

State Library

The Charlotte Democrat.

W. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1872. TWENTY-FIRST VOLUME---NUMBER 1035.

THE Charlotte Democrat,
PUBLISHED BY
WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.
TERMS—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum,
One Dollar and Fifty Cents for six months.
Subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Advertisements will be inserted at reasonable rates, or in accordance with contract. Quotations of notices of over five lines in length will be charged for at advertising rates.

MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS.
Call to See
WHEAT THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS,
HORSE POWERS,
VALLEY CHIEF MOWER AND REAPER,
Holl's Self-Feeding Cotton Gin,
On exhibition and for sale.
May 18, 1872. JOHN WILKES.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Brick Office corner of 5th and Tryon Streets.
Residence on College Street.
March 11, 1872.

Dr. JOHN H. McADEN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Have on hand a large and well selected stock of PURE
DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Family
Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,
Fancy and Toilet Articles, which he is determined
to sell at the very lowest prices.
Jan. 1, 1872.

J. P. McCombs, M. D.,
offers his professional services to the citizens of
Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both
night and day, promptly attended to.
Office in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite the
Charlotte Hotel.
Oct. 26, 1870.

Alexander & Brand,
DENTISTS.
All work guaranteed. Teeth extracted without
pain by "Nitrous Oxide Gas."
Office in Brick Building, opposite the Charlotte
Hotel.
March 1, 1872.

HOFFMAN & SIMPSON,
Dentists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Respectfully inform the citizens of Charlotte and
the public, that they have associated themselves
together in the practice of Dentistry. Their aim
is to perform all operations relating to the pro-
fession in the most skillful manner and highest
degree of excellence.
Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous
Oxide Gas. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Office on Trade Street, in A. R. Nesbet & Bro's
new building.
Jan. 15, 1872.

MANSION HOUSE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
This well-known House having been newly fur-
nished and refitted in every department, is now open
for the accommodation of the traveling public.
On the corner of the Depot on arrival of Trains.
Jan. 1, 1872. H. C. ECCLES.

VANCE & BURWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Office in the Court House.
April 1, 1872.

W. J. BLACK,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
PROVISIONS AND WHISKIES,
College Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

SANDERS, OATES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
Grocers, Cotton Buyers and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner Trade and College Streets,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

CLARK & MULLEN,
Attorneys at Law,
LUFKIN, N. C.
Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Martin, North-
ampton and Edgecombe counties. In the Supreme
Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts.
Collections made in all parts of North Caro-
lina.
March 18, 1872.

W. F. COOK,
Trade Street, on North Carolina Railroad,
Charlotte, N. C.
Manufacture of CIDER MILLS and all kinds of
FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
All orders promptly attended to.
Jan. 22, 1872.

R. M. MILLER & SONS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Commission Merchants and
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
College Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

CLEVELAND FEMALE SEMINARY.
Cleveland Mineral Springs,
NEAR SHELBY, N. C.
The next Session will commence on the 18th
September, 1872, and continue without intermission,
except three days at Christmas, until the 30th of
August, 1873. Board and Tuition payable quarterly
in advance.
For further information apply to
T. W. BREVARD, Principal.
June 24, 1872—y-pd

ECCLES & GAITHER,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
For the sale and purchase of Cotton, Tobacco, Grain,
Wool, Produce and Merchandise of all kinds.
They have removed their Store to the Brick
Building below Springs building, Trade Street.

TURNIP SEED! TURNIP SEED!!
We have now in Store all the leading varieties of
Turnip Seed from Bats' Seed House.
July 8, 1872. WILSON & BLACK.

THE LAND OF MOAB.—A letter has been received from one of the party of travelers engaged in the Moab expedition, who says they have found no inscriptions of importance, but their topographical work has well repaid them. They found many ruined cities, most of them unvisited by any Europeans, and some quite unknown by name. Of all that are named, the positions on the maps are most inaccurately laid down. They generally contain ruins of great temples, and also of Christian churches. He adds that, descending into the plains of Moab by the Dead Sea, they are carefully examining this terra incognita, and find a great deal of rich fertile land and springs, hot and cold, in a belt of low land almost uninterrupted on the eastern shore, and no distant march north of Lisan.

W. M. WILSON, W. J. BLACK,
WILSON & BLACK,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Having made very extensive improvements in our Store and with our greatly increased facilities, we are now prepared to offer for inspection and sale the largest and most complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., ever brought to North Carolina. Merchants visiting our City are especially invited to call and examine our stock and hear our prices.
WILSON & BLACK, Druggists.

Just Received,
TEN BARRELS P. R. SUGAR,
\$3.00 per barrel. R. BACON,
Also, a lot of Family Flour from new wheat at
\$3 per sack.
GRIER & ALEXANDER.

Edinburg Ale.
Genuine Imported Edinburg Ale, at \$3 per dozen
and 20 cents per bottle for less than a dozen.
July 1, 1872. GRIER & ALEXANDER.

A. R. NISBET & BRO.,
Are receiving daily a large and full line of GRO-
CERIES: Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups
and Mackerel in Barrels, 1/2 Barrels and Kits, Blue
Fish and Lake Trout, all of which will be sold
Wholesale or Retail, as cheap as any other House
this side of Baltimore.

A. R. Nisbet & Bro.,
Have just received a large lot of Cigars of all grades,
together with Smoking Tobacco of all the various
brands, which is offered to the trade at low figures.

A. R. Nisbet & Bro.,
Have in Store Oranges and Lemons, which they are
selling very cheap to the trade.

A. R. Nisbet & Bro.,
Have a full line of BASKETS, consisting of Dinner,
Market and Travelling Baskets, cheap for cash.
March 25, 1872.

SMITH & HAMMOND,
Druggists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Have a large assortment of the most popular Hand-
kerchiefs for sale.
June 10, 1872.

NEW ARRIVALS.
Jas Morrison's celebrated Hams and Pure Leaf
Lard, in Tiers, Kegs, Buckets and Caddies, just
received at
R. M. MILLER & SONS'.

Bacon.
20,000
Pounds bulk C. R. Sides, in
Store at
R. M. MILLER & SONS'.

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, &c.
200
Barrels Flour—Super, Extra and
Family,
50 Barrels Sugar—all grades,
150 " Molasses and Syrups,
50 Sacks Coffee—all grades,
100 Packages Mackerel in barrels, 1/2 barrels,
1 barrels and Kits,
Brandy Peaches, Oysters, Crackers, Soaps, Candles,
Candy, Raisins, Cigars, Cheroots, &c.
R. M. MILLER & SONS.
March 25, 1872.

GEM FRUIT JARS!
Dolly Varden Jelly Glasses!!
Also, a general assortment of
China, Glass and
EARTHEN WARE,
together with all kinds of House
Keeping articles, consisting of
Knives and Forks, Spoons, Cas-
sioles, Tea Trays, Bread Trays,
Rolling Pins, Butter Bowls and
Ladles, Tubs, Churns, Buckets, Baskets, Brooms,
Hair and Feather Dusters, which will be sold cheap
for cash.
June 17, 1872. JAMES HARTY.

WITKOWSKY & RINTELS'
CARD!
READ IT!!
Again thanking a generous public for the very liberal
share of their trade accorded us the past year, we
take this method of informing it, and the whole
of our customers in particular, that our SPRING STOCK
is now coming in, and when complete (which will be
about the 4th of March) will be as usual the
largest, best selected, and comprise a general variety
that of any House in Western North Carolina.
And as it is dangerous for small buyers who can
sell a limited amount of Goods only, to go North,
especially for the Summer trade, we respectfully
invite them to look at our Stock, feeling assured
that we can and will make it to their interest to buy
of us this Spring. Respectfully,
WITKOWSKY & RINTELS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
March 4, 1872.

Family Flour.
35 Sacks "Rowan Mills" best Family Flour,
20 Sacks "Catawba Mills" Family Flour,
ground from new White Wheat (no better brands
in this market) for sale by
STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.
July 15, 1872.

State of North Carolina, Gaston County.
Before E. H. Withers, C. S. C.
E. C. Ferguson, Administrator, against James Fin-
ley, W. G. Finley and others.
Special Proceeding to sell Land to make Assets.
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that
James Finley and W. G. Finley are not residents of
this State, it is ordered that publication be made
for six successive weeks, in the Charlotte Democrat,
a newspaper published in the City of Charlotte,
notifying said defendants to appear before E. H.
Withers, Clerk of the Superior Court for Gaston
County, at his Office in Dallas, on the 14th day of
September, 1872, and answer the petition in the
above stated case, or judgment will be taken for the
relief demanded in the petition.
Given under my hand and seal this 23rd day of
July, 1872. E. H. WITHERS,
Clerk Superior Court.

Singular Variety of Cotton.
Dr. T. L. Anderson of Wilkes county, Ga., has developed, by cultivation and careful selection of seed, a variety of cotton which is certainly a curiosity, and may prove a very valuable article. This cotton is peculiar on account of its excessive fruitfulness and the manner in which the bolls are developed. As described by the Washington Gazette, in growth and appearance the weed has the resemblance of the prolific varieties growing up in a somewhat conical form, though we think the growth is more vigorous than these varieties. The squares and blooms grow in clusters, and very thick. A very large proportion of the bolls are what we would call double, for want of a better word—that is, two bolls are produced from the same square. This tendency to doubling is exhibited throughout the plant, and the stock and limbs of many specimens seem to take on the same characteristic, there being a groove on each side, presenting somewhat the appearance of a doubled-barrelled gun. This crowding of the bolls does not seem to diminish their size, but they are generally very large and healthy in appearance. Upon one stock in his field Mr. A. exhibits fifteen young bolls so closely clustered as to be covered with a single open hand. He has taken great pains during the past two or three years to preserve the seeds pure and unmixed with other varieties. He has now several acres planted in this cotton, and we wish that his experiment may be of value to himself and the cotton interests of the country.—Augusta Chronicle.

Employed.—The Adams' Express Company has on its pay rolls 3,508 men. All the expressmen in the United States have 9,396 men. The railroads have in their employ 163,303 persons, of which 1,902 are named as officers, 7,374 as clerks, and 154,227 in other services.

Bagging and Ties.
We have just received a large lot of BAGGING (heavy) and ARROW TIES, which we are offering cheap. We anticipate a material advance in these articles if prospects for a large Cotton crop continue, and we would suggest to Farmers to purchase their Bagging and Ties now. We have on hand a large lot of Ties left over from last season which cost us much less than present prices, and we will offer them cheap. Call on
GREGORY & WILLIAMSON,
July 22, 1872. Bryce's Building.

NOTICE.
The MECKLENBURG MANUFACTURING COMPANY, located in the City of Charlotte, will purchase any of their Works and along the lines of the different Railroads terminating at that City, HICKORY TIMBER of the following lengths, viz:
Either 3 feet 1 inch, 6 feet 2 inch, 9 feet 3 inch, or 12 feet 4 inches long according to Classification.
1st Class—Butt cuts of old field hickory, close white grain wood, free from knots and stains, and not less than 8 inches in diameter at the little end.
2nd Class—Butt ends of Forest Hickory, showing not less than 4 inches of white wood, free from knots and stains and not less than 9 inches in diameter.
3d Class—Forest Hickory, showing at least 3 inches of white wood free from knots and stains, and not less than 8 inches in diameter at the little end.
For 1st Class \$15 per 1000 feet timber measure.
" 2d " 12 " " " "
" 3d " 10 " " " "
The above prices will be paid on inspection by me, either at Charlotte or on the lines of the different Railroads when notified of a delivery of Timber.
E. H. WOODS, Superintendent.
Charlotte, N. C., June 17, 1872. if

SPRING GOODS.
Come and see our new stock of all kinds of Goods, Dress Goods, all the new and desirable styles of Japanese Linens, Silks, Percales, Piques, French Lawns, Dress Linen Cambrics, White Goods, all grades and styles. Call before you buy.
WOLFE & BARRINGER.

Gentlemen's Goods.
Cassimeres, Cloths, Linens, Ducks, Drabets, Silk Mixed Scotch Tweeds, just received.
A lot of GENTS' SILK HATS, which for style, quality and lightness can't be beat in the market.
WOLFE & BARRINGER.

To the Farmer.
Steel Hoes, Axes, Drawing Chains, Hames, Iron, Chisels, Augers, Hammers, Hand Saws and almost everything to supply a farm, as cheap as any at retail in the City.
April 15, 1872. WOLFE & BARRINGER.

The Second Spring Purchases of McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.,
ARE NOW BEING RECEIVED.
The latest and prettiest Styles of the Season are now to be found there in great variety.

Dolly Varden Robes,
Japanese, Muslins and Calico, all entirely new.
Laws in various colors, Leno's new styles. New lot of silks, black and colored; Piques, Summer Poplins, Laces, Embroideries, Black Dress Goods in great variety, Hosiery and Gloves.

Miles & Faust's hand-made Shoes,
White Dress Linens, Buff and Drab Dress Linens, Sashes and Scarfs. The largest Stock of RIBBONS in the City. White Goods, Muslins, New Novelties latest of the Season.
Call soon and examine for yourselves.
McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.
May 18, 1872.

Private Residence.
I will sell privately for cash, the new double Dwelling, corner of 6th and A. Street—8 rooms to each dwelling—also a large Dwelling on Church Street.
A. SHORTER CALDWELL.
July 15, 1872.

Be Careful.
If you are told that Kerosene is as safe as Astral Oil, be careful, satisfy yourself before purchasing.
SMITH & HAMMOND,
Agents.
July 22, 1872.

Atlantic, Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 23d, 1872. }
On and after Thursday, the 25th, the following Schedule will be run over this Road daily, (Sundays excepted):
Leave Statesville, - - - 7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte, - - - 10:35 "
Leave Charlotte, - - - 3:25 P. M.
Arrive at Statesville, - - - 7:00 "
J. J. GORMLEY,
Superintendent.
July 29, 1872.

Growing Seed Wheat.
A correspondent of the Canada Farmer sensibly advises farmers to improve their own stock of wheat instead of looking abroad for better seed. He gives the following method which, from his own experience, he pronounces satisfactory:
Select a patch of Fall wheat with pretty even plant, and where the land is old and known to be rich enough to grow a fair crop. In spring, as soon as dry, roll well, and afterwards apply a mixture at the rate per acre of 200 pounds salt and 8 or 10 bushels of unleached ashes—more of the latter if leached—both made fine and broadcasted. Harrow in, leaving the surface evenly stirred. Carefully weed and harvest the grain, as seed for the next season. Pursue the same system yearly. Spring wheat and barley may receive the same manures at sowing. In other respects treat alike. All this pays and soon demonstrates the advantages derived.
Grain will deteriorate unless care is taken to supply it with necessary manures and culture. But by adopting the method I have indicated great improvement is witnessed. The berry becomes larger, the plant grows with more rapidity and evenness, and yields correspondingly well. Every year the farm is furnished with choicer seed, the result of its having been grown on soil where the mineral existed in fair proportion to the vegetable matter. The secret is that the soil has been brought or made up to a proper standard, and we all know that what manures remain unused by the first crop successive ones remove.
My experience was gained some years ago in attempting to restore two very excellent wheats well worn out. Both were planted in the fall and received a broadcast of two cwt. of salt per acre in the spring. Each land was top-dressed with a different manure, and the whole harrowed. Guano, nitrate of soda, wheat manure, superphosphate of lime, and wood ashes were used. With both wheats ashes did best, and great improvement was to be seen. The next year ashes and salt were used on the experimental land, and the crop was very fine. Year after year the wheat improved under this system, winning first prizes wherever shown, and at length weighed, white 69 1/2, and red 67 1/2 to the bushel. The farm was supplied from this nursery, and a finer bulk of wheat could not be seen.

George Washington's Election and how he Received the News.
On Tuesday morning, the 14th of April, 1789, a venerable old gentleman, with fine eyes, an amiable countenance, and long white locks, rode into the lawn of Mount Vernon, coming from Alexandria. A gentleman from the latter town accompanied him. It was between ten and eleven o'clock. A negro man saluted out to take the nags, and the old gentleman, entering the mansion, was received by Mrs. Washington.
"Why, Mr. Thompson," said the good lady, "where are you from, and how are your people?"
"From New York, madam," answered the old man. "I come to Mount Vernon upon an errand—for the country, at least. The general has been elected President of the United States under the new Constitution, and I am the bearer of the happy tidings in a letter from John Langdon, President of the Senate."
The General was out visiting his farm, however, and the guests were entertained for two or three hours as we take care of the visitors in the country nowadays. A glass of the General's favorite Madeira, imported in cask, was probably not the worst provision made for them, and the cheerful gossip of Mrs. Washington, who had known Mr. Thompson and visited his house in Philadelphia, helped to enliven the time. This grave and respectable old man was the link between the new magistrate at Mount Vernon. Charles Thompson had been the Secretary through all its eventful career, of the Continental Congress which had directed the cause of colonies from desultory revolt to independence and to union, and now he had ridden over the long and difficult roads to apprise the first President of the Republic of the wishes of his countrymen. At one o'clock Gen. Washington rode into the lawn at Mount Vernon, in appearance what Custis, his adopted son, has described him: An old Gentleman riding alone, in plain drab clothes, a broad brimmed white hat, a hickory switch in his hand, and carrying an umbrella with a long staff, which is attached to his saddle-bow. The umbrella was used to shelter him from the sun, for his skin was tender and easily affected by its rays. Washington greeted Mr. Thompson with grave cordiality, as was his wont, inquiring for his family, and divining already the object of his visit, broke the seal of John Langdon's official letter. Dinner followed, and while the visitors retired to converse or stroll about the grounds, the President elect wrote a letter to the President of the Senate, and sent it forthwith to the post office at Alexandria by a servant. The letter was as follows:
MOUNT VERNON, 14th, 1789.
SIR: "I had the honor to receive your official communication by the hand of Mr. Secretary Thompson, about 1 o'clock this day. Having concluded to obey the important and flattering call of my country, and having been impressed with the idea of the expediency of my being with Congress as early a period as possible, I propose to commence my journey on Thursday morning, which will be the day after to-morrow."
This done, the rest of the day passed in conferences between Washington and his wife, in the preparation of his baggage for the not unexpected journey, while, meantime, the distinguished guest was amused by the young official household in the library and grounds. There was another female, dear to the newly elected President, and he kept her in filial reverence at the very moment of his greatest promotion. It was growing late in the evening of the day on which our story opens, when Washington mounted his horse, and followed by his man Billy, rode off into the woods of Virginia with speed. His destination was Fredericksburg, nearly forty miles away, with two ferries between—one at the Occoquan, the other at the Rappahannock. His purpose was to see his old mother, now 80 years of age and drawing near the grave. It had been long since he had visited her, but he could not feel equal to the responsibilities of his office until he should receive her blessing. Few candidates for the Presidency in our day would leave a warm mansion, filled with congratulating friends, to ride all night through the chilly April mists, to say adieu to a very old woman. But thus piously the administration of Washington began. He passed old Pohick country, of which he was a vestryman—soon to tumble into ruins—crossed the roaring Occoquan, and by its deep and picturesque gorge, where the waters of the future Bull Run, and by night he saw the churches of Aquia and Potomac rise against the sky, he saw the decaying seaport of Dumfries. In the morning he was at Fredericksburg, and his mother was in his arms. Marches, perils, victories, honors, power, surrendered to that look of helpless love, too deep for pride to show through its tears, and the President of the new State was to her a new born babe again, no dearer no greater. He was just in time, for she had but the short season of Summer to live and, like many dying mother's, life seemed upheld, at four-score and five, by waiting love till he should come. History is ceremonious as to what passed between them; but the parting was solemn and touching, like the event. "You will see me no more," she said; "My great age and disease warn me that I shall not be long in this world. But go, George, to fulfill the destiny which Heaven appears to assign you. Go, my son, and may Heaven's and your mother's blessing be with you always."

Marriages at Sea.
Eccentric couples in California contemplating matrimony have heretofore been in the habit of going out to sea and having the ceremony performed out of sight of land. A California court, however, has declared that marriages of the kind described are of no effect if performed at more than three miles from land. The grounds of this decision are that there is no law authorizing the performance of a marriage ceremony on board of American vessels, and that there is no law recognizing the official character of justices of the peace and clergymen when acting beyond the jurisdiction of the State. It may, however, be remarked that the principles of this decision are not applicable in many States, where an acknowledgment before witnesses is a good marriage, and where the bond of husband and wife may be established by general reputation. In such cases, after the lapse of time, the death or disappearance of the witnesses is apt to create trouble in proving the marriage.

Administrator's Sale.
Having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Daniel McGee, dec'd, I will sell at his late residence, on Wednesday, August 21st, 1872, a lot of Cotton, one Horse and two Mules, one Wagon, one Buggy, one Carriage, a lot of Furniture, about 50 bushels of Wheat and 75 bushels of Corn, and various other articles.
Terms made known on day of sale.
August 5, 1872. W. C. McCORD, Adm'r of Daniel McGee.

Notice.
All persons having claims against the estate of Daniel McGee, dec'd, are notified to present the same to me on or before July 31st, 1872, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery; and those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
August 5, 1872. W. C. McCORD, Adm'r.

NOTICE.
CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 5th, 1872.
The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned having been dissolved this day by the withdrawal of the Junior partner, all persons indebted to the firm of J. Y. BRYCE & CO. are requested to come forward and settle.
Mr. W. H. BRYCE has removed to Boston, where he has established a COTTON COMMISSION BUSINESS under the name and style of W. H. BRYCE & CO. and will be pleased to receive consignments of Cotton and other merchandise.
J. Y. BRYCE is authorized to settle the business of the firm of J. Y. Bryce & Co.
J. Y. BRYCE,
W. H. BRYCE.

For Sale.
The undersigned offers for sale several Farms and three Dwelling Houses. Inquire at my office.
August 5, 1872. W. H. BRYCE.

Ink! Ink!! Ink!!!
Carters combined Writing and Copying Ink, in quart and pint Bottles. This Ink is warranted to flow as freely as any Ink now in use, to give a perfect copy and not to thicken or mould.
N. Antoine's French copying Ink in quarts and pints.
Arnolds Chemical Writing Fluid in quarts, pints, half pints and quarter pints.
Arnolds Superior Copying Ink, quart bottles.
Maynard and Noyes Black Ink, quarts.
Jet Black School Ink.
Flourless School size extra Blue Writing Fluid, at
TIDDY'S BOOK STORE.

Accounts.
We keep Davids Brilliant Carmine Ink.
Best Mucilage, Stickwell and Holdfast, quarts and 2 ounces for office use, at
TIDDY'S Stationary Store.
July 29, 1872.

Braithwaites.
Retrospect of Practical Medicine and Surgery.
Part LXV—July—at
TIDDY'S.

Why we Should Wear Beards.
There are more inducements for wearing the beard than the mere improvement of a man's personal appearance and the cultivation of such aid to the every-day diplomacy of life. The hair of the mustache not only absorbs the moisture and miasma of the fogs, but it strains the air from dust and soot of our great, smoky cities. It acts also in the most scientific manner, by taking heat from the warm breath as it leaves the chest, and supplying it to the cold air taken in. It is not only a respirator, but with a beard entire we are supplied with a comforter as well, and these are never left at home like the umbrella and all such appliances when they are wanted. Moffat and Livingston, the explorers, and many other travelers, say that at night no wrapper can equal the beard, like the hair of the head, protects against the heat of the sun; it acts as the thatch does to the ice house; but, more than this, it becomes moist with perspiration, and then by evaporation, cools the skin. A man who accepts this protection of nature may face the rudest storm and the hardest winter. He may go from the hottest room into the coldest air without dread, and we verily believe he might sleep in the morass with impunity, at least, his chance of escaping the terrible fever would be better than his beardless companions.

Married Life.
Good counsel from a wife and mother—"I try to make myself and all around me agreeable. It will not do to leave a man to himself till he comes to you, to take no pains to attract him, or to appear before him with a long face. It is not so difficult as you think, dear child, to behave to a husband so that he shall remain for ever in some measure a husband. I am an old woman; but you can still do what you like; a word from you at the right time will not fail of its effect, what need have you to play the suffering virtue? 'The tear of a loving girl,' says an old book, is like a dew drop on a rose; but that on the cheek of a wife is a drop of poison to her husband.' Try to appear cheerful and contented, and your husband will be so, and when you have made him happy you will become so not in appearance, but in reality. The skill required is not so great. Nothing flatters a man so much as the happiness of his wife; he is always proud of himself as the source of it. As soon as you are cheerful you will be lively and alert, and every moment will afford you an opportunity to let fall an agreeable word. Your education, which gives you an immense advantage, will greatly assist you."

Runaway.
From the subscriber about the 21st day of July, 1872, a bound yellow boy named Eli Kerns, aged about 13 years. All persons are forewarned against harboring him or giving him work, as I am entitled to his services until he is 21 years old. A reward of Five Dollars will be paid for his delivery to me.
August 12, 1872. J. D. KERNS.

A Card.
We have resolved to discontinue time sales of Family Groceries and Provisions on and after the 1st September. Within ninety days thereafter all Notes and Book accounts remaining unpaid, will be placed in an officer's hand for collection.
STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.
August 12, 1872.

Teas! Teas!!
Just Received and now in store a large stock of very choice Teas—Gun Powder, Young Hyson, Oolong and Japan. Call soon. It will be sold at Wholesale and Retail, by
A. R. NISBET & BRO.

wife had made all ready; the equipages were at the door next morning, and leaving Mrs. Washington and most of the household behind, he set out for New York at 10 o'clock on Thursday, the 16th of April, accompanied by Thompson and Humphries. —George A. Townsend in Chicago Tribune.

Married Life.
Good counsel from a wife and mother—"I try to make myself and all around me agreeable. It will not do to leave a man to himself till he comes to you, to take no pains to attract him, or to appear before him with a long face. It is not so difficult as you think, dear child, to behave to a husband so that he shall remain for ever in some measure a husband. I am an old woman; but you can still do what you like; a word from you at the right time will not fail of its effect, what need have you to play the suffering virtue? 'The tear of a loving girl,' says an old book, is like a dew drop on a rose; but that on the cheek of a wife is a drop of poison to her husband.' Try to appear cheerful and contented, and your husband will be so, and when you have made him happy you will become so not in appearance, but in reality. The skill required is not so great. Nothing flatters a man so much as the happiness of his wife; he is always proud of himself as the source of it. As soon as you are cheerful you will be lively and alert, and every moment will afford you an opportunity to let fall an agreeable word. Your education, which gives you an immense advantage, will greatly assist you."

Runaway.
From the subscriber about the 21st day of July, 1872, a bound yellow boy named Eli Kerns, aged about 13 years. All persons are forewarned against harboring him or giving him work, as I am entitled to his services until he is 21 years old. A reward of Five Dollars will be paid for his delivery to me.
August 12, 1872. J. D. KERNS.

A Card.
We have resolved to discontinue time sales of Family Groceries and Provisions on and after the 1st September. Within ninety days thereafter all Notes and Book accounts remaining unpaid, will be placed in an officer's hand for collection.
STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.
August 12, 1872.

Teas! Teas!!
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