Sunday Reading.

EVERY MAN MUST SPREAD THE "GLAD TIDINGS."

In a sermon of Dr. Wayland, entitled "The Apostolic Ministry," and published by Sage & Brother, Rochester, he illustrates the duty of every man to take part in preaching the gospel, spreading the glad tidings, *evangelizing* the world.

"At the close of the last war with Great Britain, I was in the city of New York. The prospects of the nation were shrouded in gloom. We had been for two or three years at war with the mightiest nation on the earth, and as she had now concluded a peace with the continent of Europe, we were obliged to cope with her single-handed. Our harbors were blockaded. Communications coastwise between our ports were cut off. Our ships were rotting in every creek and cove where they could find a place of security. Our immense annual products were moulding in our warehouses. The sources of profitable labor were dried up. Our currency was reduced to irredeemable paper. The extreme portions of our country were becoming hostile to each other, and differences of political opinion were embittering the peace of every household. The credit of the Government was exhausted. No one could predict when the contest would terminate, or discover the means by which it could be much longer protracted.

"It happened that on a Saturday afternoon in February, a ship was supposed to be a cartel, bringing home our commissioners at Ghent, from their unsuccessful mission. The sun had set gloomily before any intelligence from the vessel had reached the city. Expectation became painfully intense as the hours of darkness drew on. At length a boat reached the wharf, announcing the fact that a treaty of peace had been signed, and was waiting for nothing but the action of our Government to become a law. The men on whose ears these words first fell, rushed in breathless haste into the city, to repeat them to their friends, shouting as they ran through the streets, 'Peace! Peace! Peace!' Every one who heard the sound, repeated it. From house to house, from street to street, the news spread with electric rapidity. The whole city was in commotion. Men bearing lighted torches were flying to and fro, shouting like madmen, 'Peace! Peace! Peace!' When the rapture had partially subsided, one idea occupied every mind. But few men slept that night. In groups they were gathered in the streets and by the fireside, beguiling the hours of midnight by reminding each that the agony of war was over, and that a worn-out and distracted country was about to enter again upon its wonted career of prosperity. Thus, *every one becoming a herald*, the news soon reached every man, woman and child in the city, and in this sense, the city was *evangelized*. All this you see was reasonable and proper. But when Jehovah has offered to our world a treaty of peace, when men doomed to hell may be raised to seats at the right hand of God, why is not a similar zeal displayed in proclaiming the good news? Why are men perishing all around us, and no one has ever personally offered to them salvation through a crucified Redeemer?"

VISION OF ETERNITY.

Time is short, and eternity is long; yet in this short time I must prepare for a long eternity. Oh! what a duration is before me! but what an infatuation is within me, that I should mind the trifling things of time, and forget the interest of eternity!—Truly, when I compare eternity with time, I am astonished that eternity does not swallow up time in my concerns and meditations. With what night visions, deceptive fantasies, and delusive dreams are we entertained here, in comparison of that divine understanding, intuitive knowledge, noonday discoveries, vigor and activity of soul, we shall be possessed of when we awake to immortality from all the slumbers of a transitory life! And yet (woe is me,) am I not more anxious to grow in earth than to grow for heaven! Will not the fear of temporal losses at times out-balance the joy I should have in believing? While God and glory have a passing meditation in my heart, have not the vanities of the world a permanent mansion? Does not wordly sorrow take deeper root in my soul than spiritual joy? And were my thoughts counted one by one, while vanities reap the whole harvest, sacred things have scarce the tithe! Is this, alas! the behavior of a candidate for bliss, the practice of an expectant of glory? One thinks least of what he loves least. O mournful conclusions! that I love God least, since he is least in my thoughts! But let me rise in contemplations, and see the goodly host of ransomed nations, dwelling in the noonday displays of his glory, possessed of pleasures free as the fountain whence they flow, and full as their unlimited desires.—Their souls are replenished with the most refined satisfaction, sacred delight and substantial joy. What an august assembly are the inhabitants of the better country—wearing crowns, holding sceptres, reigning on thrones, walking in white, exalted in their nature, their conceptions bright, their visions cloudless, their thoughts elevated, their songs transporting, their happiness confirmed, their love burning, and all their powers entranced forever!

From the Olive Branch.

HOPE.

The anchor of the soul is Hope. Were it not for hope the heart would oftentimes break under the heavy weight of woe it is doomed to bear. It is the sun and moon of this world, the daystar of existence. Ever are we living in hope. When tossed on beds of sickness we hope to recover; when sad and weary of life we hope to be again happy; when in trouble, we hope the cause will be removed; when separated from friends, we hope soon to meet them. The weary soldier, worn with incessant toil and privation, is cheered by the hope of being soon restored to home and friends; the hope of a plentiful harvest encourges the husbandman to till the soil; the hope of finding "the buried spoil its wealthy furrows yield," sustains the scholar as he ploughs the field of "classic lore;" the hope of acquittal, pardon, or escape, sustains the lone prisoner in the gloomy cell, as he tosses restlessly on his pallet of straw, or paces in agony the cold damp floor. But the Christian's hope! It is the hope of hopes! *Every other hope* fades before that as the stars before the sun in his rising from the ocean. That is the only hope which extends beyond the gloomy portals of the grave. All other hopes are earthly, and soon alas! they fade away.—This hope enables us to bear the bitter disappointments, cares, and sorrows of this dark world with fortitude; and how truly blessed is he who possesses that glorious hope which fadeth not away, but brightens through eternity!

Agricultural.

ACTION OF DROUGHT OF PLANTS.

There is much that is worthy of thought in the following article, but the writer might have added, that one of the reasons why well manured soils are less troubled with drought, is, that those farmers who manure their soils well, generally plow them more deeply than those who don't cultivate in so high a manner.

Deeply plowed soils suffer less from drought than those plowed shallow, while soils that are under-drained, and then thoroughly sub-soiled, seldom, if ever, suffer from drought at all; for the atmosphere pervading them will deposit its moisture on the surfaces of the colder particles, thus supplying a solvent for the soluble portions of the soil, necessary as manure, and furnishing ammonia to stimulate the plant:—*Working Farmer.*

The specific action of drought on plants is one of the problems not yet entirely solved. Whether it is the indirect waste of moisture on the plants by evaporation, or the want of the due proportions of water necessary to build up the structure of plants, or whether it is some indirect action on the constituents of the soil, is by no means a settled question.

The present season has afforded abundant illustrations of the effect of want of moisture on the several plants the farmer has to cultivate; and what is more remarkable, the drought, though absolutely less than it was last year, seems to have had a greater effect on the plants. The meadows especially appear to have suffered. In all the northern counties particularly, the grass crop is peculiarly affected. The finer and shorter grasses are absolutely either wanting, or so thin that they show the meadows to be without bottom grass. The coarser grasses are absolutely either wanting, or so thin that they show the meadows to be without bottom grass. The coarser grasses are tall, but thin and running to seed, forming tillering stalks, and few blades, in comparison to those of former years. The corn is the same—thin, stunted, and spiry in its character. There has been no tillering—no thick, mattered surface. The drills have been visible up to the present period, and the stems are fast running to ear before half the usual height is attained, being also hard and yellow in color, and as different as possible from the graceful flowing blade the wheat plant usually exhibits at this period.

Now, in what specific way has this drought so acted on the plants? In ordinary vegetables, 90 per cent. of their whole structure is simply water. Hence it is easy to conceive how large a quantity of that material is necessary during their growth and development. But there was no such absolute deficiency this season. The soil always contained a comparatively large amount of moisture; the dews were often plentiful, amounting to fully as much more as any diurnal development of the plant could require, and all the tables of rain fallen in the spring of this year, we have seen, showed a larger quantity than in the corresponding months of last year. Hence it seems we must look to the abstract cause of the injury—to somewhat beyond the mere denuding of the plant of water, as such.

We think the theory of Liebig far better establ-shed this season. The plant, to take up its elements, must have them presented to it in a state of solution. The action of rain operates to dissolve regularly and gradually the material required by the plant, both in the soil and in the rocks, from which the soil is continually forming, by disintegrating the small particles existing in the land. These are being supplied to the plant by the rains as it requires them; but this year they have not been so washed out and made ready for its use. But why did not the same cause operate equally in the spring of 1852? Simply because the incessant rains of the autumn and early winter had washed out the soluble constituents of the soil, so as to leave less free material in the land by far than in the previous spring, and hence the ordinary drought had much greater effect on the plants this year than it had last.

The effect of water on plants, regularly supplied, is most wonderful. Those who have seen the Clipston water meadows, with the small and clear stream, which produces from three to five crops of grass per annum, either depastured or mown, or partly the one and partly the other, must be convinced that it is almost as much owing to a plentiful supply of water in a dry season, as to any great amount of manure held by that small river in solution, that the vast increase of grass is produced. By watering, Mr. Kennedy, of Myremill, keeps close upon a thousand head of stock on ninety acres of Italian rye grass. In ordinary seasons, from five to nine sheep can be kept on one acre of land; but with the aid of a little artificial food, and by the application of *liquid* manure, in the shower form, by steam, Mr. Kennedy can keep fifty-six sheep per acre. Nor can we believe this altogether due to the manure. To this is partly owing, doubtless; but it is by far more owing to its being *watered* with that manure in a soluble state, and so fit for the immediate use of the plants. Hence he is independent of season. The water-drill, to which we before alluded, is an application of the same principle; and the wonderful results of the dressing of dissolved bone liquid, in a dry season, by the Duke of Richmond, is a powerful fact in the same direction.

That it is the want of soluble manure, or, in other words, elements of plants, which is mainly the cause of the injury, is manifest from the fact that all the poorest land has suffered by far the most from the drought. The very highly manured land has sustained the least damage; while on land to which very highly soluble manures, Peruvian guano, for instance, and similar materials, have been applied, the crops are growing vigorously.

Nor let it be forgotten that the rain brings down the ammonia, which, in dry states of the atmosphere, will float undisturbed; and this falling, as well as the soluble supply below, would of course aggravate the cause of injury.

But what can now be done, with the meadows ripe, and not one-half or one-third of a crop? We say, free your pastures at once, and put in the whole of the stock, if rain has come, and eat up the meadows thoroughly bare. This will simply relieve the pastures, and afford them the chance of an entire new growth. The meadow, with their small produce, will soon be eaten up; and let a dressing of two or three cwt. of the best guano be then applied to them, and a beautiful new crop, and not very late, will yet be secured. The mowing machine and hay-maker will soon get it, even if it should clash with the harvest; but we are clear that on all kinds of land more produce, with the present crop given in, will be obtained by such a course, and the present crop will be very acceptable of itself. The fog, or aftermath, has also every prospect of being better after thus supplying the deficiency of the year.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, CAPS, &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country that he is just receiving the

Largest and most complete stock of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.,

Ever before offered in this Market,

which he offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES. His Stock is fresh, and direct from the manufacturer's and importer's hands, and consists exclusively of the best, from the FINEST FRENCH LADIES GAITERS DOWN TO A PLANTATION BROGAN. He will make no superfluous remarks about prices; all he asks is a trial. "Quick sales and short profits" being the principle on which he intends conducting his business, and his terms will be CASH to all callers. Planters, Dealers, and others are invited to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. His stock of Ladies and Gents' FINE BOOTS and SHOES cannot be surpassed, as to quality or price, this side of New York. Give us a call.

CLARENCE JOHNSTON,
Sign of the Big Boot,
Mint street, Charlotte.
September 27, 1853. 35-1m

Corn Shellers and Ploughs.

MADE expressly for the South,
IRWIN, HUGGINS & CO.

Carriages at the Old Stand of S. & J. Gilbert.

S. & E. M. GILBERT continue the Carriage Business at the above stand, Nos. 39 and 41, Wentworth street, where they will be pleased to exhibit to their old friends and customers a very extensive stock of Vehicles, comprising those of their own manufacture, together with various other styles usually found in this market. Their long acquaintance with this market, as manufacturers and dealers will enable them to offer great inducements to purchasers both in styles and prices.

Charleston, October 18. 37one year.

New Firm.

THE undersigned having associated themselves together as Saddlers as well as Harness Manufacturers, have formed a copartnership under the name and style of

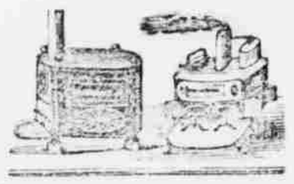
TINNING BUSINESS

and all other branches appertaining thereto, and are now in operation in the room recently occupied by Charlotte Iron Works, where they will be pleased to receive the patronage of their friends and the public generally.

Roofing and Guttering.

Persons desirous of having any thing in their line, may rely upon obtaining it at the shortest possible notice.

R. W. MOORE.
D. H. BYERLY.



We have just received a fine assortment of

PARLOR, COOKING & SHOP STOVES,

which we are desirous of selling at a very small profit for CASH.

April 30, 1853. 31-6m

PROSPECTUS FOR 1854.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST
UNRIVALLED ARRAY OF TALENT.

The proprietors of the Post, in again coming before the public, would return thanks for the generous patronage which has placed them for many years at the head of every other family weekly in America. And, as the only return for such unbounty support, their arrangements for 1854 have been made with a degree of liberality probably unequalled in the history of American newspaper literature. They have engaged as contributors for the ensuing year the following brilliant array of talent and genius:

Mrs. Southworth—Emmerson Bennett—Mrs. Denison—Grace Greenwood and Fanny Fern.

In the first paper of January next, we design commencing an original Novelet, written expressly for our columns, entitled

THE BRIDE OF THE WILDERNESS,
BY EMMERSON BENNET,
Author of "Viola," "Clara Moreland," "The Forged Will."

This Novelet, by the popular author of "Clara Moreland," we design following by another called

THE STEP-MOTHER,
BY MRS. MARIA A. DENISON,
Author of "Home Influence," "Gertrude Russell," &c.

We have also the promise of a number of

SKETCHES *by Grace Greenwood,*

Whose facile pen will be almost exclusively employed upon the Post and her own "Little Pilgrim."

Mrs. Southworth—whose fascinating works are read by many (especially in England)—has with characteristic zeal and energy connected with the Post. The next story from her gifted pen will be entitled,

MIRIAM, THE AVENGER,
Or the Fatal Vow,
BY EMMA D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH,
Author of "Home Influence," "The Lost Heiress," "The Forged Will," &c.

And Fanny Fern is engaged to contribute to the columns of the Post exclusively—thus securing to subscribers the services of the most popular writer in the country.

NEW SERIES OF SKETCHES,
BY FANNY FERN,
Author of "Fern Leaves," &c.

We expect to be able to commence the Sketches by Fanny Fern—as well as the series by Grace Greenwood—the early numbers of the coming year.

Essays, Tales, Foreign Correspondence, Agricultural Articles, Fine Steel Engravings, Reports, Tale of Mystery, &c., &c., will be regularly given.

☞ Cheap Postage. The Post go on the Post to any part of the United States, when paid quarterly in advance, is only 26 cents a year.

Terms.—The terms of the Post are Two Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

4 copies, $5 per annum.
8 " (And one to the getter up of the club) $10
13 " (And one to the getter up of the club) $15
20 " (And one to the getter up of the club) $20

The money for clubs always must be sent immediately. Specimens may be sent at our risk—Where the name is forgotten, a full address is requested, if possible—the cost of which may be deducted from the amount. Address

DEACON & PETERSON,
No. 66, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

☞ N. B.—Any person desirous of receiving a copy of the Post, will please write us, and he accommodated by notifying the publishers by letter, (post paid.)

FAIRBANKS' Platform SCALES.

Long known—Severely tested—Always right—The Acknowledged Standard.

Railroad, Hay, Coal, and Farmers' SCALES, set in any part of the country, at short notice.

AGENTS.

Geo. C. Ewing, 21 Charles Street Baltimore.
Fairbanks & Co., 89 Water St., N. Y.

24,000 YDS. CALICO, all prices, bought before the advance.

IRWIN, HUGGINS & CO.,
No. 1, Granite Row.

Wanted Immediately,

100 COLORED or WHITE MINERS, for which liberal and punctual wages will be paid. Those accustomed to working in mines of course preferred. Apply at once to any of the following gentlemen at the different mines, or to the subscriber at his office in Charlotte; To Mr. James Elwood at the McGinn and Capps' Hill mines; To A. C. Miller at the Alexander mine; To John C. Dickinson at the Howie and Lawson mines, in Union County, or to M. Stevens at the Washington mine, adjoining the Lawson and Howie mines. For further particulars apply to

JOHN E. PENMAN,
Mining agent and Superintendant for the Charlotte Copper Company, office over Trotter's Jewelry store.

Charlotte, Oct. 4. 35tf

Fashionable Tailoring.

THE Subscribers, as this method of informing the public and "the rest of mankind," that they have commenced the above business in Charlotte, in Spring's new brick building, (room No. 4, where they will be happy to receive calls from gentlemen who are desirous of having their clothes made in a SUPERIOR and workmanlike manner, and with strict regard to the prevailing styles. Such is the Northern Cities. Their knowledge of the business and the facilities they have of receiving an early notice of all the changes of Style and Fashion, warrant them in saying that they can at any time produce an article equal in every respect to those made in New York and Philadelphia.

R. M. ROBINSON.
NEIL WILKINSON.

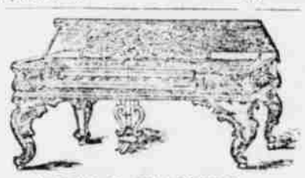
September 6. 3..

That piece of CLOTH!

WE have the finest piece BROAD CLOTH this side of New York. Call and see it.

ROBSEON & REA.

September 13. 32.



PIANO FORTES.

BEING appointed agent of Newman, Brother & Son's Pianos, I am prepared to furnish any order that may be desired for these celebrated Iron Frame Pianos. Messrs. Newman have been manufacturing for a number of years for themselves, have sold many each, and I would recommend any person desirous of obtaining a fine toned and stable instrument to call up on me and I will explain the advantages of these instruments over others. The class of instrument does not require tuning as often as some. Pianos neither do they twist or draw up after being used for 3 or 4 years. Terms moderate. Call before purchasing on the subscriber.

J. H. ENNISS,
Agent for Newman's Pianos, Charlotte N. C.

To the citizens of Mecklenburg and adjoining counties.

THE undersigned having Minerals of any kind on their land, if they would take the trouble of bringing them to John E. Penman's office in Charlotte, he would take pleasure in examining them; and if valuable, would go and examine the land, and make a report of the same, which could be entered in a book in the office of Captain Penman, and a record of the Mines or mining interests of Western North Carolina, and thereby become the property of the owner. It would be of vast benefit to have a large and correct record of the Mines or mining interests of Western North Carolina, and thereby decrease the Business of the Clerks of the County Courts.

June 8, 1853. 19-

☞ **Notice.**

ALL persons indebted to me by Note or Book Account, are requested to come forward and pay, as my affairs require it, and not admit of indulgence. I will be found at the corner, formerly occupied by M. W. Robinson, as a Grocery, in the first room above. Neither no one else may now be expected.

A. C. STEELE.

June 29 1853. 22-

Sign of the Big Boot.

CHARLES T. EBERHARD & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers, friends and vicinity, that they still carry on the

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING,

at their old stand two doors below David Parker's store, and nearly opposite Kerr's Hotel, where, they are prepared to execute all work in their line in the neatest and most fashionable manner. They will warrant their work to be made of the best material and to wear as well as any in the section. Being of master workmen and experienced hands, they are determined to merit it.

As one of the firm will go North once or twice a year, purposely to purchase Leather, they always intend to have the best that can be bought at the North, and they will be able to sell better and cheaper Work than any other shop in the section of country. ☞ GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

☞ A supply of all kinds of READY MADE WORK always on hand.

Sept. 8, 1852 33-

J. F. Gilmer,
Druggist and Apothecary,

HAS just received and opening a fresh and large supply of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFF, CUTTY, THOMSONIAN MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS AND COLOGNE.

together with a large supply of Fine Brushes, Pouch Boxes, also a large assortment of Surgical Instruments, Surgical Instruments, &c., &c., and a large variety of other articles usually kept in such stores.

Having been engaged in the business for the last nine or ten years, at the same old stand, it would be unnecessary and unprofitable to give a long list of articles "kicking along and that are now here and gone to stay," but will only mention that Hodges & Williamson having lately commenced near "North Carolina Whig," in the place of the old humble "Charlotte Journal," thus to their gain in removal and made glad so many hearts, on every such a removal mark, I thought I would be doing outrageous and unbecoming wrong if I did not remember them. I intend to merit the same favor from them. I intend to keep on hand a full supply of

To those who have so liberally patronized me for the last space of years, I feel much grateful and shall endeavor, with assistance, to merit a continuance of their favors. Being confident that I can be to their advantage and interest, I am still engaged carrying on business in Charlotte, on Main street, next door to J. B. Love's Hotel, and nearly opposite Neal Brem's new building.

May 18, 1852 17-

Removal.

WE have purchased from Brem & Johnston their Stock of GOODS and removed to their large Store, where we are receiving the largest stock of all kinds of GOODS in Western North Carolina. We would respectfully add that our facilities for selling Goods are such that we defy competition.

IRWIN, HUGGINS & CO.,
No. 1, Granite Row.

September 15, 1853. 32-f

New Goods.

HAVING returned from New York with the most splendid stock of

Gentlemen's Furnishing GOODS

ever exhibited in this market, we offer the public on the most liberal terms suits of CLOTHES made to order by the best workmen in the State, and warranted to fit.

—ALSO—

Cravat, Collars, Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

We ask an examination of our Stock and Work.

ROBESON & REA.

September 13, 1853. 32

N B Mr. Alsobrook is in our employment as cutter. R. & R.

Gold Mine for Sale,

THE Tract of Land known as Stevens' GOLD MINE,

Consisting of 360 acres, situate in Lancaster District, about 7 miles east of Lancasterville is offered for sale. Upon the same is a valuable Gold Mine with slate vein, which has been worked to a small extent for the last 15 years, yielding fair wages. To a capitalist who would erect suitable machinery, it is believed a fortune may be realized. The gold veins appear to be extensive and may be found upon several acres of the Land. Terms liberal and accommodating. For further information, address the undersigned at Lancaster C. H. S. C.

WM. STEVENS.

August 30, 1853. 14-

NORTH-CAROLINA Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White Persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life $5,000.—Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for 3/4 their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President.
William D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
William H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician.
J. Heinsohn, General Agent.

All Losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proofs are presented.

Books and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operations of the Company, may be had on application at the Office or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to

JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

July 7 1852 33-1y

A. C. WILLIAMSON,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WILL practice in this and the adjoining counties and will attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. Office on Tryon street below Boyd's old Tavern.

Charlotte, January 26, 1852. 1tf

J. M. Davidson, M. D.

OFFERS his Professional Services to the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country. His Office is in the corner Building, near the residence of Wm. Johnston, Esq., where he can always be found when not professionally engaged.

A NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the citizens of the community that they have opened a

New Medical, Drug AND Chemical STORE

in Charlotte, next door to Fullings & Co's Clothing Store, where they will be pleased to compound and dispense such Family Prescriptions and Medicines as may be desired. Although entire strangers in this vicinity, they trust by care and unremitted attention to business, to merit the confidence and patronage of a portion of this community. A complete assortment of every article in their line will be kept on hand together with a general stock of

Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Flesh Gloves, Congress Water, Garden Seeds, &c., Burning Fluid, Camphine, &c.

Physicians, Planters and Farmers, and all in want of articles in their line, will do well to call upon them and make such examinations as will be necessary to show the articles are of the best quality and at low prices.

FISHER & HEINETSH.

Charlotte, January 5 1853. 58tf

SADDLERS' AND COACH-MAKERS' HARDWARE, &c.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,

No 222 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

IMPORTERS of Dealers in Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, English Hames and Rein, Girth Webs, Stirrups, Hames Rein, Nut Springs, Axles of all kinds, Coach Lace, BENT FELLOWS, Hubs, Spokes, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Patent Canvass, Carpeting, and every article connected with either branch of the business, which they are prepared to offer to punctual customers on as good terms as any other house in the United States.

Agents for the sale of Price's Self Adjusting PORTABLE and Spanish's BIG TREES.

☞ Orders promptly executed. Address

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,
No. 222 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.

December 15 1852 47- Y

HOUSES & SIGN PAINTING And Paper Hanging.

ALL orders from a distance will be attended to. J. W. RAINEY.

Charlotte, N. C. no 1—tf

JOB PRINTING.

THE Proprietors of the North Carolina Whig are prepared to execute all Job Work in the neatest manner.

200 PAIR of Negro and Bed BLANKETS, bought before the advance.

IRWIN, HUGGINS & CO.

Stoves! Stoves! STOVES!!

THE Subscriber is now receiving and will continue to receive throughout the season, the largest and most complete stock of

Cooking, Parlour and Box STOVES

ever brought to this market. Those wishing to purchase will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to sell LOWER than they have ever been offered in this place before. Also, a general assortment of

PLAIN AND JAPANNED TIN-WARE,

always on hand and for sale, either wholesale or retail, as low as can be bo't in this section of country. JOB WORK such as

Roofing, Guttering, Stove Pipe, &c.

executed at the shortest notice.

☞ ORDERS for either Stoves, Tin-ware, or Job Work punctually attended to.

SAM'L. T. WRISTON.

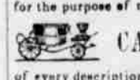
September 6, 1853. 32-1

NEW FIRM.

WE would respectfully announce to the public, that we have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of

OVERMAN & WILSON,

for the purpose of manufacturing



CARRIAGES

of every description.

We promise faithful work, in a workmanlike manner, and a work none in the South shall surpass us.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED.

☞ REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on the most moderate terms.

☞ Shop on Tryon and Church Streets, nearly opposite to Kerr's Hotel.

C. OVERMAN.
C. WILSON.

Charlotte, July 6, 1852. 25tf

Charleston and Florida Steam Packets.

United States Mail Line.

SEMI WEEKLY.

Connecting with the New York Steamer each way.

THE CAROLINA, L. M. Coxetter master, will leave every *Saturday Afternoon*, at 3 o'clock, touching at Jacksonville, Picolata and Palatka, on the St. John's River; returning, will arrive in Charleston on *Wednesday*.

The FLORIDA, Charles Willy master, will leave on *Tuesday afternoon* of each week, at same hour, and, in addition to the above ports, will stop at Black Creek; returning, will arrive on *Saturday Morning*. Due notice will always be given when the Carolina makes an extra trip to St. Augustine. It is only considered necessary to say that these boats have been built especially for this trade, and are commanded by the most experienced navigators.

Fare to Jacksonville, - - $8
Fare to Palatka, - - $10

For Freight or Passage, apply on board, at Southern wharf, or to

JOHN W. CALDWELL, 89 East Bay.

February 16, 1853. 34J

Charlotte and South-Carolina RAIL-ROAD.

THE PASSENGER TRAIN is now running daily, (Sundays excepted) from Columbia to Charlotte.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Columbia,	7.00 a.m.	Leave Charlotte	7.00 a.m.
Ridgeway,	8.50 "	Morrows',	7.45 "
Winnsboro',	9.40 "	Fort Mills,	8.05 "
Yongesville,	10.20 "	Ebenezer,	8.45 "
Blackstock,	10.35 "	Chesterville,	10.25 "
Chesterville,	11.45 "	Blackstock,	11.05 "
Ebenezer,	12.55 p.m.	Yongesville,	11.20 "
Fort Mills,	1.35 "	Winnsboro'	12.10 p.m.
Morrows',	2.20 "	Ridgeway,	12.50 "
Arri. Charlotte,	2.40 "	Arr. Columbia,	1.35 "

The FREIGHT TRAINS run daily, leaving Columbia and Charlotte at 7.15 a. m.

There is a daily line of 4 horse STAGES from Charlotte to Salisbury, connecting with the trains.

From Chesterville a line of stages runs in connection with the cars on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, to Unionville, Glenn Springs, and Spartanburg.

C. BOUKNIGHT, *Agent.*

November 3, 1852. 41tf

JOHN HARTY'S

NEW CARRIAGE SHOP.

THE Subscriber is now happy to inform the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country, that he has moved into his New Shop, on College street, immediately back of Saddlers Hotel where he is now ready to attend to all business in his line. He has got the best of Workmen, and is therefore determined to do the best, and most fashionable work, ever put up in this town—and at moderate prices.

☞ REPAIRING done neatly and in a durable manner, by calling at the shop of

JOHN HARTY.

December, 22, 1852. 48—tf

DR. STRONG'S PECTORAL STOMACH PILLS.

A remedy for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Disease of the Heart, Pleurisy of all kinds, Obstructed and painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Pain in the Chest, Back and Side, and all diseases arising from a deranged state of the Stomach, and to relieve the distress and bad feeling from eating too hearty food, in weak and dyspeptic habits.

WARRANTED TO BE PURELY VEGETABLE.

These Pills act as an expectorant, tonic, and aperient, and are designed to supersede the use of the various cough mixtures, in the form of Expectorants, Syrups, Balsams and Sarsaparillas of the present day, being what the public have long needed, and put at such a low price that all will be able to obtain them. One box of these pills, which costs but 25 cents, possesses four times the power of curing the diseases for which they are recommended, than the high priced, one dollar bottles of any of the expectorants, syrups, balsams, or sarsaparillas now before the public—and a fair trial of them will convince any one of the truth of this statement.

They possess a properties peculiarly adapted to restore the lungs and vital organs to a healthy state. They loosen and discharge all the morbid secretions, assist greatly the expectoration, and render the lungs free from that effete matter which characterizes all these diseases; and the proprietor feels authorized to state, from personal observation, and witnessing the astonishing effects of these pills on a multitude of cases, that there is not another remedy in the whole Materia Medica capable of imparting such healing properties to the lungs and vital organs as these pills.

Each box contains 25 pills.—Price 25 cents.

☞ Be careful to inquire for Dr. STRONG'S Pectoral Stomach Pills. They are for sale in—

Charlotte, by J. F. GILMER,
and PRITCHARD & CALDWELL.
and in Concord, by
J. H. HODGENS & CO.

DR. STRONG'S COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS.

WARRANTED TO BE PURELY VEGETABLE.

HEALTH is too important to be trifled with; yet we find persons every day who give the most careful attention to their ordinary business pursuits, yet neglect that which is far more important to them, *their health.* If these invaluable Pills were kept on hand by every family, and resorted to on the first symptoms of disease, they would save many a valuable life now dead by delay. They are a most superior Medicine in the cure of all *Bilious Complaints, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Scrofula, Loss of Appetite, and all lingering diseases.*

They purify the blood, equalize the circulation, restore the Liver, Kidneys, and other Secretory Organs to a healthy tone and action; and from their tonic effects, prevent that general prostration and debility of the stomach and intestines that is so often the consequence of a free use of other purgative medicines. Hence as a Female Medicine, they have no equal, and when taken according to the directions, they never fail to cure the very worst cases of Piles, after all other remedies fail. They act in concert with nature, and assist her in her efforts to overcome disease; they must, therefore, exert an influence all-powerful in preserving and restoring the general health. They have been used in every form of disease, and in various climates and their excellence proved, in cases where medical skill and many boasted remedies had failed to afford relief. Diseases that seemed the most opposite in their nature, have yielded with equal facility to their use, and cures have been effected in cases that seemed beyond hope. Nor is it strange that such should be the case, for all diseases, however differently named, disorganize the secretions, and impair the vitality of the blood.

A medicine, therefore, that is purely vegetable, and aids nature to restore these important functions to a healthy state, must prove of service in all forms of disease.

DR. STRONG'S COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS, possess these rare virtues, and are therefore not a mere purgative medicine, but a general remover of disease, a purifier of the blood, and a strengthener of the system.

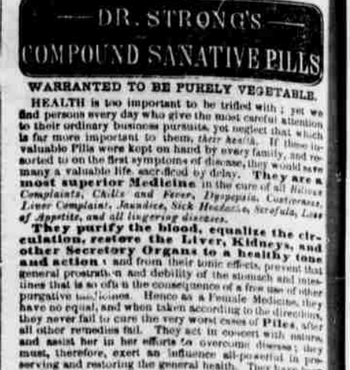
Those who have once tried these Pills never afterwards feel willing to be without them, which is sufficient proof of their good qualities.

Each box contains 25 pills. Price 25 cents.

Be careful to inquire for *Dr. Strong's Compound Sanative Pills.* They are for sale in—

Charlotte by J. F. GILMER,
and PRITCHARD & CALDWELL.
and in Concord by
J. H. HODGENS & CO.

THE GREAT KENTUCKY SOUTHERN REMEDY.



DR. JOHN BULL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

IT is put up in full quart bottles, and contains the strength of six times as much pure Honduras Sarsaparilla as any similar preparation in America. Price, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

It has been a well-established fact, for years past, that Sarsaparilla, when pure and properly prepared was the only true panacea for all diseases originating from an impure state of the blood, the use of mercury, intoxicating drinks, evil habits in youth, barrenness, etc. The history of the SARSAPARILLA in the cure of all these diseases, has been so great that it almost surpasses belief. Its wonderful virtues have been proved in the cure of thousands, who had suffered for years with Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Mercurial Disease, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Piles, Fever and Ague, Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Sore Throat, Dimness of Sight, Pain in the Side, Back and Limbs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Female Irregularities, Gravel, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Nervous Affections, Headache, Pain in the Head, Dizziness, Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Apprehension of Evil, Confusion of Ideas, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Blotches on the Face, Disagreeable Breath, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits, can be effectually cured by taking this Sarsaparilla.

Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla is the Greatest Curative Agent in the known World.

This medicine, when used according to directions, will cure, without fail,—

Scrofula, or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Pustules, Blotches, Sores, Ring worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice, Costiveness, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities and Complaints, Bad Blood, Nervous Headache, Low Spirits, Night Sweats, Exposure or Imprudence in Life, Chronic Constitutional Diseases, and is a Spring and Summer Drink, and General Tonic for the System, and a Gentle and Pleasant Purgative, far superior to Blue Lick or Congress Water, Saline, or Seltzina