

All the Exercises of our School are public, and we cordially invite the inspection of all the friends of Education, and particularly of those who may favor us with their patronage. For the satisfaction however, of those living at a distance, who may not have it in their power to do this, we are happy in being able to refer to the subjoined testimonials.

Charlotte, N. C. Sept. 10, 1833.

To the extent of our knowledge respecting the character of the SOUTHERN FEMALE INSTITUTE, in Charlotte, we cheerfully testify to the able, prudent and faithful manner in which it is conducted. The talents, attainments and piety of Mr. and Mrs. Leavenworth are such that we feel persuaded the confidence which they solicit. Their course of instruction appears to be thorough, practical and well adapted to the permanent improvement of their pupils. The provision made in their family for the comfort, health and improvement, of those placed in it as boarders, is such as highly to commend their Institution to the regard of Parents at a distance. The arrangements made are apparently of the most judicious and liberal kind and promise to secure very peculiar advantages to those pupils committed to their immediate and constant inspection. Believing that they well deserve, we hope they may receive, a liberal patronage.

September, 1833.

We have been well acquainted with the Rev. Mr. Leavenworth and Lady during their residence of nearly two years in charge of the Female Seminary of this place, and we believe them eminently qualified as Teachers, and well calculated to carry into successful operation the plan proposed in the foregoing prospectus. We would, therefore, confidently recommend this Institution to the patronage of the public, as possessing advantages rarely to be met with in the Southern States.

Charlotte, 9th. Sept. 1833.

For the accommodation of those who may find such a reference more convenient, we would also add the foregoing the names of the following gentlemen: Rev. Dr. Palmer, Charleston and Rev. Mr. Witherspoon, Camden, S. C.; Rev. H. A. Rowland, Fayetteville, Rev. D. Gould and Dr. Carson, Statesville, Hon. Dan'l. Forney and Robt. H. Burton, Esq., Lincoln co. Dr. S. P. Simpson and Mr. D. Ramsour, Lincoln, N. C.

Every Body has his Bubbly Jock.—The following anecdote of the late Sir Walter Scott has a genuine appearance, and we do not recollect of ever seeing it published. A gentleman, in conversing with the illustrious author remarked that he believed that it was possible that perfect happiness might be the lot of somebody or other. Sir Walter dissented. "Well," said the gentleman, "there is an idiot, who, I'm certain will confirm my opinion; he seems the very best ideal of animal contentment." The deaf individual was snoring along, humming to himself, when Sir Walter Scott addressed him. "Well, Jamie, how are you to day?" "Brawley, ou brawley," answered he. "Now, Jamie, have you plenty to eat and drink?" "Ou, ay." "And keep you warm?" "Ou, ay." "And are a' the folks kind to ye?" "Ou, ay." "There," said the poet's antagonist, crowing, "is a perfect happy creature!" "Not so fast," continued Sir Walter. "Is there nothing, Jamie, that bothers ye at a'?" "Ou, ay," said the idiot, changing his merry look, "there's a muckle Bubbly Jock that follows me wherever I gang." "Now," said Sir Walter, "you see by this, that the very simplest and stupidest of mankind are haunted by an evil one of some kind or other; in short, every one has his Bubbly Jock."—[Edinburg Evening Post.

Singular Occurrence.—There was a fire some time last night in the variety store occupied by D. D. Baxter & Co. in Gove's building, Gerham street, Lowell, Massachusetts, and which, after destroying some pieces of calico, some dozen pair of hose; a large quantity of pelisse wadding, and melting a number of Britannia spoons, and burning the counter in several places to a cinder, and scorching the show-case and floor, quietly extinguished itself!—It probably perished, like the unfortunate victims in the Black Hole at Calcutta, for want of air. On entering the store this morning, Mr. Baxter found it filled with smoke—a conclusive proof that there had been fire. It is supposed to have been caused by a spark which might have fallen from the lamps when blown out last night, among some of the cotton goods. The amount of damage, it is, difficult to estimate, but must be considerable, as almost every piece of goods in the store, is stained with the smoke, or otherwise injured.

Lowell Journal.

Gambling.—The following is an extract of a letter to the editor of the Inquirer, showing the effect of this fashionable vice, and its extent at the Springs:—"The black legs of this place are among the most important personages in point of conversation and appearance, at Saratoga. They dress in the newest fashion, abound with anecdotes and information, know all the public and private houses for miles round, and are the most obliging fellows in the world to such adventurers in these regions as have a superabundance of cash. I am credibly informed that one poor simpleton of a young man, who has only been here a fortnight, and who only fell heir to a property of about \$20,000 six months since, is already minus fifteen hundred since he visited this place; and the best of the joke is, he thinks the scoundrels who are swindling him the finest fellows in the world, perfect gentlemen, and incapable of a dishonourable action."

NEW-ORLEANS, AUG. 17, 1833.

A lady in the faubourg Livaudais, met her death on Thursday morning last, in the following manner. The night previous, her husband apprehensive of burglars, placed a gun, loaded with buck shot, so that the person opening the door without removing the gun, would receive the contents. The lady, upon rising in the morning, forgetting the trap, opened the door and instantly fell a corpse!

In France, about the 13th of July, a youth of 19, and a lady of 22, drowned themselves together, because their friends would not consent to their being married.

Striking and True Story.—Two young German noblemen having finished their College Session, resolved on making together an excursion of pleasure in the Hartz mountains. Having been occupied one day in a wild part of that wild district in gathering specimens of minerals, they were overtaken by a storm and benighted. Having lost their way, they wandered about for some hours, when, wet and cold, they came to the ruins of an old castle, where they entered to try and find shelter for the night. In a low-vaulted room they were surprised and alarmed to find the embers of a fire still burning. Fearing robbers, they agreed that one should watch while the other slept; and loading a pistol, which they happened to have with them, they heaped wood upon the fire, and one of them, wrapping himself in his cloak, lay down to take his turn of sleep. His companion, placing the pistol beside him, was passing the time in tracing resemblances of faces in the embers of the fire, when, all at once, a secret door seemed to open in the wall opposite to him, disclosing several armed men sitting round a table. One of these advancing, ordered him to follow him, saying that resistance was vain. The young man, starting up, seized and fired the pistol; the man fell, when, horrid to relate, he found that he had awoken from a dream, and shot his friend through the heart.—Greenock Intelligencer.

A letter from Malta, Mediterranean, dated 15th of June, states that the American missionaries there have received orders from the Board at Boston to remove at their earliest convenience, to Smyrna. They were hoping to get away by the middle or end of August. This movement is understood to be made simply on the ground of better prospects of usefulness in the new location.

ALEXANDRIA, AUG. 22.

The Belvidera, at this port, brought over from Holland four greyhounds, with a litter of whelps—the hounds being a present for the President of the United States from Mr. Davezac. They are beautiful animals.

The recent bill of city property belonging to the Girard legacy, is about seventy thousand dollars per annum; and of the second quarter, for the present year, there is due only one hundred and thirty-nine dollars and ninety-seven cents, and this by five tenants; seventy-five of which will be immediately paid.

At Paris, eight of the principal Female Dancers of the Opera, were engaged to dance a quadrille at the grand ball, which was given at the Hotel de Ville, in honor of the fetes of July. They received 500 francs each, and a carriage placed at the service of each.

A writer who declares himself to be a "Royal Arch Mason," of Vermont, has commenced the publication of a series of numbers, addressed to his masonic brethren of that State and the Union, urging the entire abandonment of the Institution.

Mr. JENKS, of the Nantucket Inquirer, says—"A hearty laugh occasionally is a mark of wisdom; it shakes the cobwebs out of a man's brain, and the hypochondria from his ribs, far more effectually than either champagne or blue pills."

MONTREAL, AUG. 24.—The Hon. MARTIN VAN BUREN, Vice President of the U. States, and Mr. CAMBRELENG, honorably known for his writings in favor of free trade, accompanied by a distinguished party, arrived in town yesterday, and will, it is said, proceed to Quebec this day.

Rustic Wit.—A young gentleman on his road to Midford, having come to the cross-roads, asked a lad—"Which way does this road go?" pointing to one. "Why," said the lad scratching his head, "I don't know as he do go any where. I pass 'em every morning, and I do always find 'em here."

NOTICE.
I HAVE placed in the hands of Joseph H. Wilson, Esq. Attorney, my Notes for collection. All persons can have an opportunity, (for a few weeks only) of calling to settle without cost. If the above should not be attended to, do not be surprised at receiving a friendly visit from the Sheriff or Constable.
JOHN WOODRUFF.
Sept. 7, 1833. 54-3w

25 DOLLARS REWARD.
RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 20th of December last, my Negro Boy
JEFF,
about 35 years of age, stout built, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and has a scar on his forehead over one of his eyes, caused from the kick of a horse. When spoken to has a pleasing countenance and something of a down look: his wearing apparel not recollected, and if it were his friend John Underwood has got him others, as suspicion rests very strong against him for harboring the said Boy.
A further reward of

TWENTY DOLLARS will be given for said Boy and proof sufficient to convict any white person of harboring him.
From information, I am led to believe that he has been at work at different Gold Mines through the lower end of Mecklenburg County, N. C. with this said John Underwood in an underhand way, such as carrying off the Ore after night and washing it when best suits their convenience from being detected.
John Underwood, at this time, is absent from his family, and it may be that he has got in with the Boy to go off with him. The said Underwood is about 30 years of age, dark complexioned, black hair and eyes, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, possesses a mean look and is a shoemaker by trade, is kind of spirits and lying in negro kitchens.
The above reward will be given for the Boy if brought to me, or lodged in any Jail so that I can get him.
JEREMIAH CURETON, Sen.
Cureton's Store, Lancaster, Dis. S. C.
September 9th, 1833. If—m3m

The American Farmer,
Edited by Gideon B. Smith, is issued every Friday, in Baltimore, at \$5 per annum, in advance. Contents of the 26th Number, XV Volume.

Editorial: Wheat Crop in Maine; Exhibition of the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society; The Greater Cider Mill—Barnitt's Breed of Hogs—Foreign Markets—Experiments and Observations on the Fermentation of Manures—On the Improvement of Land in the State of Maryland, by Gov. Stevens; read before the Board of Agriculture for the Eastern Shore of Maryland—On the application of Manure to Gardens; Improvements suggested in the manner of Growing and Manuring Strawberries—Shepherdia Argentea, or Buffalo berry Tree, exhibited by Messrs. Washipps—Notice of the Bartram Gardens, near Philadelphia—An Abstract of the Various Attempts at making Opium in the United States—Diseases in Horses—Birdcock Root for Hogs—On the State of Agriculture in Ohio—Prices Current of Country Produce in the New York and Baltimore Markets—Advertisements.

A New Assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has lately received the following articles, viz:
Gold and Silver Levers, Lepine & Plain Watches, assorted, Gentlemen's Gold Chains, Seals and Keys, Ear and Finger Rings, Breast Pins and Shirt Studs, which, together with his former Stock, makes his present assortment nearly complete, all of which will be sold at a very small advance for cash, or on short time, to punctual customers.
He still continues to manufacture SILVER SPOONS and other articles of Gold and Silver, also, to repair Clocks and Watches, and he would here inform the public, that his is the only shop in town where such articles are repaired.
He will also FUSE GOLD in any quantity, at the shortest notice.
GILDING and ENGRAVING, also, done to order.
THOMAS TROTTER.
Charlotte, May, 1833. 37tf

AN APPRENTICE to the Printing Business will be taken at this Office. None need apply but such as can come well recommended for industry and good morals.

SHERIFFS' DEEDS,
FOR Lands sold for Taxes; for Lands sold under a Writ of Fieri Facias; and for Lands sold under a Writ of Venditioni Exponas—for sale at this Office.

Internal Improvement.

FROM THE RALEIGH REGISTER.
THE PITTSBOROUGH CONVENTION.

In pursuance of previous notice, an Internal Improvement Convention was held in the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the Town of Pittsborough, Chatham county, on Thursday 29th August 1833. His Excellency Gov. Swain was present by invitation, Lewis D. Henry and James Seawell as delegates from Fayetteville, and John Newlin as a delegate from Orange county. A respectable number of the citizens of Chatham were in attendance and participated in the proceedings of the Convention. The Convention was called to order by Thos. M. C. Prince, on whose motion, his Excellency David L. Swain was invited to preside over its deliberations and Thomas Thompson and Jonathan Harralson were appointed Secretaries. The President was conducted to the Chair, whence he stated the object of the Convention in a neat and appropriate address.

On motion of Henry S. Clark, Resolved, That a Committee consisting of nine persons be appointed by the President, to whom shall be referred before they are acted upon by the Convention, all propositions on Internal Improvement that may be submitted, and that the said Committee be directed to report for consideration such resolutions as they may deem advisable.

The following persons were thereupon appointed to form the Committee in pursuance of the said Resolution, to wit: Henry S. Clark, James Seawell, Lewis D. Henry, Hugh McQueen, Charles J. Williams, John J. Alston, Peter Evans, Dr. Frederick J. Hill and Woodson Lea.

The following Preamble and Resolutions were then introduced by Mr. Clark, which as a matter of course, stand referred to the Committee.

WHEREAS, seeing that a praiseworthy disposition is now manifesting itself in many portions of our State to effect something which will relieve and elevate her character, and place her in the way to assume that stand among her sister States, to which the extent of her Territory, and the variety of her resources justly entitle her; and assured that this is only to be effected by building up good and convenient markets within her limits, and by furnishing cheap facilities to the farmer and mechanic for transporting the produce of their toil and industry to those markets—believing that much remains to be done and that much may be done towards such an object by "a strong pull, a long pull, and a pull altogether," and anxious to contribute our just proportion of services and zeal in this good cause:

1st. Resolved, That, as the wealth of any community consists in the prosperity of its individual members, so the Internal Improvement of our State, is only to be effected by a concentration of the efforts and resources of the people, in its several distinct portions, upon such works as they are induced to expect the most beneficial results to their individual interests.

2d. Resolved, That we regard transportation by water, when it can be had, as preferable to that which is afforded by Rail Roads, being cheaper in its provision, and promising greater permanency as well as requiring fewer repairs, at the same time that it affords equal safety and dispatch.

Resolved, That we regard the improvement of the Cape-Fear River, between Fayetteville and Haywood, so as to admit of steamboat navigation, to be an object of primary importance to the people of Chatham and the adjoining counties, and one, towards the accomplishment of which, our first and most zealous efforts should be directed.

Resolved, That a committee of four persons be appointed for each of the counties of Chatham, Moore, Guilford, Cumberland, Randolph, Orange, Wake, New-Hanover, Brunswick, Davidson, and Rowan, to solicit subscriptions to aid and assist in such undertaking, and to urge upon the people of their respective counties the necessity of doing something for North Carolina, now that a spirit of improvement is abroad.

Resolved, That if such subscriptions shall be found liberal enough to justify further steps, that the committee so appointed, be requested to confer with the members of the Cape-Fear Navigation and New Hope Companies, for the purpose of ascertaining from them, whether a transfer of their right and interest over so much of the River as intervenes between Fayetteville and Haywood, together with its tributary streams, cannot be procured upon some terms, and what those terms are.

Resolved, That if such transfer can be had upon fair terms, and a new subscription shall warrant such course, that the Legislature be petitioned to incorporate such Subscribers into a Company, with full and ample powers, over so much of the River as is named above, so will enable them to effect its own improvement in such manner as to admit of good steamboat Navigation.

Resolutions were also introduced by Mr. Seawell, and referred to the Committee, but as the Committee did not report on these resolutions they are omitted. The resolutions of Mr. Seawell contemplated the recommendation of a general system of Internal Improvement to be controlled and prosecuted by the State. On submitting them to the Convention, Mr. Seawell urged the propriety and necessity of their

adoption in an able and instructive address, in which was breathed a patriotic and enterprising spirit, and much valuable information on the subject of Internal Improvement was communicated.

On motion of Mr. Henry the Convention then adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock to allow the Committee time to report.

Friday, August 30, 1833.

The Convention assembled according to adjournment.

Mr. Clark, from the Committee reported the same Preamble and Resolutions as were introduced by him on yesterday to the Convention, together with the following resolution, which will be the 7th in the series reported.

Resolved, That we concur in the resolution adopted by the Internal Improvement Convention held at Raleigh on the 4th of July last, recommending to the Legislature that the State should subscribe two fifths of the capital of any Company that may be formed to effect Internal Improvement where individuals shall have subscribed and secured to be paid three fifths of the said Capital: Provided, in all cases, that the Legislature shall deem the charter of such Companies and the plan of improvement to be judicious, and provided further, that the effect of said plan is to establish primary markets within our own State.

These resolutions were then read separately, and adopted without a dissenting voice.

On motion of Dr. Hill, Resolved, That a Committee of three persons be appointed to represent the County of Chatham in the Convention to be held in the City of Raleigh, on the 1st Monday of November next.

On motion of Charles J. Williams, Resolved, That the Representatives at the next General Assembly, for the county of Chatham be instructed to use their best efforts to carry into effect the Resolutions adopted by this Convention.

On motion of Lewis D. Henry Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be given to his Excellency David L. Swain, for the able, impartial and dignified manner in which he has presided over its deliberations.

On motion of Mr. Prince, Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be presented to Thos. Thomas and Jonathan Harralson, for the faithful manner in which they have discharged the duties of Secretaries to this Convention.

On motion of Mr. Clark, Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be presented to the members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Fayetteville for their kindness in tendering this Convention the use of their Church.

On motion of Dr. Hill, Resolved, That the proceedings of a Convention be signed by the President and Secretaries, and that the Editors of newspapers in this State, friendly to Internal Improvement, be requested to publish them.

DAVID L. SWAIN, President.
THOS. THOMPSON, J. HARRALSON, Secretaries.

In addition to the foregoing journal of the proceedings of the Convention, a friend has favored us with the following account of the discussions in that body.

While the series of resolutions recommended by the Committee, were pending the Convention was successively addressed by Messrs. Clark, Henry, McQueen, and Prince, all of whom supported the Resolutions and spoke with much spirit and energy to the elucidation of the subject of Internal Improvement in N. Carolina.

In the course of Mr. Henry's able and interesting speech, he made a statement which cannot fail to be interesting, particularly to the Cape Fear section of our State, to wit, that the charges of transportation from Fayetteville to Wilmington are lower than those of any Canal or Rail Road in the world with which he was acquainted. He deprecated in the strongest terms the idea that a spirit of rivalry and jealousy should be entertained towards either by the towns of Haywood, Fayetteville and Wilmington; showed that their interests were the same, and that their exertions should be directed to the same object, the improvement of the Cape Fear and its tributary streams: Whatever benefits Haywood, must necessarily benefit Fayetteville; what would benefit Fayetteville, would benefit Wilmington, in the same manner that the blood that flows from the heart to the extremities, communicates equal health and vigor to every part of the system. He then pointed out how much of the trade of a rich country might be commanded by concert of action between them, and what was to be lost by dissension. He invited in their efforts, they must necessarily grow and prosper together—distracted and divided, their trade and political influence were gone for ever.

In responding to the vote of thanks, the President of the Convention addressed the body for near an hour, upon the importance of the immediate commencement and vigorous prosecution of a general system of Internal Improvement. He insisted that although much might be accomplished by the enterprize and liberality of individuals, that the System could never be prosecuted to an extent commensurate with our re-