AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

\$10 per annum ---- IN ADVANCE

. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1864.

TWELFTH VOLUME .-- NUMBER 623.

THE

WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS, PER ANNUM;

\$10 IN ADVANCE.

For Transient advertisements must be paid for in

"Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO THE MILITIA AND A GUARD FOR HOME DEFENCE.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the exemptions from service in the Militia of the State, shall be for the same causes, and to the same extent and no farther, that are prescribed in the acts of Congress of the Confederate States, providing for the enrollment of men for the public defence and granting exemptions from the same, commonly called the conscription and ex- OF THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Governor to cause to be enrolled as a guard for home defence all white male persons not already enrolled in the service of the Confederate States, between the ages of eighteen and fifty years, resident in this State, including foreigners not naturalized, who have been residents in the State for thirty days before such enrolment, excepting persons filling the offices of Governor, Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Law and Equity, the members of the General Assembly and the officers of the several Departments of the Government of the State, Ministers of the Gospel of the several denominations of the State charged with the duties of churches, and such other persons as the Governor, for special reasons, may deem proper subjects of exemption.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That all persons above the age of fifty, who may volunteer for service in said guard for home defence, and shall be accepted by a Captain of a company for the came, shall be deemed to belong thereto, and shall be held to service therein. either generally or for any special duty or expedition as the commanding officers of regiments or companies, according to the nature of the particular service in

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted. That the Governor shall cause all persons enrolled in pursuance of the two preceding sections of this act to be formed info companies, with liberty to elect the commissioned officers of such companies, and thence into battalious or regiments, brigades and divisions according to his discretion, and he shall appoint the field officers of such battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, and shall issue commissions in due form to all the officers |

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That members of the Society of Friends, commonly cailed Quakers, may be exempted from the provision of this act by paying the sum of one hundred dellars according to an ordinance of the Convention of this State in that behalf, ratified the 12th day of May, 1862. Provided that when a Quaker shall have paid or had levied of his property the sam of five hundred dollars under the act of Congress called the conscription law aforesaid, he shall not be required to pay any sum of money for his exemption under this act.

Sec. 6. That the said guards for home defence may be called out for service by the Governor in defence of the State against invasion and to suppress invasion, either by regiments, battalions, or companies, en masse, or by drafts or volunteers from the same, as he, in his discretion may direct; shall be under his command, through the officers appointed as herein provided: shall serve only within the limits of this State, and in terms of duty to be prescribed by the Governor, not exceeding three months at one term. They, or so many of them as may be at any one time called into service, may be organized into infantry, artillery or cavalry as he may direct, and the infantry and artillery may be mounted if he shall so determine, the men furnishing their own horses and accoutrements and arms, when approved by the Governor, on such terms as he shall

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted. That the Governor may furnish to said troops the arms, accourrements and ammunition of the State when called as aforesaid into active service, and shall prescribe rules for their return and to prevent the waste, destruction or loss of the

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That all laws and clauses of laws coming within the meaning and purview of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed. Sec. 9. Be it further enacted. That the commissions of officers of the Militia, called into service by this act, are suspended only during the period of such service. Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from the date of its ratification. [Ratified the 7th day of July, 1863.]

Amendments to the above Law.

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE MILITIA AND A GUARD FOR HOME

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That neither the Governor of this State, nor the officers acting under an act ratified on the 7th day of July, 1863, entitled "An act in relation to the Militia and a Guard for Home Defence," shall call out for drill or muster the persons enrolled under said act, oftener than once a month in |. company drill, or oftener than twice a year in dattalion drill, which battalion drills shall take the place of the company drills for the mouth in which they are appointed, unless when called into actual service to repel invasion or suppress insurrection, or to execute the

shall have the power to use the Guards of Home Defence for the purpose of arresting conscripts and deserters; Provided, they shall not be ordered upon this duty beyond the limits of the counties in which they reside or the counties adjacent thereto.

Sec 3. Be it further enacted, That in addition to the exemptions contained in the act to which this is an hollow-ware, salt pans, &c. Orders solicited-Terms amendment, there shall be exempt County commission- Cashe ers appointed under an act entitled "An act for the me- I will exchange Iron for Bacon, corn, cloth, or proief of wives and families of soldiers in the army," regular millers, blacksmiths who have established shops, necessary operatives in factories and foundries, the Attorney General, Solicitors of the several circuits and counties, physicians of five years' practice, contractors with the State or Confederate government, one editor to each newspaper and the necessary compositors, mail carriers, professors in colleges and teachers in acade- place, during the present season, on Mondays, Tuesmies; Provided, that this exemption shall only apply to days and Wednesdays, and at the stables of W. T. the drills specified in this bill and not to service when | Stitt, in Providence, on Thursdays, Fridays and Satur- | kinds to order. | Also, Pig Iron is made and offered for the Guard for Home Defence is called into the field.

Sec 4. Be it further enacted, That for failure to attend the battalion or regimental drill, each field officer ! shall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars; each Captain and other officers who shall fail to muster and drill their companies at the times appointed, shall forfeit and pay for each failure fifty dollars, and if a nou-commis- (Jan. 1st, 1864) dissolved by mutual consent. All sioned officer or private shall fail to attend at any drill, persons interested will call and close their accounts he shall forfeit and pay not less than five nor more than twenty-five dollars; Provided, that every absentee shall be allowed until the next muster to make his excuse. The fines shall be adjudged by regimental and company courts-martial, and judgments are to be entered up and the fines collected in the same mode and in accordonce with the provisions of the Militia Law of North for sale at this Office.

Carolina, passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1861.

SEC 5. Be it further enacted, That the Surgeon General by and with the advice and consent of the Gov- in the Senate at the ensuing August election. ernor, may appoint surgical boards, not exceeding three, composed of two physicians each, who shall declare by their certificates those persons who shall be exempt from service under the act to which this is an

home defence, should they be called into service by the Governor, shall receive the same pay, rations and allowances as soldiers in the Confederate States' service, and shall be subject to the rules and articles of March 15, 1864. pd

war of the Confederate States. SEC 7. Be it further enacted, That when the pressure of public danger shall not prevent the observance of such a rule, the said Guard for home defence shall not be called into service en masse, but by drafts of a number of men from each convenient company, so as to

make up the aggregate force required. SEC 8. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force and take effect from and after its ratification. Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, this the 14th day of December, A. D., 1863.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE Of Messengers

At Charlotte Office, Daily.

ARRIVES.

From Char. & S.C. Railroad 7 30 A. M. and 9 P.M " N. C. Railroad " A., T. & O. Railroad 9 00 ". " Wil., C. & R. Railroad 3 15 P. M.

DEPARTS. 6 20 A.M. and 2 00 P.M For N. C. Railroad Char. & S C. Railroad 10 00 " and 4,30 Wil., C. & R. Railroad 7 30 "

A., T. & O. Railroad 4 00 P. M.

It is desired that all Parcels, Packages or Freight to be forwarded by either of the above Trains, be sent to this Office ONE Hour previous to its departure. T. D. GILLESPIE, Agent. Charlotte, Sept. 7, 1863. tf

EXPRESS NOTICE.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, Charlotte, Sept. 24, 1863. In order to avoid misunderstanding and to make Company hereby gives notice that from and after October 1st, 1863, shippers will be required to place their valuation upon each package before it will be received Such valuation will be inserted in the Company's receipt, and establish the liability of the Company for the amount. The act of God and the public enemy only excepted.

T. D. GILLESPIE,

Tailoring.



JOHN VOGEL, Practical Tailor, respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he is prepared short notice. His best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to those who patronize him. Shop opposite Kerr's Hotel, next door to Brown & Stitt's store. Jan. 1, 1863.

COPPERAS.

TAYLOR & ASBURY are now prepared to furnish y the on or otherwise, a fine article of Copperas uperior to any English offered in market. Druggists and Apothecaries supplied with a chemically pure article. Address TAYLOR & ASBURY, Charlotte, N. C.

Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford RAILROAD.

On and after Monday the 25th of May, 1863, the Passenger Train will run on this Road (Western Division) daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

ARRIVE:						LEAVE:			
				Charlotte,		7	30	A. 1	
8	15	A. M.	-	Tuckaseege,		8	20		
8	55	44		Brevard,		9	00	44	
9	25	4.6		Sharon,	100	9	30	46	
10	00	4.6		Lincolnton,		10	05	**	
10	45	**		Cherryville.					
				GOING EAST:				į.	
ARRIVE:							LEAVE:		
				Cherryville.		11	30	A. 1	

12 25 P. M. Lincolnton, 12 55 12 50 Sharon, Brevard, 1 25 " 1 20 Tuckaseege, 2-00 1 53 Charlotte. Fare, six cents per mile. Soldiers going to and re-

turning from the army, half fare. Passengers are remired to make the proper change, as the Ticket Agent annot furnish change for every one. A Freight Train leaves Cherryville for Charlotte at o'clock, A M, on Mondays, and returns same day. For Passenger Trains transporting Freights, 50 per

Master of Transportation. Lincolnton, May 25, 1863.

ent to the tariff rates of freight will be added.

OBABLOTTE BOTEL, BY J. B. KERR, Proprietor. R VERY ACCOMMODATION afforded the patrons of the Charlotte Hotel.

V. A. McBEE,

J. B. KERR.

At this How is kept the line of Daily Stages from Charlotte & Asheville.

NOTICE.

I am prepared to cast machine irons of all kinds, visions of any kind

J. W. DERR. July 1st, 1863. Spring Hill Forge.

GARRET DAVIS.

This fine Horse can be found at my stable in this days. Terms, sixty dollars insurance.

NOTICE. The firm of WILLIAMS, OATES & CO., is this day

with either of the undersigned. L. W. SANDERS.

January 12, 1864

BLANK DEEDS, Warrants, Ejectments, &c. ; ent.

Announcement.

The friends of Col. WILLIAM M. GRIER announce him as a candidate to represent Mecklenburg county March 28, 1864 te-pd

For the Legislature. amendment, an account of mental or physical disabili-ty, and they shall receive the pay of their rank and well represented in the person of JOHN L. BROWN, traveling expenses, to be determined by the Adjutant- who has proven to be a prompt, active and faithful public servant, many of his constituents desire his re-SEC 6. Be it further enacted, That the Guard for election, and hereby announce him a candidate for the House of Commous at the election in August next, Mr

For the Legislature.

The friends of E. C. GRIER announce him a candidate for re-election to the House of Commons from Mecklenburg county. April 11, 1864 te-pd

Announcement.

MONITOE, N. C., March 12th, 1864, We take the liberty of announcing Col. SAMUIL H. WALKUP, of the 48th N. C. Regiment, as a cantidate for the Senate, composed of the counties of Union and Anson. Also THOMAS MARSH, Esq., to represent the county of Union in the Commons in the nect General Assembly of North Carolina. SEVERAL CITIZENS

March 15 te-pd . of Union County.

Announcement.

We, as soldiers, respectfully announce Capt .. J. L. MOORE as a candidate for Sheriff of Union county it our next regular election in August, and as such will be voted for by MANY SOLDIERS. be voted for by Feb. 16, 1864

Announcement.

MANY SOLDIERS IN THE ARMY. December 22, 1863 tepd

To the Voters of Union County, FELLOW CITIZENS: I am a candidate for your suffrages at the next equing election for Sheriff in the County of Union. My connection with the army, howliar intercourse with you that would generally be deour charges conform to the liability assumed, this sirable. But, trusting that I may have a due allowance for this seeming inconvenience, with a view to corporation, which were voted down, and the bill repeated expressions of a desire that I should become finally passed with a provision reserving the right a candidate, I have consented to do so-though under rounded us four years ago. Many of you have realized the hardships of war and the dangers of battle; but without recalling the past, let us look hopefully to the future, and permit me, in grateful acknowledgements

of the favors I received at your bands then, with many others previous to that time, to ask your cordial support now. If elected, I will use what industry and ability I possess to fulfill the obligations of the office in such a manner as, I hope, may ever be satisfactory to you. On the contrary, if I am not elected, I shall consider that you have done me no wrong and that 'I have no right to criticise because your suffrages are thing in the latest style and at against me. But I am fully sensible of the distinction conferred, by being elected to the position for which I am a candidate, and shall be as proud to receive your votes as I shall ever be earnest and faithful to prove myself worthy of the responsible trust imposed by the same. And, in conclusion, allow me to hope you will remember your friend, and on the day of election a ticket for the same. W. H. COLLINS,

Co. A, 4th N. C. Cavalry, March 28, 1864 pd Gordon's Brigade.

Announcement.

YADRINVILLE, April 18, 1864. I am authorized to announce Col. W. H. A. SPEER of the 28th N. C. Troops, a candidate at the election in August next, to represent the people of the counties of Yadkin, Surry, Alleghany, Ashe and Watauga in the Senate of the next Legislature of North Carolina. Respectfully, R. F. ARMFIELD.

The Peoples' Ticket.

FOR THE SENATE, COL. WILLIAM M. GRIER FOR THE COMMONS, R. D. WHITLEY, J. SOLOMON REID.

May 16, 1864 ' tepd

to be paid on delivery of fruit.

April 25th.

For Sheriff. We are authorized to announce R. M. WHITE as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Mecklenburg county. May 9, 1864

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF WESTERN PLANK ROAD COMPANY, Lincolnton, N. C., April 11, 1864. Company: The Confederate Tax on the individual shares in this company will be paid by the President C. C. HENDERSON, Prest. April 18, 1864 4t West. P. R. Company

WANTED. One Hundred Bushels DRIED APPLES, for which the highest market price in the new issue will be paid. Seud by Express to Raleigh at my expense, with bill,

April 11, 1864 5t STRAYED

From my Pasture near Wilson Wallace's, about the 1st of Nov. last, a red COW which I bought at auc- the indigent families of soldiers. tion, formerly owned by Wm. Tassy Alexander. Also, at the same time and place, a spotted HEIFER, of the brindle order. She was sold at auction by Mr Morritheir delivery to me or for information so that I can amendment, expressing like confidence in Presi-W. A. COOK. Feb 18, 1864

REHOBOTH FURNACE.

LINCOLN COUNTY, N. C., THREE MILES EAST OF IRON P. O. The proprietors announce to the public that this Furnace is in full blast, and will make castings of all only three dissenting votes. SHIPP & REINHARDT. March 1, 1864 3m-pd.

The Donors to the Soldiers' Orphan Fund

Are respectfully requested to meet in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, in Raleigh, N. C., on Friday, 27th of Mey, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Those who cannot charge the duties specified. A bill to amend the be present should send proxies A full attendance is desired, for important business.

St. John's College are respectfully invited to he pres-CHARLES F. DEEMS, Cinancial Secretary.

Western Bemorrat. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Our terms are \$10 in the new 'ssue or \$15 in the old. We have to pay new issue for the printing paper we buy, and therefore must change the old for new issue, 5's included. \$5 in the old issue pays for four sumed the privilege of giving you some of the de-

months' subscription. The Democrat will be discontinued to all subscribers at the expiration of the time for which it is paid. ceived orders to march from our left to the right. Those who want to continue must renew before or at the ex- On reaching the telegraph road, it was ascertained piration of their time.

It would be more to the credit of Vice President Stephens if he would stay in Richmond and perform his duties as President of the Senate, instead of remaining in Georgia to make demagogical and electioneering speeches. His late speech against the suspension of the habeas corpus was made for electioneering purposes and in order to in pursuit. The former being several hours in adelect himself, if possible, to the next Presidency of the Confederacy. He will see his mistake if he lives long enough.

N. C. LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, on the 20th, Mr Young introduced a bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road Company. A bill was passed authorizing the collection of taxes in Confederate notes | imity to the main column below the denomination of five dollars and the new issue at par, or in notes of five to fifty dollars at one-third discount.

In the House, Mr Logan presented a memorial from Queen Victoria, a free colored woman, praying We, as soldiers, respectfully announce THOMAS that she be allowed to enslave herselflare she wants R. MAGILL as a candidate for the House of Commons to marry a slave, and as a free woman the law profor Union county, at our next regular election in Aug. hibits it.] Bills to amend the charter of the town of Charlotte, and to allow A J Hood, tax collector being drawn, our boys with a yell put at them and

In the Sebate on the 21st, the bill to incorporate the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the Confederate States, was received ever, has for some months removed me from that fami- from the House. Several propositions were made to limit the amount of property to be held by the privileges granted in it.

Mr Smith of Macon, offered the following reso-

lutions endorsing the administration of Gov. Vance: Resolved, That His Excellency, Governor Z B Vance, is justly entitled to the confidence and thanks of this General Assembly for the able, faithful and successful manner in which he has being manœuvered considerably, on both sides, the heretofore discharged and is now discharging the skirmishing between the enemy and a portion of complicated and arduous duties of the Executive | the 1st or 2d, dismounted, became very brisk. office, embarrassed as it has been by the difficulties The 4th squadron of the 5th, in command of Capt growing out of the present unjust and fiendish war.

Resolved, further, That Gov. Vance has the most hearty approval and cordial sympathy of this against us for our subjugation.

On the adoption of these resolutions the yeas and nays were taken as follows:

For the resolutions-Messrs Adams of Davidson, Arendell, Aycock, Bagley, Blount, Beyden, Carroway, Copeland, Ellis, Faison, Harris of Franklin, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Patton, Pitchford, Powell, Sinders, Simpson, Sharp, Smith of Anson, Smith of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Chatham, Taylor of the 1st, after having sounded the charge with his Nash, Warren, Wiggins, Wooly, Wright and own trumpet, dashed forward and seized the bugler Young-33.

Against the resolutions-Messrs Harris of Rutherford and Patrick of Greene-2.

Mr Hoke introduced a bill to turn over to the Confederate authorities the troops now organized and in the pay of the State. Mr Patrick introduced a bill imposing a fine of \$100 on millers for taking more than one-eighth toll, &c. Mr Boyden our part than that of Adjutant Worth of the 2d. introduced a bill- to make the guage of the Pied-Richmond Road.

In the House, the resolution exempting from conscription State and other officers was put upon its third reading. A motion to exclude from exemp. Gordon's brigade were soon at the place. Capts To the Stockholders of the Western Plante Road tion Militia officers and Justices of the Peace under 45 years of age, was rejected by a vote of 61 to 31. A motion to exclude Constables was also rejected by a vote of 55 to 40. A motion was then made to add to the list of exemptions County | died. Most of the evening and during the night, Surveyors and Jailors, which was rejected. The the enemy was gradually falling across the Chickresolution then passed its third reading.

offered a bill prohibiting the distillation of grain set on foot for the capture of Richmond. R. and sugar cane. A resolution of thanks to the officers and soldiers of North Carolina was adopted.

In the House, the resolutions endorsing Gov. Vance, which had been previously passed by the son of Pioneer Mills. I will pay a liberal reward for Senate, were taken up. Mr Cobb offered au of the amendment was unanimously adopted. And then the resolutions as amended were adopted with

from indictment, which was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 90 to 1. A bill was passed for the benefit of the legal representatives of deceased soldiers-authorizing the Governor to appoint an act against distillation so as to prohibit the distil-The committee of the Grand Lodge of Masons for ling of buckwheat and barley, was passed. A' bill to exempt certain citizens from taxation was laid

MOND

Correspondence of the Raleigh Confederate.

CAMP 5TH N. C. CAVALRY, May 16. Thinking a few lines from this quarter would be of interest to your many readers, I have as-

tails in regard to the recent raid of Sheridan. On the 9th instant, we very unexpectedly rethat the enemy, variously estimated at from ten to twenty thousand cavalry, had, about 9 o'clock in the morning, debouched from the left of Grant's army, elaborately fitted out with all the paraphanalia of war, and were marching down the road, in the direction of Richmond, thinking it an easy prey, in the absence of our troops, most of which were engaged at other points Wickham's brigade, quickly followed by ours (Gordon's,) was sen vauce of ours, had had several desperate encounters with him (in each of which he was driven back, before we were able to overtake bim. Devastation and waste characterized he section through which the raiders had passed, and no vestige of a Yankee, save their dead, was seen until our arrival on the North Anna river. On the opposite bills skirted with beavy timbers, mounted videttes of the enemy could be seen, apprising us of our prox-

Gordon's brigade, comprising the 1st, 2d, and 5th N. C. cavalry, were sent to a point higher up the river than that held by Wickham; a detachment from the 5th, under command of Capt Me-Clennahan, was dismounted and sent to clear the banks of the stream of the enemy's sharpshooters, which was done in handsome style without any serious loss on our part. Simultaneously with this movement, Capt Galloway's squadron of the 5th was ordered to cross the ford and charge. Sabres having been killed and wounded. Horses, too,

worn out and exhausted, dotted the roads for miles. Hardly had his rear reached Beaver Dam Station, on the Central road, when a part of Wickham's Va. brigade came on his flank, killing several and wounding many, and pushing him in the direction of Richmond. His demoralized condition was evident from the fact of trees being felled across the road and all the bridges torn up to devastly different circumstances from those which sur- to the Legislature to hereafter limit or enlarge the lay pursuit. On that night the camp fires of the had stopped to rest.

> we were again it saddle, ready to move . Having the names of the brave captors. advanced a short distance, a line of his charmished were seen advancing, which a detackment from the 2d soon drove back. About 10 o'clock, after McClennahae, was detached, a part as mounted videttes and the remainder placed in the read near Goodall's house, confronting several regiments of General Assembly for the firmness and fidelity with Yankees. Soon Gen Gordon came up and gave which he has uniformly adhered to our cause of the order to charge, he himself leading the 5th independence and resistance to the powers brought | with the 4th squadron in the van, which broke the lest of the enemy's lines. Capt Harris in the centre and Capt Galloway on the left, also did much in completing the discomfiture of the raiders. At the same time, the 1st, under the gallant Colonel Cheek, were in close pursuit, having made a flank movement. The rout was complete. The 2d also added new laurels to those already won on so many hard fought fields To mention acts of individual courage, would be doing many injustice; but there is one deserving of special notice The bugler of of the 1st Maine, taking his bugle from him, and again sounded the charge. The rout of the raider's being complete, a short time was devoted to rest and collecting the spoils. The pursuit was then resumed, his rear being overtaken at Mr. Winston's . The 4th squadron was again dismounted and thrown out as skirmishers. After several hours, the enemy retired with no farther loss on

During the day, Lomax's brigade had a severe mont Railroad the same as that of the Danville & engagement near Yellow Tavern. It was here the beroic Stewart-fell, mortally wounded, just as victory had perched itself on our banners. The day ollowing, the raiders had gained our outer entrenchments and taken position near Brook Church. Shaw and Irwin with their respective companies, were dismounted as sharpshooters, which together with the 32d Va. infantry, were engaged most of the evening Here Gen Gordon received a severe wound in the arm, from the effects of which he ahominy in the direction of Mechanicsville, and finally retreated down the Peninsula towards Coal On Monday, the 23d, in the Senate, Mr Hoke Harbor. Thus ended the great raid so elaborately

FUNERAL HONORS .- The remains of the la mented Gen Gordon were received Saturday even-Mr Young introduced a resolution for the relief of ing, May 21st. Lt Kerr Craige, A D C, accompanied them - On the arrival of the train at the depot, the Garrison Battalion, under the command of the Commandant of the Post, Capt G W Alexander, received the body with appropriate honors, and bore it to the Town Hall, where a guard of honor was detailed. At 5 o'clock Sunday morn- | battle) Dr. Campbell says that the yankees came dent Davis and a grateful appreciation of the ing, the quiet of our streets was broken by the heroism of our soldiers. The amendment was solemn cadence of the muffled drums. On enquiadopted by a vote of 45 to 42. The second clause, ry, it was ascertained that all the troops from the Garrison that could be spared were turned out and remains to the Western Railroad cars

Among the Pall Bearers, we unficed the Hon Gen. Gordon's death was caused by crysipelas attacking the wound he received.

BACON BY THE WHOLESALE .- The Commissary | the enemy .. Agent with a salary of \$2,500 per annum, to dis- Department has recently received three millions pounds of bacon, from outside of the Confederacy. It is stated, upon official authority, that the tithe of Dacon in Georgia will exceed five million pounds is good we have take a fices held by him to wit:

The reclaimed districts in North Carolina are also as a second with the Militia and Majoret. The reclaimed districts in North Carolina create furnishing large quantities. This does nt looks the tions of the army as a primuch like starvation.

CAVALRY FIGHTS AROUND RICH- GEN MORGAN'S DRFEAT OF AVERILL The late achievement of Gen John H Morgan, in his defeat of Averill in Southwestern Virginia, is said to have been one of the most brilliant of the war in rapidity of movement and suddenness of orset, while the enemy were twice the number of our forces, and had, besides, artillery. General Morgan's command was separated, the two portions being about thirty miles apart. He called them together, and sent five hundred men to Dublin Depot, to assist Gen Jenkins, where they arrived in time to save our stores at that point, and prevent the enemy from carrying off the prisoners they had taken. Upon their arrival, and without a moment's rest, they stubbornly met and resisted the enemy, until the remaining force of Col Mo-Causland (who commanded after the wounding of Gen Jenkins,) could rally. Gen Morgan, with the rest of his force, hurried forward, marched thirtyeight miles, came up with and immediately engaged the enemy under Averill, who, four thousand strong, fought bim four bours, and finally charged him on foot, Gen Morgan at the head of the column, driving him from his guns, and pursuing him, still on foot, for seven miles. But for the night closing in upon them, and the high water, in New river, he would have completed his victory by capturing the entire force. Averill destroyed the ferry and the pontson bridges over New river, thus preventing pursuit in that way, and the river rose so during the night that it was afterwards impossible for Gen Morgan to cross. The eclerity of Morgan's movement took the people completely by surprise. The citizens of Wytheville, knowing that there were no Confederate forces within thirty miles, and that the encmy were advancing towards that place, were moving their effects, when the news of Averill's defeat reached them. The people of Southwestern Virginta are loud in their praises of the gallant General and his men. The Confederate loss in the attack upon Averill was 10 killed and 50 wounded. Twelve dead Yankees and a number of their wounded were left on the field. They carried off

> most of their wounded, among them Gen Duffy. CAPTURED COLORS .- The following graceful eknowledgment was issued by Gen. Lee on the

day after the great buttle of the 12th: Headquarters Army Northern Va.,)

On battle field, May 13, 1864, . Maj-Gen. Wilcox : General Lee directs me to acknowledge the receipt of the flags captured by raiders could be seen from the joint at which we. Lane's Brigade in its gallant charge of yesterday, and to say that they will be forwarded to the Hon About three o'clock on the following morning. See'y of War, with the accompanying note, and

A are very respectfully, your ob't servt,

C. S. VENABLE, A. D. C. The names of the captors of the three flags are; Lieut J M Grimsby, Co. K, Lieut O A Wiggins, to 15, 37th S C Regiment, and private J II Wheeler, Co E, 18th N C Regt.

CONFEDERATE RAMS IN FRANCE

. From the Shipping Gazette (English). We learn from Nantes that the two steamships built in that port for the Confederate States of America, the Shanghai and the San Francisco. were launched recently Not the slightest mystery, it appears, is observed at Nantes as to the fact of these vessels . baving' been constructed for the Confederates; and it is affirmed there that the French Government, notwithstanding the remonstrances of Mr Dayton, the U.S. minuster at Paris, has no intention whatever of preventing the arming of them. Thus French ship-buthlers enjoy a liberty of action which those of England do not possess, and the French Government pays no attention to representations from the North Americans, to the like of which our government meekly bows. Verily, Old England, in both respects, has fallen from her high estate. The Shanghai and the Sau Francisco are described as very handsome and powerful wessels, and are so constructed that they will possess great speed. In addition to these, some floating batteries, also for the Confederates, are in course of construction at Nantes, and such progress has been made with them that they can

put to sea before long. From Bordeaux we learn that in that port, as well as at Nantes, a steamship has been built for the Confederates. This vessel is sufficiently advanced to be able to sail about the end of May. Her name is Yedo. She is to go to China, and in order to prevent any objection to her departure, she will leave as a commercial ship, and will even

The Statesville Express makes some extracts from a letter from Dr. Campbell, Surgeon of the 7th N. U. Regiment, in regard to the battles near Spottsylvania C. H. In a letter dated the 10th, the Dr. says:

"Mr Grant was badly whipped, losing twentyfive to forty thousand men. We took all his hospitals, any amount of stores, thousands of small arms and one battery of artillery. We drove them from every position. Grant made a desperate effort to get to Spottsylvania C. H., but Uncle Robert was a little too quiek for him, and when Grant got here he found himself confronted by Anderson's Division, and was repulsed with heavy loss. He left his killed and wounded in our hands."

In another letter dated the ISth (after the big over in large numbers and surrendered. There was to straggling of our men and no demoralization. They are perfectly confident of victory in formed a beautiful escort for our lamented hero's every engagement. Many heroic deeds of our remains to the Western Railroad cars brave men are mentioned. One Confederate soldier, without a gun, took seven yankee prisoners. Mr Lemmonds offered a bill to exempt soldiers B Craige, the gallant Col A C Godwin, Major Col R V Cowan acted with the greatest bravery; Myers and Capt Galloway - Salishary Watchman. he took the colors of his regiment and led his men in the charge in a most gallant manner. Col Bar-ber of the 37th, and Col Davidson of the 7th, are missing-supposed to have been captured by

> A RARE EXAMPLE - We learn that C. F. Dowd, a gallant young man of this county, has

vate .- Raleigh Conservative.