

WM. J. VATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Terms of Subscription-THEEE DOLLARS, in advance.

PURE DRUGS.

Western Democrat PUBLISHED BY WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Preprietor. TERMS-Three Dollars per annum in advance. Advertisements will be inserted at reasonable rates, or in accordance with contract. Obituary notices of over five lines in length will be charged for at advertising rates.

THE

Robert Gibbon, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C., Office and Residence, one door south old State Bank, (formerly Wm. Johnston's residence).

Jan 1, 1868.

J. P. McCombs, M. D.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both night and day, promptly attended to. Office in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite the Charlotte Hotel. Oct 26, 1868.

Dr. JOHN H. MCADEN, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Has on hand a large and well selected stock of PURE DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Family Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, which he is determined to sell at the very lowest prices. Jan 1, 1869.

DR. JOHN H. WAYT. Surgeon Dentist. Coffice for this year at his Residence.

KILGORE & CURETON, Springs Corner, Charlotte, N. C.,

Keep constantly on hand a full supply of Pure Drugs Medicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery and Patent Med igines. Prescriptions carefully prepared. Physicians from the country are respectfully in-

wited to give us a call. April 19, 1869.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY wil Insure a person 35 years old for \$17 89 per \$1,000 -all cash Promium-with profits from date of Policy. C. W. BRADSHAW, Agent. DR. ROBT. GIBBON, Medical Examiner. April 19, 1869.

NEW FIRM.

I have associated with me in the Grocery and Provision Business, Mr J. S. WILLIAMSON, and hereafter the Firm will be known as GREGORY & WIL-LIAMSON. 1 10000 nen_I earnestly request those indebted to me to Kings and the thirty-seventh chapter of Isaiah call and make settlement, as my old accounts must be arranged at an early day; and persons having claims against me will please present them for payment. March 29, 1869. W. H. H. GREGORY.

Groceries.

The undersigned have in Store a general assortment of Groceries, which they offer at the lowest possible rates. Having bought their Stock for Cash. they can afford to sell at moderate prices for Cash. Call at the old stand of J Y Bryce & Co., and examine our Goods before purchasing. W. H. H. GREGORY. March 29, 1869. J. S. WILLIAMSON.

The Bible.

The following tabular statement, showing the number of books, chapters, verses, words and letters in the Bible, is said to have cost the compiler three whole years of labor :

Restern

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 11,

OLD TESTAMENT

STAR A BOOL CLIFFE	
Number of books,	39
Number of chapters,	629
Number of verses,	23,214
Number of words,	595.439
Number of letters,	2,728,100
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ter is Job twenty-ninth ; the centre verse would be second Chronicles, twentieth chapter, sevenverse eighteenth if there were a verse less. The word "and" occurs 35,543 times; the word chapter of Ezra contains all the letters of the alphabet. The nineteenth chapter of the second are alike.

NEW TESTAMENT. Number of books, 27 260 Number of chapters. Number of verses, 7.059 Number of words, 181.258 Number of letters. 838.380

The middle book is Second Thessalonians The middle chapter would be Romans thirteenth, if there were a chapter more, and Romans fourteenth if there were a chapter less. The middle verse is Acts, seventeenth chapter, seventeenth verse, while the shortest is John, eleventh chapter, thirty-fifth verse. The Old and New Testa

The Art Detective .- Its Practice in Paris.

In Paris there is an art studied and carried to a perfection unknown to any other country; I mean the art detective in the practical application of criminal jurisprudence. As a medical man, M. Tardieu has accomplished in this respect real miracles, tracing out the most mysterious and hidden crimes by indications which remind one of the scent of the savage or the inscrutable tact which he displays in hunting a successful results forms the greatest part of the. The centre book is Proverbs, the centre chap- interest which popularly attaches to evil deeds; and now that a murderer is more easily detected than of old, criminals go more warily to work, teenth verse, if there were a verse more, and and the result is more terrible and more romantic crimes than ever. There is preserved in the office of the Cour d' Assises de Calvados a hand-"Jehovah" occurs 6.855 times, and the shortest kerchief which once in such an affair cost two. verse is first Chronicles, first chapter, twenty- men their lives, and I will give the story as told fifth verse. The twenty first verse of the seventh in a newspaper. Several years ago in Caen the shop of a jeweler was robbed. The poor man surprised them, gave chase, and was brutally murdered by them in the street. Everything was done to detect the eriminals without avail. The great detective Melin, he who brought Charpentier from America, trued and failed. There was at Caen a central Commissaire of Police, a Monsieur Ducheylard, brother-in-law to

the Duke of Malakoff, and this man applied himself steadily to the work. The thieves had left a jimmy (rossignul,) a simple fron bar, and a handkerchief.

Some time after Monsieur Ducheylard found that in a low drinking-house, where rooms were also hired, two men had entered themselves as : August Chemist, Merchant, from Mulhouse ; and Jean Graft, Merchant from Strasburg. Their

What the South will Gain by Breeting Cotton Factories.

Democrat.

1869.

A correspondent of the Charleston News, writing from Orangeburg, S. C., insists that the subject of building cotton factories should be constantly agitated in the South, and that our people who have been too long used to "accustomed grooves" should swing loose from the all absorbing idea of planting, and while they trim the plow for a plenteous crop, let them unite in victim. This difficulty in tracing crime and its forming companies for the manufacture, of the raw material, thereby inaugurating a career of Southern independence, giving employment to thousands of maimed and destitute in our land. and retaining at home that stream of wealth that now flows, and for a half century has flowed northward, enriching that section to a degree unparalleled in the history of any people. It is folly and superfluous to enter into discussion relative to the natural resources of the two sections; any one at all conversant with the geography of the South must be already convinced that here is the province which abounds in advantages of water-power unequalled by the united world.

The rushing waterfalls of Tennessee, and murmuring streams ceaselessly coursing to the ocean from the mountains of the Carolinas and Georgia, chide us with inertness which former times may have rendered excusable, but which is a standing reproach so long as such advantages are neglected in the future. A few incontestable figures will go further to prove the point than any amount of argument based on mere assumption, and the writer quotes from DeBow's Review for January, 1867, on "Southern Manufactures;" "For instance, from one pound of cotton you may make four yards of what is known, in

SEVENTEENTH VOLUME --- NUMBER 870.

The Ramie Plant. In response to numerous inquiries for information concerning the Ramie plant, we publish. the following from the Norfolk Day Book. As the Ramie seems likely to become one of our Southern staples, the article we publish is worth preserving. Says the Day Book :

In consequence of the great interest which we are glad to see our country planters and city merchants are taking in this new staple, we have taken much pains to procure reliable information about the Ramie, its cultivation, &c. We condense from a circular obtained from a gentleman who has for three years cultivated it profitably; and hope our account will induce our farmers at least to experiment with it. The Ramie belongs to the nettle family and in appearance resembles a luxuriant growth of that noxious weed. The leaves, however, being shorter and broader.

At first planting, standing single it is inclined to make many side shoots or laterals. After being cut down once or twice about an inch under the ground the roots become stronger, a large number of ratoons will spout from them and few or no side shoots show themselves. The shoots from the roots or rateons stand close and push each other up.

These close standing shoots contain the best fibre : they are hollow, almost as much as a cane. As soon as the fibre has the proper strength, the stem begins to color a little darker near the ground-when the stems have reached a height of a little more than four feet, the fibre will be of good quality, but does not get hurt if left uncut until it reaches ten feet in height.

The following is a good method to commence planting in the garden or nursery. The soil has to be worked twelve to fourteen inches deep, pulverised and cleared of all weedy roots ; so that when they are afterwards hilled the ground becomes nearly level. As soon as the plant is six to eight inches high, the top ought to be nipped off, in this way side shoots will start from every leaf. When they have reached four or five inches in length, the plant ought to be covered with earth and nothing but the tops of the side shoots left to be seen. All these side shoots will soon make roots, when they can be cut off from the mother plant and transplanted. The mother plant has now strong roots and will soon have ratoons which have to be treated like the side shoots mentioned above-and when strong enough and rooted, can be transplanted The bed should be kept clear of weeds and the ground loose around the plants. A rich rather sandy soil, is believed to be best for the nursery.

Patients in the City or Country waited on at their residences. Orders sent him through the Post Office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge on ! account of distance. Jan 11, 1869

WM. M. SHIPP, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlotte, N. C., OFFICE IN DEWEY'S BANK BUILDING. Nov. 9, 1868.



Watch and Clock Miker, AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, Watch Materialz, Spectacles, &c. Aug. 19, 1867. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

QUERY

Is receiving, daily, his Spring Stock of Millinery, Trimmings, &c. &c., Which he asks the Ladies and the public generally, to call and examine.

IS MRS QUERY 'is prepared to serve her friends with the

LATEST STYLES in Bonnets, Hats, Dress making, &c. May 1, 1869.

A. HALES, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Next Door to the Democrat Office, CHARLOTTE, N. C. If your Watch needs Repairing, Don't get mad and go to swearing; Just take it into HALES' shop, . He will fix it so it will not stop. He warrants his work all for a year, When it is used with proper care. He will do it as low as it can be done, And do if so well it's sure to run. January 1, 1869

ALEXANDER & BLAND Dentists, Charlotte, N. C., Will wait on parties in city or country whenever their services may be solicited. Teeth extracted without pain. Gas administered. Office in Brown's Building. Hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. March 8, 1869. Old North State Distillery,

CHARLOTTE, N. C. GROOT. KUCK & CO., Distillers and Rectifiers of Corn and Rye Whishies. We warrant our Liquors PURE and UNADULTER-ATED. Orders solicited from the trade. Salesroom on Tryon Street, opposite T. W. Dewey & Co's Bank. Feb 22, 1869. tf

GRIER & ALEXANDER, Wholesale and retail Grocers,

Having purchased Mr Sims' interest in the Stock of W. W. Grier & Co. they would call the attention of their friends and the Public generally to their Stock. of Choice.

Family Groceries,

not to be surpassed in the market either in quality or variety. The highest cash prices paid for all kinds of country produce. A speciality made of good family flour.

All Goods purchased at this house will be delivered any where in the City free of charge. Thankful to our many friends for the very liberal 3,056,983. patronage bestowed upon us heretofore, we ask a continuance of the same. Our motto is-as it ever has been-straight forward, true to the line. W. W. GRIER,

Jan. 18, 1869. C. W. ALEXANDER.

SPRING TRADE, 1869.

I take pleasure in informing you that I am now receiving AT MY NEW STAND, National Bank Building, SIGN OF THE BRASS BOOT, direct from the Manufactories, a large and well selected Stock of

Boots and Shoes,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE, comprising every article in the Boot and Shoe line. I invite especial attention to my assortment of Gentlemens', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Bootees, Balmorals and Gaiters. My increased facilities and long experience in business make me confident that my prices, and the quality of my Goods, will compare favorably with those of any other house in the City. I shall be pleased to offer my stock to your inspection at any time you may favor me with a call.

While truly grateful for past favors extended me, I desire your continued patronage S. B. MEACHAM,

Sign of the Brass Boot.

Salem Made Shoes.

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE .--- I am now gent for the sale of Vogler & Co.'s Salem made Shoes. I guarantee every pair sold, and request S. B. MEACHAM, you to try them. Sign of the Brass Boot

Rubber Belting,

Trunks and Hats, always on hand at S. B. MEACHAM'S.

Shoe Findings. A good assortment of Shoe Findings at S. B. MEACHAM'S.

Guarantee -No paper or wood bottom S B. MEACHAM'S. Shoes sold at

new CALL ON S. B. MEACHAM when you want good Boots and Shocs. March 29, 1869.

To Wholesale and Retail Buyers. LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

The Largest Stock of Goods in the Market.

In conformity to our CARD of last month, wherein we stated the fact of "our Mr RINTEDS having left for Northern markets," we now take pleasure in informing our numerous friends and customers that our Stock (and we say with pardonable pride) the largest ever brought to this market is now in, to which we respectfully invite the Wholesale and Retail trade. a share of the share of the

ments combined contain 66 books, 1,189 chapters, 31,173 verses, 773,697 words, 3,566,480 letters.

Since there are in the whole Bible 773.697 words and 3,566,480 letters, the average number of letters to the word must be less than five. More exactly, it is 4.61. The number of letters, as all are aware, does not coincide with the number of sounds. It is estimated that one letter in seven is silent. Assuming this to be a fact, the whole number of distinct sounds represented by letters in the whole Bible would be

The copulative conjunction "and" occurs no less than 35,543 times in the Old Testament, which contains in all 595,439 words. Hence we see that about every eleventh word is "and." The word "and" consists of three sounds, one vowel and two consonants, and it occurs 35,543 times. It therefore represents 106,629 sounds, or less than one-twentieth of the whole.

IMPORTANT SALE

At Auction.

I will offer for sale at the Auction and Commission House of M L. WRISTON & CO., commencing on Thursday, 6th day of May,

\$12,000 Worth of Goods, Consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Notions, &c., all of the very best quality, and such only as are found in first class Dry Goods Stores in the South. These goods were selected with great care for the retail trade of this City. We invite the especial attention of Merchants and others to this splendid assortment of Goods. S. P. ALEXANDER.

Assignee of A. Sinclair, Bankrupt, Charlette, N. C., April 26, 1869.

E. M. HOLT & CO., MANUFACTURERS, COTTON-BUYERS Commission Merchants. AND WHOLESALE GROCERS, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

We manufacture Yarn, Sheeting, Ticking, an Alamance Plaids; also, Flour of superior brands. Ber We want to buy this year 3,000 bales Cotton for our Factories.

ree of charge.

Than any house in North Carolina, and to wholesale buyers will sell lower. To those who doubt, we say come and see next door to Stenhouse, Macaulay & Co., Trade street. 19 Our Business Agent in Charlotte is L. S. WILLIAMS. April 26, 1869

Is Cuba to have a Republic! WE AS UMPIRES!!

Fair Play in Kingdoms as in Business.

THE HOUSE OF ALL NATIONS, CHARLOTTE

passports were perfectly right. Still it seemed strange to M. Ducheylard that

two merchants, respectable men, should board at such a "crib" us this was. Something was wrong. At any rate "it would do no harm to take a look." The writer once knew a detective -a master of his art-who always had this phrase on his lips. So he took a look. He found out the girl who had washed for these men, and showed her the handkerchief, asked her if she ever seen it before. She recognized it at once as the property of one of them. even

to a stain and a "mend." The clue was obtained, and the men were arrested. Others were engaged with them-all were caught in different parts of Paris, and the two were guillotined. Not less singular is a case probably without parallel. For two years past the police of Paris were accustomed to receive notes in a carefully disguised female hand, pointing out certain malefacters, or indicating crimes which were contemplated or had been committed. Frequent intimations were given that the letters would be discontinued if any effort should be made to discover the writer, and places indicated where answers might be sent. This unknown seemed to throw her whole heart into the business, supplying the police with a cypher for the letters and aiding them in every way. A circumstance at last made it necessary for this eccentric amateur detective to reveal herself to the chef de la police. She proved to be a young woman of excelent family and education, but whose uncontrollable taste for profligacy had thrown her con-tinually among the vilest associates. A keen sense of right and wrong had, however, rendered her miserable, and caused frequent fits of remorse, until she resolved to be good by punishing the crimes which frequently came to her knowledge, and to this end she had consecrated

all her energies and talents, which were really wonderful. "She was the most wonderful woman I ever met," said my informant." "She was as bold as any man, as crafty as any woman and as true as steel." From the day in which she became known to the police she was never again heard of. Not that she was found out and

murdered by criminals, but that she could no longer carry on her strange work in such complete secresy as before .- Paris Cor. Philadelphia

TO HOUSEKEEPERS. Spices! Spices!! Just received a lot of fine ENGLISH SPICES of market, in NUTMEGS, CLOVES, MACE, GINGER, SPICE. BLACK and WHITE PEPPER, &c., &c., F. SCARR'S Drug Store. April 12, 1869. RIVES & PROCTOR, WHOLESALE-AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

mercantile parlance, as four-quarter brown muslin; these four yards would be worth eighty cents and thus we see that the process of manufacturing has added sixty cents to the value of one pound of cotton. Hence we may take our two hundred and fifty thousand bales, worth \$25,-000,000, and if we manufacture nothing but the most ordinary articles, we may increase its value to \$50,000,000, that is as much as was realized from our former crop of one million bales."

A Real Hero-A Scene at Sea.

Two weeks ago, on board an English steamer. a little ragged boy, aged nine years, was discovered on the fourth day of the outward voyage from Liverpool to New York, and carried before the first mate, whose duty it was to deal with such cases. When questioned as to the object of his being stowed away, and who brought him on board, the boy, who had a beautiful sunny face, and eyes that looked like the very mir rors of truth, replied that his step-father did it. because he could not afford to keep him, nor to pay his passage out to Halifax, where he had an aunt who was well off, and to whose house he was going. The mate did not believe the story. in spite of the winning face and truthful accents of the boy. He had seen too much of stowaways to be easily deceived by them, he said; and t was his firm conviction that the boy had been brought on board and provided with food by the sailors. The little fellow was very roughly handled in consequence. Day by day he was juestioned and requestioned, but always with the same result. He did not know a sailor on board, and his father alone had secreted him. and given him the food which he ate.

At last the mate, wearied with the boy's persistence in the same story, and perhaps a little anxious to inculpate the sailors, seized him one day by the collar, and dragging him to the fore, told him that unless he confessed the truth in ten minutes from that time, he would hang nim to the yard arm. He then made him sit down under it on the deck. All around him were the passengers and the midday watch, and in front of him stood the inexorable mate, with his chronometer in his hand, and the other officers of the ship by his side. It was the finest sight, said our informant, that we ever beheld-to see the pale, proud, sorrowful face of that noble boy, his head erect, his beautiful eves bright though the tears that suffused them. When eight minutes

had fled the mate told him he had but two minutes to live, and advised him to speak the very superior quality to anything ever offered in this truth and save his life; but he replied, with the utmost simplicity and sincerity, by asking the mate if he might pray.

The mate said nothing, but hooded his head and turning as pale as a ghost, and shook with trembling like a reed with the wind. And there, all eyes turned on him this brave and noble little fellow, this poor waif whom society owned not, and whose own stepfather could not care for him-there he knelt, with clasped hands Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Fancy and Toilet Arti- and eyes upraised to heaven, while he repeated FIELD CULTURE.

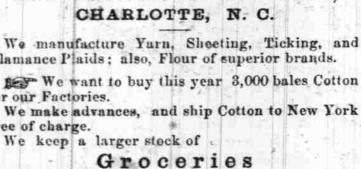
The land should be deeply cultivated, subsoiled-fourteen inches is not too deep. The field ought to be laid off in pieces for about wenty rows in width, and passage left for a wagou to pass; in this way the plants will not be hurt by the wheels in gathering. The rows ought to be four feet apart and the plants in rows two feet apart. After the land is plowed, cleaned and harrowed, a furrow is made every four feet, and in these furrows the plants are placed.

Rooted plants as well as layers ought to be covered with earth nearly to the tops, and if the shoots are too long on rooted plants, cut back two or three leaves. Roots ought to be covered with earth two or three inches deep.

As soon as the plants have reached seven to eight inches they ought to be topped, to force the plants to form side shoots. When these atter are grown to about five or six inches in length, the plant has a kind of bushy appearance; then the plant is hilled nearly to the top, and at the same time all weeds destroyed. The plant is left to grow now until it has reached the height of about three feet, when it is cut down an inch below the ground. The fibre of this growth can be used, but is not perfect yet, because the roots and balbs are not yet large enough, and there are as yet too many side shoots, After the second year there is but little trouble, one plowing between the rows early in the spring, spreading manure over the fields during the winter.

The planting in the field ought to be done in the spring, but can be continued late in August. Those planted late, to be covered in winter with straw or leaves to enable the young plant to resist the frost. Those planted early in spring or summer will not require this protection, as they will make roots eighteen to twenty-four .inches

All refuse matter falling off in cleaning should be fed or dried and put in barn for use. All the manure coming from the plant ought to be carefully gathered up and brought back on the field -will give a rich return for many years without heing renlanted:



 SMITH'S Shot, Shoe and Leather Store, Next door to Decey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C., Is the hargest Wholesale and Retail Shoe Establish. Ence in this morth Caroling. The quality of their Stock is superior in every report, and unequialed in style, finish and workman, fight buy their Goods exclusively from Manufactor interest or have them made to order. They pay not superior in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses where in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses where in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses where in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses where in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses where in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elses and a fair dealing, '' is their motto. M. L. W. Letter Shoe Store for Meniops is most of a Shoe Shuff IS ShOE STORE, the oldest est. SMITH'S SHOE STORE. Market Door to be yery's Bank, Charlotte, N.C. Market Poor to be yery's Bank, Charlotte, N.	Millinery. a also have the largest and most complete Stock illinery, superintended by the favorite and popu- diffinery, Superintended by the favorite and popu- diffiner, Miss BETSY WHLLIAMS. M. L. WRISTON & CO., Auctioneers And General Commission Merchants, the Sale and Purchase of Tobacco, Cotton, Grain, hear, Produce and Merchandize of all kinds, <i>Munsion House Building</i> , CHARLOTTE, N.C. Weisston, H.C. ECCLES, T.H. GATTHER, of H. I. M.C. of Iredelleo. of Mocksville. FEBENCES:-TW Dewey & Co., Bankers; M.P. and, Cashier First National Bank; W J Yates, rewestern Democrat; Hutchison, Burroughs & eneral Insurance Agents, Charlotte, N. C. n H Jones & Co, Raleigh, N. C.; Geo S Palmer, Imore, Martsook & Co, Richmond, Va.; Rev Dr E Bond, Editor of Baltimore Ep. Methodist, more, Md.; Worth & Daniel, Wilmington, N. C.; an & Brother, Philadelphia, Fa.; E S Juffray & and H B Claffin & Co. New York; Geo W Wil- & Ce., Charleston, S. C.; Jas Miller, Esq., and & Wilson, Augusta, Ga.; Meador Brothers, ita, Ga.; Woodruff & Parker, Mobile, Ala. 11, 1869. D. T. CARRAWAY, mmission Merchant, NEWBERN, N. C., ealer in Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Ghass pockery Ware, Wall Paper, Window Shades, &c. mpt attention given to orders, and to the sale	TRICOTRIN. just received at TIDDY'S, WHAT I KNOW ABOUT BEN ECCLES, just re- ceived at April 19, 1869. TIDDY'S. Congress Water!	Would respectfully call the attention of Merchants, Physicians, Planters, and others, to their extensive stock and superior inducements. 107 Sycamare Street, Petersburg . N. F. RIVES, M. D. W. H. PROCTOR. April 19, 1869 Gm T. A. WILLIAMS & CO. Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 6, BOANGEE SQUARE, NOBFOLK, VA. Always on hand a full stock of all articles in the Grocery line, at lowest market rates. Strict personal attention to consignments, and re- turns promptly and regularly made. April 19, 1869 ly NEW SPRING GOODS . J. ROESSLER, AGENT, At Kahmeeiler's old stand, second door from Brem, Brown & Co's., Has just received a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, & C , Which he offers to the public at fair and reasonable prices. His stock of Dry Goods for Spring and Sum- mer wear will be found to be one of the best ever brought to this Market. The Ladies Are particularly invited to call and examine goods and prices. Resdy-made Clothing Of every description for men and hoys is being of- fered at remarkably low rates. CAPT. J. ROESSLER Respectfully requests his old friends to give him a call, and he assures them the will continue to exert in the past.	DR. GODDIN'S Compound Gentian Bitters Cures Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Colic, Sick Stomach, Brenchilis, Asthma, Neuralgia, Eheu- matism, &c. A UNIVERSAL TONIC A A sure, safe and reliable preventive and cure for all Malarial diseases, and all diseases requiring a general tonic impression. Prepared only by Dr. N. A. H. GODDIN, and for sale everywhere. (Successor to J. H. Baker & Co.,) Proprietary Agent	When a horse falls he is more frightened than his rider.
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