Sunday Reading.

THE GREAT QUESTION.

"What must I do to be saved?" Saved from what? Not from misery merely, but from sin.

Sin contemplates us as subjects of God's moral government, and as offenders in it.—It is an offence against an Almighty Sovereign; it is rebellion against his throne; it is disobedience to his law.

The law is felt to be "holy, just, and good," as well as tremendous. Its Excellence is essential to its authority. It is reasonable and right; it ought to be obeyed; and we are entirely inexcusable for not obeying it. It is adapted to our faculties, and makes no demand beyond their natural capacity. No provision of grace is necessary to render the law reasonable and just. Its sentence of condemnation would have been perfectly vindicated, if no Saviour with his grace had ever appeared.

Made to feel through the Spirit, that we have to do with God and his law, and that we are justly condemned by them, we anxiously seek deliverance—deliverance not only from the condemnation, but from the power and pollution of sin. The odious nature, as well as the dreadful consequences of transgression, press upon our minds. A sense of violated obligation, as well as of wrath, makes us afraid. In a greater or less degree the evil of sin, the excellence of the law, the greatness, the glory, the purity, and the power of God, are apprehended as qualities with which we ourselves, in our personal history, are concerned. Whether realized or not, all these elements belong to the genuine conviction. There is a sense of ill desert, as well, as of danger.—We feel that the law is not an arbitrary enactment of a tyrant, but a most holy, wise, and reasonable rule, established by a benevolent though mighty King. It is fitting that, constituted as we are, we should love God and our fellow men. It is most reasonable that this duty should be performed to the whole extent of our natural capacity. Our awful guilt is, that with facilities to love and serve God, we have not done it. We can not plead that he hath laid upon us more than is right. We can not say that he has required brick without straw. If we had been bondslaves, the case would have been different. But we feel that as personal transgressors, we are without excuse. Our own conscience condemns us. There is something within us, which, when awakened, takes part with God and his law. We feel the anguish of a self-torment. Conscious of *ill-desert*, as well as of danger, we smite upon our breasts. We condemn ourselves; our mouths are stopped; we feel that God's sentence is just.

The generality of men do not feel these things, because, through the love of sin, they are in a profound slumber. They do not see themselves as God sees them.—Their callous minds need to be penetrated, as with a touch from Ithuriel's spear, by the truth and the Spirit of God. Then, feeling with whom we have to do, and what is the extent of his demands, we realize our wretchedness and guilt. We smite upon our own breasts as alone to blame.—*Christ Intelligencer.*

GOD'S REAL MOTIVE.

To represent God, as supremely governed by a benevolent regard to his creatures, is a splendid view of things, and pleasing to the pride of men. But it is a view of things, which when duly examined, originates in ignorance, or in a denial of the chief excellences of the Divine Being. If we admit the idea of a God of infinite perfection, it immediately follows, that this God must find in himself the object of his own highest love. And the consequence of this is, that in the government of created beings, his ultimate end must be his own glory.—And though supreme perfection excludes any mixture of malevolence; though it brings with it an overflowing of goodness which no finite mind can comprehend; yet, still that goodness, in a God supremely perfect, must act in harmony, yea in subordination, to those claims which a regard to his own honor and majesty justly render primary. Here let us bow to the sovereignty and supreme glory of Jehovah; let us submit to his wise and holy ways, and, instead of proudly demanding an unlimited exercise of goodness, let us account it infinite condescension, when he, in any case, humbles himself from so great a height, to regard the works of his hands; and still more, let it be matter of wonder to us, that God should unite together, in his dealings towards many created beings, his own glory, and their final unbounded happiness. For this is indeed the true infinity of Divine goodness; it is infinite because it is a stooping down from the height of infinite perfection, and, because it brings with it, as frequently as possible, the full communication to the creatures of that same infinite perfection. But this the profane amidst all their swollen expressions concerning Divine benignity, entirely lose sight of.—*Love's Dispensers.*

Pure (christian faith) is the only proper and adequate relief of decaying man.—He that grows old without religious hopes as he declines into imbecility, and feels pain and sorrows incessantly crowding upon him, falls into a gulf of bottomless misery, to which every reflection must plunge him deeper, and where he finds only new predictions of anguish and precipices of horror.—*Dr. Johnson.*

Do the best you can where you are, and when that is exhausted, God will open a door for you and a voice will call.—Come up higher, into a higher sphere.—*Anon.*

Agricultural.

A WELL CULTIVATED FARM.

Hon. Edward Everett, thus eloquently describes his *beau ideal* of a farm.

As a work of art, I know few things more pleasing to the eye, or more capable of affording scope and gratification to a taste for the beautiful, than a well situated, well cultivated farm. The man of refinement will hang, with never-wearied gaze on a landscape by Claude or Salvator; the price of a section of the more fertile land in the West would not purchase a few feet square of the canvass on which those great artists have depicted a rural scene. But nature has forms and proportions beyond the painter's skill; her divine pencil touches the landscape with living lights and shadows, never mingled on the pallet. What is there on earth which can more entirely charm the eye, or gratify the taste, than a noble farm? It stands upon a Southern slope, gradually rising with variegated ascent from the plain, sheltered from the North Western winds by woody heights broken here and there with moss covered boulders, which impart variety and strength to the outline. The native forest has been cleared from the greater part of the farm, but a suitable portion, carefully tended remains in wood for economical purposes, and to give a picturesque effect to the landscape. The eye ranges round three-fourths of the horizon over a fertile expanse,—bright with the cheerful waters of a rippling stream, generous river, or a gleaming lake;—dotted with hamlets, each with its modest square;—and, if the farm lies in the vicinity of the coast, a distant glimpse of the high grounds of the mysterious, everlasting sea, completes the prospect. It is situated off the highroad but near enough to the village to be easily accessible to the church, the school-house, the post-office, the railroad, a sociable neighbor, or a travelling friend. It consists in due proportion of pastures and tillage, meadow and woodland, field and garden. A substantial dwelling with everything for convenience and nothing for ambition,—with the fitting appendages of stable, and crib, and corn barn, and other farm buildings, not forgetting a spring house with a living fountain of water,—occupies upon a gravelly knoll, a position well chosen to command the whole estate. A few acres in the front and on the sides of the dwelling, set apart to gratify the eye with the choicer forms of rural beauty, are adorned with a stately avenue, with noble solitary trees, with graceful clumps, shady walks, a velvet lawn, a brook murmuring over a pebbly bed, here and there a grand rock, whose cool shadow at sunset streams across the field; all displaying in the real loveliness of nature, the original of those landscapes of which art, in its perfection, strives to give to the counterfeit presentment. Animals of select breed, such as Paul Potter, and Morland, Landseer, and Rosa Bonheur never painted, roam the pastures, or fill the hurdles and stalls, the plow walks in rustic majesty across the plain, and opens the genial bosom of the earth to the sun and air, nature's holy sacrament of seed time is solemnized beneath the vaulted cathedral sky; silent dews, and gentle showers, and kindly sunshine, shed their sweet influence on the teeming soil, springing verdure clothes the plain; golden wavelets, driven by the West wind, run over the joyous wheat field; the tall maize flaunts in her crispy leaves and nodding tassels; while we labor and while we rest, while we wake, while we sleep, God's chemistry, which we cannot see, goes on, beneath the elastic myriads and myriads of vital cells, ferment with elemental life; germ and stalk, and leaf and flower, and silk and tassel, and grain and fruit, grow up from the common earth—the mowing machine and the reaper—mute rivals of human industry—perform their gladsome task; the well-piled wagon brings home the ripen treasures of the year; the vow of promise fulfilled spans the picture, and the gracious covenant is redeemed, that while the earth remaineth, summer and winter, and heat and cold, and day and night, and seed time and harvest, shall not fail.

FATTENING SWINE.

The business of fattening swine is often rendered far more expensive than it need be. Many farmers feed only their best and most valuable grains and vegetables, and feed them raw. In this way a much larger quantity of food is required than would be necessary were the food prepared by boiling or steaming. Indian corn, fed whole, is always an expensive article in fattening any animal, and those who rely upon it exclusively for making pork, must not be surprised if their meat cost them more per pound than the sums is worth in the market. Many farmers are aware that the corn consumed by an animal will, if sold in the market at the common market price, purchase more pork than it will make. But by soaking poor corn, grinding it into meal, perhaps with the cobs, and cooking it either by boiling or steaming and when convenient mixing it with boiled potatoes, turnips, beets, carrots or pumpkins, all of which are highly nutritious, and salutary in their effects upon the general health, a very considerable and important saving may be made, and the pork, instead of being an expensive article of food, will be rendered an economical one.

REASONS WHY FARMERS ARE HEALTHIER THAN PROFESSIONAL MEN.

1. They work more, and develope all the leading muscles of the body.
2. They take their exercise in the open air, and breathe a greater amount of oxygen.
3. Their food and drinks are commonly less adulterated, and far more simple.
4. They do not over work their brain, as much as industrious professional men do.
5. They take their sleep, commonly, during the hours of darkness, and do not try to turn day into night.
6. They are not, commonly, so ambitious, and do not wear themselves out so rapidly in the fierce contest of rivalry.
7. Their pleasures are simple and less exhausting.

JINJER CAKE.—A small cup half full of butter; one and a half cups of sugar; two of flour; one cup nearly full of milk; half a teaspoonful of tartar, *sifted in the flour*.—The whites of four eggs, flavor with almond or what you prefer.

FOR PALATKA, FLA.
INLAND ROUTE, VIA BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD, SAVANNAH, BRUNSWICK, ST. MARY'S, FERNANDINA, JACKSONVILLE AND PICOLATA.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID U. S. MAIL

EVERGLADE,
L. M. COXETTER, MASTER,
LEAVES Brown & Co.'s Wharf every TUESDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and connects regularly with stages for Alligator, Madison, Tallahassee, St. Augustine, Orange Springs, Micanopy, Newnansville and Tampa Bay.
☞ A reduction made to emigration.
Freight consigned to this Agency will be reshipped FREE of charge.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEORGE S. ROUX, Agent,
Brown & Co.'s Wharf.
Charleston, Nov. 17, 1857. 1150

And still they Come.

Henderson & Ahrens
ARE now receiving their FALL and WINTER STOCK of
FANCY and STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
a large Stock of
CLOTHING,
embracing Coats, Vests and Pants, in every style and variety. Coats from $3 to $18, Pants and Vests at all prices. All qualities of
Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Ties, *Undershirts, &c., &c.*
Ladies Calfskin Boots at $1. Men's stout Shoes at $1 37½, fine quality stout Boots at $3, nice fine Boots and Shoes. Ladies Black Cloth Cloaks at $5, worth $7 50, also fancy and colored, in great variety.
Superfine French Merinoes, De Laines, Cashmeres, Debages, &c., Blankets, Linseys, Flannels, Tickings, Sheetings, Brown and Bleached Shirtings, &c.
Those wishing to supply themselves with any of the above Goods, and others not herein mentioned, will find it to their interest to examine our Goods and prices, before buying. Our Goods are offered at *UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.*
Store at Springs' Corner.
HENDERSON & AHRENS.
☞ A first rate assortment of GOODS may also be found at our Store at Monroe's Turn Out. Prices same as here.
Oct. 13, 1857. 33tf

New Millinery and Mantua Making
ESTABLISHMENT.
Mrs. P. M. SMITH
WOULD inform the public that she intends carrying on the above Business at her residence, next to the new Episcopal Church. She would also inform the Ladies that she has just received a supply of Bonnet Trimmings, consisting of
Flowers, Feathers, Bonches, &c.
She hopes by endeavoring to give satisfaction to those who may favor her with their custom, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.
Oct. 27, 1857. 35tf

Fresh Confectionaries, Fruits, Family Groceries, &c.
THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public generally, that he is now in receipt of a fresh supply of
CONFECTIONARIES, FRUITS AND FAMILY GROCERIES,
consisting of Candies, Oranges, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Nuts of various sorts, Cheese, Sugar, Coffee, &c., at his old stand, one door North west of Springs' corner and opposite J. W. Osborne's office, (Blair & Orr's old stand,) where he would solicit an early call from all of his old customers, and he will try so to conduct his business as to merit a share of their patronage.
Having purchased *cheap for Cash*, he will consequently be enabled to *sell cheap for Cash.*
M. D. L. MOODY.
Oct 13, 1857. 35tf

NEW GOODS AND NEW STORE.
J. R. STENHOUSE. JOHN STENHOUSE.
THE undersigned are now opening a large and well selected stock of
FAMILY GROCERIES,
in Springs' brick building, 2d door from Mr. J. Y. Boyce's Store, which they will sell low, by
Wholesale and Retail,
FOR CASH.
They will pay the **HIGHEST MARKET PRICES** for Cotton, Wheat and Country Produce generally.
J. R. STENHOUSE & CO.
Charlotte, Oct. 13, 1857. 33tf

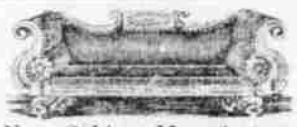
Valuable Plantation
FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale his Plantation, lying 3 miles South from Charlotte, containing 70 acres, and joining the Lands of Dr. Gibbon, Dr. Taylor and others. It has a good log dwelling house upon it, 2 good stables, 1 of which has a loft sufficient to hold roughness enough for 3 or 4 horses, a good well, &c. Upon this place is a first rate meadow. There is about 25 acres fenced on, about 15 of which is in a good state of cultivation. I think this place would suit any man in Charlotte, who is desirous of saving his beef, his pork, his chickens and eggs, and though last not least, all his corn and fodder. There is a great deal of pine wood nicely cleared up and a fine chance to cut pole, for which you can get 2 dollars per cord, delivered at the Charlotte mine or in Charlotte. This plantation is about 2 miles from the Charlotte mine, to which I can make 2 trips per day, every day that I make a full day's hauling, for which I get six dollars. Any person wishing to purchase this place can come and see me, living upon Big Sugar Creek, just above McDowell's bridge, near the Mount's Ferry road.
STEPHEN R. TURNER.
Nov. 3, 1857. 41tf

JOB PRINTING.
JOB PRINTING of all kinds will be neatly and expeditiously executed at the North Carolina Whig Office.

NORTH-CAROLINA Mutual Life Insurance Company.
OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the **Mutual Principle**, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one-half the amount of the premium, bearing interest at 6 per cent. without guaranty.
The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this company, together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.
Slaves are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two thirds their value.
All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.
DIRECTORS.
Charles E. Johnston, Wm. H. Jones, Wm. W. Holden, W. D. Cooke, J. G. Williams, H. W. Husted, Quentine Busbee, F. F. Forcum, Wm. H. McKee, K. P. Battle, Charles B. Root, D. G. Fowle, Rich'd H. Battle.
OFFICERS.
Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President.
W. W. Holden, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary.
Williams H. Jones, Treasurer.
H. W. Husted, Attorney.
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Medical Examiner.
Executive Committee—Q. Busbee, W. H. McKee, Charles B. Root.
Medical Board of Consultation—Charles E. Johnson, M. D., William H. McKee, M. D. Rich'd B. Haywood, M. D.
For further information, the public is referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.
Communications should be addressed, (post paid) to,
R. H. BATTLE, *Secretary.*
September 8, 1857. 28tf

JOHN HENRY WAYT, M. D.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
(GRADUATE OF THE BALTIMORE COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY.)
HAVING located permanently, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity.
Dr. Wayt prepares and inserts Artificial Palates and obturators, and attends to the correction of congenital and accidental deformities of the teeth and jaws.
He is also prepared to insert Artificial Teeth after the most approved methods.
Office on Tryon-street, in Carson's new building, Up Stairs.
Ladies waited on at their residences if required.
Nov. 18, 1856. 36tf

AMBROTYPE LIKENESSES.
THE public is respectfully informed that J. M. LANCASTER'S
AMBROTYPE GALLERY,
opposite J. T. & S. M. Blair's Grocery Store, in Springs' new brick building, is now open, where a colored Ambrotype can be procured at from 75 cents to $3.
Ladies and gentlemen are requested to call and examine his Specimens, and have a Likeness taken of themselves or children. Call early, as such an opportunity is seldom offered.
J. M. LANCASTER.
Charlotte, May 19, 1857. 12tf



New Cabinet Manufactory
IN CHARLOTTE, N. C.
BY
J. A. & M. S. OZMENT.
WHO having located themselves permanently in the STEAM SAW AND PLAINING MILL of J. Rudisill, for the purpose of
MANUFACTURING FURNITURE
of all descriptions, would respectfully invite the public to call and examine their stock before purchasing. Their work is put up in the best manner and warranted, and their facilities for getting up work are such that they feel confident they can please all who may favor them with their custom.
☞ ORDERS promptly attended to and warranted to give satisfaction.
Turning of all descriptions done in the best manner and at low prices, by
J. A. & M. S. OZMENT.
January 27 1857. 48—tf

New Store AND New Books.
PRESCOTT'S HORSEMAN'S CHARLES VIII.
CYCLOPEDIA OF AMERICAN LITERATURE, by Duyckinck.
EL GINGO OF NEW MEXICO AND HER PEOPLE, by W. W. H. DAVIS.
FALL FAIRE, OR PARTS OF A LIFE CLOSE UNVEILED—a novel by N. P. Willis.
THE TWO LOGETS.
VIOLET OR THE CROSS AND THE CROWN, by Mrs. McIntosh.
RILLS FROM THE FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, a book of Sermons that might be read with profit by any one, by Rev. R. Newton, D. D.
THE MYSTERY, OR EVIL AND GOOD, by John Young, LL. D.
THE HOUSEHOLD ABBIE, by DOMESTIC, by Mrs. Lee.
THE GOLDEN LEGACY.
THE MOSS; HIGHLANDERMAN; and THE POOR GENTLEMAN—three Tales copied in the volume.
FEMALE LIFE AMONG THE MORMONS.
DR. KANE'S ARCTIC EXPLORATION.
P. J. LOWRIE.
Charlotte, March 24, 1857.

New Establishment.
THE undersigned having established himself permanently in Charlotte, intends carrying on the following branches of business, viz:
Silver Plating, Gun and Locksmithing, Bell Hanging; Silver, Brass and all kinds of Metal Work repaired; Composition Mill Picks and Boxes of the most durable kind made, and warranted to be superior to any other kind for Mill and Factory purposes.
All of the above branches I warrant to turn out in a workmanlike style.
Church masters at a distance that wish to have their work done I will give particular attention to dispatching as soon as possible.
Persons who discharge shooting Guns altered from flint to percussion, or otherwise repaired, except stocking, will have them repaired and returned in the shortest time possible.
I could give any number of reference as to workmanship, but I think it unnecessary as I will leave the work to speak for itself. So send on your work as soon as possible all.
☞ JOBBING will be done.
Please give a call at my shop, North of the Central House and next door to Overman & Wilson's Carriage Shop.
JOHN M. MASON.
Charlotte March 19, 1856. 4tf

PROFESSIONAL CARD.
DR. E. M. COBB
WILL be pleased to receive Professional Calls in the departments of **MEDICINE and SURGERY.** Unless professionally absent, he may be found at his residence, Fort Mill Depot, York District, S. C.
Feb. 12, 1856. 1tf

☞ Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to be prepared with the amount they are our ns in a "few days," as settlements must be made.

JONAS RUDISILL.
P. S. WHISNANT.
Aug. 18, 1857. 25tf

NOTICE.
I will still be found at my Steam Planing Mill, prepared to fill all orders for
Sash, Blinds and Doors,
with as good Lumber as the country affords, expecting to devote my attention more particularly to my shop, and solicit orders for work in my line of business.
☞ Lumber dressed to order at short notice—prices moderate—paid upon delivery of the work.
J. RUDISILL.
Aug. 18, 1857.

In retiring from the firm heretofore existing under the name of Rudisill & Whisnant, I do so with the kindest feelings towards the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, and with the knowledge that the business will be carried on equally as expeditious as we have done.
P. S. WHISNANT.
Aug. 18, 1857.

☞ Notice.

THE CHARLOTTE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY continues to take risks against loss by Fire on Houses, Goods, Produce, &c., at usual rates.
☞ Office between Parks' Store and Brawley's Building.
OFFICERS.
M. R. TAYLOR, *President.*
C. OVERMAN, *Vice President.*
E. NYE HUTCHISON, *Sec'y & Treas'r.*
DIRECTORS:
M. R. TAYLOR, C. OVERMAN,
J. A. YOUNG, WM. JOHNSON,
J. H. CARSON, S. T. WRISTON,
F. SCARR.
May 19, 1853. 11tf

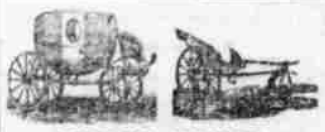
SANDFORD'S INVIGORATOR,
AS A LIVER MEDICINE.
THERE has long existed a demand for such a remedy that could be relied on as safe and effectual. This remedy has been prepared to meet that demand; and an extensive trial of its virtues has shown how universally it has accomplished the purpose designed. Among the complaints which have been specially cured by the use of the Invigorator, we so often *Liver Complaint* which is the cause of many other diseases—among which are, Biliousness, Headache, Pain in the Side and Limbs, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness and Irritability—all of which are caused by a diseased action of the Liver. The Invigorator is compounded with particular reference to the Liver, and when that disease is removed all the evil are cured, as the cause of them is taken away. A few doses of the Invigorator rarely ever fail to stimulate the Liver to a proper action, and by its continued use to remove the disease. It has been taken with great success in cases of Chills, Dysentery, &c., and for these it has been found a very efficacious remedy. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach to a healthy action and restores the appetite and vigor. One dose will relieve the oppressive uneasiness experienced by eating a hearty dinner, as it excites the digestive organs to vigorous action. For a debilitated state of the system the Invigorator has no equal which experience proves, as it restores the system and removes the yellowness from the skin, which is the result of a diseased Liver.
Prepared and sold by Sandford & Co., 188 Front st. New York. Price $1 per bottle, containing 40 doses. Also sold by
F. SCARR & CO., *Charlotte.*
November 11, 1856. 38-1y

Encourage Home Industry
HAVING PURCHASED the CONCORD FACTORY, I am prepared to fill all orders for
YARNS,
Ossnbergs, Shestings, Shirtings, Grain Bagging, Hucy Drilling,
Threshing Ropes, Bed cords, Well Ropes, Carpet Chain, Wrapping Twine.
I am making an article of bath for the purpose of **Shipping Flour,** Wheat and Corn. Farmers and Produce Buyers will find it to their advantage to see it. All orders from a distance will be attended to with promptness.
J. McDONALD.
Concord, Oct. 28, 1856. 36tf

S. M. HOWELL,

Saddle & Harness Manufacturer,
THREE DOORS SOUTH OF SADLER'S HOTEL,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THE subscriber thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the past year, has now made more extensive preparation for the future demand for work in his line, and will endeavor to furnish all that may want Saddles and Harness, with a superior article at the lowest possible prices. He has now on hand a very large assortment of
Saddles, Bridles, Harness,
Saddlery Hardware,
Whips, Buffalo Robes, Saddle Cloths,
Skirting, Hog Skins,
Patent Enamelled & Harness Leather,
together with every thing usually kept in my line of business.
☞ All kinds of Saddles and Harness made at the shortest notice.
☞ REPAIRING promptly executed.
S. M. HOWELL.
October 30, 1855. 37tf



NEW FIRM.
WE would respectfully announce to the public that we have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of
OVERMAN & WILSON
for the purpose of manufacturing
CARRIAGES
of every description.
We promise faithful work,—in a word, none in the South shall surpass us.
☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED.
☞ REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on the most moderate terms.
☞ Shop on Tryon and Church Streets, nearly opposite to Kerr's Hotel.
COVERMAN.
C. WILSON.
Charlotte July 8, 1857. 2tf

BLANK DEEDS for sale at this office.

WAIT FOR THE WAGGON.
WHY is it **A. A. N. M. TAYLOR** sells Stoves so cheap? Because he buyes his *STOVES* from the Manufacturers.
A. A. N. M. TAYLOR
Would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of CHARLOTTE and vicinity, that he has removed from their Old Stand, to one door West of T. M. Parrow's Grocery Store, where he has now on exhibition, just received from the North, one of the most extensive assortments of
STOVES
Ever offered in North-Carolina, among which will be found the celebrated
IRON WITCH AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE,
which has gained such a famous reputation in the Southern Country for the last eighteen months.—This Stove he warrants superior to any Cooking Stove now in use. It is simple in its arrangements, consumes less fuel, and does more work in a given time, than any other Stove now in use. He will put up one beside any other Stove of the same size in the United States, and if it does not do more work in a given time, he will forfeit the price of the Stove, and quit selling and go his death for the better one.
ALSO, ALL KINDS OF
PARLOR & BOX STOVES.
He has, and constantly keep on hand, an extensive and varied stock of
TIN AND SHEET IRON,
JAPAN AND BRITANNIA WARE,
BRASS KETTLES, CAST IRON BEDSTEADS,
HAT RACKS, CRADLES, &c., &c.,
All of which will be sold, Wholesale and Retail, cheaper than has ever been offered in this Vicinity.
I would return my thanks to my friends and customers for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon us, and they may rest assured, that I shall endeavor, by close attention to business together with a determination to please, to try and merit a continuance of the same.
HIS MOTTO IS "QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS."
Ladies and Gentlemen are particularly invited to call and examine his Stock.
ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK ATTENDED TO WITH DESPATCH.
N. B.—I will tell you why I head my advertisement "WAIT FOR THE WAGGON,"—it is because we have three waggons constantly travelling through the country with Stoves.
☞ *All orders will be faithfully and promptly attended to.* ☜
A. A. N. M. TAYLOR.
Charlotte, June 16, 1857. 3tf

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.
Dr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our *common pasture weeds* a remedy that cures
EVERY KIND OF HUMOR;
From the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.
He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both blood humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred testimonies of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a running sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.
Two to three bottles will clear the system of Biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst sore throat in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of Erysipelas.
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and hardness among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.
Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the self-rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the worst cases of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.
Reader, I positively say a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after a trial it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first, that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.
In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I prepared it, and sold about six bottles per day—in April, 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it.
Some of the wholesale Druggists who have been in business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.
In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—but since its introduction as a general family medicine, great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.
Several cases of epileptic fits—disease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it will prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.
I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys, &c. the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.
No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you can get and enough of it.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonful, and from five to eight years, teaspoonful.—As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.
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At Retail by all respectable Druggists in the United States and British Provinces.
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Richmond Hotel,
CHESTER, S. C.,
By J. R. NICHOLSON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that his house, known as the "Richmond Hotel," opposite the Courthouse, is still open for the reception of regular and transient boarders and the travelling public; and that he is making every exertion to secure and retain a continuance of the kind and liberal patronage which has hitherto been extended to him. He flatters himself that every necessary arrangement has been made to promote the comfort of all who stop with him—the rooms are airy and well-furnished, his servants are attentive and obedient, and his table constantly supplied with the best of the season, so that his friends will not want any attention necessary to make their sojourn pleasant and agreeable. His stables are furnished with good feeders and an abundance of provender, and he is prepared at a moment's notice to supply his customers with private conveyances of every sort, to any part of the surrounding country.
He desires to return his acknowledgments to the public for past favors, and solicits for the future an equally liberal share of patronage.
JOHN R. NICHOLSON.
Oct. 8, 1855. 33tf

DR. KIDL'S ABYSSINIA MIXTURE,
For Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Consumption, Pain Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Gravel Rheumatism, Gleet, The Whites, Weakness and other Female Complaints. Price per bottle, 50 cents and $1 25.

Gold Mine Balsam,
or Dyspeptic Bitters or Tincture Tonic Nervine.
A letter from J. B. Callum, Druggist, Milton N. C., dated Aug. 14, 1847:
Dr. J. Kidl—Dear Sir: Your medicines have given entire satisfaction in this section of country. The Abyssinia Mixture especially is highly appreciated. It has never failed to cure in any case—it sells so fast, that I never had enough to supply the demand. You will please send me a large supply so it is sure to get here.
J. R. CALLUM.
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A. C. WILLIAMSON,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
WILL practice in the courts of the adjoining counties and will attend to all professional business entrusted to his care.
Charlotte, Jan. 28, 1856. 1tf

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