MR. CALHOUN.

have before us a little counterfeit circular, cing Mr. Calhoun, headed "A Warning to the cracy," and which has been addressed to parr members of Congress, in a disguised handhe g. It is in English tye—with which all bills ngress are printed; it is set in congressional nent measure, and leaded with such leads as jed in printing congressional documents. The emappears to be almost new; from which we and infer that it was not printed at the Intelligenor office, as the English type of that office are old. much for the appearances which mark this hand-

The style is a coarse imitation, intended to favor te imputation which the Whigery of Congress is usily propagating—that is the work of a Democrat influence, who is known to prefer another's presential pretensions to Mr. Calhoun's. The fraud this respect is so palpable, that we are gratified perceive it has counteracted its purpose, and, in ad of exasperating the feelings on which it was ded to work, has had directly the contrary ef-

, however, this circular may be scattered far wide through the country, and where its true acter may not be detected, we think it a duty to our cause—whose strength consists in union, in mutual confidence and fair dealing towards every men ber of the party engaged in its suppor!-to nonce charges so insidiously assailing Mr. CALHOUN.

The circular in its warnings to the Democracy, asserts that Mr. CALHOUN "does not intend to abide by a national convention;" that his "object is to pick a quarrel with the Democracy, and force the to divide the party, and march his division over to the Federalists;" that "he will next sanction the measure of assumption;" that "he will give up State Rights;" and that "thus a treaty will be effected between Mr. WEBSTER and Mr. CALHOUN."

This simple recapitulation of the charges of the circular is sufficient to convince the well informed against which it warns, and attributes the design cancy that may occur in their body. to one whose own hopes of honor and renown depend on its prevention.

We cannot speak for Mr. CALHOUN on this subject, fer we have not had one word with him in reference to it. The manner in which this libel is put before the public, places it beneath his notice. It is, howaver, proper that the Democratic press here should declare the impressions held in regard to it. ... Democratic cause; that he will faithfully exert his Statesville, on Tuesday, the 14th of next month. influence to advance its success, by preserving the union of the Democratic party; that as a means to effect this object, he will promote the universal wish of the party, in procuring, through a national convention, an honest expression of its will in regard to its candidates for the principal offices of the Government; that he will abide by its decision, whether it comports with his own inclinations or not; that he will, under no circumstances, seck to divide the Jos. Sparks, John Clement, Esq., and E. W. Tatum. Democratic party, or murch any division of it to the Federalists; that on the contrary, he will oppose Federalism in all its aspects, with all his fine abilities, to the last extremity; that the will oppose assumption or distribution in every shape; that he will oppose national paper currency, under all modificarights with his accustomed vigilance and energy, and especially repel, with utter abhorrence, the suggestion of a treaty with Mr. WEBSTER-the enemy of all the State-right principles belonging to the compact of union, and peculiarly hostile to every doctrine which South Carolina has advanced for

The character given to Mr. Ruerr in this circular is, in our opinion, equally unjust. Mr. RHETT is a man of talents-of independence-of elevated feeling—of upright morals—of honest Democratic principles—Washington Globe.

### FOREIGN

been received in New York.

On the 13th ult. there was a dreadful hurricane and great loss of life and property at Liverpool. indeed there was scarcely a scaport in the Kingby its ravages!

produced by the enormous quantities forwaded at the close of the last year, and still coming in.

Parliament was opened by commission. The Royai Speech was read, as is usual on such occasions, ject. No measure of importance, except the usual by the Lord Chancellor.

Several letters have appeared in the daily papers from holders of American Stocks, urging the Britstrance and then by more "vigorous measures," towards the recovery of their claims.

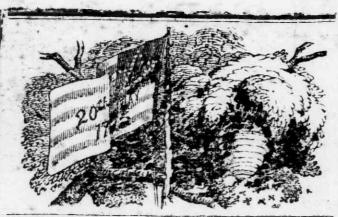
Sir Robert Peel's Secretary was assassinated on the 20th January. The Secretary was mistaken by the assassin for Sir Robert himself. The account says: "Mr. Drummond, Sir Robert Peel's private secretary, or the 20th ult, left Downingstreet about half past three in the afternoon, in company with the Eul of Haddington.-They proceeded as far as the Admiralty, where he left the earl, and walked to the banking house of his brother, at Charing-cross. On his return, while near assassin walked close up to Mr. Drummond, and actually put the muzzle of the pistol into the back of the unsuspecting gentleman. He then fired .-Immediately after the pistol was discharged a policeman, who had witnessed the act, rushed up, and turned the pistol with which he had shot Mr. Drummond to his breast and had drawn out another load ed pistol from the same place, and was in the act of pointing it at Mr. Drummond, when the policeman seized him and pinioned his arms from behind. The pistol was discharged, but, the aim of the assas-

The French have still some trouble with the A. rabs. A letter, speaking of Abd-el Kader, an Arab chief, says: "After a razzia upon the Atals, he was successful in inducing all the neighboring tribes who had made their submission to join him; that he had entered Tenez after the departure of the French, and had punished with the utmost rigor all the chiefs of tribes in the district, who had submitted to the Governor General." According to the letter he was inspiring great terror and had undone in a few days all that the French had been laboring to do as regarded the subjection of the Arabs in as many months.

The king of the French opened the session of the Chambers on the 9th of January. - Standard.

SALE OF BANK STOCK. Thirteen Shares of Stock in the Bank of Cape Fear, were sold at Public Auction in this City on Tuesday last, on a credit of six months. The first lot of seven shares brought \$75 per share. The second lot of six shares brought \$74 per share. The original price of shares was \$100.

(Ky.) Eagle of Jan. 28th says—"On Wednesday night, last no less than seven negroes made their escape from their masters, in and near this city.—



# JEFFERSONIAN:

Charlotte, North-Carolina, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1843.

### Democratic candidate for President of the United States: JOHN C. CALHOUN,

OF SOUTH-CAROLINA.

ample folds: on that banner is inscribed FREE TRADE; Low DUTIES; No DEDT; SEPARATION FROM BANKS; ECONOMY RETRENCHMENT, and a STRICT ADHERENCE TO THE CONSTI TUTION. Victory in such a cause will be great and glorious and if its principles be faithfully and firmly adhered to, after it is achieved, much will it redound to the honor of those by party to take him, or incur the evil of 'disunion or whom it will have been won; and long will it perpetuate the secession;" that "if he fails in this, he is resolved liberty and prosperity of the country."—John C. Calhoun.

#### DISTRICT CONVENTION.

Union included in this Congressional District, held a meeting in Cnarlotte, on 27th ult., and appointed the following dele gates to the Statesville Convention, to wit: Dr. STEPHEN that it emanates from the councils of the enemies Fox, Capt. William M. Black, William Wilson, and Da. of Democracy. It seeks to provoke the disunion vio Simpson. The delegates were empowered to fill any va-

We also learn, that the Democrats in Iredell held a meeting at their last County Court, (week before last,) and appointed the following delegates for that County, to wit: Col. Wil-LIAM F. COWAN, JOHN MOORE, Esq., WILLIAM L. DAVIDSON, JOHN F. MELEN, and JAS. THOMPSON, Esq. Lincoln is now the only County which has not appointed delegates. We suppose our friends in that County will attend to the matter this believe that Mr. Calhoun is sincerely devoted to the week at their Superior Court. The Convention is to meet in

> P. S. Since the above was in type, we learn that the Demperats of Davie County, held a meeting on the 2d instant and appointed the following delegates to the above Convention, to wit : Maj. N. F. Hall, Col. A. G. Carter, Jesse A. Clemer John B. Smith, Denton Ijams, Nicholas Click, jr., Milton commen schools,' shall be entitled to receive the Hobbs, M. D. Armfield, Garland Anderson, Allen Stoker, M. G. Richards, Thos. Hudson, Samuel Rose, Almond Taylor,

IF We are authorized by the Hon. GREEN W' CALDWELL, to state that he declines being a candidate for re-election to Congress from the 2d District .-While he is grateful for the numerous and urgent sotions; that he will resist encroachment on State licitations from his friends to be a candidate, yet his private affairs are in a situation to make it imperative upon him to forego the pleasure of complying with their wishes.

> We point the attention of our readers to an of Governor, it is his duty to act as article in to-day's paper from the Globe, headed internal improvement and literary "Mr. Calhoun." We are glad to see that influential journal so ready to do justice to, and defend Mr. Calhoun against the malignant assaults of his enemies.

Congress.—This body adjourned on the 30 Liverpool papers to the 4th of last month have March, its session having then expired by virtue of the Constitution. And such another humbugging federal Congress, we hope never will again assemble at Washington. The bill to refund Gen. Jackdo n, -large or small, - which had not been visited | son's fine passed the Senate on the 21st ult., by year 28, nays 20. The whigs in the Senate again The Cotton market is also in a depressed state, dodged the question of the assumption of the State debts, by laying on the table Mr. Rives' resolutions, On Thursday, the 2nd of February, the British and by postponing to next December, another resolution offered by Mr. McDuffie, on the same subappropriation bills, have been passed. The retrenchment bill, which passed the House, reducish government to lend its aid, at first by remon- ing the pay of Government officers, and the pay and mileage of members of Congress, was report ed from the Judiciary Committee in the Senate, with amendments, but no action was had on it.

National Convention. - The sentiment of the Democratic party, in regard to the time and place of the meeting of a national convention to nominate a candidate for President and Vice President, seems pretty generally in favor of Baltimore as the place. and May, 1844, as the time. A mass State conven-Horse Guards, he was shot at from behind. The tion in New-Hampshire has so spoken; a Convention of the Democratic members of the Maryland legislature name the same time and place, and so has a great State Convention of the Democracy of Louisiana. This question may then be considered their midst, and make ill-natured attacks upon poseized the criminal. In the mean time he had re- as settled; and on the second Tu-sday in May, 1844, the friends of the several favorites of our party will meet in Baltimore, to say who shall be next President of the United States.

Gen. Jackson and Mr. Calhoun .- Speaking of the sin being diverted, the contents did not touch Mr. relations at present existing between Mr. Calhoun Drummond nor was any other person injured by and Gen. Jackson, the Nashville (Tenn.) Union says: "We know it to be a fact that no man places a higher estimate of the talents of Mr. Calhoun than General Jackson; no man would give Mr. C. his vote for president, should he be the candidate of the National Convention, more cheerfully than he."

> Melancholy Accident .- A very painful accident occurred in the family of Mr. JEREMIAH CURETON, Jr., of this county, on the 18th ult. His little son. William Jackson, aged about 6 years, in riding from the plantation, was thrown from a horse, and almost instantly killed. To this promising child his parents were most devotedly attached, and his melancholy death shows to parents upon how frail a tenure they hold their dearest earthly treasures.

At Troy, New York, on the 17th ult., a land slide, from the hill above the city took place, burying in its march a number of houses, and destroy. ing human life to a fearful extent. Some eight or RUNAWAY SLAVES .- The Maysville ten families, numbering thirty or forty persons, were burried under the ruins.

The Hon. AARON VANDERPOEL, (dem.) one of the

A REAL WHIG TRANSACTION

From the report of the Comptroller to the last to all expectation, the bill to repeal the Bankrupt port speaks true, were dressed in their ascernion egislature, we learn a fact to which we call the Law, which passed the House of Representatives particular attention of our citizens of all parties; for it shows a wanton disregard of our State constitution and laws on the part of those high in power, that must outrage public feeling. We allude to the fact, stated in the report, that Gor. Morehead has been drawing from the State treasury three dollars per day for his services as President ex-officio of the Literary Board. Now, we ask the people to examine this matter.

Our State Constitution, which Gov. Morehead is sworn to support, says, "the no person in the State shall HOLD MORE THAN ONE LECRATIVE OFFICE AT ANY ONE TIME." The Governor gets a stated salary of two thousand dollars a year, for which he is to perform all the duties devolved upon that officer by our constitution and laws. Among the most important of these duties is, the management of the "The great popular party is already rallied almost en masse aro und the banner which is leading the party to is final triumph. The few that still lag will soon be rallied under its head is right instead of holding only flore duranting. Internal Improvement and Literary Funds of the head is right, instead of holding only "one lucrative office" at a time, and drawing a salary of two thousand dollars, the constitution is a nullity, and he can hold THEE, and draw a salary of over four thousand dollars a year.

The law constituting the Board of Internal Improvement (see Revised Statutes, "An act to aid The Democratic party of Mecklenburg, and that portion of the internal improvements of the State," section 2.) says: "The board shall hereafter consist of the Governor of the State for the time being, who shall be never had any manure on it. It was ex officio president thereof, and of two Commissioners, to be appointed annually by the Governor, by and with the advice of the council of State," and the 3d section continues, "and THE SAID COMMISSION-ERS shall receive for their services the sum of THREE BOLLARS each per day, and their travelling expenses for the time they may be employed in the public service."

The act amendatory of the act constituting the Literary Board, (Rev. Statutes, chap. 69, sec. 2,) says: "The persons composing the Literary Board, created under an act, entitled 'An act to drain the Swamp lands of the State, and to create a fund for same pay, and under the same regulations, as per sons composing the board created titled 'An act to aid the internal

Now, we ask any honest and i these things can be reconciled—the laws constituting these board Gov. Morehead? His salary by law at two thousand dollars a ve tution says he shall hold but "one at any one time," and while, in vi laws constituting the same, in saying e "said Commissioners shall be paid," & excluding him from drawing pay lawfully, yet fact is gravely announced by the Comptroller, that Gov. Morchead has been charging the State three of another dollars per day for his services on the Literary board! This is our law-loving whig Governor, who was elected for his loud clamorings for the dear people's rights, and for economy, retrenchment, and reform!

We have received from the Hon. R. M. Saunders, an address to the people of North Carolina, upon the subject of the Senatorial election by the last legislature. While we do not doubt the truth of Gen. S.'s positions in this address, we think it would have been better to have permitted the difficulties and heart-burnings which that unfortunate contest engendered, to sink into ablivion. Their further discussion can do nothing but harm to our party and bring defeat on our principles. We have stood by Gen. Saunders as his triend under all circumstances: we are his friend still, and as such, we beseech him to drop this controversy, and let us turn our artillery from our political associates, and bring it to hear upon the common enemy. We shall have enough to do to fight and conqued whigery in this State. Few men have become so prominent in the political world as Gen S. has, without experiencing more or less of injustice at the hands of his political associates; but such things must and will be forgiven by those who have the good of the cause at heart. No man, however strong in the memory, are not so far overcome as to make his noaffections of a party, can expect that party to sustain him while he continues to throw fire-brands into litical associates whose only offence is, that they go for principles, regardless of men. It was for this sin that we have felt it our duty to denounce the editor of the Standard, and for it, we would denounce the best personal friend we have on earth.

Old King Caucus, again!—The Whig members of Congress have held a caucus, and issued their edict, calling a Whig national convention, to nominate a candidate for President, to meet in Baltimore on 3d May, 1844. As in duty bound, the party editors come in with humble submission, and re-echo the decree of this caucus, although many of them some time ago denounced such a convention, and said Clay should be their candidate any how.

A melancholy accident happened on the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail-Road on the 18th ult. which caused the death of Col. B. N. Hall, of Baltimore. The front axle of the passenger cars broke suddenly, producing a complete wreck of the cars, and killing Col. H., and badly wounding ten or fifteen other passengers.

South Carolina Congressional Election.-The election for members of Conrgess, just over in South Carolina, has resulted in the election of Capt. James A. Black, in the York Dis-Wm. Butler. Hon. R. B. RHETT, in the Orangeburg Disal were frozen with fear. They were aided by abolitionists from Ohio."

They were aided by abolitionists from Ohio.

They were aided by a

The Rankingt Law Repeated .- Contrary | ing ground, on the west side; some of whom. some time since, was brought to a vote in the Senate on the 25th ult, and was passed, by a vote 32 to

13. So this dishonest law of the whige no longer disgraces our national Statute book. All who had applied for the benefit of the law, before the passage of the repeal bill, have the privelege of carrying their cases through the court. The vote in the Representatives of Iowa,) from which repeal bill was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ailen, Archer, Bagby, Bayard, Buchanan, cahoun, crafts, crittenden, cuthbert, Dayton, Fulton, Grahalm, Huntington, King, Linn, McDuffie, McRobers, Mangum, Merrick, Morehead, Phelps, Rives, Sevier, Sprague, Sturgeon, Tappan, Walker, Wilcox, Williams, Woodbury, Wright, and

Young—32.
Nays—Messrs. Barrow, Bates, Berrien, choate, clayton, Evans, Kerr, Miller, Porter, Smith of Indiana, Tallmadge, White, and Woodbridge—13.

Messrs. Benton and Smith of Connecticut, would and unconditional.

Mecklenburg Beaten - We some time since mentioned an extraordinary yield of Cotton, on the plantation of Col. John M. Potts of this county. Noticing this, a correspondent of the Columbia South-Carolinian says:

"CATAWBA P. O., Chester Dist., Feb. 15, 1843. I have noticed in the Temperance Advocate of the 2d instant, an account of a in Mecklenburg County, N. C., Col. Ports. The amount state acre and four roods of last. this district, picked 2,547 off one acrefact, when nicely measured there we acre; and it was upland; of the fifth too, in the vicinity of this place, and the facts can be tally authenticated. The first picking, in the fall,

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN WAYNE.

The following proceedings of a recent Democratic cetting in Wayne county in this State, will be peused with great pleasure by our readers. The communition of Mr. CALBOUN in that quarter of the State, is peculiarly gratitying, as it shows his strength is not confined alone to Western North Carolina. William Thompson, Esq., was Chairman and Maj. Wm. A. Whitfield, Secretary. Wm. K Lane, Esq., after a few eloquent remarks, offered the cllowing preamble and resolutions, which were put eparately, and unanimously adopted:

Primary meetings of the people to express their opinions upon political subjects, and to nominate suitable persons to administer to the Government, being a practice long sanctioned by the Republican we a portion of the Republican party of the sounty of Wayne, in accordance with such practice, leading to the following appropriate the world our opinions, by the following the such practice, leading hereby signify to the world our opinions, by the fol-

owing resolutions:

1. Resolved, That we hold the right of instrucion to be a right which the constituent power should ever retain and exercise when thought necessary and proper; and the representative is bound to

2. Resolved, That the entire separation of the oneys of the Government from all emporations, of the Government from all preparations, spensahe to the safety of the lands, and to to the people.

ink as unconstitutional, impolitic, s to the best interests of our coun-

d Government has no protect and advance from the producers, to promote : 5. Resolve t the inability o r debte, we deny all by the General Government.

6. Resolved, That the di on of money arising from the sales of the is, was impoli ic, unjust, unwise, and away millions, knowing and was then bankrupt. 7. Resolved, That we co

have a representative in Congress, courage and integrity we have full confidence, whose views we know to coincide with our own. 8. Resolved, That, in our opinion, the Honorable ROMULUS M. SAUNDERS possesses ALL the qualities we require; that he has our full confidence, and we cheerfully recommend him to the voters of

the fifth Congressional district as a candidate to represent them in the next Congress—who will do 9. Resolved, That the President of the United States, for the promptitude with which he has used the power vested in him by the Constitution, to check certain injudcious and unconstitutional meas-

ures of the Whig Congress, deserves well of his

10. Resolved, That we have supported MARTIN VAN BUREN in all former elections, when he was a candidate; and will do it again should it be decided by the party to bring him before the people : but whilst we have undiminished confidence in his patriotism and ability, we fear the unfounded prejudices raised against him in a contest still fresh in mination politic.

10. Resolved, That, with JOHN CALDWELL CALHOUN for a leader, we will go fearlessly to to the contest-certain of success. 11. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meet-

ing be signed by the chairman and secretary, and published.

After the resolutions were adopted, at the urgent equest of several gentlemen, Duncan K. McRea, Esq., of Cumberland, addressed the meeting in a strain of eloquence never surpassed. After expressing his approbation of the course pursued by the meeting, and congratulating them on the perfect unanimity evinced by the party in Wayne, he took brief cursory view of the course pursued by the Republicans in the last Legislature, particularly in relation to the bank question, and the resolutions of instructions to United States Senators. He was listened to by a crowded house for near an hour; and the attention and admiration expressed by every one gave the best evidence of the deep interest felt.

and their perfect and hearty concurrence in the sen-

EFFECTS OF MILLERISM.—The wife of Jonathan Leveridges, a respectable mechanic of Newark, (New Jersey,) while laboring under derangement of mind caused by the Miller doctrine, on Friday administered arsenic to herself and two of her children, one aged three years and the other twelve months. Before she committed the rash act she sent her three eldest children to her aunt's, in the neighborhood. One of the children died at 12 o'clock, and the other at 2 o'clock, and the wife died

At a Millerite meeting in Providence, last week, the minister got the audience worked up to such a can come well recommended need apply. pitch, that they were every moment looking for the end of all things, which he told would be announced trict, over Col. Clowney. Hon. John Campbell, in the Che- by the sound of a trumpet. A waggish boy, taking raw District, without opposition. Col. Joseph A. Woodward, the hint, procured a common fish-horn, which he in the Columbia District, over Hon. T. D. Sumter. Maj. blew with a perfect tempest of wind, thereby pro-R. F. Simpson, in the Pendleton District, over the Hon. ducing such a climax that some of the fanatic mass

robes. They went there to witness the ressurrecion of their friends, with whom they expected to rise into the clouds.

### IOWA.

We have just received a letter from J. M. Morgan, (Speaker of the House of we make the following extract, showing their manner of dealing with swindling bank shaving establishments. He says:

"I think that bank reform, has taken a new twist in your State. We have just repealed the only charter that ever disgraced our statutes—the Miners' ot vote for the repeal, because it was not absolute Bank of Dubuque. The bill passed the House, unanimously, some two days ago; and it will be likely to go through the Council with the same degree of favor. Thus there is now one virgin spot of ground in this country, that is not polluted with a chartered swindling

shop,—and that favored spot, I am proud

to call our infant Iowa. Such is our

idea of bank reform.

MISSOURI AND THE DISTRICT BILL .-The Jefferson, (Mo.) Inquirer of the 9th says: "On Tuesday last, the House of Representatives passed a bill to elect, in 1844, five Representatives to Congress. All bills to district the State were lost; and the election, provided the Senate agree to the action of the House, will be as heretofore—by general ticket. The vote stood—for the bill 58, against it 30.

TARTAR ON THE TEETH.-M. La Baume has ascertained that washing the teeth with vinegar and a brush, will in a few days remove the tartar; thus obviating the necessity of filing or scraping them, which so often injures the enamel. He recommends the use of powdered charcoal and tincture of rhatany afterwards, which effectually the (in his opinion) prevents its formation. Medical Times.

#### Married,

In Anson County, on the 20th December last, Col. A. Sherrill, of Catawba county, to Miss Sarah McAlp

#### Harvest is Coming.

THE subscriber would inform the citizens of Mecklenburg, that he is prepared to manufacture CRADLES for harvesting small-grain on the most approved and substantial plan. His long experience in the business will enable him, he hopes, to please all who may favor him with their custom. Orders for Cradles may be given to the subscriber, living 11 miles west of Charlotte, or if left at the Office of the Mecklenburg Jeffersonian, they will be promptly attended to, without additional expense. Price for Cradles \$1 50 for wood work, and \$2 when completely ironed. Work warranted.

### Notice.

A LL persons having claims against the estate of Abel Barnett, deceased, are desired to present them, according to lew, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. ROBERT C. BARNETT.

# Notice.

peen appointed by a decree o Isaac Weathers, will IL. H. ELLIOTT. D. T. WEATHERS.

March 5, 1843.

March, 7, 1843.

## Ecclesiastical Notice.

WHE Presbytery of Concord will meet at Providence, Mecklenburg County, on the second Wednesday in April, at 11 o'clock, A. M. STEPHEN FRONTIS, Stated Clerk. March 4, 1843.

## Notice.

Y Wife, Mary Adams, having left my home and pro-tection, without just cause, I forwarn all persons not to harbor her, or credit her on my account, as I do not intend to pay any debt of her contracting. I will enforce the law against any one who may harber said Mary. Union County, Feb. 21, 1843.

# Caution.

FOREWARN all persons from trading for a Note given by me to Anderw Grier and John Sloan, Executors of the will of Robert Sloan, decd., for \$301, due the 28th of December next, as I am determined not to pay it unless compelled by law, as the Negro for which said Note was given has proved BURREL F. WELLS, utterly unsound. Feb. 17, 1843. of Lincoln County.

## Sale of a Negro.

N pursuance of an order of the County Court, made at January Term, 1843, I will sell for cash, at the Courthouse in harlotte, on the 4th Monday in April next, a runaway oLAVE, who calls himself FRANK. He is about 20 years f age, stoutly built, dark complected, five feet six or seven nches high, smoothe round face and threk hips, with a scar on the foreinger of the left hand. He says he was raised in Chatham county, N. C., and was sold to a speculator named

T. N. ALEXANDER, Shff. Charlotte, N. ., Jan 21, 1843.

## CLOCK AND WATCH REPAIRING.

## N. A. F. Brewer

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he will in a few days open a shop in Charlotte, two doors south of the Mansion House, where he will be prepared at all times to execute with promptitude and neatnes all orders in the Clock and Watch Repairing business. He will devote his whole time to the duties of his shop, and hopes to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

An apprentice to the above business will be taken, if aged from 12 to 16. None but one who Jan. 17, 1843.

## Notice.

FORWARN all persons from trading for a Note I given to Moses A. Parks, Guardian for Susan Stitt, of \$46 50 cents due the last of December next, as the Negroe I bired proved unsound and of newly elected members of Congress from New York, triet, over Gen. TROTTI. Hon. ISAAC E. Holmes, in the Millerices at Providence had decided that little use, and I don't intend to pay the said note un