

The Western Democrat.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1869.

SEVENTEENTH VOLUME---NUMBER 866.

WM. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Terms of Subscription—Three Dollars in advance.

THE
Western Democrat
PUBLISHED BY
WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.
TERMS—Three Dollars per annum in advance.
Advertisements will be inserted at reasonable rates, or in accordance with contract.
Obituary notices of over five lines in length will be charged for at advertising rates.

Robert Gibbon, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C.,
Office and Residence, one door south old State Bank,
(formerly Wm. Johnston's residence).
Jan 1, 1869.

J. P. McCombs, M. D.,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of
Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both
night and day, promptly attended to.
Office in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite the
Charlotte Hotel.
Oct 26, 1868.

Dr. JOHN H. McADEN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
Has on hand a large and well selected stock of PURE
DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Family Medi-
cines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Fancy and
Toilet Articles, which he determines to sell at the
very lowest prices.
Jan 1, 1869.

DR. JOHN H. WAYT,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office for this year at his Residence.
Patients in the City or Country waited on at their
residences. Orders sent him through the Post Office
will be promptly attended to. No extra charge on
account of distance.
Jan 11, 1869.

WM. M. SHIPP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Charlotte, N. C.,
Office in Dewey's Bank Building.
Nov. 9, 1868.

JOHN T. BUTLER,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,
AND DEALER IN
JEWELRY, FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Watch Materials, Spectacles, &c.
Aug. 19, 1867. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

QUERY
Is receiving, daily, his Fall Stock of
Millinery, Trimmings, &c. &c.
Which he asks the Ladies and the public generally,
to call and examine.
MRS. QUERY is prepared to serve her
friends with the
LATEST STYLES
in Bonnets, Hats, Dress making, &c.
Oct 5, 1868.

Novels.
Paper bound Novels in abundance at TIDDY'S.
"Life's Lottery, or Life and Its Aim"; "How a
Beide was Lost, or a Chase Across the Pampas," by
Frederick Gerstaecker; "Molun, or the Last Days of
Lee and his Paladins," from the MSS. of Mrs. R.
of Bagle's Nest; "Dallas Galbraith, or the Verdict,"
Harding Davis; "Waiting for the Verdict,"
"Margaret Howth," etc.; "Among the Arabs, a Nar-
rative of Adventures in Algeria," by G. Nabegyri;
"The Old Mansel's Secret," after the German of E.
Morlitt," by Mrs. A. Wistler; "Gold Ebb," by Mrs.
A. L. Wistler. Just received at TIDDY'S.

Summes.
Memoirs of Service Abroad during the War between
the States, by Admiral Raphael Semmes, of the Con-
federate States Navy. Just received at TIDDY'S.

A Constitutional View
Of the Late War between the States, by Alex. H.
Stephens, late Vice-President of the U. S. A. For sale by
Feb 22, 1869. TIDDY & BRO.

First National Bank of Charlotte,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
Office in McAden's New Building.

OFFICERS.
R. Y. McAden, President. M. P. Pegram, Cashier.
A. G. Brenizer, Teller.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
R. Y. McAden, T. H. Drem, Wm R. Myers,
R. M. Oates, Wm Johnston, S. A. Colen,
John Wilkes.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and
Silver Coins, and Government and other Securities.
Jan 1, 1869.

T. W. DAVIS,
Practical Watchmaker and Goldsmith,
Has located himself in the City of
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Where he will do all manner of Repairing in Watches,
Clocks and Jewelry in the best manner, and at short
notice and reasonable terms. Fine Watches and
jewelry repaired with special care, and satisfaction
guaranteed. He can give good references as a man
and workman. You shall not regret it if you give
him a trial. He may be found at Tiddy & Bro's old
stand on Trade street, next door to Dr. Scarr's
Drug Store.
February 1, 1869.

A. HALES,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Next Door to the Democrat Office, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

If your Watch needs Repairing,
Don't get mad and go to swearing;
Just take it into HALES' shop,
He will fix it so it will not stop.

He warrants his work for a year,
When it is used with proper care.
He will do it as low as it can be done,
And do it so well it's sure to run.
January 1, 1869.

Old North State Distillery,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
GROOT, KUCK & CO.,
Distillers and Rectifiers of Corn and Rye Whiskies.

We warrant our Liquors PURE and UNADULTER-
ATED.
Orders solicited from the trade.
Salesroom on Tryon Street, opposite T. W. Dewey
& Co's Bank.
Feb 22, 1869.

A WORD TO FARMERS.—The first thing for
a farmer to find out is, what crops grow best on
his soil. Then let him not be discouraged by
low prices for a year or two. If he has a grass
farm, let him make butter right along, even if
some weeks it does not bring him but twenty
cents. Let him persevere and continue to send
a fine article to town, and before the year is out
he will get the highest market price. So with
potatoes or hogs or chickens. Farmers differ
more in skill as marketers, than in industry as
producers.—*Heath and Home.*

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.
I offer for sale my valuable LANDS in Cabarrus
county.

One tract, joining the Rowan county line, is 8
miles North-east of Concord, and contains 335 acres
—75 acres of which is good quality of Branch Bot-
tom, 25 acres Pasture and 10 acres good Meadow—
all cleared and lying level—together with 165 acres
heavily timbered with oak, hickory, walnut, &c. On
this tract is a good two-story Dwelling with 5 rooms,
all necessary out-buildings, two-story double Barn,
25 carpenter shop, and a good TAN MILL with 25
cans, and a good Orchard of choice Fruit Trees.
The water for the Dwelling and Barn is good and
convenient. The Land is first-rate for Cotton, Corn,
Wheat, Oats, &c.

Also, another tract of 125 acres joining the above,
with about 75 acres in cultivation, 55 acres are
heavily timbered. On the premises is a Dwelling
and all necessary out-houses.

Both tracts are on Dutch Buffalo Creek, which
runs through the land. It will suit any man who
wants to purchase a Number 1 Farm. It is the land
formerly owned by Jacob Pless.

The subscriber, living 5 miles South-east of Con-
cord, will take pleasure in showing the property to
any one desiring to purchase. Call soon for I am
determined to sell. J. L. LITAKER,
Mech 15, 1869. Impd Concord, N. C.

SMITH'S
Boot, Shoe and Leather Store,
Next door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C.,
Is the largest Wholesale and Retail Shoe Establish-
ment in North Carolina.

The quality of their Stock is superior in every re-
spect, and unequalled in style, finish and workman-
ship. The prices are as low as can be afforded.
They buy their Goods exclusively from Manufac-
turers, or have them made to order. They pay no
rent and do the business themselves, and can, there-
fore, and will sell all styles and qualities of Boots
and Shoes at lower prices than can be found else-
where in this market. Every pair of Boots and
Shoes is warranted as represented. "One price to
all" and "fair dealing," is their motto.

Leather, Shoe Findings & Belting.
Their stock of Leather and Shoe Findings is most
complete, embracing every grade of Hemlock and
Oak Sole Leather, Upper Leather, French and Ameri-
can Calf Skins, Kip, Lasts, &c. They also furnish
all widths of Rubber and Leather Belting at Manu-
facturers' prices.

Ask for SMITH'S SHOE STORE, the oldest estab-
lished Shoe House in the State.

Next Door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C.
August 31, 1868.

City Bank of Charlotte.
Trade Street, Springs Building, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Cot. W. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
C. N. G. BUTT, Teller.

Issues Certificates of Deposits bearing interest, as per
agreement, and receives deposits of any amount,
subject to sight check.

Buy and sells on a small margin, Gold and Silver,
makes advances on Bullion when desired, and pays
the highest rates for old Bank Money.

Keeps constantly on hand a large supply of Revenue
Stamps of every denomination, and allows 2 per
cent discount on sums over \$25.

Mutilated Currency of every kind bought at a very
moderate deduction, including the short Halves and
Quarters.

Draws drafts directly for any amount on the prin-
cipal cities in the following countries, at New York City,
London, England, Ireland, France, Holland, Spain,
the Orient, and the Argentine Republic.

Notice!
Having entered upon the THIRD YEAR of our
existence with facilities for attending to customers
as good as those of any similar institution in the
country, and still retaining our Motto, Politeness
and Attention to Business, we respectfully solicit a
continuance of the public patronage so kindly given
us during the past two years.

Wm. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
March 22, 1869. City Bank of Charlotte

CHESAPEAKE GUANO,
An Ammoniated Soluble Phosphate.

Warranted to contain all the material necessary to
produce a full crop, and to enrich the Land for future
use. If applied according to directions, for which
see pamphlets on hand for distribution.

We can furnish testimonials from several re-
liable and successful farmers of this county who have
used it on grain and cotton last year, and who are
now ordering heavy supplies for the coming season,
which is a sufficient evidence of its superiority.

STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.,
Agents, Charlotte, N. C.
March 15, 1869.

M. L. WRISTON & CO.,
Auctioneers
And General Commission Merchants.
For the Sale and Purchase of Tobacco, Cotton, Grain,
Flour, Produce and Merchandise of all kinds,
Mansion House Building,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

M. L. Wriston, A. H. C. Eccles, T. H. Gaither,
Late of R. I. M. C. of Fredrick.

REFERENCES:—T. W. Dewey & Co., Bankers; M. P.
Pegram, Cashier First National Bank; W. J. Yates,
Editor Western Democrat; Hutchinson, Barringers &
Co., General Insurance Agents, Charlotte, N. C.
Wm. H. Jones & Co., Raleigh, N. C.; G. S. Palmer,
of Palmer, Hartcock & Co., Richmond, Va.; Rev. Dr.
Thos. E. Bond, Editor of Baltimore Ep. Methodist,
Baltimore, Md.; Worth & Daniel, Wilmington, N. C.;
Hanes & Co., Charleston, S. C.; Jas. Miller, Esq., and
Osley & Wilson, Augusta, Ga.; Meador Brothers,
Atlanta, Ga.; Woodruff & Parker, Mobile, Ala.
Jan 11, 1869.

NOTICE
The copartnership heretofore existing under the
name and style of TAYLOR & DUNCAN was dis-
solved by mutual consent on the 1st January, 1869.

All persons indebted to the firm of Taylor & Dun-
can, by Note or Account, will please come forward
and make payment immediately to A. A. N. M. Tay-
lor, who is authorized to settle all the business of the
firm, who is authorized to receive all claims against the firm.
All persons having claims against the firm, will
present them for payment to the same.

A. A. N. M. TAYLOR,
J. DUNCAN, Jr.

Having purchased the entire interest of J.
Duncan, Jr., I will continue the business at the New
Brick Store, on Trade Street, 3 doors East of Springs
Barn, where I will be pleased to see all my old
friends and patrons.
March 1, 1869. A. A. N. M. TAYLOR.

We Shall Be Like Him.
We shall be like Him! Oh! beautiful thought!
Well may our souls unto rapture be wrought;
After the sorrow, the we and the tears,
We shall be like Him, when Jesus appears.

After the conflict, in peace to sit down,
After the cross, to be wreathed with the crown,
After the dust and the soil of the way,
With Him, and like Him, forever to stay.
Never again shall the throbbing head ache,
Never again shall the beating heart break,
Never the task drop from wearying hands,
Nor the feet ever fall in the brightest of lands.

Never shall sin, with the trail of its shame,
Shadow love's sunlight, or chill its clear flame;
Saviour, oh! grieved in the house of Thy friends,
We will not wound Thee, when Earth's frail life ends.
Death! 'tis this thought does away with Thy sting,
Makes us triumphant, to meet Thee and sing,
"Glorious God!" When the Jordan is passed,
We shall go home, and be like Him at last.

Master! these we've often decried,
When the world scorned, we have shrunk from Thy
side;
Yet, blessed Jesus, Thou knowest Thy love,
Pardon and help us with grace from above.
When Thou appearest—oh! rapturous thought—
Well may our souls into transport be wrought;
We shall be like Thee! when this life is o'er;
Would Thee, deny Thee, offend Thee no more.

Half-Day Christianity.
Will the world ever be converted by half day
Christianity? As a rule, how much vital power
is there in those Christians, the limit of whose
activity is to sit composedly in the pew half a
day on Sunday?

Most pastors tell us that a large number of
their own people will not attend a second service.
Some ministers, by their peculiar gifts, are en-
abled to attract large audiences, but these are
either drawn from other congregations or from
that floating class in our large cities that follows
the different "star" preachers. It is feared that
too many professing Christians do not look at
this subject in the right light. They do not
consider the public worship of God a religious
duty as well as a privilege.

The great trouble is, that a large number of
Christian people have got into the habit of stay-
ing at home half a day on Sunday, and it seems
like a great undertaking to change it. But
Christians ought to feel that in going to church,
they are not to suit every whim and gratify every
mood. They ought not to go to hear this or that
preacher, but to worship God, and to worship
him publicly. Such a service has a marked
effect on the individual. It is one of the most
important means of grace, and nothing can take
its place. And even if one felt confident that he
could gain as much good to his own soul by
staying at home part of the Sabbath, he ought
to make a personal sacrifice for the good of
others. For other Christians and irreligious per-
sons will be influenced by his example.

Reader, lay this subject to heart, and encourage
your pastor by being in your pew twice every
Sunday.—*American Presbyterian.*

To Wholesale and Retail Buyers
LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

The Largest Stock of Goods in the Market.
In conformity to our CARD of last month, wherein
we stated the fact of our MR. RINTELS having left
for Northern markets, we now take pleasure in
forming our numerous friends and customers that
our stock (and we say with pardonable pride) the
largest ever brought to this market is now in,
which we respectfully invite the Wholesale and Retail
trade.

All we ask is come and examine our Stock and you
will at once perceive where your interest lies.
WITKOWSKY & RINTELS.

Millinery.
We also have the largest and most complete Stock
of Millinery, superintended by the favorite and popular
Milliner, Miss BETSY WILLIAMS. W. & B.
March 29, 1869.

Irish Potatoes.
Just received, a large lot of Irish Seed Potatoes,
March 22, 1869. B. M. PRESSON & CO.

Notice to Debtors.
My Notes and Accounts are in the hands of Hutch-
inson & Brown for collection. Those persons interest-
ed will take due notice.
March 22, 1869. ROBT. GIBBON, M. D.

McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Groceries, Hardware, Staple Goods, Shoes, &c.,
Trade Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Have the largest Store Room in the City, and the
largest Stock of Goods, which will show for itself
upon examination. We keep every article a family
may need. Come in and we will sell you your whole
bill and save you the trouble of running around.
One of our firm has just returned from New York,
and we are now receiving daily a large Stock of
Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,
Consisting in part of Sheetings, Drillings, Tickings,
Bleached Shirtings, Irish Linens, Ginghams, Prints,
Delaines, Lawns, Muslins, &c., &c. A large stock of men's
Notions, Trimmings, &c.—Also, a full stock of men's
and boys' Hats and Caps, and Ladies' and Misses'
Hats. A full line of men's and boys' and ladies' and
Misses' BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also, a full stock of
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.

Give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are
determined not to be undersold.
Feb 22, '69. McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.

Raleigh National Bank
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Directors have resolved to increase the Capital
Stock of this Bank to FIVE HUNDRED THOU-
SAND DOLLARS. Persons wishing to subscribe to
the same will please communicate with
C. DEWEY, President.

Raleigh, March 1, 1869.

ALEXANDER & BLAND,
Dentists, Charlotte, N. C.

Will wait on parties in city or country whenever their
services may be solicited.

Teeth extracted without pain. Gas administered.
Office in Brown's Building. Hours from 8 A. M.
to 5 P. M.
March 8, 1869.

Farm Products of North Carolina.
In 1867 North Carolina raised 26,120,000
bushels of corn, wheat, rye, oats, barley, buck-
wheat and potatoes. Besides this, her tobacco
crop was 40,212,000 pounds, and her hay crop
179,000 tons.

The number of acres she cultivated in order
to produce this yield was 2,548,113. The value
of the entire crop of that year was \$33,332,716.
Her crop of corn was worth \$18,692,968;
wheat, \$7,205,650; rye, \$548,490; oats, \$2-
226,560; barley, \$4,500; buckwheat, \$19,580;
potatoes, \$319,560; tobacco, \$6,956,679; and
hay, \$2,158,740. The value of her tobacco was
nearly 50 per cent per pound more than that of
Virginia's.

In Gates county she lost 20 per cent of her
horses from the disease known as the blind stag,
which prevailed to a considerable extent in
Onslow and Craven. In Sampson, Currituck
and other counties the sleepy staggers carried
off many horses as well as mules—to the extent
of 8 or 10 per cent; nineteen twentieths of those
attacked died. In parts of Chatham county
three-fourths of the hogs were lost from disease.

The decrease in values of real estate was very
general in 41 counties. As a general rule, small
farms decreased less than large ones. The general
average is stated at 50 per cent, and the causes
are attributed to the war, change in the labor
system, scarcity of money and the unsettled state
of public affairs.

She has 6,617,284 acres of improved lands in
farms; 17,245,685 in unimproved lands in
farms; her wild or waste acreage in farms are
5,037,031. The number of her farms is stated
to be 75,203, and the average number of acres
in each is 316.

How to Dissolve Bones.

A barrel, box, or an ash-hopper will do to dis-
solve bones in. The bones should be broken
into small pieces with an axe or sledge-hammer.
By laying them on a flat stone or a piece of iron,
they can readily be broken into small particles.
After being broken, place a layer of them in the
vessel provided about 3 inches deep; cover them
with good hard wood unleached ashes, to which
should be added fresh lime in the proportion of
up to a bushel of lime to a barrel of ashes. Put
half a bushel of lime to a barrel of ashes, and
so continue alternately until the vessel is
full. Add enough water to saturate the whole
thoroughly, though not enough to make the lye
run. Let it remain about three months, taking
care to dampen it every two weeks with enough
water to start the lye. If the lye should run,
catch it for dampening the ashes in future use.
In three months the bones will become soft and
ready to shamble. Much of it can be broken up
with the shovel by throwing out the mass and
working it over. Those bones that do not work
can be picked out and reset again, and by
the time they go through the process again they
will be thoroughly decomposed and ready for
use on grain or other crops.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor celebrated the
coming of age of her son a few days ago by
furnishing Mr. Brace, of the Children's Aid
Society, the necessary amount of money to
provide one hundred orphan boys with homes
in the West.

A CURE FOR LOVE.—The Charleston Courier
gives the following cure for love, and we publish
it, hoping it may be of service to one or two of
our acquaintances: "Take one ounce of dislike,
one ounce of resolution, two ounces of the pow-
der of experience, one large sprig of Time, four-
teen drachms of the gulf of dishonor, a quart of
the cooling water of consideration. Set them
on a gentle fire of love, sweeten it with the sugar
of forgetfulness, skim it with the spoon of mel-
ancholy, put it to your heart, cork it with the
cork of a sound conscience, and there let it re-
main, and you will instantly find ease, and be
restored to your right senses again. These
things are to be found of the apothecary at the
house of Understanding, next door to Reason,
in Prudent street, in the Parish of Contentment."

The Religious Faith of the Cabinet.
The editor of the Dubuque Times, in response
to the query of a lady who wished to know the
religious faith of the members of Grant's cabinet,
says: "Attorney General Cass is a Unitarian,
Secretary of the Interior Cox is a Catholic,
Secretary of the Navy Berie is a Catholic,
ex-Secretary of State Fish is a Dutch Reform-
er, and Postmaster General Creswell espouses
churches altogether. The religious faith of
Boutwell and Rawlins is not yet known to fame.
Grant's family are Methodists, and that is the
church which he usually attends. From the
above, it will be seen that it would have been
difficult to have obtained a greater variety of re-
ligious creeds in the cabinet."

The correspondence between Lewis Cass
and President Buchanan, when the former ten-
dered his resignation as Secretary of State, was
transmitted to the Senate Tuesday. It discloses
the fact that Mr. Cass was the only one of the
Cabinet who urged the defence and reinforce-
ment of the forts in Charleston harbor. Mr.
Buchanan in his reply says, "We both concur in
the opinion that Congress has not the power to
coerce a State to remain in the Union."

The Methodist Episcopal Church (North)
it is announced, will next June, decide the ques-
tion whether the laity shall hereafter be admitted
as delegates to the Conferences. All the mem-
bers of the church, male and female, will vote,
and in order to ascertain, in an informal way,
the views of the denomination on the subject, a
series of mass meetings of friends of the change
will be held through the country.

It begins to be understood, now more fully
than ever, says the Rural Farmer, that early
planting is the way to take advantage of a drought.
The drought usually occurs in summer, mostly
midsummer, and the early rains will so advance
the crop that it will occupy and shade the ground
and form a sufficient growth to reach maturity.
If, in addition, the ground is made mellow deep,
and especially on the surface, and if the soil
is well drained there can be little doubt of at
least a fair yield in good soil.

People are continually complaining how im-
possible it is to wash flannel clothing so as to
prevent it from shrinking. By putting a little
borax into cold water, it will be found that flannels
will not only come out better cleaned, but
there will be absolutely no shrinking.—*Exchange.*

Forty thousand Burman converts have been
baptized since 1819, when the first one was bap-
tized by Dr. Judson.

\$150 PREMIUM!
The North Carolina Land Company will pay \$150
in premiums for the best and richest specimens of
the following ores found in the State of North Car-
olina, to wit: Mineral Cabinet at the Company's
Office, Raleigh: Gold, \$25; Silver, \$20; Copper,
\$15; Iron, \$12.50; Marble, \$12.50; Lead, \$10;
Mica, \$10; Plumbago and Soap Stone, \$10; and all
other minerals. The specimens will be submitted to an ex-
perienced Geologist, and premiums awarded by his
report.

Samples to be marked "N. C. Land Company, Ra-
leigh." R. W. BEST, Sec. & Treas.
March 29, 1869.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ELIAS & COHEN
Are now receiving their usual FULL SUPPLY of
Spring and Summer Goods, which they will sell upon
as reasonable terms as to Wholesale and Retail buyers
as they can be had this side of New York.

With an experience of eighteen years residence in
old Mecklenburg, we flatter ourselves that we have
become good judges of the wants of our neighbors
and friends, and we promise that no other house,
whether veteran or new comer, shall undersell us,
if there is no humbug about our having a large
Stock, with a corresponding desire to sell. A call
will satisfy you of the fact.

We have now on hand and are daily receiving our
Summer Stock of
Ladies' Dress Goods,
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Ready-made
Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Notions
and Groceries, Hardware, Crockery,
And a general assortment to suit the demands of
Wholesale and Retail customers.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at
market rates.
March 29, 1869.

**Gaston County—Its Factories and Water
Powers.**
Correspondence of the Raleigh Standard.

As you are devoting a portion of your paper to
the development of the resources of the State,
I will give you a short letter on the factories and
water-powers of Gaston county.

The name Breadstix was given to Stow's
Factory by my friend Col. R. W. Pulliam, under
which Mr. Stowe built up an enviable reputation,
and until continuing the name for several years, and until
a postoffice by that name was established in South
Carolina. That diverted him to relinquish the
name and adopt "Stovesville," our then post-
office address, and would be now if we had any
postmaster, but the iron clad oath is in the way.

A small portion of this mill was put up in
1847. The greater part was added to the mill
in 1854. The mill house is 35 by 80, three full
stories with basement and attic, situated on the
south fork of the Catawba river, 14 miles down
west from Charlotte. The waterfall is over 10
feet, ample for triple the work now done. The
machinery now consists of nine 36 inch cards,
nine spinning frames, 1,151 spindles, 24 looms,
and all the various pieces of machinery necessary
to work the same. The proprietors allow
themselves 1,200 pounds of yarn per week as
standard work, and rarely come under it.

We have in operation on the same power a
wheat and flour mill, saw mill and wood shop.
The last named worked by R. H. & W. L. Hand.
This embraces all the facts that occur here
in reference to this mill likely to interest you.
With the hope that you can take time to read it,
I will write something of our river, certainly
not inferior in essential value to any stream in
the State. As you have a description of Stoves-
ville, I will take the next place above, "Stove
Falls," on the maps "Spring Shoals."

This place is 5 miles above Stovesville, 17 miles from
Charlotte, and four miles from the Wilmington,
Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad. With a fall of
over 25 feet and grounds to canal and build
upon, not surpassed in beauty, facility for build-
ing, and security from floods by any property in
America. It is beautiful in the extreme. Work
it is 500 acres of superior land, heavily timbered.
One mile above this is the Wood Linn Factory,
owned by L. Lineberger & Co., a well construct-
ed mill of about twelve hundred spindles and
thirty looms, doing good work both as to quan-
tity and quality. Their water power is about
11 feet on the wheel, with a large fall in the
stream below. Above this fall is the Hoff-
man's Shoals, a handsome fall of 18 feet, well
situated, four miles from the Wilmington, Char-
lotte & Rutherford Railroad, surrounded by a
large tract of timbered land. Five miles above
this is a small power of five feet fall, and used
by a company for driving a merchant mill and
quartz crushing. The gold mining interest is
large and known as the Rhodes mine. Two
miles above this is an unimproved power of about
8 feet; and four miles above is the High Shoals,
the most extensive power in this part of the
State, employed in iron manufacture owned by
Commodore Wilkes. The fall of water is about
35 feet. Two and a half miles above this is the
Long Shoal paper mill on a fall of 10 feet. Two
miles above this is another paper mill on a fall
of about 8 feet; three-quarters above this is the
old Lincoln Factory site, the first Factory built
in the State. The fall is about six feet, sur-
rounded by grounds strictly handsome, very
little employed. Two miles above this is Laurel
Mill Factory, near Lincoln. Capacity not
known. The water fall is about four feet.
Above this point the river affords little water
power. This stream is a rapid runner from
Lincolnton to this place, and is uniformly healthy.
Stovesville, N. C. GASTON.

Fearful Fight with a Dog.
Mr. Patrick Flinn, a butcher of this city, a
few days since had a desperate conflict with a
savage dog, in which he came near losing his
life. The circumstances were as follows: A
bull terrier, weighing about one hundred and
sixty pounds, had been kept to guard the slaugh-
ter house. It was known that he was savage,
and therefore he was usually