-thus ended the operations of the 23d.

saying he would give Gen. Ampudia one hour to the body, died the next day. late, accepting the offer of the American General. The terms of capitulation were in effect as fol ed-number not known.

with their side arms.

to march out with their arms and accourrements.

out with one battery of six pieces and twenty-one rounds of ammunition.

should be turned over to a board of American officers appointed to receive them.

That the Mexican Army, should be allowed seven days to evacuate the city and that the Ameri can troops should not occupy it until evacuated.

That the Cathedral, Fort or Citadel, should be evacuated at 10 A. M., next day, (25th) the Mexican then marching out and the American garrison marching in. The Mexicans allowed to salute their fire when hauled down.

during which time neither army should pass a line [Infantry] running from the Rinconada through Linares and

This lenient offer of the American General was dictated with the concurrence of his Generals and otives of good policy and consideration for the defence of their city by the Mexican Army.

-Capt. Williams, Topographical Engit. Terrett, 1st Infantry; Capt. L N. Sapt. Field, 3d do.; Major Barbour, Lieut. Hazlitt, 3d do: do.; Lieut. Woods, 4th do.; Col. Watson, Baltimore Regiment:

Lear, 3d Infantry, severely; do, very slightly; Lieut. R. ., severely; Capt. Lamotte, 1st Lient. Dilworth, 1st do., severely; ombie, 1st do., slightly; Lieut. Wain-8th do, slightly; Lieut. Rossell, 5th do., ly; Lieut Potter 7th do., slightly; Maj Mansfield, Engineers, slightly; Gen. Butler, Volunteer time Division, slightly; Col. Mitchell, Ohio Volunteers, slightly; Col. McClung, Mississippi Regiment severely; Maj. Alexander, Tennessee Volunteers; Lieut. Allen, do. do ; Lieut. Scudder, do. do .; Lieut. Nixon, do. do.; Capt. Dowler, Mississippi Regiment; Lieut. Thomas, Texas Regiment; Lieut. Armstrong, Ohio Regiment, severely; Capt. Gillespie, Texas Rangers, mortally wounded, since

Special Correspondence of the Picayune. MONTEREY, MEXICO, Sept. 25, 1846.

GENTLEMEN: - The city has capitulated on the following terms: The Mexican soldiers shall be permitted to march out of town with their arms and six small field pieces, leaving all their muni tions of war behind, with all their artillery and capitulation of the town. public stores. They are to retire to Linares, sixty miles hence, and about thirty miles north of Saltilin three hours. I believe that it would have re-

quired much more hard fighting to have taken it: night and day, and exposing his life in a thousand but this was not the question with Gen. Taylor. He and all his officers knew perfectly well, of course, that the town could soon be taken, but he wanted no prisoners to take up his time and eat out have undertaken it. I devote a paragraph to a his subsistence; but he did have an object in view, mention of this gentleman's services, because he which will be reached by the terms of this capitulation, and that object will lead to a result most beneficial to our government, under whose advice or orders Gen. Taylor acted in agreeing to these terms. As I have a few moments to spare before the express goes out this morning. (he was detained las! night by the slow progress of business with Ampu-

dia.) I will speak of the operations of Gen. Taylor

on his side of the town.

Major Mansfield, of the Engineers, reconnoitred he approached very near to some of them on the and encamped before Monterey on the 19th inst.-

plaza on that side of the city; towards evening the in front of a masked battery of artillery and mus- with some adjacent defences our troops now occupy. closure, and during the night did great execution in range. The barricades of the streets, at sixty yards mainder of the force returned to camp. officers of rank on either side accompanying their in admiration by the army. Capt. Williams died of the country can be prepared. Generals. After several offers in relation to the the next day, and was buried with the honors of war

consider and accept or refuse, lest the conference | Wounded. Maj. Mansfield, ball through the have yet been received, nor is it known what corps posed. The gallant defence of the town, and the with his officers -at the expiration of the hour, the case of the leg. This brave officer did not leave of Gen. Worth's division have suffered most. In discharge of the mortar was to be the signal for the on account of his wound, but rode about, behaving the other portion of the army the 1st, 3d, and 4th believed to be favorable to the interests of peace, inrecommencement of hostilities. Before the expira in the most gallant manner all day. Captain Bain regiments of infantry and regiment of Tennessee duced me to concur with the commission in these tion of the hour, however, an officer was sent on bridge. 3d Infantry, slightly wounded in the hand. volunteers have sustained the greatest loss. The terms, which will, I trust, receive the approval of the part of Gen. Ampudia, to inform the Ameri- Maj. Lear, dangerously wounded in the mouth, the following is believed to be an accurate list of the the government. The latter consideration also can General that to avoid the further effusion of ball passing out at the back of his head. Maj officers killed and wounded: blood, and the national honor being satisfied by the Abercrombie, 1st Infantry, severely wounded. Lt. exertions of Mexican troops, he had, after consulta R. Graham. 4th Infantry, severely wounded in both tion with his General Officers, decided to capitu- legs and body; hopes are entertained of his recovery. A great number of men killed and wound-

It being impossible, in the opinion of the Engi That the officers should be allowed to march out neer officers, to effect any thing in attacking the barricades in front, the column moved rapidly up a That the Cavalry and Infantry should be allowed screet to the right, with the intention of turning them. Being reinforced by the Ohio regiment, a That the Artillery should be allowed to march second charge was made, under the direction of Gen Butler, which, owing to the tremendous fire of musketry and grape from the barricades and That all other munitions of war and supplies stone houses, likewise proved ineffectual. The troops were then ordered, by Gen. Taylor, to retire in good order and get under cover from the enemy's fire, which order was handsomely executed.

The following officers were killed or mortally Mausfield, slightly. wounded (since died) in the second charge: Col. Watson, of the Baltimore Battalion; Capt. L. N. Morris, 3d Infantry; Lieut. D. Erwin, 3d Infantry; Lieut, R. Hazlett, 4th Infantry. [Three officers slightly; Capt. J. H. Lamotte, severely; 1st Lieut, were killed in the first charge which I did not in- J. C. Terrett, in hands of the enemy; 2d Lieut. R. clude in that list, viz: Lieut. Hoskins, 3d Infantry; Dilworth, severely. That there should be an armistice of eight weeks, Lient. J. S. Woods, 4th Infantry; Capt. Field, 3d

Wounded. Major Gen. Butler, slightly, through calf of the leg; Col. Mitchell, in the leg; Captain verely. Lamotte, 1st Infantry, slightly; Lieut. Dilworth, 1st

Infantry, leg shot off. During the engagement in town, of Garland's Brigade, the forts that were passed, on the left, in severely. entering the town, were gallantly carried by the Tennessee and Mississippi regiments—the first com manded by Col. Campbell, and the second by Col slightly. Dayis. Lt. Col. McClung, of the Mississippi Ohio regiment .- Col. A. M. Mitchell, slightly Regiment, was dangerously wounded. These re- Capt. James George, slightly; 1st Lieut, and Adju- a reasonable time for them to leave the capital. giments sustained a great loss, of killed and wound- tant A. W. Armstrong, very severely; 1st Lieut. ed the names or number of those who fell Capt. Mississippt resiment. Lieut. Col. A. H. Mc Bragg's battery of Light Infantry was brought in Clung, severely; Capt. R. N. Downing, stightly; to action, but as it was impossible to use it effec- 1st Lieut. H. F. Cook, slightly; 2d Lieutenant R tively, it was withdrawn. Several pieces of artillery K. Arthur, slightly. were captured. The forts that were taken were DIVISION OF TEXAS MOUNTED VOLUNoccupied by Ridgely's Light Artillery company, who turned the captured pieces against the Mexican works, and the cannonade was kept up the rest of the day. There were many skirmishes, and gallant deeds, etc, which I will mention at a future

On the night of the 22d, the enemy abandoned the two works which had proved so destructive to the 3d and 4th Infantry, and they were occupied early next morning by the Mississippi and Tennessee reguments, under Gen. Quitman. About 8 o'clock, same morning, these two regiments advanced on the town, and a sharp engagement commenced. These Rangers were supported by a body of Texan Rangers, (dismounted for the occasion) under Gen. Henderson, and by the 3d regi ment of Infantry. The fight was kept up until 4 o'clock, P. M. during which our troops drove the enemy from house to house, almost to the main plaza. The loss of life on our side was not severe during the day. On the morning of the 24th, a flag of truce was sent in, which resulted in the

During the whole of the engagement on the 21st, Col. Kinney was exceedingly useful in carrying lo, and are not to approach nearer than that to this orders, and in giving advice in matters with which place within sixty days, or until each party can hear his thorough acquaintance with Mexican customs from its respective government. Ampudia kept rendered him familiar. He was in the thickest of General Taylor until nearly midnight last night the fight, moving about from point to point, and dopreparing the terms, etc. Many persons, particu ing good execution with his rifle. This gentleman's darly the Texan volunteers who fought so bravely. services have been invaluable to Gen. Taylor in are displeased at these terms. The town was all the movements of the army from Matamoras to this the country, and procuring information-riding ways. The Colonel never flinched from any duty to go and bring him Ampudia's portfolio, he would deserves much from the public for whom he has resistance. labored so arduously and so efficiently.

DISPATCHES. From Major General Z. Taylor, received at the loss War Office.

[No. 89.] HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION,

Camp before Monterey, Sept 22, 1846. SIR: I have the honor to report that the troops the enemy's works on the night of the 19th, but under my command, including the mounted voluncould obtain no very accurate information, although teers from Texas, marched from Marin on the 18th, heights. On the 20th Lieut. Scarritt and Lieut. It was immediately discovered that the enemy occu Pope were sent out to reconnoitie the works, Scar. pied the town in force, and had added greatly to its ritt on the right and Pope on the left of the town. strength by fortifying the approaches and command The latter approached and discovered the position | ing heights. A close reconnaissance was made the of a battery on the extreme left, and was exposed same evening by the officers of engineers and topoto a fire of cannon and musketry from Lancers, graphical engineers on both flanks of the town, and from which, after finishing his observations, he re- it was determined, from the information procured, tired in safety. On the night of the 20th the mor- to occupy the Saltillo road in rear of the town, cartar and howitzer batteries were placed in a position ryidg, if practicable, the several fortified emittences flag, a communication from the governor of the to play on the strong holds around the citadel. The in that direction. The 21 division of regular troops State of New Leon, which is herewith enclosed, action commenced on the morning of the 21st by and a portion of Col Hays's regiment of mounted (No. 1.) To this communication, I deemed it my the opening of these two batteries. Col. Garland's volunteers was accordingly detached under Brig. duty to return an answer declining to allow the inbrigade were ordered to move to the left for the Gen Worth on this service, at noon on the 20th. habitants to leave the city. By eleven o'clock, p. purpose of storming the battery discovered by Lieut. A ten-inch mortar and two 24-pounder howizers m., the 2d division, which had entered the town from Pope the day before, and to occupy, if possible, were placed in battery during the night to play up. the direction of the Bishop's Paloce, had advanced the lower part of the city. Major Mansfield, Capt. on the citadel and town. At 7 o'clock these guns within one square of the principal plaza, and oc-Williams and Lieut. Pope were ordered in advance opened and continued a deliberate fire, which was cupied the city up to that point. The mortar had, to select the most available point of attack, and to returned. To create a still further diverson in favor in the meantime, been placed in battery in the cemedirect the movements of the column upon it. Three of Gen. Worth's movement, the remainder of the tery, within good range of the heart of the town. companies were thrown forward as skirmishers and force, except a camp guard, was displayed around and was served throughout the night with good efadvanced rapidly towards the works, followed by the centre and left of the town. The infantry and fect.

I regret to report that our successes have not capitulation of the city made on either side and re- by the Mexican troops into whose hands he had been obtained without severe loss, to be attributed in fused at half-past 4 P. M., Gen. Taylor arose and fallen. Lieut. Terrett, 1st Infantry, shot through a good measure to the ardor of the troops in press-

KILLED.

2d Infantry .- Brev. 1st Lieutenant J. S. Woods,

(serving with 1st infantry.) 3d. Infantry - Captain L N. Morris, Captain G. P. Field; Brevet Major P. N. Barbour, 1st Lieut, and Adjt., D. S. Irwin; 2d Lieut, R. Hazlitt. 4th Infantry - 1st Lieut, and Adj't C. Hoskins. 8th Infantry .- Capt. H. McKavett. Maryland and Washington Buttation Volun-

eers.-Lieut. Col. W. H. Watson. VOLUNTEER DIVISION. Ohio regiment .- 1st Lieut. M. Hett. Tennessee regiment .- Captain W. B. Allen;

Lieut, S. M. Putman. WOUNDED. Corps of Engineers .- Brevet Major J. K. T

Corps of Topographical Engineers .- Capt. W. G. Williams. (in hands of the enemy.) 1st Infantry. - Brevet Major J. L. Abercrombie,

Capt. H. Bainbridge, slightly. 4th Infantry .- 1et Lieut. R. H. Graham, se-

5th Infantry .- 1st Lieut. N. B. Rossell, slightly. 8th Infantry .- 2d Lieut. George Wainwright,

VOLUNTEER DIVISION.

TEERS. 1st regiment .- Capt. R. A Gillespie, mortally. I need hardly add that the conduct of our troops, both regulars and volunteers, throughout the operations, has been everything that could be desired. The part which each corps contributed to the successes of the day will appear more fully in future reports. To Major Generals Butler and Henderson, and Brigadier Generals Twiggs and Worth, dered-particularly so to Brigadier Gen. Worth, whose services, from his detached position, have been most conspicuous.

I am, sir, very respectfully, Your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR, Major General, U. S. A. Com. The Adjutant General of the Army. Washington, D. C.

[No. 90]

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION. Camp before Monterey, Sept. 23, 1846. SIR: I have the gratification to report that the

Bishop's Palace was gallantly carried vesterday by the troops of the 2d division. In the course of the night the batteries below the town were, with one exception, abandoned by the enemy, and this morning were occupied by our toops. To-day the 2d infantry, with the field artillery of the 1st division, tie Mississippi and Tennessee regiments, and the but in our hands, and could they believed, have been place. He has been everywhere, reconnoitering 24 regiment of Texos riflemen, (dismounted,) have and have driven him with considerable loss to the ed by the hands of Col. Moreno. plaza and its vicinity, which is yet strongly occupirequired of him, and, had Gen. Taylor ordered him ed. A portion of the 21 division has also advanced city and fort with all the personel and materie! of

arduous operations of the last three days. I am, sir. very respectfully,

Your obedient servant, Z TAYLOR. Major General U. S. A. Com. The ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE ARMY, Washington, D. C.

No. 91.1

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Camp before Monterey, Sept. 25, 1846. Sin: At noon on the 23d inst, while our troops were closely engaged in the lower part of the city, as reported in my last despatch, I received by a

ate vicinity and the Cathedral fort or Citadel. Early of musketry. The column charged into a street engaged that I moved forward the volunteer division General Ampudia, which I enclose, (No. 2.) and ceptions, be surrendered to the commanding genein the afternoon (same day) Gen. Worth assaulted about two hundred varies forces, now at Monterey.

That the Mexican forces by allowed to from the B.shop's Palace the west side of the city, passed the works entirely, and effected an entrance battalion (1st Kentucky) to cover the mortar battery. arranged with the bearer of the flag a cessation of and succeeded in driving the enemy and maintain to the town. After advancing rapidly about 400 A close contest then ensued, which resulted in the fire until 12 o'clock, which hour I appointed to reing his position within a short distance of the main yards beyond the battery, they came immediately capture of one strong battery of four guns, which ceive the final answer of Gen. Ampudia at Gen. Worth's headquarters. Before the appointed time, mortar had also been planted in the Cemetery en- ketry, which swept the street completely by its A garrison was left to hold this position, and the real Worth his desire for a personal interview with the circumscribed camp of the enemy in the plaza distance from the head of the column, were lined In the mean time General Worth had engaged me, for the purpose of making some degnitive arwith Mexican troops, who entirely covered them. the enemy early in the morning, and defeated him rangement. An interview was accordingly appoint Early on the morning of the 24th, a communical selves, opened a murderous discharge of grape and with considerable loss. In the course of the day ed for one o'clock, and resulted in the naming of a tion was sent to Gen. Taylor, from Gen. Ampudia, musketry upon the advancing column. Every two of the batteries in rear of the town were carried commission to draw up articles of agreement reguunder a flag, making an offer of capitulation, to house in the street was pierced for musketry, and by storming parties of the 24 division, and a third lating the withdrawal of the Mexican forces, and a which the former refused to accede, as it asked more enfilled the street in every direction. Under this was carried this morning at down of day. The than the American commander would under any fire, the following officers were killed or mortally Bishop's Palace occupied the only remaining height ners named by the Mexicans general in chief were circumstances grant; -at the same time a demand wounded: -Maj. Barbour, 31 Infantry, by grape in rear of the town, and is completely commanded Generals Ortega and Requena and Don Manuel M. convenience, that the troops of the United States, to surrender was in reply made upon Gen. Ampu shot in the abdomen; Capt. Williams, Topographi by the works already carried. Gen. Worth's di-The 12 M. was the hour at which the acceptance cal Engineer, shot through the body by musket ball, vision occupies the Saltillo road, and cuts off all the American side were General Worth, General or non acceptance was to be communicated to the fell in the street, and was dragged into the doorway succor or support from the interior. I must reserve Henderson, governor of Texas, and Colonel Davis, American General. At 11 A. M, the Mexican of a house by Lt. Pope, amidst a shower of balls a more minute report of the important operations of Mississippi volunteers. The commission finally General sent, requesting a personal conference with that covered him with dust. The gallantry of this yesterday until those of the different commanders settled upon the articles, of which I enclose a copy, Gen. Taylor, which was granted; the principal young officer, now in his first battle, is spoken of are rendered, and also until a topographical sketch (No. 4) the duplicates of which (in Spanish and English) have been duly signed. Agreeably to the provisions of the 4th article, our troeps have this morning occupied the citadel.

It will be seen that the terms granted the Mexiing forward. No returns of killed and wounded can garrison are less rigorous than those first imfact of a recent change of government in Mexico, prompted the convention for a temporary cessation of hostilities. Though scarcely warranted by my instructions, yet the change of affairs since those instructions were issued seemed to warrant this course. I beg to be advised, as early as practicable, whether I have met the views of the government in these particulars.

I regret to report that Captain Williams, topographical engineers, and Lieut. Terrett, 1st infantry, have died of the wounds received in the engagement of the 21st. Capt. Gatlin, 7th infantry, was wounded (not badly) on the 23d.

> I am, sir. very respectfully, Your obedient servant, Z TAYLOR,

Maj. Gen. U. S. Army, commanding. The Adjatant General of the army, Washington, D. C.

(No. 1) D. Franco. De P Morates, Governor of New Leon, to Major General Taylor. [Translated]

Monterey. Sept. 26, 8 o'clock, a. m. 3d Infantry - Major W. W. Lear, severely; of arms, and the Mexican general-in chief resolved very considerably to the resources of our troops and to defend it at every cost, as his honor and duty re quire him to do, thousands of victims, who, from indigence and want of means, find themselves now in the theatre of war, and who would be uselessly ject, however, to instructions and orders from but 7th Infantry -- 2d Lieut. J. H. Potter, severely. sacrificed, claim the rights, which in all times, and governments -- an armistice of eight weeks, all countries humanity extends. As governor of which time, in the absence of such order the State, and a legitimate representative of the army is to advance beyond a specified people, I state their case to you, and hope from thirty miles in advance of Monterey General staff.— Major General W. O. Butler, your civilization and refinement, that whatever may be the event of the present contest, you will issue tion, the Mexican general many orders that families shall be respected or will content the Mexican general many tion, the Mexican g orders that families shall be respected, or will grant held out to Gen. Taylor 1

I have the hanor to sainte you general in chief of ed, but I cannot, in the short time left me, ascertain- N. Niles, severely; 1st Lieut. L. Motter, slightly. the army of occupation of the United States, and to assure you of my highest consideration. God and liberty.

> FRANCO DE P. MORALES. General in chief of the Army of Occupation of the United States.

> (No. 2.) D. Pedro Ampudia, General-in-Chief, to Major General Taylor. [Translated]

HEADQUARTERS AT MONTEREY. Sept. 23. 1846, 9 o'clock, p. m.

SENOR GENERAL: Having made the defence of which I believe this city susceptible, I have fulcommanding divisions, I must express my obliga- filled my duty, and have satisfied that military hontions for the efficient support which they have ren- or which, in a certain manner, is common to all armies of the civilized world To prosecute the defence, therefore, would only

result in distress to the population who have already suffered enough from the misfortunes consequent on war; and taking it for granted that the American government has manifested a disposition to negotiate, I propose to you to evacuate the city and its fort, taking with me the personelle and materielle which have remained, and under the assurance that no harm shall ensue to the inhabitants who have taken a part in the defence.

distinguished consideration. PEDRO DE AMPUDIA.

To SENOR DON Z. TAYLOR. General in-Chief of the American army.

(No. 3.) HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Camp before Monterey, Sept. 24, 1846. 7 o'clock, a. m.

SIR: Your communication, bearing date at nine been warmly engaged with the enemy in the town, o'clock, p. m., on the 23d inst., has just been receiv-In answer to your proposition to evacuate the

into the town on the right, and holds a position there. war, I have to state that my duty compels me to de-The enemy still maintains himself in the plaza and cline acceding to it. A complete surrender of the citadel, and seems determined to make a stubborn town and garrision, the latter as prisoners of war. the neatest manner. is now demanded. But such surrender will be up. I am particularly gratified to report that our suc on terms, and the gallant defence of the place, credcesses of yesterday and to-day, though disastrous itable alike to the Mexican troops and nation, will to the enemy, have been achieved without material prompt me to make those terms as liberal as possible. The garrison will be allowed, at your option I cannot speak in too high terms of the gallant- after laying down its arms, to retire to the interior ry and perseverance of our troops throughout the on condition of not serving again during the war, or until regularly exchanged. I need hardly say that the rights of non combatants will be respected.

An answer to this communication is required by 12 o'clock. If you assent to an accommodation, an officer will be despatched at once, under instructions to arrange the conditions. I am, sir. very respectfully,

Your obedient servant, Z. TAYLOR, Maj. Gen. U. S. A., commanding, SENOR D. PEDRO DE AMPUDIA, General in Chief, Monterey.

Terms of capitulation of the city of Monterey, the capital of Nuevo Leon, agreed upon by the undersigned commissioners, to wit: General Worth, of the United States army, General Henderson, of the Texan volunteers, and Colonel Davis, of the Mississippi riflemen, on the part of Major General Taylor, commander-in-chief the United States forces, and General Raquena and General Ortega, of the army of Mexico, and Senor Manuel M. Llane, governor of Nuevo Leon, on the part of Senor General Don Pedro Ampudia,

tions before this place, and the present position of west from Davidson College, where he may at all the contending armies, it is agreed that the city, the times be found except when absent on professional the brigade in line of battle, under a cross fire of one battery of the 1st division made a strong deactillery from the citadel and fort, and a heavy fire mensitation on the left, and soon became so closely flag from the town hearing a communication from other public property, with the undermentioned exfortifications, cannon, the munitions of war, and all business.

ART. II. That the Mexican forces be allowed to retain the following arms, to wit: the commissioned officers their side arms, the infantry their arms and accoutrements, the cavalry their arms and accoutrements, the artillery one field battery, not to exceed six pieces, with twenty-one rounds of ammu-

ART. Ill. That the Mexican armed forces retife within seven days from this date, beyond the line formed by the pass of the Rinconada, the city of

Linares, and San Fernando de Presas. ART. IV. That the citadel of Monterey be evacuated by the Mexican, and occupied by the American forces, to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock.

ART. V. To avoid collisions, and for mutual have withdrawn, except for hospital and storage

ART. VI. That the forces of the United States will not advance beyond the line specified in the 2d [3d] article before the expiration of eight weeks, or until the orders or instructions of the respective governments can be received. ART. VII. That the public property to be deliv-

ered shall be turned over and received by officers appointed by the commanding generals of the two ART. VIII. That all doubts as to the meaning

of any of the preceding articles shall he solved by an equitable constructioned, and on principles of liberality to the retiring army. ART. IX. That the Mexican flag, when struck at the citadel, may be saluted by its own battery.

Done at Monterey, Sept. 34, 1846. W. J. WORTH, Brigadier General U. S. A. J. PINKNEY HENDERSON,

Maj. Gen. Comdg, Texan Volunteers. JEFFERSON DAVIS,

Colonel Mississippi Riflemen. MANUEL M. LLANO, T. REQUENA, ORTEGA,

Approved: PEDRO AMPUDIA. Z. TAYLOR, Maj. Gen. U. S. A. Comdg.

The despatches of Gen. Taylor relating to the storming of Monterey, appear in the Union of Monday, night. We copy them at large, and deem it important to add the material part of an editorial of the Union accompanying them. From this it appears that so far as the eight weeks armistice is concerned, the Administration does not sanction the agreement of Gen. Taylor, and that his army will be set in action again as the decision of the President can reach him.

The terms of the capitulation of Monterey-allimportant as the possession of that post is to the further successful prosecution of the war-will arrest the attention of the public mind. The surrender by the Mexican army of the millitary stores, As you are resolved to occupy the place by force provisions, and cannon collected in the city, will add weaken, in a greater proportion, the means of the enemy. The despatches of General Taylor do not inform us fully of the representations and views upon which he acted, in granting to the enemy-subbetween the two country Be this as it may

Lieut. Armstead, the government to Gen. failure of our offer of nego newed vigor in the prosecul rived in New Orleans on the 1st at once to have chartered the steam to convey him to Brazos St. Jago. B ly reach Gen. Taylor's camp to-day if he be not already there. The wespath doutless induce Gen. Taylor to concentrate his and collect his resources as rapidly as possible, we the view of resuming his operations vigorously s soon as he shall receive orders to terminate the armistice. These orders, we have no doubt, will promptly be issued from Washington. We trust hey may reach General Taylor in sixteen days, the time in which Captain Eaten performed the route to Washington. In such an event, little delay (at the worst) can be occasioned; and even that time can be usefully spent in securing more complete and affective preparation. At all events, there can, as we conceive, be no doubt whatever that an armistice which was thus agreed to by General Taylor, subject to the orders of the two governments. should be at once terminated.

While upon this subject, we may take occasion to state that the recent rumors which have appeared in some of the journals of the actual or intended departure of Mr. Slidell and Mr. Parrott to Gen. Taylor's camp, to avail themselves of any opportunity of negetiation as commissioners to the Mexican Be pleased to accept the assurance of my most government, are without any shadow of foundation. The reception of our last overture to negotiation by the Mexican rulers has determined our government to pursue its military operations without cessation, and with the utmost energy, till the sole object of our war-a just and honorable peace, with proper security against a repetition of Mexican outrageshall be obtained. In fact, this would only be earrying out the principle which the administration has uniformly avowed, and which they announced in the letter to Commodore Conner, accompanying their late overtures of negotiation.

> New Tailoring Establishment. THE subscribers take this method to inform

the public, that they have located themselves in Charlotte, in the stand lately occupied by A. BETHUNE & Co., where the various branches in their line of business will be promptly executed in

If skill, punctuality and close attention to business can insure an extensive patronage, they flatter themselves they will merit the public favor of the surrounding community.

The LATEST FASHIONS will be continually and periodically received from New York and Philadelphia, consisting of every mode that can please the fanciful taste of the young or contribute to ease and comfort of the aged. Orders of all kinds from a distance will be strict-

y attended to. As their work is to be done in the latest style and

warranted to fit, they respectfully request customers to give them an opportunity to exhibit their skill and promptness in execution. They believe they will not fail to please, since in addition to the above inducements, they are determined that their prices shall be governed by the exigencies of the times. Country produce taken in exchange for work done.

ROBINSON & BRIAN. Charlotte, Oct. 23, 1846.

Notice.

THE firm heretolore existing between J. W. & J. Rainey is this day dissolved, as I will not be

responsible for any contract or contracts made or contracted by J. Rainey.

March 26, 1846. Removal.

commanding-in-chief the army of the north of Mexico.

ART. I. As the legitimate result of the operation of John Gibson, deceased, 4 miles south-

May 1, 1846,

access a section

57-F