Austern emocrat.

OFFICE

WEST SIDE OF TRADE STREET

CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER

\$4 Per Annum

I am a early riser, my wife is a Presbyterian.

1 liv in Baldinsville, Indiany. My next door

story about Old Steve that will make you larf.

He jined the church last spring, and the minis-

ter said, "you must go home now, Brother Bil-

lins, and erect a family altar in your own house," whereupon the egrejis old ass went home and

built a reg'lar pulpit in his settin'-room. He

had the jiners in his house over four days.

nabor is Old Steve Billins. I'll tell you a little

YATES, EDITOR AND PROPREITOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3,

FOURTEENTH VOLUME---NUMBER 686

THE WESTERN DEMOCRAT Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OTERMS, \$4 PER ANNUM, in advance.

Transient advertisements must be paid for on advance. Obituary notices are charged advertis-Advertisements not marked on the manuscript

or a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and marged accordingly. \$1 per square of to lines or less will be charged for each insertion, unless the advertisement is inserted 2 months or more.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA. William W. Holden, of Wake county, Provisional

Governor. Jos S Cannon of Perquimans, and Tod R Caldwell of Burke, Aids with the rank of Colonel. Lewis Hanes of Davidson, Private Secretary. R C Badger of Wake, and W H Bagley of Pasquo-

tank, Assistant Secretaries. S M Parish and J D Pullen of Wake, Clerks. Theo N Ramsay of Wake, clerk and messenger. Jonathan Worth of Randolph, Treasurer. Donald W. Bain of Wake, chief clerk to Treasurer. C R Thomas of Carteret, Secretary of State.

GOVERNMENT OF THE U. STATES President-Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee. Secretary of State-W. H. Seward, of New

York. Secretary of War-Edwin M. Stanton, of Pennsylvania. Postmaster General-William Dennison, of

Secretary of the Navy-Gideon Welles, of Connecticut. Secretary of the Interior-James Harlan of

Secretary of the Treasury-Hugh McCullough,

Attorney General-James Speed, of Ken President of the Senate-Lafayette S. Foster,

Speaker of the House-Schuyler Colfax, of John W Forney, Secretary of the Senate.

SUPREME COURT. Salmon C. Chase, Ohio, Chief Justice.

1. James M. Wayne, Georgia. 2. Samuel Nelson, New York.

3. Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania. 4. Nathan Clifford, Maine. 5. Noah H. Swayne. Ohio.

6. Daniel Davis, Illinois. 7. Samuel Miller Iowa.

 Samuel F. Field, California. LIEUTENANT GENERALS.

Wingfield Scott, Virginia. Ulysses S. Grant, of Ohio Adjutant General, Lorenzo Thomas, Dela

Judge Advocate General, Joseph Holt, D. C. Quartermaster General, Montgomery C Meigs, of Pennsyvania.

North Carolina Railroad. CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Train will run until further orders as follows: MADE TRAIN COME WEST

	D. Larrely at	7 40	P. M.
	Raleigh at		
	Greensboro		A. M.
6.6	Salisbury	6 45	
Arrive	at Charlotte	10.10	
	Going	EAST.	. *
Leave	Charlotte at	3.00	P. M.
	Salisbury	6.25	4.6
64	Greensboro	m 10.15	4.6
Arrive	at Raleigh	4 30	A. M.
11000000000		A. harrie	
ACCO.	MODATION TRA	IN-Goin	G WES
		AIN—Goin 6.00	
	Raleigh at	6.00	A. M.
Leave	Raleigh at Greensboro		A. M. P. M.
Leave	Raleigh at	$\frac{6.00}{12.50}$	A. M. P. M.
Leave	Raleigh at Greensboro Salisbury	6.00 12.50 5.00 8.20	A. M. P. M.
Leave	Raleigh at Greensboro Salisbury at Charlotte	6.00 12.50 5 00 8.20	A. M. P. M.

1 05 P. M. Arrive at Raleigh Mail Train connects East and West with the Ra leigh and Gaston Train for Petersburg and the North, and with the U.S. Military Railroad for

Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilming The Freight Train leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte at 6 A. M., stopping at Company Shops

The Mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure Tickets before entering the Trains, as additional fare will be col-E. WILKES, Aug 14, 1865. Eng. & Supt.

NEW BOOK STORE, . 2d door from the Branch Bank, at the stand formerly occupied by P J. Lowrie. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

School Books, such as Webster's Spellers, Webster's Dictionaries, Davie's series of Arithmetics and Algebras, Bullion's series of Classics, Mitchell's Geography, Cornell's series of Geographies, Me-

Miscellaneous Books, comprising the most re- Sept 11, 1865 2mpd . cent and popular publications. Stationery, all kinds and best quality, such as

paper, copy-books, Arnold's ink, slates, &c. Sugar Mesic, embracing best Instruction Books for instrumental and vocal music, popular Ballads Schools sending large orders will be supplied at a liberal discount. Send in your orders to

C. W. DOWNING & CO., Charlotte, N. C.

NEW STORE and NEW GOODS.

3d Door from Springs' corner, Tryon Street The subscriber has just opened a large assortment of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, and Family Sapplies generally, which he will sell low for cash, at wholesale or retail. BAGGING and ROPE just received and for sale.

J. M. SANDERS & CO. August 7, 1865 tf For Sale,

At Dr. Scarr's Drug Store, a few Bottles of Dr. Rowand's TONIC BITTERS. Aug 14, 1865.

New Goods.

C. M. QUEEKY,

[Next Door to Spring's Corner,] Has just received and opened an extensive assort-

ment of DRY GOODS, . consisting of Calicoes, DeLains, Merinoes, Poplins,

Flannels, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Jacconetts, Lawns, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, collars, cuifs. Also, a complete assortment of Ladies, Gentlemen's, Misses',

Boys', Youths' and childrens' Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; together with a great variety of HATS, of all styles

and prices, all of which at the soft at extremely A few dozen Cotton Cards.

Please give me a call, as I charge nothing for showing my Goods, being determined to please and C. M. QUERY:

Sept 18, 1865 Great Bargain in COTTON MACHINERY.

The Beaver Creek Manufacturing Company offers for sale 10 Cards, 30 inch, Iron Cylinders and Doffers with their clothing, each \$225.

15 Spinning Frames, "Danforth's," 120 Spindles each, \$240 each. 6 List Speeders 12 Spindles each, \$250 each. 30 4-4 Looms, \$25 each. The above machinery can be seen in operation

for the next 45 days at the Beaver Creek Factory. DJOHN H. HALL, President Beaver Creek Mfg, Co. Fayetteville, N. C., Sept 25.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM, AND NEW-GOODS:

DULS & HEILIG.

posite the Court House. Hats and Caps.

Ladies and Gentlemen in want of Hats or Caps,

cannot fail to be suited, as our assortment has been carefully selected by ourselves. Shoes.

We have on hand Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes of almost every quality.

Glass and Crockery Ware. Such as Tumblers, Goblets, Castors, Kerosene

Lamps, Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, &c, &c. Those in need of such articles will do well to give is a call before purchasing el ewhere.

Dry Goods and Fancy Articles. Call and see our stock. We are sure the public vill be pleased with the selections.

We have also an assortment of Hardware,

Combs and Brushes, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Petrolium. This new OIL for Lamps, burns with peculiar ightness, and can be used in the old Kerosene

Lamps without the least danger. The above articles, and many others not enumerated, we intend to sell at the lowest Cash prices. Please give us a call.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, or bought at market prices.

Sept 11, 1865

FARM NEAR TOWN FOR SALE.

Not wishing to continue farming longer, I will sell my Farm 31 miles from Town. It contains about 70 Acres, more than half cleared land. The wood land is very convenient to any person living in Town and wishing to get their own wood without buying. It has on it a very elegant Peach, Apple and Cherry Orchard, a fine Spring of Water, and a number of good Shade Trees, and a tolerable good Dwelling House with Out-Houses.

I have on the Farm four good Mules, Wagon, Harness and other farming utensils, about 19 acres of good Sorgham Cane and a good crop of Corn, an elegant Iron Cane Mill, and two Wood Boilers; all of which I will dispose of to any person wishing to buy. I can be found at my Store in Charlotte, and will take pleasure in carrying any person out in my buggy to show the place. JNO. F. BUTT.

ELIAS & COMEN.

Having removed their Store to Brown's building

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES and

which will be offered to the public at REDUCED We solicit the patronage of our friends and the purchasing elsewhere.

ELIAS & COHEN. Petersburg fron Works,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Cast and Wrot Iron Work. Have on hand an extensive assortment of Patterns for all kinds of Rail Road work, Saw-and Grist Mills, Stationary Engines and Factory work. Plough Castings of all patterns by the single point or in quantities Merchants supplied with Plough Castings and Ploughs complete on reasonable terms. to leave the neighborhood." "Our Own" series of North Carolina School Passenger and Freight Cars built at short notice. Books, such as Spellers, Readers, Arithmetics and Orders solicited and prompt attention given to all T. ALPHONSE JACKSON, Superintendent.

> Dissolution of Partnership. The Partnership heretofore existing between Abraham Weill and Simon Anathan, under the name and style of WEILL & ANATHAN, is this day (Sept. 1st) dissolved by mutual consent.

> All parties indebted to the said firm will please make payment to the said ABRAHAM WEILL, who is alone authorized to receive the same; and all persons having claims against said firm will present them tohim for settlement. ABRAHAM WEILL, SIMON ANATHAN.

Sept 18; 1865.

The trains on this Road will run as follows, on

and after the 18th September: Leave Cherryville on Mondays and Fridays at Arrive at Charlotte at 12 m.

7 8 10. Arrive at Cherryville at 12 m.

B. S. GUION, Sup't.

THE CANTEEN.

BY PRIVATE MILES O'REILLY. There are bonds of all sorts in this world of ours, Fetters of friendship and ties of flowers, And true-lover's knots I ween; The girl and the boy are bound by a kiss, But there's never a bond, old friend, like this-

It was sometimes water and sometimes milk, And sometimes apple jack, fine as silk, But whatever the tipple has been, We shared it together, in bane or bliss, And I warm to you, when I think of this,

We have drunk from the same canteen!

We have drunk from the same canteen!

The rich and the great sit down to dine, And they quaff to each other in sparkling wine, From glasses of crystal and green; But I guess in their golden potations they miss The warmth of regard to be found in this-

We have drunk from the same canteen! We have shared our blankets and tent together, And have marched and fought in all kinds of

weather, And hungry and full have been; Had days of battle and days of rest, But this memory I cling to and love the best-

We have drunk from the same canteen! For when wounded I lay on the outer slope, With my blood flowing fast, and but little hope Upon which my faint spirit could lean; Oh then, I remember, crawled to my side, And, bleeding so fast it seemed both must have

We drank from the same canteen!

A BIG GHOST STORY. Remarkable Affair in a Church.

Considerable excitement has arisen in Jersey Have just opened an assortment of Goods adapted | City in consequence of groans, yells and unto the wants of the public, at their New Store, op - earthly sounds said to emanate from a church in the upper part of Jersey City for some nights past. The first known of these mysterious sounds was some ten days since, when the pastor had occasion to return to the church after evening service to procure some manuscript which he had forgotten and had occasion to make use of. The edifice had been closed for the night, and was in total darkness.

The New York Times says :

"On entering, he lit a match to guide him be the antics of mischievous boys; but presently the sounds changed to seemingly unearthly yells, such as Spades, Shovels, Forks, Pad Locks, Curry shricks and groans, from innumerable invisible his person, until finally his feelings were so wrought upon that he felt impelled to leave the States lately in insurrection. building with all possible haste.

The above are substantially the facts of the case as stated by the pastor of the church to Chief of Police McMannus after reports were beginning to be circulated in the neighborhood that the church was haunted, and requesting that the matter might be kept as quiet as possible, believing that in a few days at furthest he would be able to unravel the mystery and satisfactorily explain the cause of the sounds. Since that time the church edifice has been thoroughly examined, inside and out, but without unravel ing the mystery; and meantime these dismal and unearthly yells and cries are heard almost every night. A couple of nights since, Chief of Police McMannus, accompanied by Aid Doyle and Detective E L McWilliams, determined to pay a visit to the reported haunted church .-They accordingly procured the keys and entered the edifice shortly after midnight.

"Taking their position in the centre of the church in total darkness, they had remained there but a short time when they heard a low moaning sound, apparently proceeding from the vicinity of the purpit, which gradually grew louder and came nearer until it finally culminated around their heads into howls, yells, greans, &c , and then gradually died away as it came. After a few moments of perfect silence, Chief McMannus drew from his pocket a revolver, loaded with blank cartridges, and fired one charge, when almost instantly the edifice seemed filled with thousands of infuriated demons, making the most hideous noise and apparently bent on tearing them to pieces. The officers describe having experienced a very peculiar senpublic generally in the surrounding counties, as it sation in the head, and finally the noise became will be to their interest to wait a few days before so hideous and unearthly that they made a hasty retreat, apparently pursued by the infuriated demons to the door, which they closed and locked. The officers then crossed the street to the apposite walk, and remained there until daylight, but heard no further sounds, and made no discoveries which would tend to explain the mystery. The people residing in the immediate neighborhood claim to have been disturbed at all hours of the night by these demoniac sounds, and a number of them have determined

> [Our readers may believe as much of the above story as they please. We don't believe will be exempt from all military duty except the a exhibiter.

How to Grow BEAUTIFUL.-Persons may out-grow disease and become healthy by proper attention to the laws of their physical constitution. By moderate and daily exercise men may become active and strong in limb and muscle.lustre of the eye, and pales the roses on beauty's to navigate. . cheek, while crows-feet, and turrows, and wrinkles, and lost teeth, and gray hairs, and bald head, and tottering limbs, and limping, most sadly mar the human form divine. But dim as W. C. & Rutherford Railroad. the eye is, pallid and sunken as may be the face erect and manly body, the immortal soul, just fledging its wings for its home in heaven, may growing kindly, by cultivating sympathy with all human kind, and by cherishing forbearance . These lands are situated along the rivers of sand dollars in my vest pocket. toward the follies and foibles of our race.

IMPORTANT TRADE CIRCULAR. The following important circular relative to

the Treasury : TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 18, 1865.

In the circular issued by this department on June 11, 1865, reference was made to the Provision contained in section 46, of the Internal Revenue Act of June 30, 1864, conferring upon the Secretary of the Treasury discretionary power in regard to the assessment, levy, time and manner of collection of taxes in the States lately in rebellion.

Under the authority given by that section it was then stated that the Department, without waiving in any degree the rights of the Government in regard to taxes heretofore accruing, New York, NEAR FIFTH ASVENCE HOTEL, would not insist at present upon their payment, so far as they were payable prior to the establishment of a collection district embracing the territory in which the tax payer resided. It was further provided that manufactured articles found in the hands of a purchaser, which were life, grammattycally jerked and properly punksatisfactorily shown to have passed from the manufacturer before the establishment of the district, should not be subject to tax, unless transported beyond the limits of the State lately in insurrection. No exception was then made in favor of articles which had remained in the possession of the manufacturers, and thus become liable to the tax imposed by the existing

The Department, preferring to test the practical workings of the regulation before exercising its power of modification in this important particular, representations since made relative to the hardship of this discrimination between manufacturer and purchaser, have been corroborated by careful inquiry, and induce the conviction that a further exemption is justifiable

It is found that considerable quantities of manufactured products have been retained by the manufacturer in his own hands as the safest mode of investing his property, until the return of peace; that this retention was determined on and carried out without the knowledge or opportunity of knowledge of the law subjecting this property to a heavy taxation on sale, and that a large part of the manufactures so retained having been much deteriorated in value by the lapse of time and want of proper attention,

would not now sell for a sum equal to the tax A state of things so destructive to the usefulalong the isle; and when approaching the altar ness of property and to the prosperity of the at the rear, his attention was attracted by a low | manufacturing classes is as adverse to the integmouning sound, which gradually increased and rity of the Government as to those of the comat the same time drew nearer to him. To this munity. For these reasons it is hereby ordered he at first paid but little heed, presuming it to that all articles, in whatsoever hands found, which can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assessor to have been manufactured before the establishment of the district, shall be held free beings clustering around in close proximity to from the present assessment or collection of tax, unless transported beyond the limits of the

Manufacturers of articles liable to seizure for want of inspection marks will present to the Assessor evidence that such articles were manufactured prior to the establishment of the district, and the Assessor, if satisfied, will cause such articles to be so marked as to be identified and sold without liability to seizure.

All articles transported beyond the limits of the States lately in insurrection will be subject to the tax due under the law in force at the time they were manufactured.

(Signed) H. McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.

Official Information. The Imperial Government looks with sympa thy and interest on American emigration to Brazil, and is resolved to give the most favorable welcome. Emigrants will find an abundance of fertile land, sugar cane, coffee, tobacco, rice, etc. . These lands are situated in the Provinces of Pedrio, Santa Catharina, Parana San Paulo, Espirito Santo, Rio de Janeiro, etc., and each emigrant may select his own lands. As soon as the emigrant has chosen his land it "Oh, how pleasant to be a little child," will be measured by the Government, and, possession given on payment of the price stipula-

· BRAZIL.

Unoccupied lands will be sold at the rate of 23, 46, 70 or 90 cents per acre (dollars equal to 1,800 reis,) to be paid before taking possession, or sold for terms of five years, the emigrants paying six per cent interest yearly, and I am your Pa, which made a young woman with receiving the title of property only after having paid for the land sold.

The laws in force grant many favors to emigrants, such as exemption from import duties on all objects of personal use, implements of trade, and machinery and agricultural imple-

Emigrants will enjoy under the Constitution of the Empire all civil rights and liberties which belong to native born Brazillians.

Emigrants may become naturalized citizens of admission. after two years residence in the empire, and I hav thus far spoke of myself exclosively as -ville, Iredell county, Wgatt Luister postmaster,

is the most desired in the Empire.

any country whatever.

Government pays no expense of transportation, settlement, &c. The Government is in no need of persons for . Altho' in early life I did not inva'bly confine the army and navy.

On sale, at the disposal of emigrants, lands of state of cultivation.

Parrahyba, Muriahe and Pemba, the Pedro II, My temperament is billious, altho' I don't owe The city was swept clear of cotton goods.

Railroad, and the Union Carriage Road, in the a dollar in the world, Provinces of Rio de Janeiro and Minas Gevaes; Southern trade, was issued by the Secretary of along the River Doce, in the Province of Espi- 1 may add that I am also bald-headed. I keep rito Santo, and on the sea-coast of the Provinces two cows. of San Paulo, besides other lands of whose localities I have not received exact information, the

price varying from \$1.40 to \$7 per acre. (Signed) J. C. CALVAO. · For further details apply at the office of the

Official Agency of Colonization, 23 Ciganos street, Rio de Janeiro LUIS H. F. DEAGMAR,

Consul Gen'l of Brazil in U. S. A. WARD'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY. BY HIMSELF.

Dr. Sir :- Yrs, into which you ask me to send you sum leadin incidents in my life so you can write my Bogfry for the papers, cum dooly to hand. I hav no doubt that a article onto my tooated, would be a addition to the chaois literatoor of the day.

To the youth of Ameriky it would be vallyble as showin how high a pinnykle of fame a man can reach, who commenst his career with a small canvass tent and a pea-green ox, which he rubbed it off while scratchin hisself agin the centre pole, causin in Rahway, N. J., a discriminating mob to say humbugs would not go down in them villages The ox resoom'd agricultooral pursoots shortly afterwards.

I next tried my hand at givin Blind man concerts, appearin as the poor blind man myself .-But the infamous cuss who I hired to lead meround towns in the day time to excite sympathy, drank freely of a spiritoous licker unbeknowns fearful. The Dutch, Irish, negroes, and all who to me one day, & while under them inflooance paid little heed to cleanliness and diet, were he led me into the caral. I had to either tear swept off in large numbers, and no class sufferthe green bandage from my eyes or be drownded. I tho't I'd restore my eyesight.

In writin about these things, Mr Editor. kinder smooth 'em over. Speak of 'em as ec-

centrissities of gen'us. put a Brown linen duster and a U. S. Army regulation cap on him, which people with classycal eddycations said it was a farce. This enterprise was unfortnit in other respecks. At a certain town I advertised a wax figger of the Hon'ble Amos Perkins, who was a Railroad President, and a great person in them parts .with half a day & wouldn't charge 'em a zent, but alas! it was of no avail. I was forced to leave, and I infer from a article in the Advertiser of that town, in which the Editor says, "Altho' time has silvered this man's bed with its frosts, he still brazenly wallows in infamy -Still are his snakes stuffed, and his wax works unreliable. We are glad that he has concluded to never revisit our town, altho', incredible as it small bills to be done on yellow paper! We to fear. These rules observed will benefit those

shall recur to this matter again.' I say, I infer from this article that a prejudiss

till exists agin me in that town. deaverin' to accomulate welth by lettin myself | mysterious way. These diseases spread as much to Sabbath school pic-nics, to sing ballads among the wealthy and cleanly as the squalid adapted to the understanding of little children, and uncleanly, and are very certain to be comaccompanying myself on a claironett-which I municated when the uninitiated come in contact forgot where I was one day, singin instead of with them. But not so with cholera. We

Rip snap-set 'em up again,

Right in the middle of a three cent pie, which mistake, added to the fact that I couldn't play onto the claironett, except making it howl dismal, broke up the pic-nic, and children said, in voices choked with sobs and emotions, where was their Pa? and I said be quiet dear children, two twins by her side say very angryly, "Good heavens forbid you should ever be the Pa of any of these innocent ones unless it is much desirable for them to expire igminyusly up to a murderer's gallus !"

I say I will not speak of this. Let it be Berried into Oblivyon. In your article, Mr Editor, please tell 'em

what sort of a man I am. They will enjoy liberty of conscience in re- mind freely. I do not object to kriticism. Tell Newton, Catawba county, Miss Harriet E Bost ligious matters, will not be persecuted for mo-tives of religion, but they must respect the re-ligion of the State, which is the Catholic.

the public, in a candid and graceful article, that my Show abounds in moral and startling curios. Ities, any one of whom is with dubble the price

The public, in a candid and graceful article, that my Show abounds in moral and startling curios. Ities, any one of whom is with dubble the price

The public in a candid and graceful article, that my Show abounds in moral and startling curios. The public in a candid and graceful article, that my Show abounds in moral and startling curios. The public in a candid and graceful article, that my Show abounds in moral and startling curios. The public is the Catholic ities, any one of whom is with dubble the price

National Guard (militia) in the municipality. I was born in the State of Maine of parents. No slaves can be imported into Brazil from As a infant I attracted a great deal of attention. The nabers would stand over my cradle for Lilesville, Anson county, Elk Liles postmaster Emigration of agriculturists and mechanics hours and say, "How bright that little face looks! How much nose!" The young ladies would holme postmaster; Pacific, Franklin county, re-Good engineers are in demand in the Empire. carry me round in their arms, sayin I was muz appointed John Young, Jr , postmaster; Lenoir, Some railroads are in construction and others in zer's bezzy darlin and a sweety 'eety 'ttle ting, But to grow beautiful, how? Age dims the project, besides many roads to build and rivers I was nice, the I wasn't old enuff to properly appreciate it. I'm a helthy old darlin' now.

I have allers sustained a good moral character, I was never a railroad director in my life.

myself to truth in my small bills, I hav bin gradooally growin' respectabler and respectabler of beauty, and frail and feeble that once strong, the best qualities, belonging to private persons. ev'ry year. I luv my children, and never mis-These lands are suitable for the growth of take another man's wife for my own. I'm not coffee, sugar cane, cotton, tobacco, rice, Indian a member of any meetin' house, but firmly look out through those faded windows as beau. corn, &c , and may be obtained in every condi- b'leeve in meetin' houses, and shouldn't feel safe Leave Charlotte on Tuesdays and Saturdays at tifu! as the dew-drop of summer's morning, by tion, from virgin forests to that in a complete to take a dose of laudnum and lay down in the

I am 56 (56) years of age. Time, with its relentless scythe, is ever busy. The Old Sexton gathers them in, he gathers them in! I keep a

pig this year. I don't think of anything more, Mr Ed'ter. If you should giv my portrait in connection with my Bogfry, please have me ingraved in a - languishin' attitood, leaning on a marble pillar,

leavin' my back hair as it is now. Trooly yours, ARTEMUS WARD.

From the Statesville American.

TWO YEARS AMONG the CHOLERA As this scourge of the human family has reached London and France from Asia, and may be expected to make its advent into this country in a short space of time, we offer a few remarks upon the character of the disease founded upon an observation of two years among it in New Orleans, when it last made its appearance

in this country. In 1848, the cholera was first introduced in New Orleans, by an emigrant ship from Havre. and in a very short time, owing to the mode of living among the citizens, especially the lower classes, became epidemic and the mortality was ed more than the intemperate. Many, to drive away fear, increased their potations, which was almost certain to send them to the graveyards. We'recollect that a gentleman, son of an Ex-Governor of this State, who was in the habit of My next ventur would hav bin success if I | indulging freely in the use of liquor, remarked hadn't tried to do too much. I got up a series to us one day, that he increased his potations to of wax figgers, and among others one of Socra- keep off the cholera-the next day he was a tes. I tho't a wax figger of Old Sock, would be corpse, the robust, manly form of H. W. H. poplar with eddycated people, but unfortnitly I lay steeped in death. His was the fate of many hundreds. The gluttonous and those fond of high living, fared no better. The people were panic stricken, the authorities ordered the city cleansed, and premises policed. Lime was freely distributed until the city was completely whitened. Physicians forbid the eating of fish, oysters, cabbage, raw fruits, and all diet calcu-But it appeared I had shown the same figger for lated to disturb the bowels, and the disuse of a Pirut named Gibbs in that town the previs | ardent spirits. . These are peculiarly calculated season, which created a intense toomult, & the to superinduce cholera, when that plague is statements of the same similarness. I tried to than whites, obnoxious to cholera, probably on mollify 'em. I told them that any family pos account of their irregular habits, and want of sessin children might have my she tiger to play cleanliness, and general disregard of what tends te promote health. Large numbers of them died in New Orleans and on the plantations in Louisiana. The late Bishop Polk lost 80 on his plantation, Harry Hill 60, other planters

suffered in proportion. When cholera prevails, the food should be plain and well cooked, eschewing the condiments as much as possible above mentioned. Boiled fresh meats are said to be the best, Irish may appear, the fellow reelly did contemplate so potatoes, &c. In a time of danger every family doing last summer; when, still true to the craven | should keep a Cholera remedy of some kind, to instincts of his black heart, he wrote the hire- be administered on first appearance of derangeling knaves of the obscure journal across the ment of the bowels, and then send for a phy-Street to know what they would charge for 400 | sician as early as possible, and do not give way

liable to cholera-every one. Is Cholcra contagious? - Medical men differ much upon this subject. We do not think it I will not speak of my once being in straitened | contagious like small-pox, measles, whooping circumstances in a certin town, and of my en- | cough, &c , but that it spreads in a different and were among the cholera more than two years in New Orleans, with a family, white and black of twenty odd persons, none of them had the plague; which, we think, was entirely owing to. a rigid supervision of diet and other hygeic reg-

ulations. POST OFFICES .- The Post Master General has recently reopened the following post offices in this State and appointed Post Masters. We are glad to see a goodly number of ladies appointed to fill the office of poet master:

Graves, Caswell county, changed to Pelham, and Jao. A. Pierce appointed post master; Germanton, Stokes county, Miss Martha Ann Benton, post-mistress; Reidsville, Rockingham co. William Lindsey, postmaster; Mocksville, Davie county, Mrs Ann M Parker, post-mistress; High If you see fit to kriticise my Show, Seak your Point, Guilford county, Eli Denny, postmaster; county, Mrs M A Spragins post-mistress; States-Battleborough, Edgecombe county, Sarah J E Smith post-mistress; Company's Shops, Alamance county, Mrs Eunice Worth post-mistress Asheville, Buncombe county, H F Walsten-Caldwell county, Miss Virginia Carson postmistress; Abbott's Creek, Davidson county, Mrs S J Rafer post-mistress; Gold Hill, Rowan co., John C Smuggs postmaster; Lincolnton, Lincoln

county, B F Gregg postmaster. General Fremont and others have taken out a patent for expelling sap that produces rot in wood, and insert sulphate of iron and other substances that render it incorruptable. The object is to apply the patent to railroad ties, wharf and ship timber, &c.

The largest month's business of dry street of a village that hadn't any, with a thou- goods ever transacted in New York, was during the thirty days ending September 10, 1865.

on Tryon Street, opposite Kerr's Hotel, will, in a few days, open a large and well selected stock of GROCERIES,