OFFICE SOUTH SIDE OF TRADE STREET

How Thomas J Sturant, President, in the chair ported back the same recommending its passage. CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER

\$3 Per Annum IN ADVANCE

WM. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPREITOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18,

# WESTERN DEMOCRAT Published every Tuesday,

WILLIAM J. YATES,

TERMS. \$3 PER ANNUM, in advance. \$ 2 for six months.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in silvance. Obituary notices are charged advertis-

Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

\$1 per square of 10 lines or less will be charged for each insertion, unless the advertisement is inserted 2 months or more.

#### Notice.

The subscriber having, at October term, 1866, of the County Court of Mecklenburg, taken letters of administration according to law on the Estate of Wm A Owens, deceased, hereby gives general notice more Canada thistles have approved me. to all creditors of said estate, to present their claims, duly authenticated, within the time limited by law for that purpose, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

Debtors to the said estate will also please to make payment immediately. C. OVERMAN, Adm'r. Nov 12, 1866

## CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

CHABLOTTE, N. C. The next session commences on the lat of October,

1866, and continues until 30th June, 1867. The session is divided into two Terms of Twenty weeks each; the one commencing the 1st October. 1866, and the other the 15th February, 1867. Expense per Term of Twenty weeks:

Board, including every expense, except washing, Tuition in Collegiate Department

" Primary Music, Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting taught by competent and thorough Instructors at usual prices.

For circular and catalongue containing full particulars, address REV. R. BURWELL & SON, Principals,

#### Charlotte, N. C. HIGHLY DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Wishing to change my business, I will sell 250 Acres of LAND in and adjoining the Town of Charlotte, (40 acres in corporation) On the Tract there is a good Mill-site, 22 feet fall, with a first rate Dam | Shot, Caps, &c. recently built, and race dug, and all the large timbers for a Mill House on the ground. The Tract can be divided. It is worth the attention of any one wishing a paying property, or as an investment Any information can be had by applying to the sub-scriber. W. F. PHIFER.

### Tailoring.

JOHN VOGEL, PRACTICAL TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he is prepared to mannfacture gentlemen's clothing in the latest style and at short notice. His best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to those who patronize him. Shop opposite Kerr's Hotel, next door to Brown & January 1, 1866.

## REMOVED.

We take this method of informing our friends and the public, that we have moved to the large and commodious Store Room formerly occupied by KAHNWEILER & BRO., where we will continue to carry on the General Mercantile Business in all its various branches, and would respectfully call attention to our variety and styles of Goods, unsurpassed by any other House in the State, which we offer at

exceedingly low prices.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!! French black and colored Cloth Sacques, Basques and Circulars, Silk Sacques and Basques.

RICH DRESS GOODS. We have now in store one of the largest Stocks of fine Dress Goods ever offered in Charlotte. Our Stock consists in part of all Wool DeLaines, Empress Cloths, Poplins, Poplinettes, Alpaceas, Lustres, together with a general assortment of all the low priced Domestics, DeLaines, Prints, &c , &c. SLOVES AND HOSIERY.

Best Kid Gloves in all colors, Ladies' fleeced lined Silk, Lisle, Balir and Woolen Gloves, Merino Gloves. Superior English Hosiery for Ladies' and Misses', all of which are equal to any ever offered in

WHITE GOODS Of every description Table Cloths and Table Lin-

nen, Towels, Toweling, Knapkins, &c., &c. CLOTHING

Of every description. Frock and Sack Coats, Cassi-

mere Suits, Coats, Pants and Vests, and a complete

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. Boots, Shoes and Hats, all of which we offer at enormously low prices at Wholesale and Retail.

NEW AND CHOICE GOODS Of every description received every week, and sold at prices warranted to prove satisfactory to purchasers. We take great pleasure in showing our Goods to those who will favor us with a call.

A. WEILL & CO., Kabnweiler & Bro's Old Stand, Trade St.

### NOTICE.

We take pleasure in announcing to the Ladies that we will attach to our House early in the Spring a first class French Millinery Establishment, of which A. WEILL & CO. due notice will be given.

### A CARD.

Having retired from business, we take pleasure in recommending to our triends and customers, A WEILL & CO, as practical, attentive and experienced business men, and ask that the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us be continued to them. KAHNWEILER & BRO.

### To the Creditors of the Bank of Clarendon at Fayetteville, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 21, 1866. Cumberland county, in the State of North Carolina, Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and la the made, for six successive weeks, in the Western performance of Charlette and Supreme Courts.

Charlotte for six successive weeks, in the Western made, for six successive weeks, in the Western made, for six successive weeks, in the Western performance of the Edward Court of Pleasant to the provisions of the Statute ratified March 12th, 1866, and 1867.

April 2, 1856 entitled "an act to enable the Banks of the State to close their business."

Public notice is hereby given to the creditors of the Bank of Clarendon at Fayetteville, to prefer and Goods, Furs, &c., &c. establish their demands against said Bank, by the No. 517 Market Street, PHILADELPHIA.

FORLISH IT PERINGS

JNO. W. SANDFORD. Dec 3, 1868 Commissioner. Oct 29, 1866, ...

EXTERMINATING CANADA THISTLES,-IL. M. Thompson, Iowa, writes in the Working Farmer:

"Several years ago I purchased a small quantity of white clover seed in Davenport and sewed it on a small lot intended for a permanent pascovered some thistles, such as I had often seen in Scotland, but never in the Western States before. By applying to a neighbor who had lived in Canada, I learned that it was the Canada thistle. I took a large sack, a butcher knife, and a bucket of salt, and went to work. I cut off all the thistles I could find, put them in the sack, and covered the root with about half a teacupful of salt, and carefully turned the thistles in the stove? I kept watch on the place, and had to perform the same operation for three or four weeks for the whole season. The next spring they came up as numerous as ever, and I changed my tacties and tried the plow. I plowed the piece of ground (some five or six square rods) every month or oftener during the season till frost, and now nine or ten years have been added to my life, but no

"I suppose I got a seed or two of Canada thistle thrown in when I bought the clover, but I have been very careful not to buy any Eastern raised clover seed since; and it might be well for the act of departing, Dowell, who is an athletic Western farmers to profit by the hint."

#### LAND FOR SALE.

As Administrator of Phillip Sandifer, deceased, I will sell on the premises, 7 miles south-east of Dallas, Gaston county, on the 20th day of December, the tract of Land lately belonging to the deceased known as the "Sandifer Springs Place," containing 275 acres-about 40 acres good bottom land, and the whole tract well adapted to the cultivation of cotton, corn, wheat, &c. A fair proportion is well timbered. There is a fine Mineral Spring on the place which has a good reputation for the medicinal at least some ten families will have sought homes secuted. This allegation, that Union men had virtue of its water. The tract joins Cummings in the Southwest. We regret to see the spirit been persecuted, (which allegation is under-Beard, Wm Beatty, and others. Said land is to be of restlessness that is abroad among our people, sold to make assets to pay debts.

to be paid in specie or its equivalent. JOHN D. McLEAN, Adm'r.

### ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CALL ON PRESSON & GRAY,

as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Soap, Soda, Candles, Starch, Tobacco, Cotton Yarn from Rocky River Mills, Cotton Cards, Ginger, Pepper, Spice, Salt, Powder,

Newbern Potstes, Golden Syrup, Porto Rica Molasses, Larillard and Carolina Bell Snuff, Tubs and Buckets, Crockery Ware of all kinds. If you want good FLOUR, just call in and get it. We keep constantly on hand the best brands of paper. Flour, such as Stewart's, Stirewalt's and other

Also, good Bacon, such as Carolina Smithfield Hams, Shoulders and Sides. We have just received 50 bushels bolted Meal .-In a word, we would say to the public we keep constantly on hand

### of all kinds, quality, quantity, styles and prices.

Call and leave your orders at PRESSON same at your residence, if within the limits of the PRESSON & GRAY! N. B .- Country Produce of all kinds bought at our Store, and the highest cash prices paid. CATAWBA

#### English and Classical High School, NEWTON, N. C.

The next Session of this Institution will comnence the 7th of January next, and the sessions will bereafter commence regularly on the first Monday of January and July respectively, We are happy to inform the public that the School is in a flourishing | State of N. Carolina, Mecklenburg Co. condition, and that the plan of messing, which enables board to be secured for half the usual rates, or less, contributes to the advantage of those who adopt it, and to the success of the School.

Should it become necessary, other competent instructors will be employed, and no pains shall be spared to thoroughly fit young men for College, or ive them a practical business education. Pupils have access to a good Library, and have

he advantages of a well regulated Literary Society, which is no small consideration. Tuition from \$10 to \$18, specie rates. Board in families from \$10 to \$15 (currency) pe

For Circular and further particulars, address J.

C Clapp, Newton, N. C. J. C. CLAPP, A. B. S. M. FINGER, A. B. Dec 3, 1866.

#### High Shoals IRON MANUFACTURING CO., Gaston County, N. C.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME.

The Company have been at a considerable ex pense in fitting up their ROLLING MILL and NAIL

They are now prepared to execute all orders, in the best style, they may be favored with in their line of business.

Having secured the services of the best workmen faction. The following articles are enumerated, viz: Sizes.

Tire. Hoops and Scollops—all sizes. All kind of Iron used for Farm ng purposes. Machinery and Hollow-ware of all description. Also, Tacks, Nails and Brads of all sizes. The Iron is manufactured exclusively with char-

coal and wood, and out of Magnetic Ores. The Iron and Nails are equal to any in the United States or Europe, either for welding or toughness. They are also prepared to make and "fit up" any kind of Casting at short notice. All orders will be State of N. Carolina, Mecklenburg Co.

promptly executed by B B BABINGTON, Sup't. Migh Shoals, Dec 3, 1866.

### VANCE, DOWD & JOHNSTON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Charlotte, N. C, At the Fall Term, 1866, of the Court of Equity for tice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catagon, therefore ordered by the case Chaupablication be

A. Oppenheimer

Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Mats of every description. office, the 2d Monday in October, A. D., 1866.

or. Oct 20, 1866.

#### STATE NEWS.

COUNCILLORS OF STATE -The Legislature has elected the following gentlemen to compose the board of Councillors of State :

W A Wright of New Hanover, War Eston, ture. In the course of a year or two after, I dis- Jr. of Warren, E W Jones of Caldwell, Giles Mebane of Caswell, Jesse G Shepherd of Comberland, Henry Joyner of Halifax, and Thos S Asbe of Asson.

> ANOTHER MURDER IN WILKES -A man by the name of Dowell, accused of killing one St. John, both of Wilkes county, was brought before Judge Mitchell of this place, last Friday, under a writ of hobeus corpus. Upon hearing the testimony, Judge Mitchell refused to admit Dowell to bail, considering it a case of murder. The evidence went to show that Dowell and St. John had been drinking at Wilkesboro, and apparently were upon friendly terms, that Dowell invited the deceased home with him, and while at supper a discussion arose between them about the Bible, and politics, the war, &e; that St. John, who was a man having Southern sympathies, denounced the "Red Strings" (Dowell being one) which gave offence to Dowell, and he ordered St. John to leave the house. While in man, struck the deceased with an iron shovel on his neck between the head and shoulders, Ith inst, declaring among other things that the from the effects of which he died in about two weeks .- Statesville American.

Gone-Going.-A number of families, composing some of the best material of this county. have taken up their winding way for new homes in Georgia, Mississippi, and elsewhere in the Southwest, and others are making preparations to start before the 1st of January. By that time the Union men of this State had not been perand the desire to seek new homes in distant States. Terms—six months credit with note and security, We are afraid tis distance that is leading the enchantment that's drawing our people on. They are seeking homes in sections where they will have ity guilty of such persecution, be duly punished, though his efforts were not interrupted, no one to work as hard as they will here, with difference Resolved, that the Committee on the Judiciary in climate, the risk of acclimating, and all the ills be instructed to request said member to appear brusure. If that had been done, and any one CHEAP GOODS, of frontier life to contend against. Better spend before them, and furnish the facts on which he the money it will cost to "break up," to move, and to"break in," upon fertilizers and in proved Under the Mansion House, Moore's Old Stand, such machinery here, and put forth your energies to be made, have power to send for persons and bring out the full powers to produce of the land

The Charlotte Democrat is opposed to Gov. Worth's recommendation for a Penitentiary and states its objections in a brief, but clear and forcible style, as will be seen in another part of this

The same journal says there ought to be change in the Presidency of the State University; -that however well the present incumbent may have filled the place at one time, it is not so now; and that the prosperity of the Institution can only be restored by a change, and the selection of some such man as Gen. Joseph E. Johnson. We agree with the Democrat, and we believe there is a GRAY'S, and they will fill them and deliver the general concurrence in the opinion that a change is needed .- Salisbury Watchman.

A rattle snake was killed in Gaston county a short time since, said to be over six feet in length, and in size as large as a man's thigh. It had 26 rattles and one button-supposed to be 27 years

Hon J B Campbell of South Carolina. has been elected U. S. Senator by the South Carolina Legislature to succeed Mr Manning.

#### Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions-Oct. Term, 1866, Benjamin F Boone and wife Mollie E, and Henrietta C Orr, vs. James I Orr, Executor of John Orr, deceased, and others.

etition for an Account and Payment of Legacies. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he children of Caroline M Pharr, deceased, whose newspaper published in the city of Charlotte, notilying said defendants to appear at the next term of this court to be held for the county of Mecklenburg. in January next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the petition, or judgment, pro confesso, will be taken and the same heard exparte as to them. Wirness, Wm Maxwell, Clerk of our said court at office, the 21 Monday in October, A. D., 1866. WM. MAXWELL, Clerk.

State of N. Carolina, Wecklerburg Co. Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions-Oct. Term, 1866. Wm Tiddy, Administrator of J R Tradenick, dec'd. vs John G Wilson and wife Elizabeth and others.

Heirs at Law of J R Tradenick, dec'd.

Petition to Sell Land to Pay Debts. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Martin Stevans and wife Jane, one of the heirs at law of J R. Tradenick, dec'd, reside beyond the limits in the Iron business, that can be procured in the of this State, it is therefore ordered by the court South, they feel confident they can give full satis- that publication be made, for six successive weeks, Rolled Iron, in flat Bar, round and square—all the city of Charlotte, notifying the said Martin Stevans and wife Jane, to appear at the next term of this court to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the court House in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in January next, then and there to plead,

answer, or demur, or judgment, pro confesso, will be taken, and the same heard exparte as to them. Witness, Wm Maxwell, Clerk of our said court at the State debt one iota. It was emphatically a office in Charlotte, the 2d Monday in October, 1866. bill for the relief of the people; would enhance WM. MAXWELL, Clerk.

## Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions -Oct. Term, 1866. Mary Wentz vs. the bicics at Law of Daniel Wentz

Petition for Dower. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that John N Wentz, Elmira Williamson and H L Black and wife Malinda, three of the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is court House in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in January next, then and there to plead, answer or defence given when such satisfactory arrangements will be taken and heard experte us to them.

Witness, Wm Maxwell, Clerk of our said court at arranged with me by that time will be sued on.

### N. C. LEGISLATURE.

MONDAY, Dec. 10. SBNATE- Mr McCorkle, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a teso. Facts by the Prisoner and an Officer of the Day. lution instructing them to inquire into and report what power this body has to change the jurisdiction of the courts, asked to be discharged

from its further consideration. A message was received from the House transmitting a resolution on the subject of adjournments providing that this body adjourn on the 24th of December to meet again on the 22d of January next. Mr Paschall offered to amend by substituting the 17th of December for the 4th. Mr Matthews offered an amendment to the amendment by striking out all after the 24th of December and insert sine die, the year and nays were called and the awendment to the amendment was adopted by a vote of 20 yeas to I6 nays. The question arising on the adoption of the resolution as amended, the year and nays were called and the resolution was adopted by a vote of 16 year to 10 mays. Subsequently a were posted on the outer pavement in front of message was received from the House refusing to concur in the Senate amendment.

House-Mr Waugh introduced the follow ing resolution: Whereas in the discussion of the resolutions which passed this House on the charges of disloyalty, of persecution against those styling themselves the original Union men, and of the partial administration of Justice, are false, and known by those who make them to be without a shadow of foundation, the member from Henderson (Mr Blythe) declared be could not conscientiously vote for the resolutions, because they were untrue in that they asserted that stood to refer to persecution since the re-establishment of civil Government) coming from a the tramp of she sentinels who came to relieve member of this House, requires investigation; those on post, produced fever, and rapidly to the end, therefore, that the person or author- wasted his strength. Without mechanical aid, rested said allegation, and that said Committee, up the reverment on the opposite side, which in order that a fair and full investigation may was doubtful, he then would have encountered papers, and that they report to this House, at together with many manifestations indicating where your home is now .- Wadesboro Argus an early day, by bill, resolution, or otherwise .-Adopted.

By Mr Boyd, a bill to regulate assignments and protect creditors.

By Mr Trull, a bill to pay tales Jurors for their services on capital felonies. By Mr Perry of Wake, a bill for the relief of

The resolution for the relief of the City of Raleigh passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules. (Virtually releases the city from its subscription to the Chatham R. R.

A bill to authorize the County Court of Meckenburg to extend its sessions, also passed its several readings.

Mr Morehead (by leave) introduced a resolution that the Finance Committee inquire as to for State bonds. Adopted.

Committee inquire as to the expediency, pro-Adopted.

names are unknown, defendants in this case, reside that it was sold the next day by the purchaser sought in his person to degrade the cause of beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore or- | for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars. He redered by the court that publication be made, for garded such sacrifices as ruinque both to the six successive weeks, in the Western Democrat, a honest debtor, as well as to the better and more lenient creditors of the country, and hoped that the Committee would send in a bill at an early at the court House in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday, day embracing the objects of the resolution which had just been read by the Clerk )

The House proceeded to consider the bill to enhance the value of the bonds to be issued for the completion of the Western N. C. Railroad and for other purposes, on its second reading

Mr Patton addressed the House in support of ting the advantages which would accrue to the people of the West, and to the State at large, from the completion of the road to the Tennes-

see line, as originally contemplated. Mr Hutchison opposed the bill. He was opposed to increasing the State's indebtedness. directly or indirectly. It was true the bill did not ask a direct appropriation from the Treasury, but he feared that indirectly the credit of the State would be impaired by changes of those securities now held by the State for others of

doubtful validity. Mr Kenan supported the bill. It had been recommended unanimously by the committee on Internal Improvements. It would not increase the value of State stocks, and contribute mate-

rially to the payment of State debts. Messrs Dargan and McKap also addre House, urging the passage of the bill. The question recurring, the bill passed its 2d

reading. Ayes 57, Nays 25. A bill to empower the county courts to levy taxes for repairing public roads, was laid on the table on second reading.

### NOTICE.

I am authorized to give notice to all persons indebted to R. HOUSTON TOHNSTON, that his papers must be settled. They have the opportunity until to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the the 1st day of January next of paying what they can,

Dec 3 1808 more tracked more posteriored

IN FORTRESS MONROE.

The Ironing Business-The true Relation of

From the Natchez Conrier, Nov. 15.

When Jeff Davis was brought a captive to Fortress Monroe, be was confined in the gunroom of a casemate, the embrasure of which was closed with a heavy grating, and the doors which communicated with the gunner's room were closed with heavy double shutters, fastened with cross bars and padlocks. The side openings had been closed up with fresh masonary, the plastering of which was soft to the touch, the top being an arch to support the earth of the parapet. Two sentinels with muskets loaded and bayonets fixed, paced to and fro across the small prison. Two other sentinels and a commissioned officer occupied the gunner's room, the doors and windows of which were strongly secured. The officer of the day had the key of the outer door, and sentinels it. There was also two sentinels on the parapet overhead. The embrasure looked out on the wet ditch, say sixty feet wide, the water in which was probably from seven to ten feet deep. the scrap and counterscrap revetted with dressed masonary. Beyond the ditch, on the glacis. was a double chain of sentinels, and in the case-

Borne down by privation, over exertion and exposure, he was in no condition when thrown into prison to resist exciting causes of disease The damp walls, the food too coarse and bad to be eaten, the deprivation of sleep caused by the tramping of sentries around the iron sot, the light of the lamp which shone full upon it, the loud calling of the roll when another relief was turned out, the noise of unlocking the doors, could have removed the grating from the emcould have swam across the ditch, and climbed the sentinels on the glacis. The circumstances, feeling toward him, led him to the conclusion that it was not the belief that these things was necessary to prevent his escape, but a purpose to offer an indignity, to inflict physical pain, and perhaps to deprive him of life. On the 23d of May, 1865, the officer of the day, Captain J. Titlow, of the third Pennsylva-

blacksmiths, bearing a pair of heavy leg irons, coupled together by a pondrous chain. Captain Titlow, in a manner fully sustaining words, informed him that, with great personal reluctance, he came to execute an order to put irons upon him. Mr Davis asked whether General Miles had given that order, and on being answered in the affirmative, said he wished to see Gen. Miles. Captain Titlow replied that he had just left Gen. Miles, who was leaving the the expediency of issuing Treasury notes for the fort. Mr Davis then asked that the execution payment of the non-funded interest on the debt of the order should be postponed until Gen. of the State, also the exchange of Treasury notes Miles returned. Captain Titlow said his orders would not permit that, and that to an old sol-Mr. Holderby, a resolution that the Judiciary | dier it was needless to say that an officer was bound to execute an order as it was given to pricty and Constitutionality of enacting a law him. Mr Davis told him that it was too obsuspending the sale of property under execu- vious that there could be no necessity for the tion, or venditioni exponas for a limited time. use of such means to render his imprisonment secure; and, on Captain Titlow's repeating that (Mr Holderby said that information just from his duty was to execute his orders, Mr Davis the country satisfied him of the great necessity said it was not such an order as a soldier could of enacting a law, without delay, suspending give, or should receive, and he would not subthe sale of property, under execution, for a given | mit to it; that it was evidently the intention to time-that he had heard of the sale of a truet torture him to death; that he would never tameof land a few days since, at six hundred dollars; ly be subjected to indignities by which it was which he was the representative. The officer of the day, with evident kind feeling endeavored to dissuade him from resistance. The officer of the guard came in from the front room with the officer of the day, to induce him to yield. It was needless to show what was very apparent -that resistance could not be successful-and Mr Davis' answer was that he "was a soldier and a gentleman; that he knew how to die," and pointing to the sentinel who stood ready. said: "Let your men shoot me at once." He faced round with his back to the wall, and stood officer to suppose that no resistance would be made, and therefore the blacksmiths were directed to do their work. As one of them stoop-

the bill, explaining its provisions, and enumera- silently waiting. His quiet manner led the ed down to put on the fetters, Mr Davis slung him of so violently as to throw him on the floor; neously one of the sentinels cocked and lowered his musket, advancing on the prisoner, who had turned to encounter this assailant, and thus did not see the purpose of the blacksmith. Captain Titlow saw the new danger, and promptly interposed, telling the sentinels that they were not to fire. Ordered the officer of the guard to bring in four of the strongest wen of the guard without fre-arms, for the purpose of overcoming, by muscular strength, the resistance which having previously been taken from him. The of its young men. How many of them are

scornfully asked his assailants if they "called" the South is to effect its true restoration, themselves "soldiers," and said, "the shame is yours, not mine." The object being effected, that there are at present in successful operation. and making arrangements for the balance, with day of the day withdrew the men he had that there are at present in successful operation brought in. The prisoner lay down on the cot, in that State eleven cotton factories, which run are mide at which film my mission will be eaded. I am also authorized to say that all that are not arranged with me by that time will be sued on.

Dec 3, 1808. April 1808. Agest.

Dec 3, 1808. April 1808. Agest.

Dec 3, 1808. April 1808. Agest.

HOW MR. DAVIS WAS IMPRISONED that he was to be tertured to death, and defice the power. which attempted to degrade him On the dramatic account published in Dr Craven's book, he said it could not have been written by one who either knew the fasts, or had such personal knowledge of him as to form a just idea of what his conduct would be under such circumstances. The fact (he added) was that very little was said either by Captain Titles, or by himself, and that whatever was said was attered in a very quiet and practical mapner. For himself, be would say, he was too resolved and too proudly conscious of his relation to a sacred, though unsuccessful cause. for such acclamations and manifestations as were imputed to him by Dr. Craven's informant, and given to the public in his book.

### DEPARTMENT REPORTS.

Below we give a few facts condensed from the reports of the Secretaries of War and of the Navy. They are quite as full as our people will feel any interest in :

Report of the Secretary of War .- Secretary Stanton reports that up to the 1st of November last, 1,023,021 volunteers had been mustered out-leaving 11,043 (white and colored) in the service at that date. The present strength of the army is 54,302, including 10,000 colored troops; only 97 soldiers remained in hospitals

or 30th of June last. mate rooms, on each side of his prison, were Large sales of war material and government quartered that part of the guard which was not property have been made, netting large sums. Among the items are the following: 267,000 horses and mules sold for \$15,269,000; 4,400 barracks, hospitals and other buildings sold for \$147,000; damaged clothing sold for \$902,000; steamers and barges, sold for \$1,152,000; boxpital property sold for \$4,000,000; two hundred and sixty-two vessels, chartered for inland transportation at a cost of \$3,000,000, have been dismissed. The military railroads, operated during the war at a total expenditure of \$45,000,000 have been restored to their owners, with 433 engines and 6,605 cars. The military telegraph is discontinued; its total cost was \$3,219,000.

> been established, and the interments number 104,526-all Union dead. Sites for ten additional cemeteries have been selected. The total expenditures of the War Department last year were \$259,374,317, of which sum \$205,272,324 were paid to the million of sol-

Forty-one national military cemeteries have

diers mustered our. The pay estimate for the coming year is \$17,728,560. Report of the Secretary of the Navy .- Seeretary Welles reports that the navy has 278 vessels, 2,351 guns and 13,600 men. Fiftyfour iron-clads are laid up, and seven are not completed. Sixty-nine vessels are in squadron nia Artillery, came into his prison with two service, carrying 694 guns. On the pension blacksmiths, bearing a pair of heavy leg irons, list there are 2.265 names; the total annual pay-

ment is \$270,739. A detailed statement is given of the various quadrons and their duties. For the turreted iron clads, he claims that they are an entire success, as proved by the cruises of the Monadnock and the Miantonomah.

# THE TEST OATH UNCONSTITUTIONAL --

The Washington Republican of Saturday says : The Supreme Court of the United States have agreed upon a decision upon the constitutionality of the test oath. The question came up on the cases presented in regard to the exaction of the oath from attorneys, of which there were several under consideration by the court, which were argued last summer. The court has decided by a vote of five to four against the constitutionality of the oath. The opinions will probably be read on Monday next, if Judge Greer should be able to be in attendance. It is understood that each of the Judges will read

The pext important decision which ought to eminate from this tribunal is whether a State, under the Constitution, can secode from the

A new work presents itself to Congress. namely: the regonstruction of the Supreme Court. The best way to reach that will be to abolish the Constitution altogether, and not ticker it any more

Young Men - Henry Ward Beechar, in a sermon last Sunday evening, produced the following picture of rich men's sons :

"Men seem ashamed of labor, and often you will find men who have made themselves respected in labor, have built up a business and amassed a fortune, who turn to their sons and say: "You shall never do as I did; you shall lead a different life; you shall be spared all this." Oh, these rich men's sons! They sim to lead a life of elegant leisure; and that is a life tofemasculated idleness and laziness. Like the but the officer of the day stopped him; simulta- polyp that floats useless and nasty upon the sea, all jelly, all flabby, no muscle, so bone—it shuts and opens, and opens and shuts, and sucks in and squirts out again, of no earthly account, influence or use. Such are these poor fools .-Their parents toiled and grew strong, built up their frames of iron and bone; but denying all this to their sons, they turn them upon the world boncless, muscleless, simple grizzle, and soft at that." when the

THE PUTURE OF THE SOUTH .- The National was threatened. Mr Davis had nothing with Intelligencer utters but a trite sentiment when it which to defend himself, even his pen-knife says that the futpre of the South is in the hands contest was brief, and ended in his being thrown qualifying themselves to manage its factories, down, four men being on his body and head control its railroads, mine its ores, work its ma-He could not see the blacksmiths when they chine shops, and cultivate its plantations? Prot approached to put on the irons, but feeling one fessional men it has in abundance—able lawyers, of them, he kicked him off against the wall.

The smith recovered, and with the aid which

These have their uses, but the growth of a State the other men could give him, succeeded in the depends less on them than on the character of the second attempt to rivet one fetter, and secure then who manage its industrial enterprise. On the padlock which held the other. Mr Davie the plantation in the shep, in the factory, there