

The Charlotte Democrat.

W. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
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CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1872.

TWENTY-FIRST VOLUME—NUMBER 1034.

THE Charlotte Democrat,
PUBLISHED BY
WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.
Terms—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum,
One Dollar and Fifty Cents for six months.
Subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Advertisements will be inserted at reasonable rates, or in accordance with contract.
Obituary notices of over five lines in length will be charged for at advertising rates.

MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS.
Call to See
WHEAT THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS,
HORSE POWERS,
VALLEY CHIEF MOWER AND REAPER,
Hall's Self-Feeding Cotton Gin,
On exhibition and for sale,
May 18, 1872.
JOHN WILKES.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Brick Office corner of 5th and Tryon Streets,
Residence on College Street,
March 11, 1872.

W. P. BYNUM,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Office over Smith & Hammond's Drug Store,
next to the Democrat Printing Office.
Jan. 22, 1872.

Dr. JOHN H. McADEN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Has on hand a large and well selected stock of PURE
DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Family
Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,
Fancy and Toilet Articles, which he is determined
to sell at the very lowest prices.
Jan. 1, 1872.

J. P. McCombs, M. D.,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of
Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both
night and day, promptly attended to.
Office in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite the
Charlotte Hotel.
Oct 26, 1870.

Alexander & Bland,
DENTISTS.
All work guaranteed. Teeth extracted without
pain by "Nitrous Oxide Gas."
Office in Brick Building, opposite the Charlotte
Hotel.
March 1, 1872.

HOFFMAN & SIMPSON,
Dentists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Respectfully inform the citizens of Charlotte and
the public that they have associated themselves
together in the practice of Dentistry. Their aim
will be to perform all operations relating to the pro-
fession in the most skillful manner and highest de-
gree of excellence.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous
Oxide Gas. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Office on Trade Street, in A. R. Nesbit & Bro's
new building.
Jan. 15, 1872.

MANSION HOUSE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
This well-known House having been newly fur-
nished and refitted in every department, is now open
for the accommodation of the traveling public.
On the corner of the Depot on arrival of Trains.
Jan. 1, 1872.

VANCE & BURWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Office in the Court House,
April 1, 1872.

W. J. BLACK,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocer and Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
PROVISIONS AND WHISKYS,
College Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
CORNER TRADE AND COLLEGE STREETS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

SANDERS, OATES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Cotton Buyers and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner Trade and College Streets,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

CLARK & MULLEN,
Attorneys at Law,
HALLIFAX, N. C.
Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Martin, North-
ampton and Edgecombe counties. In the Supreme
Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts.
Collections made in all parts of North Caro-
lina.
March 18, 1872.

W. F. COOK,
Trade Street, on the North Carolina Railroad,
Charlotte, N. C.
Manufacturer of CIDER MILLS and all kinds of
FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
All orders promptly attended to.
Jan. 22, 1872.

R. M. MILLER & SONS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Commission Merchants and
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
College Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

CLEVELAND FEMALE SEMINARY,
Cleveland Mineral Springs,
NEAR SHELBY, N. C.
The next Session will commence on the 18th
September, 1872, and continue without intermission,
except three days at Christmas, until the 31st of
January, 1873. Board and Tuition payable quarterly
in advance.
For further information apply to
T. W. BREVARD,
June 24, 1872.—y-pd Principal.

Evergreen Grass.
We have received a supply of this Grass Seed
which has become so popular in this section.
W. R. BURWELL & CO.,
July 29, 1872. Springs Corner.

Administrator's Notice.
All persons indebted to the late H. M. Pritchard
are notified to make immediate settlement, and
those having claims against him must present them
to me or to A. Burwell, my Attorney, within the
time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded
in bar of their recovery.
S. P. ALEXANDER, Adm'r.
July 1, 1872.

SMITH & HAMMOND,
Druggists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Have a large assortment of the most popular Hand-
kerchief Extracts for sale.
June 10, 1872.

NEW ARRIVALS.
Jas. Morrison's celebrated Hams and Pure Leaf
Lard, in Tiers, Kegs, Buckets and Caddies, just
received at
R. M. MILLER & SONS.

Bacon.
20,000 Pounds bulk C. R. Sides, in
Store at
R. M. MILLER & SONS.

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, &c.
200 Barrels Flour—Super, Extra and
Family.
50 Barrels Sugar—all grades,
150 Molasses and Syrups,
50 Sacks Coffee—all grades,
100 Packages Mackerel in barrels, 1/2 barrels,
1/4 barrels and Kits,
Brandy Peaches, Oysters, Crackers, Soaps, Candles,
Candy, Raisins, Cigars, Chromo, &c.
R. M. MILLER & SONS.
March 25, 1872.

Just Received,
TEN BARRELS P. R. SUGAR,
\$9.000 Pounds C. R. Bacon,
Also, a lot of Family Flour from new wheat at
\$5 per sack.
GRIER & ALEXANDER.

Edinburg Ale.
Genuine Imported Edinburg Ale, at \$3 per dozen
and 30 cents per bottle for less than a dozen.
July 1, 1872. GRIER & ALEXANDER.

A. R. NISBET & BRO.,
Are receiving daily a large and full line of GRO-
ceries: Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups
and Mackerel in Barrels, 1/2 Barrels and Kits, Blue
Fish and Lake Trout, all of which will be sold
Wholesale or Retail as cheap as any other House
this side of Baltimore.

A. R. Nisbet & Bro.,
Have just received a large lot of Cigars of all grades,
together with Smoking Tobacco of all the various
brands, which is offered to the trade at low figures.

A. R. Nisbet & Bro.,
Have a full line of BASKETS, consisting of Dinner,
Market and Travelling Baskets, cheap for cash.
March 23, 1872.

WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.
CARD!
READ IT!!
Again thanking a generous public for the very
liberal share of their trade accorded us the past year,
we take this method of informing it, (and the whole-
sale buyers in particular) that our SPRING STOCK
is now coming in, and when complete (which will be
about the 4th of March) will be as usual the largest,
best selected, and comprise a greater variety than
that of any House in Western North Carolina.
And as it is dangerous for small buyers who can
sell a limited amount of Goods only, to go North,
especially for the Summer trade, we respectfully
invite them to look at our Stock, feeling assured
that we can and will make it to their interest to buy
of us this Spring. Respectfully,
WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
March 4, 1872.

ECCLIES & GAITHER,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
For the sale and purchase of Cotton, Tobacco, Grain,
Flour, Produce and Merchandise of all kinds.
They have removed their Store to the Brick
House below Springs building, Trade Street.
References: T. W. Dewey & Co. Bankers; W. P.
Pegram, Cashier, First National Bank; W. J.
Yates, Editor "Western Democrat," Charlotte, N. C.
January 1, 1872.

WILSON & BLACK,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Having made very extensive improvements in our
Store and with our greatly increased facilities, we
are now prepared to offer for inspection and sale the
largest and most complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals,
Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., ever
brought to North Carolina. Merchants visiting our
City are especially invited to call and examine our
stock and hear our views.
WILSON & BLACK, Druggists.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Estate of
Thos. I. Grier, deceased, are hereby notified to pre-
sent them to the undersigned, duly authenticated,
on or before the 4th day of July, 1873, or this notice
will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
And all persons indebted to the Estate of Thos. I.
Grier, deceased, are notified to settle the same
without delay.
A. G. NEEL, Executor.
July 1, 1872. 6wpd

Turnip Seed! Turnip Seed!!
We have now in Store all the leading varieties of
Turnip Seed from Buist's Seed House.
WILSON & BLACK.

Family Flour.
35 Sacks "Rowan Mills" best Family Flour,
20 Sacks "Catawba Mills" Family Flour,
ground from new White Wheat (no better brands
in this market) for sale by
STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.,
July 15, 1872.

He carries the Lamb in His Bosom.
A sweet golden head had forgotten life's way,
Asleep on his pillow of roses,
Wee hands shutting close as if tired of play,
Like buds which the summer discloses;
But the beautiful song of my birdie was still,
And over the lips of my blossom,
The dimples lay white as the frost on the fill,
When a spirit sang low to my spirit at will,
"He carries the lamb in his bosom."
There is never a lamb from love's sorrowful fold
But wanders in fields that are vernal,
And never a bud hid away from the cold
But blooms in the summer eternal;
When storms sweep the hills, and the night gathers
deep,
I think of my Paradise blossom,
And hear the same for the weary that weep,
"The weakest are safest; for, over the steep,
He carries the lambs in his bosom."

D. T. WILLIAMS,
Commission Merchant,
No. 1 Tobacco Exchange, Richmond, Va.
SPECIALTY LEAF TOBACCO!
Parties shipping to me may rest assured of the
best prices this market will afford, and immediate
returns by express or otherwise as they may desire.
Refer to the entire business community of Rich-
mond and Danville.
Either of the Bankers in Danville will cash all
my checks for sales.
July 15, 1872. 6m D. T. WILLIAMS.

Bagging and Ties.
We have just received a large lot of BAGGING
(heavy) and ARROW TIES, which we are offering
cheap. We anticipate a material advance in these
articles if prospects for a large Cotton crop con-
tinues, and we would suggest to Farmers to pur-
chase their Bagging and Ties now. We have on
hand a large lot of Ties left over from last season,
which cost us much less than present prices, and
we will offer them cheap. Call on
GREGORY & WILLIAMSON,
July 22, 1872. Bryce's Building.

Michigan Fine Cut Tobacco.
Another lot of that popular brand received by
July 22, 1872. SMITH & HAMMOND.

NOTICE.
THE MECKLENBURG MANUFACTURING
COMPANY, located in the city of Charlotte, will
purchase at their Works all the products of the
different Railroads terminating at that city,
HICKORY TIMBER of the following lengths,
viz:
Either 3 feet 1 inch, 6 feet 2 inch, 9 feet 3 inch,
or 12 feet 4 inches long according to Classification.
1st Class—Butt cuts of old field hickory, close
white grain wood, free from knots and stains, end
not less than 9 inches in diameter at the little end.
2nd Class—Butt cuts of Forest Hickory, showing
not less than 4 inches of white wood, free from
knots and stains and not less than 9 inches in
diameter.
3rd Class—Forest Hickory, showing at least 3 in-
ches of white wood free from knots and stains, and
not less than 8 inches in diameter at the little end.
For 1st Class \$15 per 1000 feet timber measure.
" 2d " 12 " " " "
" 3d " 10 " " " "

The above prices will be paid on inspection by
me, either at Charlotte or on the lines of the dif-
ferent Roads within ten days of a delivery of Timber.
E. H. WOODS, Superintendent.
Charlotte, N. C., June 17, 1872. 1f

SPRING GOODS.
Come and see our new stock of all kinds of Goods.
Dress Goods, all the new and desirable styles of
Japanese Poplins, Silks, Percalls, Piques, French
Lawn, Dress Linen Cambrics, White Goods, all
grades and styles. Call before you buy.
WOLFE & BARRINGER.

Gentlemen's Goods.
Cassimers, Cloths, Linens, Ducks, Drabets, Silk
Mixed Scotch Tweeds, just received.
We would be glad to have our old friends and
customers call on us at our Store on College Street,
quality and lightness can't be beat in the market.
WOLFE & BARRINGER.

To the Farmer.
Steel Hoes, Axes, Drawing Chains, Hames, Iron,
Chisels, Augers, Hammers, Hand Saws and almost
everything to supply a farm, as cheap as any at
retail in the City.
April 15, 1872. WOLFE & BARRINGER.

E. M. HOLT & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
COLLEGE STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C.
We have associated with us Mr. J. McLAUGHLIN,
and the business will, in the future, be conducted
under the name and style of E. M. HOLT & CO.
We would be glad to have our old friends and
customers call on us at our Store on College Street.
We keep a large stock of Groceries and Country
Produce generally; buy Cotton, &c.
We are prepared to store Cotton.
E. M. HOLT,
J. McLAUGHLIN,
L. S. HOLT.
Jan. 9, 1871.

The Second Spring Purchases of
McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.,
ARE NOW BEING RECEIVED.
The latest and prettiest Styles of the Season are
now to be found there in great variety.

Dolly Varden Robes,
Japanese, Muslins and Calico, all entirely new.
Lawn in various colors, Leno's new styles. New
lot of Silks, black and colored; Picures, Summer
Poplins, Laces, Embroideries, Black Dress Goods in
great variety, Hosiery and Gloves,
Miles & Faust's hand-made Shoes,
White Dress Linens, Buff and Drab Dress Linens,
Sashes and Scarfs. The largest Stock of PIBBONS
in the City. White Goods, Muslins, New Novelties
latest of the Season.
Call soon and examine for yourselves.
McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.
May 18, 1872.

Notice.
All Accounts due us not paid within 30 days will
positively be placed in the hands of an Attorney
for collection. Please call and settle. W. R. Bur-
well & Co. is authorized to receipt for us during
our absence.
KILGORE & CURETON.
May 18, 1872.

Atlantic, Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 23d, 1872. 3
On and after Thursday, the 25th, the following
Schedule will be run over this Road daily, (Sun-
days excepted):
Leave Statesville, - - - 7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte, - - - 10:35 " "
Leave Charlotte, - - - 3:25 P. M.
Arrive at Statesville, - - - 7:00 "
J. J. GORMLEY,
Superintendent.
July 22, 1872.

As a Little Child.
If we only could be as little children al-
ways! How many of us so feel, with a
sort of longing we never can express. If
we could only have the child-faith at all
times through life! For this faith is mar-
velous. It doubts not. It questions not.
It gives clear sunlight to being continually.
It is more worthful to happiness than any-
thing beside. Fortunate, indeed, is the
child in such a possession. Fortunate were
we of the grown-up generation, if such pos-
session were our own.
Very truly says Alexander Raleigh in
the Sunday Magazine:—Of course a child
cannot be said to have an angel's thought.
It has not even a man's. Yet in some re-
spects the child is nearer the spiritual world
than man is. It is more than a poetic
fancy that "heaven lies about us in our in-
fancy." Children come out of the kingdom
of heaven. They come from God, who is the
center and glory of that kingdom, and all
unconsciously, they believe themselves as
those who are not yet far from home.
They are in the fields nearest the home.
By the least hint or suggestion they will
look back to the door, and even think it not
impossible to go in. They believe what
they are told. Words of God, angel visits,
ghosts, wonders—all are taken literally.
They have no difficulty in believing.
The difficulty comes, alas! but too soon.
The dream-like glory and freshness of the
morning time fade away. The world be-
comes all materialism. Knowledge lords
it over faith. Experiences destroy simplic-
ity; and amid the dust and hurry of sec-
ular things the wonders of eternity are veiled
and hidden, as the great snow-mountains
are often covered with mist and cloud.
Then at night often (happily they to whom
it is so) comes a clearing time. The true
day begins to break at sunset, and the
shadows flee away. Then the old child-faith
comes back, but in a higher form. Then
it is found that matter is the shadow and
spirit is the substance. The soul begins
to look through, to look high and far, and
on the dying beds, and in departing hours,
you find again the child-like—the angel
look on the face of the mortal man who is
just putting on immortality.

How to KEEP A SITUATION.—Lay it
down as a foundation rule that you will be
"faithful in that which is least." Pick up
the loose nails, bits of twine, clean wrapping
paper, and put them in their places. Be
ready to throw in an odd half hour's time,
when it will be an accommodation and
don't seem to make a merit of it. Do it
heartily. Though not a word be said, be
sure your employer will make a note of it.
Make yourself indispensable to him, and he
will lose many of the opposite kind before
he will part with you. Those young men
who watch the time to see the very second
their working hour is up; who leave, no
matter what state the work may be in, at
precisely the instant; who calculate the
extra amount they can slight their work
and yet not get reproved; who are lavish
of their employer's goods, will always be
first to receive notice when times are dull,
and their services are no longer required.
Remember you are not a slave. Then serve
your employer, as in due time he will be a
friend to you.

Charlotte Female Institute.
This Institution so long and favorably known to
the public, is now unoccupied, and the Trustees ad-
vertise the fact for the purpose of inviting the at-
tention of those engaged in teaching to the induc-
ments it offers.
Situated at the convergence of five Railroads, in
a healthy and growing City, with a population that
will compare favorably with any other for religious
and moral character, it is unquestionably one of
the best opportunities offered in any Southern State for
opening and maintaining a Female Boarding School
of the highest grade.
The Institute building has capacity to accommo-
date sixty boarders, and is built in fine architectural
style and arranged with the necessary conveniences
for its purpose. The entire building is furnished
with gas, and is warmed by a furnace, as well as
arranged for wood fires. The necessary cook, wash-
ing and servant's houses are conveniently located,
and in the grounds is a comfortable brick cottage
adapted to the accommodation of a small family.
The grounds, consisting of about six acres, are in
a high state of cultivation and beautified and
adorned by walks and shrubbery.
The buildings and improvements present an im-
posing appearance and are finely adapted to the
use for which they were designed.
The city patronage to the school has for many
years numbered from sixty to seventy-five day
scholars and the boarding patronage has been liberal.
Persons desiring to take charge of and conduct
permanently a Female School of the highest order,
are invited to correspond with the undersigned.
Being determined to have a school of this charac-
ter and that the property shall be occupied, if pos-
sible, so as to open the exercises in October next,
the terms will be liberal.

Private Residence.
I will sell privately for cash, the new double
dwelling, corner of 6th and A. Street—\$ rooms to
each dwelling—also a large Dwelling on Church
Street.
A. SHORTER CALDWELL.
July 15, 1872.

Be Careful.
If you are told that Kerosene is as safe as Astral
Oil, be careful, satisfy yourself before purchasing.
SMITH & HAMMOND,
July 22, 1872. Agents.

State of North Carolina, Gaston County.
Before E. H. Withers, C. S. C.
F. C. Ferguson, Administrator, against James Fin-
ley, W. G. Finley and others.
Special Proceeding to sell Land to make Assets.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that
James Finley and W. G. Finley are not residents of
this State, it is ordered that publication be made,
for six successive weeks, in the Charlotte Democrat,
a newspaper published in the City of Charlotte,
notifying said defendants to appear before E. H.
Withers, Clerk of the Superior Court for Gaston
County, at his Office in Dallas, on the 14th day of
September, 1872, and answer the petition in the
above stated case, or judgment will be taken for the
relief demanded in the petition.
Given under my hand and seal this 22d day of
July, 1872.
E. H. WITHERS,
Clerk Superior Court.
32—6wp1

Forty-One Years in Captivity.

[From the Akron Beacon.]
In the year 1831 Mr. John Armstrong,
residing near Detroit, Michigan, sent his
little daughter Mary, a girl of seven years
of age, unattended off to the district school.
On the way to school she was kidnapped by
the Indians, who at that time were found
in large numbers about Detroit. The
stricken parents could scarcely be consoled
for the loss of the child, but finally gave up
all hopes of her recovery.
When she was taken by the Indians she
was carried off to Texas, and suffered un-
told hardships and privations at their hands.
In Texas she lived five years, and when
she reached her twelfth she was compelled
to marry an Indian warrior called "Yellery."
The tribe with which she lived then removed
to Nebraska, where twelve moons, the
length of the Indian's married life, having
passed away, she was no longer the wife of
Yellery, and was sold to an Irishman named
David Ward. David was a Catholic, and
was burned at the stake because he re-
fused to abjure his religion, after which
Mary was carried into another tribe, and
there, after some years, married an Indian
chief called Big Son. Big Son soon got
tired of his new spouse, and sold her to a
Mr. Carman, a pale-face, and with him she
lived until a melancholy event occurred,
which at once deprived her of her husband
and children.
Near San Francisco is a place called the
Black Hills, which last fall, was the scene
of a bloody fight between the Digger and
Snake Indians. Mrs. Carman at the time
was with the Digger Indians, having been
sold to them, together with her husband
and children, a short time before by the
Snake Indians. In the battle between the
Snake and Digger Indians Mrs. Carman's
eleven children and husband were killed.
She alone escaped, and remained with them
a short time until an opportunity presented
itself, when she fled to San Francisco.

From San Francisco, in company with
four others, she was sent by Gen. Sheridan
as far as St. Joe, Mo., from which place she
is now on her journey to Columbus, where
her aged father and mother are residing.
About ten years ago her father heard of
her being yet alive among the Indians, and
immediately commenced a correspondence
with parties in the West, to see if he could
find any information which would lead to
her return to her parents. After long wait-
ing, the intelligence was conveyed to him
that she was found, and would soon be in
her home, after forty-one years of wander-
ing among the savages. She has made her
way from town to town, and a day or two
since reached Kent. Until this time she
had worn her Indian costumes, but the
Mayor of Kent compelled her to exchange
her half-civilized garb for one which accorded
more with Kent tastes.

Yesterday she reached Akron and has
been solicited aid to complete her journey.
Such, in brief, is her tale. Whether or not
she is an impostor, we are unable to tell.
Certain it is that she tells a straightforward
story, and the most rigorous questioning
could not cause her to change the least por-
tion of her narrative. She is very intelli-
gent looking, and answers all questions
very readily and with an appearance of
truth and simplicity. When Marshal Par-
ker told her he had been among the Indians
she commenced talking to him in the In-
dian language, but the Marshal, not wish-
ing to show his ignorance of the language
by inability to reply, "vamosed," much to
the amusement of the crowd who had gathered
about her.

SAVED BY LAUGHTER.—Some persons
possess keen perceptions of the ridiculous,
but we doubt whether it serves them a bet-
ter turn than it did in the cure of a certain
lady supposed to be dying. Her friends
were summoned to her bedside, and the phy-
sician stood with his finger on her pulse
which was becoming almost imperceptible
when some person present, in the agony of
the moment, uttered a sound which the
lady afterwards described as "a howl com-
ingled." This so acted upon the risibles
of the dying woman as to produce a hyster-
ical convulsion. To use her own words,
"she laughed all over and shook with laugh-
ter without being able to move a muscle of
her face." The result was that an im-
mediate reaction took place. The astonish-
ed physician found the pulse becoming
stronger, and the clammy skin to be covered
with perspiration. Stimulants were ad-
ministered, and in due time she fully re-
covered. She still lives to relate, in an amu-
sing manner, her almost miraculous escape
from death; but she said the circumstances
also impressed her with the extreme caution
that should be used in a sick room, where
the patient is supposed to be unconscious
of what is passing around them, since at no
time was she deaf to any expression of grief
and concern uttered by her friends, or of
the opinions they expressed in regard to
her condition and the prospect of her recovery.

DECLINE IN SUMMER TRAVEL.—The
New York Tribune says: "An avenging
Nemesis has at last overtaken the watering-
place hotel keepers. Who that has been a
summer traveler is not glad of it? The
flight to Europe has been increased by the
exactions, impertinences and insolent op-
pressions of the baronial clerks and prop-
rietary of summer hotels and taverns.
With few notable exceptions, the famous
places of summer have fallen into doleful
dumps, for reasons above stated. This ad-
versity, which falls alike on the just and
the unjust, may, by-and-by, bring about a
correction of abuses."
[Why any Southern white man, who has
a comfortable place to sleep at home,
would go to a Virginia Spring or a North-
ern watering place in the summer time,
we cannot imagine. They eat spoiled food
and sleep with bed-bugs.]

Neediness of Sleep.
A prominent writer says: "There are
thousands of busy people who die for want
of sleep every year. Sleeplessness becomes
a disease, and is the precursor of insanity.
We speak of sleep as the image of death,
for it is the period in which the waste of the
system ceases, or is reduced to the minimum.
Sleep repairs the waste which waking hours
have made. It rebuilds the system. The
night is the repair-shop of the body. Every
part of the system is thoroughly overhauled,
and the organs, tissues and substances are
replenished. Walking consumes and ex-
hausts; sleep replaces and repairs. A man
who would be a good worker must be a
good sleeper. A man has as much force in
him as he has provided for in sleep. The
quality of mental activity depends on the
quality of sleep. Men need, on an average,
eight hours of sleep a day. A lymphatic
temperament may require nine; a nervous
temperament six or seven. A lymphatic
man is sluggish, moving and sleeping slowly.
But a nervous man acts quickly in
everything. He does more in one hour than
a sluggish man in two hours; and so in his
sleep. Every man must sleep according to
his temperament, but eight hours is the
average. Whoever by work, pleasure, sor-
row or any other cause, is regularly dimi-
nishing his sleep, is destroying his life."

Keep Your Word.
When you promise to do a thing, be sure
to keep your word, as well for the sake of
truth as in justice to others. This very in-
teresting story is told of a boy who was
singularly faithful to his word. He had
borrowed a tool from a neighbor, promising
to return it at night. Before evening he
was sent away on an errand and did not re-
turn until late. Before he went he was told
that his brother should see the tool return-
ed. After he had come home and gone to
bed, he inquired and found the tool had not
been sent to its owner. He was much dis-
tressed to think his promise was not kept,
but was persuaded to go to sleep and rise
early and carry it home. By daylight he
was up, but nowhere was the tool to be
found. After a long and fruitless search
he set off for his neighbor's in great distress
to acknowledge his fault. But how great
was his surprise to find the tool on his neighbor's
doorsteps! And it then appeared,
that the lad had got up in his sleep
and carried it home, and went to bed again
and knew it not. Of course a boy who was
prompt in his sleep was prompt when awake.
He lived respected, had the confidence of
his neighbors, and was placed in many offices
of trust and profit.

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