

POETRY.



THE BEAUTY OF LIBERTY.

"In all things that have beauty, there is nothing so man more comely than liberty."—Milton.

When the dance of the shadows At day-break is done, And the cheeks of the morning Are red with the sun;

When he sinks in his glory, At eve, from the view, And calls up the planet To blaze in the blue;

There is beauty. But where is the beauty to see More proud than the sight of a nation when free?

When the beautiful beam Of the bow is above, Like a collar of light On the bosom of love;

When the moon in her mildness Is floating on high, Like a banner of silver Hung out in the sky;

There is beauty. But earth has no beauty to see More proud than the front of a nation when free.

In the depth of the darkness, Unvaried in hue, When shadows are veiling The breast of the blue;

When the voice of the tempest At midnight is still, And the spirit of solitude Sobs on the hill;

There is beauty. But where is the beauty to see, Like the broad-beaming brow of a nation when free?

In the breath of the morning, When Nature's awake, And calls up the chorus To chant in the brake;

In the voice of the echo, Unbound in the woods; In the warbling of streams, And the foaming of floods;

There is beauty. But where is the beauty to see, Like the thrice-hallow'd sight of a nation when free?

When the striving of surges Is mad on the main, Like the charge of a column Of plumes on the plain;

When the thunder is up From his cloud-cradled sleep, And the tempest is treading The path of the deep;

There is beauty. But where is the beauty to see, Like the sun-brilliant brow of a nation when free?

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BAG OF GOLD.

A tale by an old Cardinal.

"There lived in the fourteenth century, near Bologna, a widow lady of the Lambertini family, called Madonna Lucrezia, who, in a revolution of the state, had known the bitterness of poverty, and had even begged her bread; kneeling day after day like a statue at the cathedral; her rosary in her left hand, and her right held out for charity; her long black veil concealed a face that once had adorned a court, and received the homage of as many sonnets as Petrarch has written on Laura. But fortune had at last relented; a legacy from a distant relation had come to her relief; and she was now the mistress of a small Inn at the foot of the Apennines, where she entertained as well as she could, and where those only stopped who were content with a little. The house was still standing when in my youth I passed that way, though the sign of the White Cross, the sign of the Hospitaliers, was no longer to be seen over the door; a sign which she had taken, if we may believe the tradition there, in honor of a maternal uncle, a grand-master of that order, whose achievements in Palestine she would sometimes relate. A mountain stream ran through the garden; and at no great distance, where the road turned on its way to Bologna, stood a little chapel, in which a lamp was always burning before a picture of the Virgin, a work of great antiquity, the work of some Grecian artist. Here she was dwelling respected by all who knew her, when an event took place which threw her into the deepest affliction. It was at noonday in September that three foot-travellers arrived, and seating themselves on a bench under her vine-trellis, were supplied with a flagon of Aleatico by a lovely girl, her only child, the image of her former self. The eldest spoke like a Venitian; and his beard was short and pointed after the fashion of Venice. In his demeanor he affected great courtesy, but his look inspired little confidence; for when he smiled, which he did continually, it was with his lips only, not with his eyes, and they were always turned from yours. His companions were bluff and frank in their manner, and on their tongues had many a soldier's oath. In their hats they wore a medal, such as in that age was often distributed in war; and they were evidently subalterns in one of those free bands which were always ready to serve in any quarrel, if a service it could be called, where a battle was little more than a mockery; and the slain, as on an opera-stage, were up and fighting to-morrow. Overcome with the heat, they threw aside their cloaks, and, with their gloves tucked under their belts, continued for some time in earnest conversation. At length they rose to go, and the Venitian thus addressed their hostess: 'Excellent lady, may we leave under your roof, for a day or two, this bag of gold?' 'You may,' she replied gaily, 'but remember, we fasten only with a latch. Bars and bolts we have none in our village, and if we had, where would be your security? In your word, lady.' 'But what if I died to night?

where would it be then?' said she laughing. 'The money would go to the church, for none could claim it.' 'Perhaps you will favor us with an acknowledgment.' 'If you will write it.' An acknowledgment was written accordingly, and she signed it before Master Bartolo, the village physician, who had just called by chance to learn the news of the day; the gold to be delivered when applied for, but to be delivered (those were the words) not to one—nor to two—but the three; words wisely introduced by those to whom it belonged, knowing what they knew of each other. The gold they had just released from a miser's chest in Perugia; and they were on a scent that promised more.

They and their shadows were no sooner departed, than the Venitian returned saying, 'give me leave to set my seal on the bag, as the others have done; and she was called away to receive a cavalier, who had just dismounted from his horse; and, when she came back, it was gone. The temptation had proved irresistible; and the man and the money had vanished together. 'Wretched woman that I am!' she cried, as in an agony of grief she fell on her daughter's neck, 'what will become of us?' Are we again to be cast out into the wide world? Unhappy child would that thou hadst never been born! And all day long she lamented; but her tears availed her little. The others were not slow in returning to claim their due; and there were no tidings of the thief; he had fled far away with his plunder. A process against her was instantly begun at Bologna; and what defence could she make—how release herself from the obligation of the bond? Willfully or in negligence she had parted with the gold; she had parted with it to one, when she should have kept it for all; and inevitable ruin awaited her. 'Go, Gianetta,' said she to her daughter, 'take this veil which your mother has worn and wept under so often, and implore the Counsellor Calderino to plead for us on the day of trial. He is generous, and will listen to the unfortunate. But, if he will not, go from door to door. Monaldi cannot refuse us. Make haste, my child; but remember the chapel as you pass by it. Nothing prospers without a prayer. Alas! she went, but in vain. These were retained against them; those demanded more than they had to give; and all bade them despair. What was to be done? No advocate, and the cause to come on to-morrow! Now Gianetta had a lover, and he was a student of the law, a young man of great promise, Lorenzo Martelli. He had studied long and diligently under that learned lawyer, Giovanna Andreas, who, though little of stature, was great in renown, and by his contemporaries was called the Arch-doctor, the Rabbie of Doctors, the Light of the World. Under him he had studied, sitting on the same bench which Petrarch; and also under his daughter Novella, who would often lecture to the scholars when her father was otherwise engaged, placing herself behind a small curtain, lest her beauty should divert their thoughts; a precaution in this instance at least unnecessary, Lorenzo having lost his heart to another. To him she flies in her necessity; but of what assistance can he be? He has just taken his place at the bar, but he has never spoken; and how stand up alone unpractised and unprepared as he is, against an array that would alarm the most experienced? 'Were I as mighty as I am weak,' said he, 'my fears for you would make me as nothing. But I will be there Gianetta: and may the friend of the friendless give me strength in that hour! Even now my heart fails me; but, come what will, while I have a loaf to share, you and your mother never shall want. I will beg through the world for you. The day arrives, and the court assemblies. The claim is stated and the evidence given. And now the defence is called for—but none is made; nor a syllable is uttered; and after a pause and a consultation of some minutes, the judges are proceeding to give judgment, silence having been proclaimed in the court, when Lorenzo rises and thus addressed them: 'Reverend Signors, young as I am, may I venture to speak before you? I would speak in behalf of one who has done else to help her; and I will not keep you long. Much has been said: much on the sacred nature of obligation—and we acknowledge it in its full force. Let it be fulfilled, to the last letter. It is what we solicit, what we require. But to whom is the bag of gold to be delivered? What says the bond? Not to one—not to two—but to three. Let the three stand forth and claim it.' From that day (for who can doubt the issue?) none were sought, none employed, but the subtle, the eloquent Lorenzo. Wealth followed fame; nor need I say how soon he sat at his marriage-feast, or who sat beside him."

Seeing in a late paper the anecdote of a young lady, who said her sister played on the "piano the overture of a load of whiskey"—meaning the Overture to Lodoiska—reminds me of a laughable occurrence at one of the fashionable boarding houses in Boston a few years since. A supper was given in honor of some distinguished stars recently arrived from London:—A rich old bachelor, who dealt more in stocks than books, filled the Vice President's chair—and after the cloth was removed, the President proposed, "The friends and patrons of the English Drama;"—the old nabob, meaning to repeat the sentiment at the foot of the table, bawled, 'The

friends and relations of the English Grammar' and drank off his glass with great satisfaction before he perceived that the whole table was in a roar.—[Salem Observer.

TO THE PUBLIC.

DOCT. J. M. HAPPOLDT HAS established an EYE INFIRMARY and a SURGICAL WARD at his residence, for the accommodation of all persons who may commit themselves to his care. Believing that an Establishment of this kind has long since been called for, from the nature of Surgical Operations, the subsequent attention requisite in order to render them successful and the appeals to mitigate the pangs of suffering humanity; and aware of the impracticability of imparting that necessary aid, (and in most cases daily attention) imperiously demanded by those who are the subjects of surgical diseases or accidental injury, where the patients are not immediately under the eye of the Surgeon, he has been at no little expense in making preparations for the reception of those who may commit their cases to his direction. It is needless to dwell on the importance of an Establishment of this kind to the subjects of Surgery, and the advantages which such may derive from it. Suffice it to say, that the daily attention of the practitioner is not only necessary, but of incalculable benefit to the patient in regards his ease and comfort, as well as the final result of the operation or case under treatment. Daily experience proves the lamentable fact that many suffer for the want of that attention which their situation demands, but which is denied them, by the disadvantageous circumstances under which a country Practitioner labors and which (unavoidably, however disagreeable) prevent him from imparting. This aid, so loudly called for, can be expected only from an Institution, where it is the province of a practitioner to give daily attendance. From the consideration that a located Surgical Department would be desirable, Dr. Happoldt is induced to offer his services to the public and solicits such cases as may require close or daily treatment (wherever practicable) to be brought to his establishment, where every attention will be rendered that will in anywise tend to the comfort or benefit of the patient. His FEES will be reasonable, and much less than for the same services rendered at the dwelling of the patient.

From the advantages of Surgical Instruction derived from a course of studies at the Medical College of South-Carolina and at the University of Pennsylvania, together with the experience of twelve years' practice, and the general success hitherto attendant on his operations, he hopes to merit a liberal patronage. The counsel and assistance of a professional gentleman, of high and respectable qualifications, will be obtained in cases which may require them, without any additional charge. Dr. H. may be found at his Establishment, 8 miles below Charlotte, on the Providence road, where he may be consulted. While he proposes to devote much of his time to Surgery, the other branches of his profession shall receive due attention.

Providence Settlement, Mecklenburg City, N. C. May 14, 1834. 893m

N. B. One or two Students, of good attainments and moral character, will be received, who can enjoy the advantages of dissection, with operations on the dead subject and post mortem examination and a well selected Library.

MORRISONS & MCKEE ARE just receiving from New-York and Philadelphia, a general assortment of the latest styles of

Spring and Summer GOODS, which has been selected with great care and attention and bought unusually low. Their stock is almost entirely new, consisting of Cloths, Silk Camlets, Princettas, Drillings, and a great variety of Men's summer wear, Fancy and Domestic DRY GOODS, HATS, Shoes, Boots, COMBS, SADDLES, Books and Paper, Hardware, Queensware, GROCERIES, &c. &c.

They are determined to sell very low, and would invite their friends and the public to call, examine and hear their prices—they feel assured that all who do can be suited. May 1, 1834. 897m

Desirable Town Property FOR SALE. (At the head-quarters of the Gold-mining Region.)

HAVING purchased, and being anxious to settle a farm in the county of Rowan, the subscriber offers for sale, on the most liberal and accommodating Terms, his present residence in the town of Charlotte, on Church-street, with

Sixty-six Town Lots attached thereto. The House is new and elegantly finished; situated in the most pleasant part of the village, and large enough for the accommodation of a numerous family. There are all the necessary out houses and conveniences that comfort and even elegance could require, not the least of which is a Capital Well.

He will also sell his well fixed and profitable TAN-YARD, situated at a convenient distance from the dwelling house, (either with or without the stock on hand.) This establishment is not surpassed by any in the country—in complete order and in good repute; it contains fifty one vats, with a tan house and all other fixtures, with a good Leather House and cellar.

As no money is required down, and the terms will be made most favorable, those wishing such property are invited to call and enquire for a bargain. Possession will be given forthwith if required. WM. W. LONG. Feb. 27, 1834. 781m

TO LET, FOR One or Two years, possession given immediately, the new Store Room recently occupied by Daniel Gould, in the large Brick Building, adjoining Springs & Dinkins'. It has every convenience for Merchandizing. For further particulars enquire of LEROY SPRINGS. April 25, 1834. 861m

Warranted Deeds for sale at this Office.



"My books are so crammed, of bad debts I'm not scant, I'm resolved that in future I'll not trust a cent; Giving credit to friends, often friendship endangers, And I hope ne'er again to be cheated by strangers."

WILLIAM HUNTER, HAS just received from Charleston, a new supply of articles in his line, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF SPIRITS & WINES, a general assortment of Fancy and other CANDIES, A VARIETY OF CAKES, CRACKERS & SHIP BISCUIT. CORDIALS, WELL ASSORTED.

Lemons, Cocoa Nuts, &c. &c. Molasses, Beer, Cider and London Bottled PORTER. Also, the most choice assortment of COLORED BEADS, to make Watch Guard Chains, that has ever been in this place. All of which goes low, these hard times, for the cash. Charlotte, N. C. May 2, 1834.

N. B. As I purchased at Auction a large quantity of FRENCH BRANDY, and got it cheap, I can afford to sell by the gallon on very moderate terms. W. H.

New Tailor's Shop In Concord, N. C.

THE subscriber informs his old customers and the public in general, that he has removed to Concord, where he has opened a shop, in which the Tailoring Business in its various branches will be executed in the most fashionable, neat and durable manner. He flatters himself that his skill in the business and his constant personal attention in his establishment will enable him to redeem all pledges made to those who may favor him with their custom. He receives the LATEST FASHIONS regularly both from New-York and Philadelphia, and works by the most approved systems.

CUTTING OUT and orders from a distance will be promptly attended to. And last, though not least, his terms will be very accommodating. THOMAS S. HENDERSON. Concord, March 29, 1834.

N. B. He is determined to do work in a superior style to any done in this part of the country, and always warrant to his well.

BRUCE'S New-York Type Foundry.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Printers that they have recently completed a variety of new fonts of letter in the style of the latest European specimens, well calculated for ornamental printing or tasteful display, and making their assortment of PRIMING TYPES unrivalled in beauty, extent and variety. A book of specimens may be obtained at the Foundry, No. 13 Chambers street, near Chatham street. It contains specimens from Twelve Lines Pica to Pearl, comprising

Table listing various type fonts and their prices, including 45 fonts of Roman Capitals with Lower Case, 25 Italic, 5 Title Roman, 5 Title Italic, 5 Shaded Roman, 17 Antique, 12 Black, 25 Open Black, 8 Script, 5 German Text, 2 Open Text, 5 Two line Roman Capitals with figures, 11 Two line Italic Capitals, 10 Shaded Capitals of various kinds, 6 Open, 7 Italian Capitals and Figures.

Besides Ornamental Letters, Black-ops, Music, Lottery Figures, Piece Fractions, Superiors, Astronomical and other Signs, Space Rules, Brass Rules, Ornamental Dashes, Long Braces, more than 200 kinds of Borders, and more than 1000 kinds of Cuts and Ornaments for school books, newspapers and scientific works; orders for any of which, or for Compositing Sticks, Cases, Chases, &c. will be executed with the utmost promptitude, a large stock being always on hand. They will execute orders for Printing Presses, Printing Paper, &c. which they will furnish at the manufacturer's price.

Printers of newspapers will please publish this advertisement (with this note) three times and receive payment when they purchase four times the amount of their bill from the Foundry. GEO. BRUCE & CO. New-York, March 22, 1834.

WHOLESALE Sugar-Candy Manufactory.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Stokes, and the surrounding Counties, that he has commenced, and intends carrying on, the manufactory of

CANDIES of every description, in the town of Salem, N. C. and will be happy to attend to all orders (enclosing the cash,) sent to him, as they will be attended to with punctuality, and the Candies warranted fresh made. CHRIS. HENRY WINKLER. Salem, February 21st, 1834. 773m.

P. S. The subscribers carries on the manufactory of

FLAXSEED OIL, and will give the highest price (or exchange salt) for any quantity of Flaxseed that may be brought to him. C. H. WINKLER & CO.

Carrriage Making Business



IN CHARLOTTE, NATHAN BROWN returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public at large, for the liberal encouragement he has received in his line of business, and begs leave to inform them that he still continues to carry it on at his New Establishment, one door north-west of the Jail. He has on hand and will continue to make to order, on short notice, or well on accommodating terms

such vehicles as are usually manufactured in this part of the country, all of which will be disposed of at reasonable prices, for cash or good notes, on demand. He is now procuring a supply of the best timber the country affords, and his materials are selected with care, and as he has good workmen in his employ, his work will be executed with neatness, durability and dispatch. Orders from a distance for work of any description in his line, will be promptly attended to and thankfully received. REPAIRS done on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. March 7, 1834. 791m

DR. C. MORRISON HAS just received a spring supply, comprising a large stock and variety of

MEDICINES neatly put up in sizes to suit Physicians, Families and Merchants. Also, a very extensive assortment of course and fine

PAINTS, Paint Brushes, Copal Varnish, No. 1 Window Glass, Gold Leaf, Putty, Small, Hatter's Materials, Sand Paper, Dye Stuffs, Glue, &c. &c.

Surgical and Dentist's INSTRUMENTS, Shop Furniture, Gold Post & Porcelain Teeth. He has also procured the very convenient and useful article of

Medicine Chests, which are furnished to suit the diseases of the climate. Also, a good supply and excellent quality of

PERFUMERY, Fancy and Castle Soap, Lorrillard's best Scotch Scent, Essencing Salts, Paste Blacking, Ink, Lucifer Matches, Improved French Toys Brushes, Thermometers, Saws Spectacles, &c. &c.

Aware of the pernicious effects of adulterated Wines, he has procured a quality which will not weaken the stomach and low cases of sickness, among which are

London Particular Madeira, in bottles of \$1 7/8 First and second do. by quart or bottle, of \$1 and at 75 cents

Port per bottle or quart at 87 1/2 cents Teneiffie per bottle or quart at 75 cents

PURE LEMON SYRUP, Sarsaparilla Powders, Jujube Paste, Horshorn Lemongrass, Aromatic Spices, such as Mac, Nutmeg, Cloves, African Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Cassia, Bala, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest market prices for cash. A short credit will be allowed only to regular and punctual dealers.

P. S. The article of LINED OIL will be kept constantly on hand, and although its price is risen, will be furnished low, for cash. A few persons who have bought on credit (say payment)—such are requested to call and settle by cash or note of hand. March 14, 1835.

A Wandering Son. FRANCIS A. MORTON, late of the City Engineers Department of the town of London, who some months since came to America, and was under the care of Messrs. Broad, Boston, has left that city, as is believed for the South. He is hereby informed that letters have been received from his distressed father at Calcutta, entreating the subscriber to make enquiries respecting his son, from whom he has long been without intelligence. If this advertisement should meet his eye, he is earnestly requested to inform the undersigned, where he is, and how employed. If he is in want, or other distress, he will find his father's old friend, ever willing, and perhaps able, to help him. At all events it will relieve a parent's anxiety to know that his son is in life, and to have an opportunity of again communicating with him—Persons who may know any thing respecting the above young gentleman, a youth of promising talents, though too prone to throw away all his advantages, will perform an act of humanity by writing to the subscriber.

ARTHUR J. STANBURY, Editors are respectfully requested to give the above one or two insertions. Washington City, March, 1834.

Private Entertainment. THE subscriber would inform the public that he has taken the house on Tryon street, lately occupied by Mrs. Jane Emerson, and is prepared to accommodate

Travellers and Boarders on as reasonable terms as the present price of Provisions will afford. N. FERWORTH. Feb. 27, 1834. 783m

\$15 REWARD. RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in the Forks of the Yadkin, Rowan county, N. C. about the first of March last, a Negro Man, by the name of JEAN, about 26 years of age, six feet high, not very black, round shoudered, has an impediment in his speech, his clothing plain. I expect he is lurking about the plantation of William W. Long near Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, N. C. as he has a wife belonging to Mr. Long, by the name of Harriet. I will give the above reward to any person who will secure him in any Jail so that I can get him, or deliver him to me. NATHAN CHAFFIN. Rowan co. N. C. May 26, 1834. 6w93p

Sheriff Deeds for Sale.