

Western Democrat

W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

September 4, 1865.

DECLINES.—It will be seen by a card in today's issue that Jos. H. Wilson, Esq., declines being a candidate in this county for the State Convention. We know that there has been a very general desire expressed by the people for Mr. Wilson to allow his name to be used, but he thinks it best to decline on the ground that a question might be raised as to his eligibility to a seat in the Convention. It may be that he comes within the 13th exception of the President's proclamation. We agree with Mr. Wilson, that where there is the least probability of a man's right to a seat being questioned, it is prudent for him to decline. Mr. Wilson is opposed to doing anything that would retard the restoration of the State to the Union, and is anxious that the work go on in harmony. Hereafter, if the people of the county wish it, we suppose he will be able and willing to serve them.

We refer those desiring to purchase new goods, or to trade in Charlotte, to our advertising columns.

HORSE STEALING.—There is, no doubt, a regular gang of horse thieves in this section. Five horses and mules were stolen in one night, recently, from persons living on or near the Nation Ford Road.

People in the country are annoyed very much by persons seizing horses who represent themselves as agents of the Government. Our people are so anxious to comply with the demands of lawful authority, that they are disposed to suffer themselves to be imposed on rather than resist what they frequently consider illegal acts. It is no uncommon thing to see men here from a distance of 40 and 60 miles in search of horses and mules which were taken from them by either real or bogus agents of the government. The authorities here manifest a disposition to remedy these difficulties, but it is frequently impossible to find either the stock or the person who seized it.

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS.—A man named Wirz, who had charge of the prison at Andersonville, Ga., during the war, is being tried by a military court at Washington on the charge of cruel treatment to Federal prisoners. If Wirz, or any other prison-keeper, wilfully and maliciously deprived the prisoners of food and medicines he ought to be punished, but we think it will appear on a fair investigation that the Confederate Government treated prisoners as well as it was possible to treat them under the circumstances. In many instances suffering was endured because the authorities did not have it in their power to relieve it. Our own soldiers, both in hospital and in the field, suffered frequently for proper food, medicines and clothing. Our stores of such things were not always equal to the demand, and, besides, a large portion of what we had was destroyed by the U. S. troops, thus making it more difficult to relieve the wants of both Northern and Southern soldiers. Southern soldiers, who were in Northern prisons, complain bitterly of their treatment by the U. S. authorities, of being deprived of a sufficient quantity of food, &c., but we have always believed that it was the desire and intention of the authorities of both sections to treat prisoners as well as the means at hand would permit. There may be isolated cases on both sides where surgeons and prison-keepers acted inhumanly and meanly, but we do not think such conduct was approved by either Government.

N. C. POST OFFICES.—The Postmaster General has ordered the following post-offices to be re-opened, and appointments made: Wadesboro', Anson county, Wm J. Patrick, postmaster; Lincoln, Lincoln county, J. E. Boger, postmaster; Catawba Springs, Lincoln county, Jas Mc D Kidd, postmaster; Versawus Furnace, Lincoln county, James M Smith, postmaster; Beattie's Ford, Lincoln county, R E Birch, postmaster; Rock Mills, Lincoln county, James H. S. postmaster; Killdeer Mills, Lincoln county, Ellyses Alexander, postmaster; Siegle's Store, Lincoln county, re-appoint Daniel Siegle, Sr., postmaster; Jamestown, Guilford county, Miss Mary R. Harris, postmistress. The site now changed to the depot, Concord. Catawba county, John Fink, postmaster.

Dani N Sherwood and Chas Stungluff have been appointed Mail Agents on the N C Railroad.

The "Church Intelligencer," the organ of the Protestant Episcopal Church, after a suspension of a few months, again made its appearance last week, and will hereafter be regularly published in this town. Terms, \$5 per year, or \$3 for six months.

NEW PAPER.—The "Carolina Times," published in this town by Messrs. Britton & Waring, made its appearance this morning, looking as bright as a new pin. Mr Britton formerly published the Bulletin in this place, and from a long experience in the newspaper business, is well qualified to publish a good newspaper. We hope the firm, "individually and collectively," will meet with abundant success in business.

TERMS, for the daily, \$10 per annum; for the Weekly \$4.

Bishop Lay, who was arrested week before last and carried to Washington, we are gratified to announce has returned, but under what conditions we know not.

WESTERN N. C. RAILROAD.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western N. C. Railroad was held at Newton on Thursday last. The following Board of Directors were elected: G F Davidson, W F McKesson, J Malone and S McD Tate. At a meeting of the Directors, Tod R Caldwell was elected President; Saml S Kirkland, Superintendent; R F Simonton, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Salisbury Banner, from which we gather the above facts, says:

The Company is indebted to parties in the North \$20,350—but they are not pressing, and offer to furnish any material wanted on time. The amount due on construction account when collected will be sufficient to pay all the indebtedness of the road. The Confederate Government owed to the road \$117,653.27. The destruction of property by Stoneman's raid amounted to \$111,841 anti-bell prices. A loan of \$20,000 is needed. The American Telegraph Company have made arrangements to run a line to Morganton.

The salary of the President of the Road was fixed at \$2,500, and Secretary at \$1,500.

IN A STEW.—Some person or persons, not having the fear of "his majesty" before their eyes, continues to "devil" our rather good-natured contemporary, the Editor of the Raleigh Progress. The result is, he keeps in a bad humor and proclaims that there is great "disaffection" in North Carolina to the Government of the U. S. Northern correspondents and papers are silly enough to believe that our brother Editor of the Progress tells the truth, and hence they re-echo the charge against our people of "disaffection." In this way "much harm" is being done the good people of the Old North State.

And, to make the matter worse, the editor of the Progress wants to occupy a seat in the State Convention, but some of the "loyal people" of Wake county seem to think that he answered before he was called, and have expressed a preference for some one else. Of course this is reasonable in the estimation of the Progress Editor, inasmuch as he is the only simon-pure loyal man in the county of Wake! No wonder the Editor of the Progress charges the people of North Carolina with "disaffection" towards the Government, when a portion of them are opposed to sending him to the Convention—(he being the Government). If he is not elected to the Convention we may expect trouble in the State, for if the strong arm of the country is not brought down upon us, the Editor of the Progress will "bust his breeches" and cause a breach of the piece.

We beg that all will quit "devilin'" our rather good-natured contemporary, and quit making him use naughty language. He was as good a secessionist and war-man as there was in the State, and if he now wants to make the Northern people think that he is the only true-blue Union man in North Carolina, let him alone. He will soon play-out his hand.

SOME DIFFERENCE?—Before the war it cost about \$3 freight to send a bale of Cotton from this place to New York. Now, we are informed, it costs \$14.

REFUSING A BRIBE.—A case recently occurred at Augusta, Ga., which proves that there is one incorruptible public officer at least. Leopold Cohn, of Augusta, offered a bribe of two hundred thousand dollars to General Grosvenor, Provost Marshal General of Georgia, for a favorable decision in a cotton case. Gen. Grosvenor refused the bribe and preferred charges against Cohn. Cohn made the following endorsement on the copy of the charges and specifications:

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 10, 1865. I admit the truth of the charges and specifications contained herein, in every particular, and appeal to Maj. Gen. Steedman for clemency in my behalf. L. COHN.

Whereupon the following order was issued by Gen Steedman:

"That the said Leopold Cohn shall leave the Department of Georgia within 24 hours, to-wit: On or before 12 o'clock, M., of the 12th day of August, 1865, and take up his residence at a point not nearer Augusta than Charleston, S. C., and not to return during the military occupancy of Georgia, under penalty of arrest and punishment for disobedience of orders."

Eleven thousand dollars of the sum offered, had been sent to Gen. Grosvenor, which was confiscated to the relief of the poor of Augusta.

A pretty expensive business for Mr Cohn.

MISSISSIPPI CONVENTION.—The State Convention of Mississippi has transacted its business and adjourned. A Governor, Congressmen and State officers are to be elected on the first Monday of October. The Convention nominated Judge E. S. Fisher for Governor. An ordinance was passed ratifying all laws and official acts passed since the act of secession not repugnant to the United States and Mississippi; repealing all laws authorizing the payment of dues to the State in Confederate scrip; repealing all laws authorizing the distillation of spirits on State account; ratifying all official accounts, proceedings, judgments, decrees, &c., of the several courts; legalizing all sales made by administrators and others acting in a judicial capacity; authorizing executors and others to compromise with persons against whom they hold notes as to the real value of the property for which such notes have been given; authorizing ex parte testimony to be taken to prove whether or not contracts which have been made contemplated specie or currency payments; ratifying all marriages which have been consummated since January, 1861, whether celebrated with novel forms or not. The Convention refused to submit its action to the people.

Governor Sharkey has issued a proclamation, calling upon the people to form two companies in each County—one of cavalry and the other of infantry—for the purpose of restoring order and putting a stop to frequent murders and robberies.

A Northern paper says:

President Johnson's congratulatory telegram to the Mississippi Convention has been published. He says he will restore the writ of habeas corpus and remove the troops at the earliest possible moment, or so soon as the State shall have made sufficient progress and her people returned to their allegiance. He hopes the example of Mississippi will be followed by other States.

RETURNED HOME.—We were pleased to meet on the street yesterday our enterprising townsman, Kemp P. Battle, Esq., who has just returned from his tour through the northern cities on business connected with the North Carolina Land Agency. Mr Battle reports that some sales of N. C. lands have already been effected by them North, and many more might have been completed but for the dread of confiscation, and the misrepresentations of Northern newspaper correspondents from this State.—Raleigh Record.

FROM TEXAS.—A Texas advices report the frontier to be in a worse condition than ever before. Austin and San Antonio papers are filled with accounts of outrages by the Indians and highway robberies. Steps have been taken by the military authorities to afford protection to frontier settlers.

The worm continues its ravages on the cotton crop in the lower counties.

A CARD.

Mr YATES: Upon reflection, I have come to the conclusion that my name should not be used as a candidate in Mecklenburg county for the Convention. My reason for this conclusion is, that a question might be made as to my right to a seat, if elected. Such being the case, I think it due to myself as well as to the people of the county, that I should not consent for my name to be run. JOS. H. WILSON.

Charlotte, Aug. 30, 1865.

It will be seen by the following Proclamation of the President that all restrictions upon the introduction into the Southern States of any sort of goods—including grey cloth, ammunition, arms, &c.—has been removed. This shows that the President has confidence in our good intentions, the lying reports sent from Raleigh to the North to the contrary notwithstanding:

Proclamation by the President of the U. States. Whereas, by my proclamation of the 13th and 24th of June, 1865, removing restrictions in part upon internal, domestic and coastwise intercourse and trade, with the States recently declared in insurrection, certain articles were exempted from the effect of said proclamation as contraband of war; and whereas the necessity for restricting trade in said articles has now, in a great measure, ceased, it is hereby ordered that on and after the first day of September, 1865, all restrictions aforesaid be removed, so that the articles declared by the said proclamations to be contraband of war may be imported into and sold in said States, subject only to such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 29th day of August, in the year of our Lord 1865, and of the Independence of the United States of America the nineteenth.

ANDREW JOHNSON. By the President: W. H. Seward, Sec'y of State.

There is great excitement among the clergy in Missouri. It is reported and believed at St. Louis that Archbishop Kenrick has notified the clergy in his diocese that they must not take the offensive oath prescribed by the new Constitution under penalty of being suspended from their functions. The Presbyterians, Southside Methodists, Baptists and Episcopalians also detest the oath, and one of the Episcopalians papers has issued an address to the clergy of that State advising them to disobey the law. Opposition to the oath is manifesting itself in all parts of the State, but Gov. Fletcher has expressed his intention to enforce the law. As the time approaches when the issue must be decided, the anxiety of the people about the result is said to be becoming quite painful. Those clergymen who refuse to take the oath will not be allowed to preach.

It is said that Gen Jos. E. Johnston, of the late Confederate army, will be urged as a proper person for the position of President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad. It is a position of great importance on account of that road being the direct line from the North to points west of Wilmington, North Carolina, and east of Mobile, Alabama; and to insure the traveling public against delays, and to keep the road in the best order possible, it will be to the interests of the stockholders to secure the services of the man who is best calculated to consult the interests of all, and one whose abilities are well known and universally acknowledged. It is asserted that the gentleman above referred to will accept the position if it be offered him.

DOUBTFUL.—The New York Tribune's Matamoros correspondent says the late Confederate Gen. Shelby has organized a corps of 4000 mounted men for the Mexican service, and is in command of it. The corps is formed entirely of men of the late Confederate army. The men are to receive \$40 per month, out of which they are to subsist themselves.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—The trial of Jefferson Davis will take place before a United States Circuit Court, but the particular one has not yet been designated. As the military operations against the United States were directed by orders given from Richmond, it is probable that the trial will take place in Virginia, at Norfolk, in which event Chief Justice Chase will preside, as that State is embraced in the judicial circuit assigned to him.

W. & MANCHESTER R. R.—Daily trains are now running regularly on this road from Wilmington to Kingsville, S. C.; leaving Wilmington at 11 o'clock, P. M.; and arriving at Kingsville at 6:20, P. M., next day. A line of stages connects Kingsville with Columbia, S. C.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have divided this collection district into divisions as follows: 1st division to include Anson and Union counties; 2d, Stanly and Cabarrus; 3d, Rowan; 4th, Davidson; 5th, Davie and Yadkin; 6th, Forsyth and Stokes; 7th, Surry, Alleghany and Ashe; 8th, Wilkes; 9th, Iredell; 10th, Mecklenburg; 11th, Gaston and Lincoln; 12th, Catawba and Alexander; 13th, Cherokee; 14th, Rutherford, Polk and McDowell; 15th, Burke and Caldwell; 16th, Watauga, Yancey and Mitchell; 17th, Buncombe and Madison; 18th, Henderson and Transylvania; 19th, Haywood and Jackson; 20th, Macon, Cherokee and Clay.

I will, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter: So help me God.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 4th day of August, 1865.

All applicants must write their christian name or names in full, otherwise they will not receive notices. All persons who were doing any business in this district on the 30th day of May, 1865, for which a license is required, will be assessed from the 1st day of May, 1865. All persons who have commenced any business for which a license is required since the date of the establishment of the district, to-wit: the 30th day of May, 1865, will be assessed from the date of commencement of said business.

Any person, firm, company, or corporation, desiring to engage in, prosecute, or carry on any trade, business, or profession, in this district, must first obtain a license therefor provided by law.

Special attention is directed to sections 53 to 70, and to 71 to 78, inclusive, of the internal revenue act approved June 30th, 1864, as amended by the act of March 3, 1865, relative to spirits, ale, beer and porter, and licenses.

The necessary blank applications prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for licenses can be had at my office.

No manufactured tobacco, snuff, or cigars, nor distilled spirits, brandy or wine, can be shipped out of the district unless in accordance with law.

The income tax for 1864 will be assessed in this district. H. H. HELPER, Assessor. Salisbury, N. C.

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT.—The Raleigh Standard of the 29th has the following editorial paragraph:

We learn that Gov. Holden has received a dispatch from President Johnson, in which he states that if he should visit Richmond he will extend his visit to Raleigh. Our people would be very glad to see him in this his native city. We learn that the Mayor and Commissioners have extended to the President a cordial invitation to visit Raleigh.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church of North Carolina will meet in Fayetteville on Wednesday the 25th of October.

Gov. Brough of Ohio died last week from an injury to one of his feet.

It is unfair and dishonest for those who are too stingy to pay for newspapers, to annoy others by borrowing or stealing the paper they pay for. We are informed by some of our subscribers that their papers are frequently worn out before they can get a chance to read them.

H. M. Waugh, Esq., of Surry county, states to the Standard his surprise at hearing that charges of disloyalty were freely made against the good people of this State. He repels the charge indignantly and assures the public that "the people of Surry and the adjoining counties are yielding the most cheerful and submissive obedience to all the requirements, both State and National."

MILITARY.—The 129th and 120th Indiana volunteers, stationed at Charlotte, have been mustered out and are now on their way home. The 124th Indiana have left Greensboro for home. The 48th New York troops are expected to leave Raleigh.

These changes will leave only one or two regiments west of Raleigh, we believe, with the exception of the 3th Ohio cavalry, stationed at Morganton.

A few cases of yellow fever are reported at New Orleans, but they excite no uneasiness, as they are of a mild type, and yield readily to careful treatment.

The National Bank of Wellington, Ohio, was robbed of from seventy to one hundred thousand dollars in Government bonds.

We learn that very damaging reports as to the loyalty and behavior of the people of this section and particularly of this county, are in circulation about Raleigh, Salisbury and Charlotte. These reports, we are happy to say are untrue. Since the occupation of the State by the Federal troops there has been no crime committed but what the "police force" of the county could manage.—Wadesboro' Argus.

HOW TO COMPUTE THE INCOME TAX.—Since the publication of the income tax list, there has been considerable discussion as to the rate of taxation and the amount of the incomes of those whose names appear in the list. Some persons who have not read the law suppose that five per cent. is the rate assessed upon all incomes, without regard to the amount. This is incorrect. The law requires that all incomes over six hundred, and not exceeding five thousand dollars, shall be taxed at the rate of five per cent, and the excess over five thousand at the rate of ten per cent. If an individual's income be five thousand dollars per annum the six hundred dollars exempted by law is deducted, and the remaining forty-four hundred assessed at the rate of five per cent. If the income be ten thousand dollars the rate will be five per cent, on forty-four hundred, and ten per cent on the remaining five thousand dollars.—Baltimore American.

EXTRAORDINARY DECISION OF A NEGRO MEETING.—The Mobile Advertiser of the 16th makes the following extraordinary announcement, on the authority of a citizen who was present at a meeting of negroes on the previous Sunday, near that city:

"Nine hundred of them assembled to consider their condition, their rights and duties under the new state of existence upon which they have been suddenly launched. Our informant was surprised at the hard, practical sense and moderation of tone with which the spokesmen of the meeting urged their views. After long talk and careful deliberation, this meeting resolved, by a vote of seven hundred votes to two hundred, that they had made a practical trial for three months of the freedom which the war has bequeathed to them; that its realities were far from being so flattering as their imaginations had painted it; that they had discovered that the prejudices of color were by no means confined to the people of the South, but on the contrary, that it was stronger and more marked against them in the strangers from the North, than the home people of the South, among whom they had been reared; that negroes, no more than white men, could live without work, or be comfortably without homes; that their Northern deliverers from bondage had not, as they had expected and been taught to expect, undertaken to provide for their happy existence in their new state of freedom, and that their old masters had ceased to take any interest in them, or have a care for them; and finally, that their last state was worse than the first, and it was their deliberate conclusion that their true happiness and well-being required them to return to the homes which they had abandoned in a moment of excitement, and go to work again under their old masters. And so the resolutions were passed, and at last accounts the wanderers were packing up their little stock of movable goods, preparatory to the execution of their sensible purposes."

NEW ENTERPRISE.

Auction and Commission House, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership under the style and title of S A Harris & Co, for the purpose of transacting business as Auction and Commission Merchants.

The senior member of the firm has been engaged in the business for a number of years, and he is so well and favorably known by the business public, that it is unnecessary to say more than state the fact.

We refer to the following gentlemen, who are personally acquainted with us: T W Dewey, Esq, Cashier National Bank, and Wm Johnston, Esq, President C & S C Rail Road, Charlotte, N. C.; D M Barringer, Esq, Raleigh, N. C.; R M Johnston, Esq, President Exchange Bank, Columbia, S. C.; Robert Lumpkin, Esq, Richmond, Va.; R B Bridges, Esq, President Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road; E H Rogers, Esq, Charleston, S. C.

S. A. HARRIS, W. M. MATHEWS.

DR. JOHN P. FOARD W. S. CUNNINGGIM, FOARD & CUNNINGGIM, (OLD COUNTY WHARF.)

New Berne, N. C., Auction & Forwarding Merchants.

Strict attention given to all consignments, and Goods forwarded promptly by Messengers.

Sept. 3, 1865. Im

FOREIGN NEWS.—The steamship Africa from Liverpool arrived on the 30th. Political news unimportant. Nothing has been determined in regard to the Atlantic cable, but future proceedings were to be resolved upon on the 21st instant. Captain Anderson, of the Great Eastern, in a letter, says it will require ten months to provide proper gear for lifting the Atlantic cable, and to make necessary repairs to the Great Eastern. He suggests that a new cable should be made, and laid in May next, and the old one be then picked up and repaired. He has every confidence in the future success of the cable, but thinks it useless to renew the attempt to lay it during the winter months.

In the Liverpool market cotton is reported firm.

Tennessee and Alabama Railroad Tragedy.—Nashville, Aug. 28.—By the arrival of the 6 o'clock train from the scene of the recent terrible disaster at Rickland creek, it is learned up to the hour at which the train left twenty-seven bodies had been recovered from the wreck. It is believed that some nine or ten more bodies will be found, as there remains several missing passengers to be accounted for. The wounded, between fifty and sixty in number, have been sent to Huntsville and other places along the route.

The Washington Star contradicts the statement that the regular army will number 125,000 men. It says the official record shows but 43,909, including general and staff officers.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 24th ult., by the Rev Wm McDonald, Mr M B Hunter to Miss Nancy Flow, daughter of John M Flow. Also, on the same day, by the same, Mr Joel J Watts to Miss Mary J Morris, daughter of P W Morris.

At Chapel Hill, on the 23d ultimo, Gen Smith D Atkins of Frontport, Illinois, to Miss Eleanor H Swain, daughter of Hon D L Swain, President of the University of North Carolina.

In Salisbury, on the 31st ult, Mr John R Holshouser to Miss Triana C Overcash. Also, M J C Basinger to Miss Sarah J Shaver. On the 24th ult, Mr J D Enloe of Kentucky, to Miss Naomi Gladden of York District, S. C.

DIED.

In this county, on the 20th ult., James B Griffith, aged 68 years.

In Salisbury, on the 27th ult, Jacob S Myers, Reg. an old citizen of that town.

FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The undersigned, representing some of the strongest New York Insurance Companies, are prepared to issue Policies for any amount desired against Loss on Land or Sea of Property or Life, in North and South Carolina. Address HUTTON & SPRINGS, Agents, Charlotte, N. C.

Beeswax Wanted. Highest market price paid. J. M. SANDERS & CO. Sept. 3, 1865.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

For sale three or four fine DWELLING HOUSES, with all the modern improvements, which can be purchased furnished or unfurnished. They are located in the most desirable part of Charlotte. Sept. 3, 1865. S A HARRIS, Agent.

FARM NEAR TOWN FOR SALE.

Not wishing to continue farming longer, I will sell my Farm 3 1/2 miles from Town. It contains about 70 Acres, more than half cleared land. The wood land is very convenient to any person living in Town and wishing to get their own wood without buying. It has on it a very elegant Peach, Apple and Cherry Orchard, a fine Spring of Water, and a number of good Shade Trees, and a tolerable good Dwelling House with Out-Houses.

I have on the farm four good Mules, Wagon, Harness and other farming utensils, about 10 acres of good Sorghum Cane and a good crop of Corn, an elegant Iron Cane Mill, and two Wood Boilers; all of which will dispose of to any person wishing to buy. I can be found at my Store in Charlotte, and will take pleasure in carrying any person out in my buggy to show the place. Sept. 3, 1865. JNO. F. BUTT.

PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CERUEUS. A delightful Perfume, just received at the Corner Drug Store. W F SOREY & CO. Sept. 3, 1865.

JUST RECEIVED.

Fahnestock's Vermifuge, Perry's Dead Shot, Bell Cologne, Selditz Powders, for sale low at the Corner Drug Store. W F SOREY & CO. Sept. 3, 1865.

DRUGS, &c.

Just received, Camphor, Blue Mass, Eleostone, Indigo, Tartar Emetic, Carb. Ammonia, &c, at the Corner Drug Store. All warranted fresh. W F SOREY & CO. Sept. 3, 1865.

STOLEN

From my Stable, seven miles above Fort Mills, S. C., on the Steel Creek Road, during the night of the 26th ult., a bright bay MARE with black mane and tail. Said Mare is five years old, 16 hands high, has two scars on each side, just below the backbone, caused by the Saddle. She also has a small knot on the outside of the right hind pasture joint, very small eyes, small neck, and long lead. No other marks remembered. Any information that will lead to the recovery of the above mentioned animal, left at the Democrat Office or addressed to me, will be gladly received and amply rewarded. Address MRS HANNAH S. KNOX, Pineville, N. C.

Sept. 3, 1865. 3tpd Care of Saml Youns. Yorkville Enquirer copy twice.

STOLEN

From my Stable during the night of the 26th ult., a dark brown-colored Horse MULE. Said Mule is about twelve years old, 14 hands high, has a chain mark on the left shoulder, walks very quick and carries his ears straight up and pointing close together. Any information that will lead to his recovery and left at the Democrat Office or addressed to me, will be thankfully received and amply rewarded. Address MRS A M McLEAN, Pineville, N. C.

Sept. 3, 1865. 3tpd Care of Saml Youns.

A Daily 4-Horse Coach

Will leave Rose's Hotel, Yorkville, S. C., at 5 o'clock, A. M., for ROCK HILL, to connect with the up-train on the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad, and leave Rock Hill, on the return of the Down Train, and arrive at Yorkville, the same evening.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C. MILITARY ACADEMY.

The Fall Term of this Institution will commence the 1st of October, 1865, and will continue twenty weeks. Applications for admission must be addressed to: Maj. WM. A. BANKS, Sup't., Fayetteville, N. C. Sept. 3, 1865.

New Cash Store.

BERNHHEIM & SINCLAIR. Have brought to this market, and have constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hardware and Cutlery; Gents', Ladies' and Childrens' SHOES of all descriptions;

HATS. Of the latest styles for Ladies and Gentlemen. Crockery, wooden and willow Ware, Spelling Books and Stationery, Cigars and Tobacco, and other articles for general consumption.

Having selected our Goods ourselves, we feel confident of giving satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage. Call and see us at the Store occupied by Rock Island Office, 2d door from the Bank of Charlotte. We cannot be undersold. G. D. BERNHHEIM, A. SINCLAIR.

September 3, 1865

WOOL, WOOL! We want to purchase Wool, and will pay the highest market cash price. BERNHHEIM & SINCLAIR. Sept. 3, 1865.

Beeswax. Bring your Beeswax to us and obtain the highest price in cash. BERNHHEIM & SINCLAIR. September 3, 1865.

Whips. A lot of Buggy Whips for sale at BERNHHEIM & SINCLAIRS. Sept. 3.

SPOTSWOOD HOTEL, Richmond, Aug. 24. Mr Editor: I have, through great tribulation, achieved thus-much of the distance Northward. You will see by this that I have "put up" at one old Tavern, and mean (funds permitting) to hang on here for a time, enjoy the generous hospitality of "the House" of Virginia. I was most agreeably surprised to find that many alterations and improvements had been effected. Calceinine, paint, soap and water has wrought "like a charm" in changing the aspect of things around me. I was as agreeably surprised to find that in other respects things were unchanged, and that the same old hearty welcome greeted me—that the attention was untrifling, and the fare fully as good as at any House North of South. Our friends will be, as I was surprised and pleased to find our old friend "the Doctor" still at the desk. None from our section will fail to fare well when he is around. He is still the courteous gentleman we have known, silent and solemn as usual, but as full of the old spirit as he "used to be." Here you will find A. B. Jones also, doing the "bedding business" as thoroughly as if he had "served his time" at the popular "Brown's" at Washington.

But, pardon me, I am getting up "a card" without the design of doing so, and yet am satisfied that I cannot do better than tell our friends of the Old North State that the Spotswood has not lowered its standard, but has nailed it to the mast. WAY-FARER.

A CHARMING NEW BOOK. In Press: will be issued 1st of October, 1865, by WM B SMITH & CO, Field and Firestone Publishing House, 68 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C. NAMELESS; by Mrs Fanny Murdaugh Downing. One volume, 16mo., fine cloth Price \$2. Sept. 3, 1865.

NEW COPARTNERSHIP. The undersigned have entered into Copartnership for the purpose of conducting a

General Commission Business in the city of NEW YORK, under the firm and name of TANNABILL, McILWAINE & CO.

We have taken at No. 79 Front Street. Our Mr Robt Tannabill is now there prepared to give his attention to all business entrusted to us. We respectfully solicit from our numerous friends and the public consignments of all kinds of Southern Produce