.50. For the weekly, 12 months \$4. Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly free of charge. This is an inducement which cannot be met by any other publication. The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual regular rates, viz: One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. JOHN SPELMAN, Editor and Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C. Oct. 21, 1862

WOOD-WORK and BLACKSMITHING.

The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of Wood-work and Blacksmithing, such as making and repairing Wagons and Buggies, horse-shoeing, &c. His Shop is at his residence, nearly opposite Mr W F Phifer's dwelling, and he also has a Blacksmith Shop on the back-part of the town of the Mecklenburg House. He solicits a share of public patronage, and feels confident he can give satisfaction both in workmanship and charges. Give him a trial. J. H. PROPEST, January 1, 1863

COTTON SEED WANTED.

The undersigned will pay the highest cash price for Cotton Seed, at their Oil Works, five miles south-east of Charlotte, at Isaac N. Alexander's mills