



CHARLOTTE:

Tuesday, January 12, 1858.

Intendant and Commissioners.

The following gentlemen were elected yesterday as Intendant and Commissioners for the Term of Charlotte for the present year.

FOR INTENDANT, DAVID PARKS, Esq.

FOR COMMISSIONERS, ROBERT F. DAVIDSON, JOHN HARTY, ALLEN CRUSE, EMOR GRAHAM, SAMUEL BLAIR.

OUR OPINION.

The Raleigh Register has expressed the opinion that the Whig and American party should have no candidate for Governor during the present canvass...

At a meeting of the Presbyterian Congregation in this place, a short time ago, the following resolutions were adopted...

Resolved, By the Congregation of the Presbyterian Church in the town of Charlotte, that the thanks of the congregation be and are hereby tendered to Andrew Bell...

At a meeting of the Trustees of Chapel Hill on the 24th instant, Prof. W. B. Martin was elected to succeed the Rev. Dr. Mitchell.

The Treasurer of the State advertises for sale, \$104,000 N. C. State Bonds...

The trustees of the "True American Ticket" in Fayetteville, for Wayne and Commissioners, was elected on the 5th inst.

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Death of Talcott Burr, Jr. We regret to learn from the notice below, of the death of the Editor of the Wilmington Herald...

At his father's residence in this place, at 7 o'clock last evening of Thursday, TALCOTT BURR, Junr, aged 38 years and 3 months.

Thus, in the prime of life, in the midst of an active, useful and honorable career, and in the enjoyment of all that could make the present happy, and the future bright...

Of what avail now the bitter tears of a bereaved family, the sorrowing regret of a host of friends, the general sympathy of even his enemies?

The sad faces which pervade our community in these sad days of the year, and the soft and gentle tones in which his name is now everywhere heard...

About seven years ago he established the Wilmington Herald which was published semi-weekly for about three years, and then was converted into a daily journal.

The vessel in which he left the port of Mobile for Nicaragua on the 14th of November last was regularly cleared by a United States officer...

At the moment of success, by the intervention of Commodore Paulding, the Nicaragua flag was again hoisted down on Nicaragua sail by the orders of the United States Navy.

General Walker concludes by assuring the President that, through good or evil report, and in the face of all obstacles, he and his companions will still labor unceasingly to regain what has been wrongfully wrested from them.

Both Houses re-assembled on Monday the 11th. In the Senate, a resolution was adopted requesting the President to communicate all correspondence, instructions, orders or other information bearing upon the Walker expedition and arrest.

Mr. Pugh, Dem., of Ohio, offered a Kansas "compromise." His bill admitted Kansas under the Leecompton Constitution, but provided for the re-submission of the "slavery article" to a direct vote of the people...

Mr. Brown, of Mississippi, renewed the Kansas debate, but owing to an attack of vertigo yielded the floor.

On Tuesday, a bill providing compensation for French Spoliations prior to 1800 was introduced and referred to a select committee.

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Gen. Walker and the Administration. General Walker has written a letter to the President. We have not seen it, but we give the following condensed account of what he has to say in vindication of himself from the Wilmington Herald.

After reciting his letter to the President, dated the 15th of June last, in which he complained ineffectually of the seizure, by a United States officer, (Commander Davis) of a Nicaraguan vessel in a Nicaraguan port, he declares that his past conduct in Nicaragua and elsewhere has been falsified by irresponsible statements through the press, and also to official communications.

The implication contained in the President's late message, that his first expedition from California to Nicaragua was illegal, he denies, and alleges that it was with the entire approval of Government officers, who lent him their assistance.

Having become a forced exile from Nicaragua, by the illegal act of an officer from the United States Navy, he declared publicly his intention to return, and he did not then contemplate, nor has he since committed any offence against the neutrality law, which he was once accused by a United States district attorney of having violated...

The vessel in which he left the port of Mobile for Nicaragua on the 14th of November last was regularly cleared by a United States officer, and it was not supposed that naval officers would undertake to restrain American commerce, in the absence of Federal law, by detaining a vessel having such legal papers.

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annual amounts that have been granted to the States, to corporations, to companies, and to individuals, with the dates of the grants and appropriations, and for what purpose granted; also, the amounts paid to the several States, respectively, as a percentage on the sums received by the United States upon the sales of the public lands, and that he report also the amount of public lands yet remaining to the United States.

On Tuesday, a long discussion occurred on Mr. Quitman's motion to refer to a select committee that part of the President's message relating to the neutrality law. Mr. Quitman Mr. Stephens, of Ga., and Mr. Keith, of S. C., spoke strongly in condemnation of Walker's arrest.

Walker was not a fugitive from justice; for, when brought back on his parole, and delivered to the executive, he was told "to go in peace." He should be put back in statu quo ante bellum.

The House on Wednesday several resolutions from the committee of Foreign Relations, calling for the correspondence between this government and Paraguay and Brazil were presented and after being amended so as to include Nicaragua, was adopted.

The House went into committee of the whole on the President's Annual Message. Mr. Maynard withdrew his amendment offered at a previous sitting, and in lieu thereof moved that the subject of the neutrality laws be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

This led to a very lengthy discussion and the consent of Gen. Walker was contended and defended. The committee rose without making any reference.

The string of the House on Thursday was consumed by the discussion on the Neutrality laws and Kansas affairs.

J. Clancy Jones gave notice that in one hour after the committee shall again resume the consideration of the President's annual message, and he would demand the previous question, and the House then adjourned until Monday.

The President and Gen. Paulding. The President's message to the Senate, transmitting the correspondence in his possession in relation to the arrest of General Walker, remarks, "inspecting Gen. Walker and his command after they had landed on the soil of Nicaragua, Com. Paulding has, in my opinion, committed a grave error."

It is quite evident, however, from the communications herewith transmitted, that what was done from pure and patriotic motives and in the sincere conviction that he was promoting the interests and vindicating the honor of his country.

Is before us, and its high character for being an interesting periodical is fully sustained. It is also one of the cheapest in the country, being offered at \$2 in advance.

The Legislature of Maryland was organized on the 7th instant. Two important bills were introduced and referred—one for calling a convention to form a new Constitution, the other relating to Banks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. FROM KANSAS.—Advises received at this city from Kansas state that over seven thousand votes were cast for the Leecompton Constitution—a majority, it is believed, of all the votes in the Territory.

ST. LOUIS, January 8. THE UTAH EXPEDITION.—Dates have been received at this city from Fort Kearney to the 23d ult. Col. Johnson, commanding the United States army for Utah, was at Fort Bridger. Cook had also arrived.

LONG REQUEST.—Mr. John Thornton, who died in St. Louis a few days ago after long suffering property to his relatives, and \$145,000 to various churches and institutions, bequeathed the balance of his property, about \$200,000 to Bishop Kenrick, the Catholic Bishop of that city in the belief that he would apply it for the benefit of the indigent and to advance the cause of religion.

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From our Correspondent. CHARLESTON, Jan. 8, 1858. The weather is wet, warm and disagreeable, and colds and coughs are quite prevalent, your correspondent being afflicted with a first rate article in that line, and one that "cleeks closer than a brother."

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MONEY MATTERS. NEW YORK, January 5. The specie actually in bank is computed at over twenty millions of dollars. On Wednesday, a heavy shipment will be made to Liverpool of at least \$1,500,000, and perhaps \$2,000,000.

The bank returns show an increase under every head. The deposits have increased on account of the preparation for dividends. The loans have been increased over \$600,000. The amount of Metropolitan Bank certificates is \$3,440,000.

The foreign exchange market is firmer. Demand notes 110 for sterling 60 day bills and 5 1/2 for francs. Pickersgill asks 109 1/2 for sterling bills, Mathew Morgan & Son and Brown & Brothers, 109 1/2, and good mercantile bills are in the market at 109 1/2 to 108.

Exchange at the present time is less abundant. We now quote on New York and Boston at 1 1/2 a two cent premium; Philadelphia 1 1/4 do. Exchange on London 12 1/2 to 13 per cent premium in the Baltimore funds. Virginia bank notes 1 1/4 to 2 per cent discount; North Carolina 3/4 to 4 per cent do. Gold 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 premium.

PHILADELPHIA, January 5. The money market is comparatively easy—capital being accessible on the street at 9 1/2 to 10 per cent, with the tightness of security.

LONDON, December 18. The position of the Bank of England is daily becoming very strong, and money is quite abundant on doors, but only on first rate broker's paper, which may be discounted at 8 1/2 per cent. But the losses making and to be made on produce are frightful, and must yet pull down many houses, and in the manufacturing districts they are beginning to feel the effects.

The Bank of England has increased its bullion in one week \$1,281,300 sterling, or \$7,900,000, and is still continuing to increase its stock. The rates of discount are receding at all places in Europe—even in Hamburg, where borrowers have all at once disappeared.

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A PARTINENT SPEECH.—During the debate in the House of Representatives Tuesday, the Walker question elicited following pertinent remarks:

Mr. Loring (Ill.) said that if the traitry laws were changed he would be in favor of the measure. He protested against this attempt to elevate into honor a murderer, murderer and pirate, who had been disturbing the peace of neighboring nations.

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