

MINERS' & FARMERS' JOURNAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY NOBLE & HOLTON...CHARLOTTE, MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NORTH-CAROLINA.

I WILL TEACH YOU TO PLUCK THE BOWELS OF THE EARTH AND BRING OUT FROM THE CAVERNS OF THE MOUNTAINS, METALS WHICH WILL GIVE STRENGTH TO OUR HANDS AND SUBJECT ALL NATURE TO OUR USE AND PLEASURE.—DR. JOHNSON.

VOL. II.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1832.

NO. 72.

THE MINERS' & FARMERS' JOURNAL

is printed and published every Wednesday morning at *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* per annum, if paid in advance; *Three Dollars* a year, if not paid until after the expiration of six months.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at *Fifty cents* per square (not exceeding 20 lines), for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each succeeding week—or 81 for three weeks, for one square.—A liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year. On all advertisements communicated for publication, the number of insertions must be noted on the margin of the manuscript, or they will be continued until 60 days, and charged accordingly.

*All communications to the Editors must come free of postage, or they may not be attended to.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and customers, that he has removed from his old stand to the Store nearly opposite R. C. Hattaway, formerly occupied by J. Beers, where he will keep constantly on hand every article suitable for the back country trade.

FRANCIS WILSON.

Charon, Oct. 18, 1831.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1831.

James Simmons } Original attachment, levied on a tract of land in which the defendant is supposed to have an interest, adjoining the lands of James Doherty and others.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made six weeks in the *Miners' & Farmers' Journal*, for the defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in February next, and plead or reply, otherwise judgment by default will be entered against him. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1831.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

Price adv. \$2—672

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1831.

Daniel Harrison } Original attachment, levied on certain property in the hands of Elias Alexander, viz:—six Negroes, Sarah, Hannah, Silas, Harriet, Rhoda and Harry, in which Mrs. Deborah Harris has an interest, supposed to be one-sixth part.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made six weeks in the *Miners' & Farmers' Journal*, for the defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in February next, and answer or plead, otherwise judgment by default will be entered against him. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1831.

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Price adv. \$2—672

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1831.

Isaac Flenkin and Sarah his wife, } Petition for partition of Land.

James McLure and Polly his wife, }
Wm. Walker and Jane his wife, John Brown and Elizabeth his wife, James Wallace Flenkin, Jefferson Hyram and Caroline his wife, heirs at law of Richard Sharpe, dec'd.

IT being made appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that James McLure and Polly his wife, and James W. Flenkin, heirs as aforesaid, are not inhabitants of this State, it was, therefore, Ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the *Miners' & Farmers' Journal*, that they appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment will be taken pro confesso as to them. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1831.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

Price adv. \$2—672

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1831.

James Davis } Original attachment, levied in the hands of Nathan Orr, Joshua James Akin, D. Boyd and John Allen, and others summoned as Garnishers.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made six weeks in the *Miners' & Farmers' Journal*, for the defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in February next, and plead or reply, otherwise judgment by default will be entered against him. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1831.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

Price adv. \$2—672

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1831.

Caleb Erwin } Original attachment, levied in the hands of Thomas B. Wil Allen Dearborn, Hams, and James Dearborn and others summoned as Garnishers: Also, levied on Allen Dearborn's interest in the Robeson tract of land adjoining the lands of Maxwell Osborn, John Knox and others.

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made six weeks in the *Miners' & Farmers' Journal*, for the defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday of February next, and plead or reply, otherwise judgment by default will be entered against him. Witness, Isaac Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday in November, A. D. 1831.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

Price adv. \$2—672

NOTICE.

IN virtue of an act passed by the Legislature of the State on the 4th instant, Books for subscription to shares in the *Mecklenburg Gold Mining Company*, are opened at Dr. Henderson's, of this place, and will remain open for six weeks from this date. The shares are of \$100 each, to be paid for in cash, at the time of subscribing.

V. De RIVAFINOLI.

Charlotte, N. C. 25th Jan. 1832. 3672r

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of North-Carolina, passed at their late session, to incorporate the *Charlotte Gold-Mining Company*, in the county of Mecklenburg, Books will be opened by and under the direction and management of the undersigned, on Monday, the 20th of February next, in the town of Charlotte, in the County and State aforesaid, and will be continued open for the space of ninety days thereafter, to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company, agreeable to the provisions of the aforesaid Act of Incorporation.

W. DAVIDSON,

SAM'L. M'COMB.

4172r

January 16, 1832.

NOTICE.

ON the 17th day of February, 1832, Books will be opened in the town of Charlotte, N. Carolina, to receive subscriptions for the Capital Stock of the *Catawba Gold-Mining Company*, and will be kept open for ninety days, thence ensuing.

A. F. CALDWELL,

W. J. ALEXANDER,

P. CALDWELL.

63

IMPORTANT SALE.

THERE will be sold at the residence of the subscriber, on Friday, the 24th day of February next, a great variety of property, consisting in part of the following, viz:

A considerable quantity of CORN and FODDER; A number of Horses, Cows, Hogs, and Sheep; A new and first rate Wood Wagon; Some excellent Household FURNITURE; Kitchen do.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description; and a great variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.

Also, will be sold, a number of valuable Negroes. Terms made known on the day of sale.

JOHN S. BARNETT.

Mecklenburg, Jan. 17, 1832. 5474

Meadow Spring Academy.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that those who wish to obtain a liberal education, may now avail themselves of his services, as a Classical Teacher, at *Meadow Spring Academy*, located in the vicinity of William L. Davidson, Dr. William White, William Emerson, &c., at which academy all those branches, preparatory to a collegiate course, will be attended to. Rates of tuition, per session of 5½ months, as follows:

Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, \$4

English Grammar and Geography, 6

Latin and Greek Languages, 10

Algebra and Geometry, 10

I am also authorized, by the above mentioned gentlemen, to announce that good boarding can be obtained, at a convenient distance from the Academy, at the reduced price of \$50 per annum or \$1 per week.

DAVID L. SIERRILL.

Mecklenburg City, Dec. 12, 1831. 4173

NEGROES WANTED.—From 10 to 25 years of age. They must be likely. For such, cash will be given by the subscriber.—Blacksmiths or other mechanics would be desirable.

Jan. 23, 1832. 70

ROBERT WATSON.

TAKEN UP.

AND committed to the Jail in Concord, on the 19th inst. a negro boy named JACOB, five feet six inches high, about thirty years old, stout built and dark complexioned, and says that he belongs to Dunston Banks in the State of Georgia.

W. O'MAHAN, Jailor.

January 21, 1832. 6175

Carriage & Gig Making.

NATHAN BROWN ANNOUNCES most respectfully to his friends and the public at large, that he has taken the well known stand of Miles Hill, on the Main street, near the Jail, recently occupied by A. R. Wolfington & Co. He has on hand a few Gigs and Sulkeys, and will continue to make to order new work in his line of business. His particular attention will be devoted to Repairing of all descriptions, on short notice and at the lowest possible prices.

The subscriber also, has on hand 6 or 7 dozen of well made WINDSOR CHAIRS, and will furnish such as stand in need of such furniture on accommodating terms. He feels a desire to be grateful for past favors, and hopes by attention to business to merit a continuance for the future.

NATHAN BROWN.

Charlotte, Jan. 22, 1832. 4173

NEW-YORK CASH STORE, REMOVED.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have removed to the Storehouse owned by William Carson, recently occupied by H. & J. Lindsay & Hoskins, one door south of R. I. Dinkins. They take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to the public for the liberal patronage they have received, and respectfully invite their friends and the public to call and examine their present stock, which consists of a large and general assortment.

N. B. Daily expected, a large supply of Coffee. J. & J. WOODRUFF.

Charlotte, Jan. 10, 1832. 68

Wanted, 500 BUSHELS of Corn, for which the highest market price will be paid in Goods, at cash prices.

J. & J. WOODRUFF.

Jan. 10, 1832. 68

Money Wanted.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber, are requested to settle their accounts, &c. with Mr. B. Oats, who is authorized to receive and give receipts until February Court, at which time such as remain unsettled will be put into the hands of any officer for collection.

D. R. DUNLAP.

January 6, 1832. 6173

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a Decree of Trust, executed to me by Caleb M. Norwood, I will sell on Monday of our next County Court, the 27th February, before the Court-House door, on a credit of ninety days, with note and approved security, a Tract of Land, lying in the upper end of this county, on which — Benton formerly lived, containing about one hundred and forty acres.

JNO. IRWIN, Trustee.

Charlotte, 2d Jan. 1832. 6172

COACH MAKING.



REMOVAL.

A. R. WOLFINGTON & CO. Have purchased the House, Shop and Lot of Mr. Nathan Brown, opposite the jail, where they will carry on the above Business in all its various branches. They have on hand a general assortment of work of all description and qualities, which they will sell on accommodating terms.—All new work manufactured by them is warranted twelve months, excepting accidents of all kinds. The best of timber and materials made use of in their work. REPAIRING of all description in their line will be executed with punctuality and despatch, and on as reasonable terms as any in the State. The Blacksmithing Business will be carried on in all its various branches.

The subscribers respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, hoping by a strict attention to business they will be entitled to and receive the same. We return our sincere thanks for the patronage heretofore received, and hope we shall merit a small share of the business in and about this place.

A. R. WOLFINGTON & CO.

One or two Apprentices will be taken to the above Business, from 16 to 18 years of age, if well recommended and of good and steady habits. Charlotte, Jan. 17, 1832. 3672r

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware MANUFACTORY.

J. SUMNER & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Charlotte, and the public generally, that they have commenced the above Business at the old stand formerly occupied by E. M. Bronson, and recently by Capt. Thos. A. Mera as a grocery, on Main street, a short distance north-east from the Court-House, where they intend to keep on hand a good assortment of Ware, and expect to be able to supply at wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms, all who may favor them with their custom.

N. B. All kinds of Job Work in their line done at short notice. If Wanted, an Apprentice to the above business; one who can come well recommended, will receive suitable encouragement.

6176

Charleston and Cheraw. THE STEAM BOAT MACON.

Capt. J. C. Graham, having been engaged the last summer in the trade running between Charleston and Cheraw, calling at Georgetown on her way up and down, will resume her trips in the course of a few days, and is intended to be continued in the trade the ensuing season. The exceeding light draft of water, drawing only four and a half feet when loaded, will enable her to reach Cheraw at all times, except upon an uncommon low river, when her cargo will be lightened at the expense of the Boat.

Comfortable accommodations for a few passengers, with all due attention. J. B. CLOUGH.

Charleston, Sept. 26, 1831. 561r

MY HOUSE, (the Post-office)

on the Cross street, a few yards north-west of the Court-House, in Lexington, N. C. is again opened for the reception of Travellers & Boarders. The stables are extensive, roomy and dry; grain and provender of the best, plentiful and served by good hostlers. The house has many comfortable rooms, serves a good table and refreshments; and the proprietor and his family will omit nothing in their power to make it most quiet and agreeable.

B. D. ROUSAVILLE.

Prospectus—To the Public.

THE circulation of "SYLVESTER'S REPORTER, COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR & NEW-YORK PRICE CURRENT" having far exceeded the anticipations of the Proprietor, it being widely extended through every State and Territory in the Union, also in Upper and Lower Canada, and the West India Islands—it is proposed to enlarge it to the imperial size, on the issuing of the first number in January, 1832.

In addition to a large portion of miscellaneous and literary matter, original and selected, it will contain much useful and valuable information, not only to professional and mercantile men, but to the farmer, the mechanic, and the laborer. A complete and correct list of all the Broken Banks in the Union will be given, together with an account of all the latest Counterfeit Notes in circulation. Also the prices of the bills of the various branches in the U. S. designating the discounts at which they are received in this city. It will contain the "Prices Current" of the New-York Market, corrected weekly; the value of the Stock of all the Banks, Insurance and other incorporated Companies; the prices of gold, silver, and the various rates of Exchange with the principal commercial cities of Europe. Every No. will also contain a detailed statement of all the Authorized Lotteries under the management of Messrs. Yates & M'Intyre, with their days of drawings, prices of Tickets, list of prizes, and the numbers of each Lottery as drawn.

The subscription price of the paper will be *Two dollars and fifty cents*, per annum, payable in advance; and from the fact of its very extensive circulation, and great number of copies sent to distant subscribers, it is confidently believed to be a valuable vehicle where in persons of every grade may advertise their different avocations.

Advertisements for any period of time, will be conspicuously inserted on reasonable terms, and no puns or expense will be spared to make it an interesting, valuable, and useful paper.

S. J. SYLVESTER.

WARRANTEE DEEDS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

SHORT HINTS FOR MEN OF BUSINESS.

From the *Richmond Compiler*. In the course of my life, certain rules have occurred to me as useful to all men engaged in business. I beg permission to lay them before your readers as the result of an experience, which it would take them some time and trouble to acquire:

1st. Pursue the business you are engaged in with zeal and avidity. Without much industry, and energy, your time will melt away with little or no profit. It follows from this obvious rule, that you ought to concentrate your attention upon one particular line of business, rather than distract it among several. If you have many different irons in the fire some of them will most probably burn.

2d. Mind your own concerns; for, do not trust implicitly to agents or clerks.—If you wish any thing well done, you must either do it yourself or see it done by others.—Even your own agent will soon learn to despise you, as well as neglect your concerns, unless you show an interest in them yourself. Attend to your business, and he will attend to it. Neglect it yourself, your agent will neglect it. If he does not, take that man to your heart, he is one man out of ten thousand.

3d. It naturally flows from the last rule, that you must rise early, to see the course of your business. The man who wastes the first moments of the day in vain, is sure to produce the same habit among all those who live within the range of his influence.

4th. In all cases, prefer your business to your pleasures. The former not only suffers from your neglect, but your reputation as a man of punctuality and industry suffers with it. The world soon despises the sluggish, the debauchee, or even the idle *bon vivant*. The only time you can devote to your pleasures, is your leisure moments, that is, those moments which you snatch without injury from your usual avocations.

5th. Let your credit always keep pace with your capital. Never stretch it, but on some great emergency; lest you snap it. Let the world see that you are rather a man—that you would rather make slow and sure gains than venture some risks—that you labour rather than gamble in your vocation. Besides, in those dashing enterprises, a man not only risks his own credit, but taxes the good humor of his friends.

6th. Whenever you are under the necessity of appealing to your friends, you ought never to ask it, unless you in your turn incur an equal responsibility for them, or make them secure by a pledge of property.—These transactions, I know, are generally ordered in quite a different manner. Men hurry their friends into banks, or more perilous places, without caution or security. If they fail, away go their friends with them. This is a risk which very few men ought to incur, or to impose upon others. If you ought to give security; of course you ought to have a right to ask it.

7th. Make no important agreement, unless you reduce it to writing. Men may prove scoundrels; or their memories, at least, may prove treacherous. The ink will remain as it is; but words, volatile words, will fly away, and be forgotten. Nearly a fourth of the causes, that lumber our pockets, proceed from the neglect of this obvious rule. Besides, death may sweep off one of the parties, and the other may be at the utmost loss to prove the existence or terms of the bargain.

8th. Observe the utmost order in the prosecution of your business. Enter every debt or credit as it occurs. Beware of the foul fiend Ennui, and mind the good maxim, to do every thing while you think of it.

Have a place for every thing, and let every thing be in its place—more especially your papers, for more is lost, and vexation incurred by a heat after some straggling document, that is generally conceived.

Have a place for all papers to be attended to; and particularly for all letters to be answered—for your correspondents will think themselves affronted by a want of punctuality.

9th. Take a receipt for all monies you pay, or any debts, in whatever way you discharge them. These receipts must not be taken on loose bits of paper which may be mislaid from their place, or lost from their file. For what injury may not arise from their loss? To remedy this inconvenience I earnestly advise you to have a large blank-book set apart for the purpose of registering your receipts. Should not your book be at hand when you settle an account, still you must paste the receipt on the blank leaf of your receipt book. I was particularly struck during the trial of Aaron Burr, by seeing a blank book of his on which he had been so careful as to paste on the blank leaves every scrap of a newspaper which had been published relative to his concerns. Your receipt book might be pagged and indexed, and thus enable you to find any receipt which you had occasion to consult.

Balance your day-book at the end of every week; and your ledger, at least, once in every year.

10th. Settle your accounts as far as possible, at least once in every year. These

who are unable to discharge their debts in cash, may be induced to give you their notes for the same. Keep a note book for this purpose, consisting of blank notes to be filled up. Your note and receipt books would be two of the most useful records in your establishment.

11th. And should any of you be so unfortunate, in spite of all your care, industry and prudence, to be bankrupt in your circumstances, then break like honest men.—Lay your condition fairly before your creditors, give up all your effects and trust to their generosity. You cannot help being bankrupt; but you may help being dishonest. The dishonest bankrupt is the greatest of fools as well as of knaves. Who will trust him hereafter, when he has attempted to cheat those who have trusted him? Who will not trust him again, who under the severest pinch of fortune has proved himself superior to temptation.

Many of these rules are truisms, but they are all worthy of being recollected.—They are all at your service.

The *Chemist and the Surgeon*.—The following anecdote was related by Dr. Reese, in his introductory lecture, a few days since at the Medical College. It was related in illustration of the importance of Chemistry to the physician and surgeon:—

A lady suffering from incarcerated or strangulated hernia, was informed by her physician, after exhausting his efforts at reduction, that she must submit to the operation, and a Surgeon was sent for to perform it. He soon arrived with knives thirsting for blood, and prepared to afford her relief by displaying the paraphernalia of his office. A chemist who was present told the surgeon that if he had a pair of bellows, he could relieve the patient without the knife. The lady overhearing him, and preferring Chemistry vastly before surgery, soon had her kitchen bellows transferred to the chamber, and ardently besought him to try the experiment. The surgeon was now directed to lay by his sanguinary case of instruments, and simply pour sulphuric ether upon the tumor, while the chemist busily plied the bellows, to hasten its evaporation. In a few moments, the stricture was overcome, and the hernia reduced, whereupon the lady was strong enough to get up and run away, leaving the doctor, surgeon, and chemist, to soliloquize upon the comparative merits of their respective departments of science.—*Badger's Messenger*.

On the Importance of Nothing.—Nothing is more important than to understand the subject about which you propose to instruct others. Nothing is more acceptable to a hungry man than bread and meat. Nothing promotes happiness more than an even temper. Nothing is more likely to produce wealth than industry. Nothing will preserve wealth, when acquired, better than frugality and economy. Nothing better promotes health than temperance and exercise. Nothing adds more to the respectability of a man than a character for probity in all his actions. Nothing adds greater charms to beauty than modesty and affability. Nothing is more becoming in youth than respect to their elders. Nothing endears a servant more to his employer than never to abuse his confidence. Nothing is therefore, more valuable than most things.—For he who possesses nothing which renders him disagreeable to his fellow men or in any wise dissatisfied with himself, must be the happiest man on earth; and since the Philosopher's stone has always been looked up to as the medium through which this happiness was to be obtained, it follows, we think logically, that the philosopher's stone is nothing.

London, June, 1831.—What a city is London. From the top of St. Paul's, an elevation of 314 feet, I have endeavoured to estimate its extent. Imagine yourself on the pinnacle of your highest edifice.—Survey an area of ten miles square, and excepting the river that passes through it, crossed by numerous bridges, and covered with vessels of every description, let your city overspread the whole; that is London. Suppose next that you have the whole population of Virginia and North-Carolina, or of the two Carolinas and Georgia, assembled, and residing in that one city.—That is the population of London. It is a congregated world. Men of all nations, of all languages, of all religions, of all trades and pursuits, in every class of society, and of all descriptions of character are here assembled. Every department of business and of pleasure is occupied. Every conceivable mode of acquiring or of spending property; of redeeming or of wasting time; of doing good or ill, is here exemplified.—We have seen the King, and we have seen the beggar; the man of stars and robes in the house of Lords, and the creature of crabs and rags in the street, and at each extreme perhaps, and certainly among intermediate grades, we might find all that ye