Hestern lemucrat,

J. VITES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. Torms of Subscription-THREE DOLLARS, in advance.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1869.

EIGHTEENTH VOLUME NO M

Western Democrat PUBLISHED BY

WILLIAM J. VATES, Editor and Proprietor. THEXE-Three Dollars per annum in advance.

Alvertisements will be inserted at reasonable rates, or in accordance with contract. Obituary notices of over five lines in length will be charged for at advertising rates.

Robert Gibbon, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C .. office and Residence, one door south old State Bank, (formerly Wm. Johnston's residence). Jan 1, 1868.

J. P. McCombs, M. D.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both sight and day, promptly attended to. mice in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite the Charlotte Hotel. Oct 26, 1868.

DR. E. C. ALEXANDER, Having located in Charlotte, has opened an office in Parks Building, opposite the CharlotteHotel, where

he can be found when not professionally engaged. 7mpd May 31, 1869

Dr. JOHN H. McADEN, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Hea on hand a large and well selected stock of PURE DREGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Family Medicincs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, which he is determined to sell at the very lowest prices. Jan 1, 1869.

WM. M. SHIPP. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlotte, N. C.,

OFFICE, IN DEWRY'S BANK BUILDING.

ALEXANDER & BLAND, Dentists, Charlotte, N. C., Will wait on parties in city or country whenever their

Teeth extracted without pain. Gas administered. Office in Brown's Building. Hours from 8 A. M. March 8, 1869.

J. C. MILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Charlotte, N. C.,

Will practice in the Courts of North Carolina and in the United States Court, Office above the Store of Elias & Cohen, opposite the Charlette Hutch.

June 28, 1869 T. BUTLA PRACTICAL

Watch and Clock Miler,

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, Watch Miteriale, Spectacles, &c.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Aug. 19, 1867. B R. SMITH & CO.

General Commission Merchants, 60 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass. For the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yayn, Naval Stores, &c., and the purchase of Gunny Cloths and Merchan-

dise generally.

Liberal Cash advances made on consignments to us, and all usual facilities offered. We hope by fair and honest dealing, and cur best

efforts to please, to receive from our friends that encouragement which it shall be our aim to merit. Orders solicited and promptly filled for Gunny Bagging, Fish, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c. REFER BY PERMISSION TO John Demerritt, Esq., Pres. Eliot Nat. Bank, Boston.

Loring & Reynolds, 110 Pearl St., Boston. Murcuison & Co., 207 Pearl St., New York. J Y Bryce & Co., Charlotte, N.C. R Y McAden, Esq., Pres. 1st Nat. Bank, Charlotte T W Dewey & Co., Bankers, Charlotte, N C.

R M Oates & Co., Charlotte, N C. Williams & Murchison, Wilmington, N C. Cel Wm Johnston, Pres. Charlotte and Augusta Rail-

road, Charlotte, N.C. Sept 6, 1869. NEW GOODS

New Groceries. We are now receiving at our old stand, "Gray's Corner," our Fall Stock of Groceries, consisting in part of heavy Gunny Bagging,

The Arrow Cotton Ties, A large lot of Salt, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, and in fact everything usually found in the Grocery line, all of which will be sold at a very short margin for

Call and examine before purchasing elsewherewe are determined to sell. Bed Those indebted to us will please settle up. GRIER & ALEXANDER.

Charlotte Female Institute, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The next Session of this Institution will commence on the first day of OCTOBER, 1869, and continue until 30th of June following. A full corps of Teachers in all branches usually taught in first class Female Schools, has been emsad for the ensuing Session.

For Catalogue containing full particulars as to expenses, course of study, regulations, &c, apply to BEV. R. BURWELL & SON. Charlotte, N. C.

J. J. WOLFENDEN & CO., DEALERS IN Flour and Grain, NEWBERN, N. C.

Refer to J. A. Guion, Cashier National Bank, Newbern: T J. Latham and Rountree & Webb, Newbern, Oct 18, 1860 Gen

LARGE STOCK.

Wittkowsky & Rintels Have received one of the largest Stocks of Goods ever effered in this market, and are receiving weekly additions, so that they are prepared to supply any

amount of patronage they may be favored with during the Fall and Winter. for Country Merchants are especially invited to call and examine this Stock of Goods, as they can and anything wanted for stocking a country Store and at very reasonable wholesale prices. Give us a call and see our Goods and hear our

prices before making your purchases. WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS. Sept. 13, 1869.

LOOKING BACK .- The "eyeing" of women by women is one of the most offensive manifestation of supercillousness now to be met. Few observant persons can have failed to notice the manner in which one woman, who is not perfectly kind-hearted, will eye over another who she thinks is not in such good society, and, above all, herself is in. It is done every where, at parties, at church, and in the street. It is done by street. It is done by late adopt measures for the preservation of our late adop woman in all condition of life. The very servant girl learn it of their mistresses. No other evidence than this eyeing is needed that a wo-

Kings Mountain Gold Mine FOR SALE.

but a small and vulgar soul.

Noy 29, 1869

Nov 29, 1869.

By virtue of a decree of foreclosure of mortgage, made at Gaston Superior Court, Fall Term, 1869, the undersigned, as Commissioner for that purpose, will expose to public sale on the premises and for cash, on Thursday the 30th day of December, 1862, that well known property the

Kings Mountain Gold Mine, Embracing about 350 acres of Land, and including the Engines, Mills, Machinery and Fixtures for perating the same. The Engines, Mills and Mahinery are in prime order and of great value. The Shaft is open and ready for work. This Mine is considered to be one of the best in the Southern W. P. BYNUM,

4wpd Corn Wanted . OOO BUSHELS CORN WANTED for which the market price will paid by Nov 29, 1869. GREGORY & WILLIAMSON. Bryce's Building.

Fine Wines.

We have the best assortment of Wines in the City, of superior quality. Also, a superior article of RUM, and other Liquors of various sorts. GREGORY & WILLIAMSON.

Bryce's Building. Lincolnton High School.

REV. W. R. WETMORE. PROF H. H. SMITH. The next Session will begin January 10th, 1870. Cases of protracted sickness excepted. Address either Principal, Lincolnton, N. C. Nov 29, 1869 5w

Valuable City Property for Sale The Dwelling House and Lot belonging to F Scarr. shade trees in the city, with Kitchen, Garden, and Orchard well stocked with grape vines and fruit trees in full bearing; also, Flower Garden filled with choice plants and roses. Apply at Nov. 29, 1869 F. SCARR'S Drug Store. Nov. 29, 1869

Hutchison, Burroughs & Co. DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & chestnut, walnut, hickory and shell-bark. The SPRINGS, under the firm and style of HUTCHISON, may be grown in almostration of the dying scotchman gave good advice to he month, by mutual consent, and the said BUR-ROUGHS & SPRINGS are fully authorized to settle all debts and demands due to or by the said firm. E. NYE HUTCHISON,

J. C. BURROUGHS, R. A. SPRINGS. CARD.

In retiring from the late firm of Hutchison, Burroughs & Co., I would respectfully ask of my old they lie. friends and customers a continuation of their patronage to the new firm, which they have so kindly given to the late firm of Hutchison, Burroughs & Co E. NYE HUTCHISON.

NEW FIRM.

The undersigned have entered into a partnership o prosecute a General Fire and Life Insurance

Business, and for the sale of Fertilizers, Lime, Plaster and Cement, in the City of Charlotte, N. C., under the name and style of

Burroughs & Springs. The business will open this day, and be carried on in the New Building, Corner of College and 4th Streets, heretofore occupied by Hutchison, Burroughs J. C. BURROUGHS, Nov 15, 1869. R. A. SPRINGS.

R. P. WARING. WARING & OSBORNE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, CHARLOTTE.

Office over old Charlotte Bank, opposite the Banking House of Thos. R. Tate & Thos. W. Dewey. Nov 22, 1869.

Selling off at Nett Cost, With a view of reducing my stock of superior OLD WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., consisting of \$1 00 per bottle. French Brandy,

	44	**	1	50	44
	. 164	74	2	00 .	**
	14	" Extra,	2	50	44
	01d	Bourbon Whiskey,		75c	66
	66	Monongabala Whiskey,		75c	44
	44	Jamaica Rum,		85c	64
	64	Port Wine,	1	00 -	44
	66	Madaira Wine,	1	25	**
	-4.6	Sherry "	1	00	44
	10	Claret		60e	**
1	66	Gin .	4	75c	**
	166	Schedam Schnapps,		75e	**
	Mar	aschinol Wine,	1	50	44
		ndy Peaches,		85e	44

ALSO, \$2 00 per jar. Ginger Preserves, Pickles. 20e per box Sardines, Canned Penches, 2 lbs., 30c per can

" Tomatoes, 2 lbs., d a great many articles not enumerated here will be sold at COST.

Give me a call and you will be convinced that I am Second door from the Court House. Charlotte, Nov 22, 1869. J. D. PALMER.

NEW BANKING HOUSE.

The undersigned have entered into a partnership to prosecute a Banking, Brokerage and Exchange business in the City of Charlotte under the name and style of THOS. R. TATE & THOS. W. DEWEY.

The business will open this day (Oct. 6th) and be carried on in the Banking House heretofore occupied by Thos. W. Dewey & Co. THOS. R. TATE,

Oct 11, 1869. THOS. W. DEWEY.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of R. M. MIL-LFR & CO, was, on the 14th November, dissolved by R. M. MILLER, mutual consent. JAS: McLAUGHLIN.

Those indebted either by note or account to the late firm will please call and settle as we wish to vantage of all to buy from him. He warrants his close up our business by the 1st of January. One of work. the firm or J. Walter Miller can always be found at the old stand to make settlements. R. M. MILLER & CO. Nov 22, 1869

Preservation of our Forests.

If the process of settlement now going on shall continue to make progressive strides, and the a new party upon the idea that the Democratic same reckless disregard of our forests shall be party is dead, have some very stubborn facts to exhibited that is now shown, in a half century | confront them just now. The New York Demomore our country will be as bare of timber and crat sums up the results of the October and No- a point so low as to render them almost a proverb shade trees, and of trees for fuel as the countries vember elections, in order to show that the forest trees. The subject is beginning to attract | nia, Ohio, Massaschusetts, Minnesota, Wisconattention, and from time to time we have seen sin, Iowa, Illinois and California. These gave various suggessions in regard to it. Science him an aggregate majority of two hundred and man, whatever be her birth or breeding, has demonstrates the importance of trees with refer- eighty-five thousand two hundred and forty-seven. ence to agriculture, health and the regular Among the States that went for Seymour were fall of rain. If adequate measures are taken to New York, New Jersey and Maryland. These prevent this wanton destruction of trees a great, gave an aggregate Democratic majority of forty-expense will be saved hereafter—that of plant four thousand eight hundred and eleven. Leaving out forests. It is suggested that it may ing a total majority for Grant in the cloven ere long become necessary for the various State States mentioned of two hundred and forty Legislatures to enact laws for their preservation. thousand four hundred and thirty-six. Those The British government has found it necessary same eleven States, have voted within the last to interpose its authority in India to restrain the two months, for candidates of greater or less imclearing of jungle land, and in same parts of the portance, but always upon questions of party, country it has been found necessary to cause the | One of the eight States that went for Grant last planting of forests. If our farmers could be fall, this fall goes Democratic, leaving only seven. duly impressed with the importance of preserv- which have given aggregate Radical majorities ing their forests future Legislatures would be of seventy-five thousand, against two hundred saved the necessity of interfering. Each farm- and eighty-five thousand two hundred and fortyer should remember that his land will not perish seven last year. New York, New Jersey, Marywith him, but will descend to his children and land and California have this fall gone Demochildren's children. If he denudes it of its trees cratic, and given aggregated majorities of eightyhis posterity will suffer, the land will be dimin- two thousand, against forty-four thousand eight ished in value and a number of inconveniences hundred and cleven last year. This, instead of will follow. The necessary consumption of wood leaving a Radical majority in the eleven States for fuel used in the various industries in the of two hundred and forty thousand six hundred United States is enormous enough without ad- and thirty-six gives the Democracy a majority of ding to it reckless waste and spoilation. A six thousand five hundred. Within one year

One hundred and fifty thousand acres of the and uine thousand seven hundred and fortybest timber is cut every year to supply the de- seven, while the Democratic majorities have inmand for railway sleepers alone For railroad creased thirty-seven thousand, one hundred and buildings, repairs and cars, the annual expendi- eighty-nine." The latest returns from the elec- the public faith abroad in our State bonds was trust, it is that their zeal for their profession can ture in wood is thirty-eight millions of dollars | tion in Minnesota elect the Republican candi- the oft repeated declarations of the Executive | sustain them under such persecutions. In a single year the locomotives in the United date for Governor by a few hundred votes, that the interest on the bonds would be met, States consume fifty-six millions of dollars worth There are four or five counties yet to hear from; and the as often failure of the Treasurer to make of wood. There are in the whole country more the precise figures, therefore cannot be given yet. the promise of the Executive good. All must instructors has triumphed over the narrow spirit Tuition same as heretofore. No deduction for ab- than four hundred thousand artisans in wood. Had the Democracy been vigilant in the canvass remember how often the Governor has tele- which at first seemed to control the whole body sence, unless there be a contract to the contrary. and if the value of their labor is one thousand there, and worked with the same zeal as the Re- graphed and written that the State would pay dollars a year, the wood industry of the country | publicans, that State would have been placed in the interest on her bonds, while the fact is patent represents an amount of nearly five hundred the Democratic column. As it is, the vote is that there has been a total failure in every in-

A writer says: "Every well managed farm reach at the next election. Large gains have lated to weaken the credit of the State when her should support sufficient timber to admit of an been made in the Legislature of the State, and Chief Executive thus, from time to time, decity, we understand, opportunities for a medical The House is situated in one of the finest groves of abundant present supply for all necessary pur- the Republican majority on joint ballot has been ceives the public by false promises? poses of fuel, fencing and building, without re- reduced more than one-half. In addition to this, ducing the quantity necessary for like purposes Democratic county officers have been elected in repeat a suggestion made by us at this season but that they extend to all parts of the -- utry. last year, that nut bearing trees be planted out, chestnut, walnut, hickory and shell-bark. They

It will be growing, Jack, when y're sleeping .-Richmond Whig.

Sale of Land, Stock, &c.

dec'd, will expose to public sale, at the Court House door in the Town of Lincolnton, on Saturday the 18th day of December next, the Tan Yard and Fixtures belonging to the Estate of said C. C. Henderson. This property is in good repair, and has attached an Engine of sufficient power to run Saw Mill, Paining Machinery, &c., as well as the Machinery of the Tannery business. 72 acres of Land, about one mile and a half from

1 Lot at the White Sulphur Springs, in Catawb C. C Henderson's interest in a Lot, known as the Kistler Tan Yard Lot, S. W. Square in the Town

100 Shares of the Capital Stock of the Wil., Char Ruth. Railroad Company. A lot of Personal Property

the purchaser giving bond with approved security bearing interest from day of sale. Titles to Rea Estate reserved until purchase money is paid.

JNO. D. SHAW,

S. P. SHERRILL. Nov 8, 1869

N. GRAY

line, such as Family Groceries, Confectioneries, Toys, Preserved Fruits, And everything in that line that is desirable to please Carruthers' old saw mill tract, adjoining the lands the palate or tickle the fancy of Men and Women. boys and girls.

Administrator's Sale.

The property heretofore advertised for Sale as door in Charlotte. Terms made known on day of S. A. HARRIS, Adm'r Nov. 22, 1869.

Saddles and Harness. ROBERT SHAW,



RESPECTFULLY in hand, which he offers to The public at low prices. Anything in the way of Bridles, Martingales,

Collars, Saddle Trees, Horness Mounting of all des criptions, &c., will be furnished or made to order. He knows that he is well known in this section as a regular mechanic, and thinks it will be to the ad-

REPAIRING neatly executed at short notice R. SHAW, and on reasonable terms. Nov. 22, 1869

What a "Dead" Party has Done. Those who have been endeavoring to build up Northern journal presents the following facts: the Radical majority has decreased two hundred

wite of Namepapers to Farmers.

here, and we give it as follows .:

nah Republican.

upon all the current questions of the day.

letter from Richmond has the following:

The subject has been again brought up in con-

Important Sale of Land.

In obedience to a Decree of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg county, I will sell at the Court House

the following real estate, to-wit: One tract of Land

lying in the neighborhood of Pleasant Hill Church

containing about one hundred and thirty-five acres.

Terms-Ten months credit, bond with good secu-

ity required. Thirty dollars cash, to be paid on

White Lead,

A large supply from the best manufacturers, which

Notice.

Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

H. & B. EMANUEL

Cattle Powders and Wood's Condition Powders.

Keep your Cattle in good condition by using Foutz's

WM. MAXWELL,

Springs' Corner.

Springs' Corner.

KILGORE & CURETON'S,

KILGORE & CURETON.

day of sale for expenses.

will be sold very low at

Nov 15, 1869

Nov 22, 1869.

For sale by

Nov 22, 1869.

millions of dollars per annum.

"The dying scotchman gave good advice to his son when he said: "Jack, when ye hae naething else to do, ye may be aye sticking in a tree.

Some lawyers resemble folks who can sleep in any position; it is immaterial on which side

The subscribers, as Executors of C. C. Henderson,

50 acres of Land two miles and a half from Town.

Terms of Sale-A credit of 12 months will be given,

Groceries, Confectioneries, Toys.

Has bought out the Stock of Goods of Rev. W. S. Haltom, next to Parks' Building, where he hopes to receive a call from his old customers and friends and the public generally.

He has received a fresh supply of Goods in hi

door in Charlotte, on Tuesday the 14th day of December, 1869, at public auction, to the highest bidder, of David Carruthers, Calvin Youngblood and others, Remember the place-between McAden's Drug Store and D. Parks' Building.

belonging to M. D. L. Moody, deceased, consisting of two Houses and Lots, (the sale of which was postponed,) will be sold at Public Auction on Monday the 20th day of December, 1869, at the Court House

(Third Door from the Mansion House.)

forms the public that he THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS Ahead for cheap Goods, Call and see our stock of Poplins, Alpaceas, Delains, Cloth, Cassimeres, Jeans, Saddles, Harness, Shawls, Blankets, Clonks, Hoods, Breakfast Shawls,

Flannels and Uniter-Clothing. One of the newest, best selected and largest stocks of Clothing In the City; from the cheapest Satinet Snit to the finest Broad Cloth Suit; Boots and Shoes of all kinds. Remember we have moved next door to BREM, BROWN & CO'S, Hardware Store. H. & B. EMANUEL. Nov 29, 1869.

The North Carolina Bonds.

The Bonds of this State have, for some time past, shown a continual downward tendency in the North, and, indeed, in all the markets, until they have reached a ruinous depreciated pointof worthlessness among the securities offered in the Stock Boards.

The Standard charges this depreciation to the Democratic party and papers of the State. Without characterizing the declarations of the Standard on this subject with terms that their falsehood would fully justify, we shall make a simple as competent as men. Even if they could not, statement of facts in regard to North Carolina yet if they are content to try it, and those who bonds, their origin and history, and leave it to all interested as to who is to blame for, and what is the cause of, the present deplorable condition

State cred t has fallen. In the first place, every body cognizant of affairs in the State, knew, when the present Legislature and other State officers were elected, there was a manifest want of statesmanship and financial capacity, that boded nothing but misests of the State. This fact was as well understood, if not better, outside of the State as in it. No one expected wise and prudent legislation from such an incongruous assemblage of legislators as met in our Capitol, although their reckless extravagance and corrupt action, as shown in the Penitentiary and Chatham Railroad appropriations, under the influence of Littlefield's whiskey and bribery might not, at first, have been anticipated. These and eight or ten millions more of unconstitutional appropriations (declared unconstitutional by the highest State Republican authority) had no tendency to instability of her financial promises.

sufficiently close to show that it is within their stance to verify the promise. Is it not calcu-There is another fact in connection with our

State bonds which has had its bearing on the by posterity." The same writes says: "He several of the Republican counties. All this validity of the bonds, and that is, that there are whose farm is destitute of groves should procure very plainly shows that the Democratic gains known to be, by the published admission of the or plant them at once." And here we would are not confined to one State and one locality, Treasurer, a large amount of spurious bonds in but that they extend to all parts of the country. Circulation. We allude to the Chatham Railroad bonds, which the Treasurer: his published care last Summer, said had been issued in pursuance of the act of appropriation, and which Clark Bell, Esq a few days since gave to the farmers of Steuben county an address as the bonds are declared, or admitted, illegal. In this Agricultural Fair, which was full of matter of bonds which are also out somewhere, and which, immediate and practical interest to his hearers. of course, are considered worthless. woment One passage of his address is worth copying not impair the credit of an individual to have his paper-and such paper-floating about loose in this manner? and can anything better be ex-No one can too highly estimate the value of a good newspaper in a family of children, and I pected for a corporation or a State under similar am of the opinion that if one is taken constantly circumstances?

in a family that it will be impossible for the But the management of the Railroad bonds of children to come up without being intelligent the State, by those into whose hands the law placed them, has had no small share in bringing Every household should bring in the newsthem into suspicion and consequent depreciation. paper, then, as an absolute and indispensable "Conceived in sin and brought forth in iniquity." or conceived in extravagance and brought forth The farmer should, of all other men, take a in corruption, as most, if not all these appropriagood reliable paper. I defy any farmer to try it tions were, the manner of using them has still

more tended to bring them into disrepute. for a year and then be able to say it has not paid and been in every way for his good .- Savan-When some of the appropriations were under consideration in the Legislature, it was openly declared that bribery was being practiced to get A GOOD SUGGESTION.-The correspondent them through, and this not only by the minority of the New York Tribune of Saturday in his party, who opposed these appropriations, but by members of the dominant party that passed them, and when an investigation was sought, those by "The subject of persons holding two offices at whom the facts could have been established. the same time is again under consideration by placed themselves beyond the reach of the inthe Departments, and it is not improbable that vestigating Committee, and the matter fell heads of Bureaus will unite in asking -Congress for the passage of a law prohibiting United States | through. These things were known outside of civil officers from holding official positions under the State as well as at home; and while the par-State or municipal laws. It is held that the ticular parties to the corruption escaped convicpractice, which has so largely obtained lately, tion, the charges were, in minds of all impartial works great injury to the Government business. observers, fully established.

The same thing is repeated the present sessequence of the number of revenue officers, sion. Parties having custody of the bonds have especially in North Carolina, who hold State been charged openly with misapplying them to positions, which divide the attention of the their own use. The pressure of public opinion is brought to bear and an investigation is instituted, but, as was the case last session, the parties who could state the facts in the case, and who are personally implicated by the rumors, again place themselves beyond the reach of the Committee, and nothing but a conviction of the truth of the charges upon the public mind is the result of the matter.

These influences, with others that might be named, have operated to the depreciation of our bonds and the utter prostration of the State's credit; and no change for the better need be expected until the administration of our financial affairs is placed in charge of wiser and honester men.—Raleigh Sentinel.

Clover is the cheapest and best, manure that can be had. Nothing pay better than a field of sently thinking of some news, he replied: clover ploughed under. It enriches the soil quicker than barnyard manure, and puts it in better condition. To plough it down well if it stands thick and high, a weight should be fastened to the point of the plough beam to drag it into the furrow. In this way it can be completely covered. Clover contains all the elements needed to enrich the soil for all kinds of grain, and in larger quantities than other ma

The celebrated Dr. Georgy, in the course of one of his medical lectures at Edinburgh, stated : "One cannot stand perfectly motionless for half an hour ; that he had once tried to do so, and had fainted at the end of twenty minutes, the blood requiring the aid of motion from the body in order to retain its full circulating power.

An exchange says : Married, at Sunbery by Rev. Crambery, Nehemiah Blackbery to Catherine Elderbery, the daughter of Jack Elderbery of Danbery."

now wants a gentleman to put into it. tle boy." In the last the same of the property of the

Medical Education for Women

There is a great and growing demand for the services of educated women as physicians. Hundreds of suffering women are prevented by a delicacy, which may be represented as false, cannot be denied to be respectable, from consulting men in delicate cases; and the loss of many lives, and unmeasured weakness and pain, have resulted from their modest reluctance and delays. No possible doubt exists that, for a very gre part of the service which women need from m cal science, persons of their own sex can be made need them are content to employ them, who has

the right to prevent it? Some of the medical students of Philadelphia of these bonds, and the low ebb to which our assume this right. They have resented the effort of young women to obtain me struction as an invasion of their professi monopoly. They are not content with the privilege no one will refuse them, of so studying and so applying their science, if possible, as to defy all efforts of the other sex to rival them. management and disaster to the material inter- They are not even content to use their influence in public and in private, to discredit those efforts, and to lead public opinion to discourage them They go further, and meet women of high character and of scientific zeal with direct taunts and

brutal insults. If there is to be a male monopoly of medical knowledge, this is certainly not the way to support it. It can only be maintained by a and proved superiority in the practice of the healing art, a superiority which is now the be severely tested. If anything can bring trust upon a class of men to whom the pos are asked to confide their health and lives, crease public confidence in the wisdom of the that they can stoop, as a class, so low as to use administration of affairs in the State, nor in the unfair means to prevent a proper and open competition. If anything can establish in public Another thing which had a tendency to weaken | confidence a class of women who ask the same

We are glad to learn that the influence of the more honorable students and that of their liberal of young men at the University of Pennsylvania. But the deliberate attempt they made to drive the young female students from their purpose has attracted general attention to them, and education in all respects as thorough as that given to men, are open to young women of good character; and they are now treated by all concerned with the respect and consideration due to their worthy ambition .- N. Y. Evening Post.

A Bit of Romance.

The New York San tells a sad and romantic incident of the career of the benefactor whose death two hemispheres are now mourning :that entering upon was when Mr Peabody was in the street, a poor girl, who was but a child, but whose pleasant face and gentle manner attracted his notice. Questioning her as to her parentage and surroundings, he found her in every way worthy his regard, and a fit subject for his benefaction. He at once adopted her as his ward, and gave her an education. As she advanced in age, her charms of person as well as the brightness of her intellect won the affections of her benefactor. Through this relationship, he had ample opportunity of watching her progress, and day by day her hold upon his affections grew stronger. At length, as the ward bloomed into womanhood, though much her senior in years, Mr Peabody offered her his hand and fortune. Gratefully appreciating his generosity, and acknowledging her attachment for him as almost a father, she with great feeling confessed that honor compelled her to decline the acceptance of this his greatest act of generosity, informing her suitor that her affections had been given to another, a clerk in the employ of her

Though disappointed and grievously shocked, the philanthropist sent for his clerk, and learning from him that the engagement had been of long duration. Mr Peabody at once established his successful rival in business, and soon after gave his benediction upon the marriage of his ward. This, it is said, was the first blow his heart received, and it is possible that from this episode came the inspiration that made the future of Mr Peabody so universally distinguished and has rendered his name famous as the friend of his race.

BROUGHT TO TERMS .- A good story is told of a couple of farmers who lived a few miles apart, one of them having called upon the other just at dinner time, one day, who, by the way, was rather a penurious old fellow, and who scemed to be enjoying the frugal repast very looking very wishfully towards the table, expecting the old farmer to invite him to dise, but he kept on eating, when presently he broke out

"What's the news up your way, neighbor." said the old fellow, still eating, "no news, eh?" "No. I believe not," replied the visitor; pre-"Well yes, friend, I did hear of an item of news that's worth mentioning.

"Ha, what is that?" "Neighbor John has a cow that has five calves." "Is that so! Good gracious! What in thender does the fifth calf do when the others are sucking?" asked the old farmer not turning his

head from his dinner. "Why he stands and looks on just as I do, like a dumb fool !" said the visitor. "Mary, put on another plate!" ejaculated the

A luzy fellow once declared in a public company that he could not find bread for his family. "Nor I," replied an industrious mechan-

ie, "I am obliged to work for it." An exchange paper says that an old sheep gave birth to a lamb, in Cambridge recently, belonging to a widow lady with six legs and fine

wool all over. "Lenny, you're a pig," said a father to his lit-

A young lady who drew a gentleman's wrap-per at a recent gift concert in Waterbury, Conn., a pig is, Lenny?" "Yes, sir, a pig'sa hog's lit-