

MAGISTRATES.

The following is a list of the Magistrates appointed by Gov. Holden for Mecklenburg county:

McIver,	Dan Barnhardt,
G Barnett,	Robt R Rea,
P Helper,	Jefferson Berryhill,
W Brown,	Robert Sloan,
John Jetton,	Washington Mills,
R Gillespie,	J Sol Reid,
P Sossamon,	Elam Sample,
D Whitley,	W W Grier,
Sifford,	Wm McGinnis, Sr,
Thos Gluyas,	Martin Alexander,
James Martin,	Dr Maxwell,
R L DeArmond,	Elam Robinson,
Rich'd Jordan,	Mark Wilson,
Wm Treloar,	Thomas Kerr,
Chas A Frazier,	Thos W Dewey,
E W Abrens,	B W Alexander.

We understand that the above-named persons are notified to appear in Charlotte on Tuesday, 4th July, to be sworn in by Dr. Wm. Sloan.

The following is a form of the Commission issued to Magistrates:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To ———, Greeting:

Whereas, in order to promote the speedy restoration of Civil Authority in the State of North Carolina and ensure the perpetuation of a Republican form of government, and reposing special trust and confidence in your prudence, integrity and zeal for the preservation of peace and good order, do hereby appoint you Justices of the Peace for the county of ——— as long as a Provisional Government shall continue in this State, and no longer; and do invest you with all the rights, privileges, powers and authorities, useful and necessary to the just and proper discharge of your duties, under the laws in being prior to the 20th of May, 1861, and in pursuance of such other instructions as may from time to time be issued by us.

In witness whereof, His Excellency, William W. Holden, Provisional Governor for the State of North Carolina, by appointment of Andrew Johnson, President of the U. S. of America, hath signed with his hand these presents. Done at the city of Raleigh, on the — day of —, 1865, and in the 89th year of our independence. W. W. HOLDEN.

By the Governor:

R. C. BADGER, Private Secretary, pro tem.

TOWN COMMISSIONERS.—Gov. Holden has made the following appointments for the Town of Charlotte:

H. M. Pritchard, Mayor.

Ward No. 1—W A Williams, W F Windle.

No. 2—J E Stenhouse, A Weil.

No. 3—J C Burroughs, H M Phelps.

No. 4—D C Barnhardt, C Bilker.

REVIEW.—The 1st Division of the 23d Army Corps was reviewed in this place, on Tuesday evening last, by Brig-Gen. Thomas. Some three or four thousand men turned out. Gen. Thomas now commands the Division, and is popular with both citizens and soldiers.

Considering the large number of troops quartered in this neighborhood, remarkable good order has been preserved, which speaks well for all the officers in charge of this Post.

TO THE CHARITABLE.—A friend calls our attention to the fact that numbers of Confederate soldiers, who have recently been released, are daily arriving at Charlotte, many of them sick, and are entirely dependent upon the kind offices of the Federal officers and soldiers for sustenance. We invite attention to the matter, and solicit contributions of fruits and vegetables which are so grateful to the invalid at this season of the year.

If a relief committee were organized and would attend at the Depot on the arrival of the evening train, and distribute vegetables and fruit, it would prevent suffering. We would also suggest to those who have vegetables and fruit to spare, to send something of the kind to the Hospitals for the benefit of both the Federal and Confederate sick soldiers. Let something be done to relieve the suffering and wants of all who are sick or wounded.

We tender our thanks to Hon. J. W. Forney, Secretary of the U. S. Senate, for valuable public documents, among them complete copies of the Tax Laws.

ADVERTISING.—Northern merchants who want to advertise in this paper must send their advertisements directly to us, and not through Advertising Agencies. We have had some experience with Advertising Agents, and don't care to have anything more to do with them unless their orders are accompanied with the cash.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad Company is to be held in Salisbury on the 13th of July.

The attempt made by some of the New York journals to create the impression that there is no disposition at the South to give ready faithful support to the Federal authority, and that the submission of the people here is only yielded with a view to future mischief, and hence that they must be humiliated to the last degree, distrusted and controlled like unyielding enemies, is working much mischief to the cause of pacification and doing wrong to the South generally. We rely upon the better judgment and kinder feeling of the people generally, as a corrective of these inconsiderate and mischievous reflections.—*Richmond Whig*.

Unfortunately, there are a few sycophants here in the South who consider it necessary to establish their own loyalty by abusing Southern men and demanding their punishment, degradation and ruin, and who thus deceive the North about the wishes and sentiments of the great mass of the Southern people who are anxious to promote true peace and good feeling. Such miserable creatures (their real character and motives not being understood at the North) encourage "some New York journals" and others in the exercise of malice towards us. It is, indeed, a foul bird that pollutes its own nest.

The great mass of Southern people heartily supported the Confederacy whilst it had an existence, and now, it being dead, they will do their duty as law-abiding citizens of the United States; but they feel wounded and hurt every time a Southern man's property is confiscated or his person imprisoned for political offences. This is natural. And we can assure the Northern people that the true Union men of the South [we mean those who, from principle, preferred the Union to the Confederacy] participate in this feeling more or less—they are not now of the proscriptive class, but are generally found advocating kind feeling and peace. It is only the latter day saints, the eleventh-hour Union men, who urge proscription and exult at the imprisonment of Southern men—they are always ready to go with the strong side.

We are sincerely desirous of letting by-gones be by-gones—we are tired of turmoil and disputes, and want to do all in our power to promote peace—but it may become necessary, in behalf of truth and in defence of conscientious, honest and well-disposed men everywhere, to expose from the record the past course of some of those in the South who are now professing to be the salt of the earth and constantly abusing Southern men and calling for their degradation.

The following is the form of the pardon granted by the President of the United States to those whose petitions are favorably received:

Whereas, ———, by taking part in the late rebellion against the government of the U. States, has made himself liable in heavy pains and penalties, and whereas, the circumstances of his case render him a proper object of Executive clemency. Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President, do hereby grant to the said ———, a full pardon and amnesty for all offences by him committed, arising from participation, direct or implied, in the said rebellion, conditioned as follows: This pardon to begin and take effect from the day on which the said ——— shall take the oath prescribed in the proclamation of the President dated May 29, 1865, and to be void and of no effect if the said ——— shall hereafter at any time acquire any property whatever in slaves, or make use of slave labor."

We are willing that all who heretofore paid for the Democrat (whether in Confederate money or anything else) shall have the paper until their subscription term expires; in fact, we have put ourselves to a great deal of trouble and expense, since the embarrassments consequent upon the sudden stoppage of the war commenced, to supply the paper to subscribers. For a few weeks it was impossible to print our regular sheet, and we printed small Extras in place of it and sent them out. If all did not get them it was not our fault—we did the best we could, and when it is remembered that all but a few papers in the State suspended entirely, we think we have done well. Many have received the paper for the year just ending for the sum of ten dollars, Confederate currency. If any one is dissatisfied, all we have to say to such is, that we do not want their names on our books again—we want nothing to do with "skin-flints."

NEWSPAPERS.—The following are the only newspapers now published in North Carolina:

The Standard, Record, Progress and N. C. Christian Advocate, at Raleigh; Western Democrat at Charlotte; Union Banner at Salisbury; Peoples Press at Salem; Times at Newbern; Flag at Plymouth; Herald at Wilmington; Patriot at Greensboro; and probably the News at Asheville. These are all that remain of some 35 or 40 papers published at the commencement of and during the war.

Of the papers published at the commencement of the war the following only are now in operation: Standard and Progress at Raleigh; Democrat at Charlotte; Patriot at Greensboro; and Press at Salem.

A MUCH NEEDED AMENDMENT.—While the Constitution of North Carolina is being amended, we hope the old method of appointing Magistrates for the different counties by the Legislature will be abolished or restricted. It ought to be abolished as a nuisance to the good people of the State. Let it be a part of the sworn duty of the Judges of our Superior Courts to appoint a certain number of Magistrates for each county—say one or two for each Precinct or Captain's Beat.

IMPROPER APPOINTMENTS.—We do not believe that Gov. Holden would knowingly appoint notoriously immoral and dishonest men to office. If such persons have secured appointments, we think the Governor was not aware of their character, and we would suggest that those who know the facts inform the Governor. That is a better plan than making publication in the newspapers. At present we must decline publishing any communications on the subject.

FRUIT.—Fruit will be more abundant this year than for many years previous, and we think of a superior quality, judging from specimens which our friends have presented us.

We urge that some plan be adopted by our Town authorities (either civil or military) to protect those who bring fruit here for sale from depredations by boys and others who are disposed to "grab." The dear little boys who are permitted to roam the streets from day to day in idleness and learning bad habits, ought to be taken care of by somebody. If they could be induced to learn trades or engage in any respectable business it would prove a blessing to them and to mankind generally.

GAS LIGHT.—President Brown announces that the company will be prepared this week to commence furnishing gas light. Well done for President Brown—he will no doubt get the thanks of the whole community for his timely attention to this important matter.—*Salisbury Banner*.

We hope the President of the Charlotte Gas Company will stir himself and get the gas-works in operation, and give us "more light."

APPOINTMENT OF SOUTHERN POSTMASTERS.—The Postmaster General has made the following appointment of Postmasters for N. Carolina: Wilmington, Wm A Poisson; Greensboro, J D White; Goldsboro, John Robinson; Elizabeth City, Mrs Martha Jane Milroy; Hillsboro, Chas J Frazier; Salem, A T Zevely; Wilson, W G Sharpe; Yanceyville, Alex McAlpin; Newbern, G W Mason.

We have heard a great deal of complaint made about the wheat crop in this section, but we saw a farmer from Gaston the other day who spoke differently about his own prospects—he said he thought he would make twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre. He plants largely and works hard.

The statement heretofore published that Lewis E. Parsons had been appointed Provisional Governor of South Carolina, is not correct. Mr Parsons is the Governor of Alabama. No appointment has yet been made for South Carolina.

The President's health was somewhat improved yesterday, though he was too indisposed to receive visitors or to attend to much business. Consequently the Cabinet meeting which was to have been held to discuss South Carolina affairs was postponed.—*New York Herald 28th*.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature of Virginia has passed a bill levying a tax of 20 cents on the \$100 for the support of the State government.

The rate of interest has been put at 6 per cent, but contracts in writing for 7 3-10 per cent shall be held as legal.

The bill to incorporate the Virginia Emigration and Land Company has been defeated, and a resolution passed directing the Governor to enquire into and report at the next session the action of Missouri, Tennessee and North-Carolina, in relation to unimproved State and abandoned land.

GOOD NEWS.—The most gratifying news lately received, is the official announcement from Washington City, that no man will be excluded from voting because he has been a soldier in the Confederate army.

It is desirable that as many persons as possible should have the privilege of voting when the government is to be reorganized. We want all to feel that they have an equal and substantial interest in constructing a good government.

It would have been most unfortunate if the soldiers had been excluded; we believe the majority of them have ever been true men, strongly opposed to the late war.

They are a brave and manly body of men, and such men readily forget and forgive injuries done to themselves and others. They have behaved nobly and magnanimously—they have had enough of war.

We are sure they will make useful and peaceable citizens, and will be opposed to the next war.—*Raleigh Standard*.

OUR COUNTRY!

Independence Day will be appropriately celebrated in Charlotte to-morrow. The troops will mass and the citizens assemble at the Oak Grove on Church Street, in the rear of the Mint, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The following programme has been arranged for the occasion:

1. Music by the Brass Band.
2. Prayer.
3. "Star Spangled Banner" by the Choir.
4. Reading of the Declaration of Independence by General Thomas.
5. Patriotic Songs by the Choir.
6. Oration by Col. Packard, 128th Ind. Vols.
7. "My country, 'tis of thee," by the Choir.
8. "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie," by the Band.
9. National Salute of thirty-six guns.

All good citizens are respectfully invited to attend.

R. C. KISE,
Lt. Colonel 120th Ind. Vols.
JAS. TUCKER,
Lt. Colonel 25th Mass. Vols.
E. W. PENNY,
Major 130th Indiana Vols.
A. M. WOOD,
Captain Elgin (Ill.) Battery.
Committee of Arrangements.

July 3, 1865.

LIST OF MAGISTRATES FOR ROWAN COUNTY

W P Graham, W H Howerton, Thos J Meroney, Adison M Sullivan, Saml H Wiley, W F Watson, J W Jones, J M Coffin, A J Young, H F Sprague, J W Johnson, R Holmes, A J Mock, J A Hawkins, J R Graham, W Atwell, Paul A Sifford, Geo M Barnhardt, M L Homes, J M Shaver, Henry Barringer, T W Haynes, Thos Barber, D L Bringle, and Dr J G Ramsey.

The following is a list of the Town Officers appointed for Salisbury: Mayor, J H Ennis, Esq. Commissioners, W Murphy, M Richardson, S R Houser, J L McCubbins, F E Shoöer, A L Young, Thos E Brown, Martin Richwine and J M Coffin.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 13th instant, by R. L. DeArmond, Esq, Mr J M C Hunter to Mrs M. E. McConnell.

In Rowan county, on the 19th ult. by the Rev. D. I. Drehier, Mr John Smith to Miss M A Baker. Also, on the 22d, Mr Wm L Lambeth to Miss Mary A S Farr.

DIED.

In this town, on Saturday morning last, Miss Lizzie Britton, daughter of Mr E. H. Britton, aged 18 years. She was a consistent member of the Methodist E. Church.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A called communication of Phalanx Lodge, No. 31, will be held this evening at 8 o'clock. Members are hereby notified to attend, and visiting brethren are invited. S. L. RIDDLE, W. M. July 3, 1865.

Pocket-Book Lost.

I lost my Pocket-book on Saturday last, either in Charlotte or on the Providence road between McAlpin's Creek and Charlotte. It contained \$31 in notes on various Banks, about \$300 in Confederate notes, and the following papers: One judgment on Jas McLeod for \$67, dated Dec 17, 1860, in favor of Wiley Noles; one judgment on T A Sharpe, for \$43, same date; one Note on W J Alexander, dated Nov. 1859, for \$85 50, with a credit of \$7; one Note on Jas H Query, dated April 1, 1860, for \$25; one Note on J B Black for \$10, date not recollected; one Note on Wiley Noles for \$3 30; and some Receipts.

I hereby forewarn all persons from trading for the above papers. If the finder will leave the book and papers with W M Matthews in Charlotte, or at the Democrat Office, he shall be liberally rewarded. July 3, 1865. A. G. REID.

Taken Up.

About the 1st of May, a MULE, which the owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. July 3, 1865. T. H. BREM.

STOLEN

From the subscriber on Thursday night, the 22d of June, a large black MARE, about 12 years old, and entirely blind. She may have been ridden some distance and turned loose. Any information which will lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded. E. R. HARRIS, Oak Lawn, Cabarrus co. July 3. 2t

LAND AND CLAIM AGENCY.

WM. F. DAVIDSON & CO. are prepared to attend to the collection of all kinds of Claims against the Government and individuals, and are commissioned to buy all kinds of Real Estate. Persons having claims against the Government, or Lands to dispose of (particularly mineral lands), will please call on this Agency. Mr Davidson can be found at Charlotte. The other partners reside in New York and Washington City. July 3, 1865. if

SWEPSON, MENDEHALL & CO., GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Tobacco, Raw Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cloths, and Naval Stores, 121 Front Street, NEW YORK.

ROBT. E. SWEPSON, New York City.

SAML. G. MURPHY, New York City.

CYRUS P. MENDEHALL, Pres't Farmers' Bank at Greensboro, N. C.

DANL. WORTS, Company Shops, N. C.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, Haw River P. O., N. C. July 3, 1865. 6m

Thomas W. Dewey,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Will pay the highest market price for Gold and for Notes of the Banks of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. Office at Branch Bank of North Carolina. *June 26, 1865. 3pd