A ROYAL WEDDING.

The London Times's account of the marriage of Prince Fredrick William of Prussia with Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, Princess Royal of England, would fill about a page of our paper. The following extracts may interest or amuse our readers:—

"The great officers of State enter the Chapel, but no one heeds them, for there is a peculiar movement without, and a soft rustling of silk is audible. In another second the bride is at the door, and stands "Queen rose of the rosebud garden of girls," that bloom in fair array around her.

The illustrious personage on whom her right hand rests, is the Prince consort; on her left his Majesty the King of the Belgians; both are in full uniform and wear the collars and insignia of the great European Order of Knighthood to which each belongs. All absorbing is the interest excited by the bride herself. The gorgeous veil she wears depending from her head dress is thrown off, and hanging in massive folds behind, leaves the expression of her face completely visible as she walks slowly, her head slightly stooped in bashfulness, and her eyes cast upon the ground. Thus all can see distinctly the mild amiable expression, replete with kindness and deep feeling, and that peculiarly touching aspect of sensitiveness, to attempt to portray which would only prove how vainly words essay to fix the spark of beauty's heavenly ray." Her bright bloom of color has completely deserted her; and even when compared with her snowy dress her cheeks seem pale, and her whole appearance denotes tremulousness and agitation.

In these e remonies we believe the dress of the bride ranks only next in importance to the celebration of the service; but on this occasion the Princess Royal wore one so thoroughly in good taste that it is difficult to remark anything, save that it is exquisitely becoming, beautiful and white. In fact, its unity to mind only recalls the belle of the French court, who is said to dress with such a perception of good taste that no one can observe what she wears. While, however, we mention this as the actual effect of the costume, we may state, for the further information of our readers, that it was manufactured by Mrs. Darnell, designed by Miss Janet Fife, and composed of a rich silk of white moire antique, ornamented with three flounces of Honiton lace.

The design of the lace consists of bouquets in open work of the rose, shamrock, and thistle, in three medallions. At the top of each flounce in front of the dress are wreaths of orange and myrtle blossoms—the latter being the bridal flower of Germany—every wreath terminating with bouquets of the same flowers, and the length of each being so graduated as to give the appearance of a robe draped by flowers. The apex of this form pyramid is formed by a large bouquet over the girdle. The train which is of the usual length of more than three yards, is of white moire antique, trimmed with two rows of Honiton lace, surrounded by wreaths similar to those on the flounces of the dress, with bouquets at short intervals.

Next to the interest excited by the appearance of the bride herself is the feeling created by the fair bridesmaids, who, "in guise of satin and glimmer of pearls," follow in stately array, bearing up the rich train of the Princess Royal between them. The ladies honored with this distinguished mark of Royal favor are all among the personal friends of the young bride, and, what is most singular, are every one linearly descended from the great Royal houses of England and Scotland. They follow the bride two by two—eight in all.

The dresses worn by this fair train are from a design furnished by the illustrious bride herself. They consist of a white glace petticoat, entirely covered by six deep tulle flounces, over which falls a tunic of tulle trimmed with ruches of tulle, looped up on one side with a bouquet of pink roses and white heather. The body is trimmed with disposies of tulle, with hanging sleeves of the same material trimmed with ruches—A bouquet of the same flowers is worn in the girdle and open each shoulder.

As the bride passes up to the altar she stops and makes a deep reverence to her mother, though with evident agitation, and her fair flushes like crimson; then, again turning, she renders the same homage to the Prince of Prussia. As she does so the bridegroom elect advances, and, kneeling on one knee, presses her hand with an expression of fervent admiration that moved the august audience. Taking their places then at the altar, and with their illustrious relatives standing round in a group of unequalled brilliancy, the service commences with the chorale, which peals through the lofty building with the most solemn effect.

The hymn over, the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury took his place in the centre of the altar, and, assisted by the Bishop of London, as Dean of the Chapel Royal, the Bishop of Oxford, as Lord High Almoner, the Bishop of Chester, as Clerk of the Closet, the Dean of Windsor, as Domestic Chaplain, and the Rev. Dr. Wesley, as Sub Dean of the Chapel Royal, the marriage service is commenced at exactly ten minutes to one o'clock.

The liturgy is rigidly adhered to throughout.

The usual prayer was then offered, and the Prince, joining their hands together said, "Whom God has joined, let no man put asunder." A psalm and the Hallelujah chorus followed.

Hardly had the last words of the chorus died away in solemn echoes, when the ceremonial, as arranged by chamberlains and heralds, ended; and the bride, giving vent to her exhaustion long pent feelings, turned and flung herself upon her mother's bosom with a suddenness and depth of feeling that thrilled through every heart. Again and again her Majesty strained her to her heart and kissed her, and tried to conceal her emotion; but it was both needless and in vain, for all perceived it and there were few who did not share it.

In the evening the illumination of the city of London was general, including the residences of the several foreign Ambassadors and Ministers. "A simple gass star shone upon the house of the Ambassador of the United States."

STRANGE DESTINY FOR A STOCKING.—A fine large ox was taken sick, refused to eat, and, in spite of all remedies resorted to, soon died. At a "post mortem examination" a hard, smooth ball, of the size of a large apple, and resembling in consistence, as well as in color, a piece of granite rock, was taken from his stomach; and on breaking it with a hammer, for cut it you could not, it proved to be a woolen stocking, which the animal had swallowed, and in its desperate efforts to digest had rolled over and over, and finally compressed into that rock-like ball.

THE DEEP RIVER MINERALS.—The Standard of Saturday publishes a letter from Prof. Emmons, giving an account of what he says may be regarded as a new kind of iron ore, found on the Tysor plantation on Deep River.

The ore, says Prof. Emmons, is of a dark brown color in mass, in which respect it closely resembles some of the hæmatites, but it is distinctly stratified like all other sediments. The powder is an olive, in which respect it differs both from the hæmatites and specular ores as well as from the common magnetic ores, whose powder is black. But like the latter, it is strongly magnetic; and hence it is probable that its chemical composition is not very unlike this valuable ore. It differs from the common argillaceous ores of the carboniferous system, in the absence of alumina, and also in several other particulars, and so also, it differs from the Blackband ore in its small proportion of carbon and its brown color.

Chemical Analysis shows that the ore is thus composed:—

Protoxide of iron,	79,720
Water,	8,800
Carbon,	7,368
Silica,	4,000
	99,888

It contains 62 per cent. of metallic iron.

The pig metal at the Gulf supposed to have been made from this ore, is remarkable for its toughness. The ore contains neither sulphur, alumina, nor any other matter which can diminish its value for the production of iron in any of its forms; and it is considered by Prof. Emmons a valuable addition to the iron ores of Deep River.—He calls it *Brown Magnetic Ore*, or *Magnetolite*.—*Fay. Observer.*

A VALUABLE INVENTION.—The Kalamazoo (Mich.) Gazette states that Mr. E. R. Ball of that city, has recently discovered a mode of applying lever power, which is destined to bring about an entire revolution in the process of raising large bodies by mechanical means. The editor of the Gazette saw a weight of 640 pounds raised by his machine, by the strength of a single cotton thread, and states that if the weight had been ten times as heavy, the result would have been the same. This discovery consists in such an application of proper machinery to heavy bodies, such as locomotives, heavy castings, boats in dockyards, and the like, as to procure a balance in the object itself, then by rocking the body to and fro on certain standards or studs, connected with the machine, wedges are inserted with each vibration, so that as the rocking goes on, the wedges are constantly drawn in and the body raised by its own motion. Mr. Ball's construction of machinery for this purpose is very ingenious, very simple, and at the same time entirely efficacious; so that one man can raise a locomotive that gets thrown of the track with as much ease and certainty as he could raise a bucket of water with a windlass. So heavy pieces of ore may be raised, canal boats, engines and boilers, and, in short, any compact and heavy body to which the machine could be applied. The Gazette concludes its article by saying: "We think we may safely say, that Mr. Ball has made a discovery that will be of incalculable utility in the mechanical world."

IN THE GALLERY.—The House has lately passed a resolution cutting off from the privilege of the floor all persons except Judges of the Supreme Court, Governors of the States, officers of the House, ect. Yesterday, while the House was in session, a tall, stout, gray haired, old man, dressed in very plain clothes, approached the principal entrance of the hall, and evidently not aware of the new arrangement, attempted to enter. He was stopped by the door-keeper, who inquired if he was a Chief Justice or a Governor. "No, sir," was the answer, "but by a resolution of Congress, all officers of the army who have received the thanks of Congress are entitled to the privilege of the floor." "Are you an officer of the army?" asked the door keeper, looking with some doubt at the stalwart old man. "I am sir; my name is Scott—Winfield Scott, of the United States army." The manner of the door keeper underwent an instantaneous change, as he very politely informed the General of the repeal of the resolution which gave him a right to the floor. "But," said he, "pass in General; I will take the responsibility myself." "No, sir," was the answer, "I do not wish to violate any rule, sir; I will go to the gallery;" and the brave old man, whose name is synonymous with the military glory of the United States, climbed the long range of the stairs and took his seat in the crowded gallery, alone and unnoticed.—*Wash. Cor. of the Cin. Enq.*

A curious case was brought before the Mayor, in which a poor Canary bird is involved. It seems that a gentleman engaged a man to carry the cage and bird from the ferry to his house, and while he was executing his mission, owing to carelessness, the bird escaped and alighted on a tree; a hackman caught him and refused to deliver him up; the police were put on him, and he was conducted before his Honor, who ordered the restoration of the bird; but now, the owner of the bird is in a box, for the man had in the meantime put the little songster in a cage with some birds of his own. The cage is produced, and the gentleman is directed to identify his bird and take it.—The birds are all alike, so our friend cannot claim his property. Could a jury decide which is which? This is a case for another King Solomon.—*Charleston Courier.*

EUROPEAN FOLLY.—An eminent French statistician states that the land and naval forces of the European armies number 2,800,000 souls, picked men, in the prime of their productive strength; the annual outlay required to keep up these armies and the material of war is over $400,000,000, not including the value of land or buildings occupied by fortifications, arsenals, hospitals, foundries, schools, &c., moderately estimated at $3,800,000,000, on which, at 4 per cent. interest, the yearly expense is more than $150,000,000. To this add the value of the labor which these men would productively perform, which amounts to more than $156,000,000, and we have an annual war expense paid by European producers of nearly $800,000,000.

APOLOGY MAKING.—Dr. Franklin, we are told, once had a servant who was never in the wrong. At last the devices to which the servant resorted to cover up his deficiencies became too much for the philosopher. "My good friend," was his final reply, "you and I must part. I never knew a man who was good at an excuse to be good at anything else."

VALUE OF TIME.—When the Roman Emperor said, "I have lost a day," he uttered a sadder truth than if he had exclaimed, "I have lost a kingdom." Napoleon said that the reason why he beat the Austrians was, that they did not know the value of five minutes. At the celebrated battle of Rivoli, the conflict seemed on the point of being decided against him. He saw the critical state of affairs, and instantly took his resolution. He dispatched a flag to the Austrian head-quarters, with proposals for an armistice. The unwary Austrians fell into the snare. For a few minutes the thunders of battle were hushed. Napoleon seized the precious moments, and, while amusing the enemy with mock negotiations, rearranged his line of battle, changed his front, and in a few minutes was ready to renounce the force of discussion for the stern arbitrament of arms. The splendid victory of Rivoli was the result. The great moral victories and defeats of the world often turn in five minutes. Crisis come, the not seizing of which is ruin. Men may loiter, but time flies on the wings of the wind, and all the great interests of life are speeding on with that sure and silent tread of destiny.

THE QUEENS OF EUROPE.—An American lady, who was at Stuttgardt during the last meeting of the Emperors, thus writes of her own sex, as represented in the Imperial party:

"The Queen of Holland is a most cultivated and elegant woman—still very handsome, though she has a grandson. She speaks English perfectly, and is, perhaps, the most accomplished woman in Europe. The Princess Olga is said to be the handsomest woman in Europe. The Empress of Russia is a regal looking woman. These ladies were dressed in white moire antique silk; a stripe of white lace or six inches wide, and a stripe of the same width covered with the richest flowers here; and then, in the white stripe, there was an immense bunch of flowers. The dresses were all something in the same style—chip bonnets with white feathers, and magnificent lace mantles. I cannot forgive the Queen of Greece for being a fat, fair, round faced, jolly looking human. I expected to see a maid of Athens, and I don't like my romance despoiled."

NOVEL OUTRAGE.—We extract the following from the correspondence of the Courier des Etats Unis, dated Augsburg, Dec. 28:

"A general alarm prevails here; for some time past an individual has attacked the young girls of our city, and cut off their flowing locks of hair. He commenced at night, under favor of the darkness, but lately has operated in open day. His first operation is to put under the nostrils of the girl he meets, a small bottle, containing a substance which causes stupor, and then the long tresses are quietly removed. It is said that other persons coming up at the time are forced to fly, by having a pistol presented at them. It has been impossible up to this time, to seize the miscreant, or even to get his exact description. Many persons have been arrested, but they proved to be entirely innocent. The magistrate has offered a reward for his detection. Ladies are fearful of going out unless accompanied by a protector. The police are on the lookout, and constantly patrol the streets, yet new outrages are daily taking place."

RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.—According to the *Railroad Journal* for January, there are now 26,210 miles of railroad in the United States, of which 20,945 have been built since 1848. The aggregate cost of these roads is between 360 millions and a billions of dollars. The average cost per mile is about 35,000. Virginia has 1233 miles of railroad, the cost of which per mile was something upwards of $28,000. New York has 2500 miles, at an aggregate cost of $143,316,876; being about $55,000 per mile, or nearly double the cost of the Virginia roads. Massachusetts has 1388 miles, at a cost of more than $51,000 per mile. Pennsylvania has 2515 miles, at a cost of about $38,000. North Carolina has 943½ miles, at a cost of upwards of $17,000. Ohio has 2946 miles, at a cost of more than $30,000. Indiana has 1799, at a cost of about $22,000. Georgia has 989 miles, at a cost of not quite $15,000. Illinois has 2977 miles, at a cost of upwards of $32,000.

PHILADELPHIA, February 12.—A sham duel took place this afternoon, on the west side of the Schuylkill, between two young men, named DeLharmont and Sheridan.—The balls were drawn by the seconds from the pistols before they were handed to the combatants, a fact of which Sheridan was aware. As the pistols were fired, Sheridan fell, and DeLharmont fearing the consequences, fled to parts unknown. In a letter he left at home he stated that if he killed his antagonist he would leave for Europe immediately.

DIED,

In this county, on the 19th January, 1858, Mr. HENRY WOLF, in the 84th year of his age.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

MECKLENBURG LODGE, No. 176, }
Jan. 29, 1858. }

At a called meeting, the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Whereas it has pleased the Disposer of events to call from time to eternity our beloved brother, PATRICK H. JOHNSTON, therefore,

RESOLVED, That in the death of Brother Johnston our Lodge has lost a worthy and earnest votaste. That we tender to his bereaved Widow and parents our warmest sympathies, and trust the Father of blessings will comfort them in their affliction.

RESOLVED, That in respect to the memory of the deceased we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

RESOLVED, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, and sent to the North Carolina Whig for publication, and that a copy be tendered to the widow and parents of our deceased brother.

J. R. GILLESPIE, W. M.
A. MONROE GILKESPIE, Sec'y.

Leather! Leather! Leather!!

Hemlock Sole Leather	25 cents.
Good Damaged Sole Leather	20 "
Best White Oak	35 "
Fair "	30 "

Harness and Upper Leather.

French and American Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Lining and Binding Skins, Deer Skins for lining Belts and plantation use.

BOONE & CO.
Feb. 16, 1858. 500

SAM'L. P. SMITH,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

MAY always be found at the office of William Johnston, Esq.

☞ Prompt attention given to Collections, writing of Deeds, Conveyances, &c.

Feb. 2, 1858. 497

SEWING MACHINES.

Reasons Why the Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines is Universally preferred for FAMILY SEWING.

1ST—It is more simple, and really kept in order, than any other Machine.

2. It makes a Seam which will not rip or ravel though every third stitch be cut.

3d. It sews from two ordinary spools, and thus all trouble of winding thread is avoided, while the same machine can be adapted at pleasure to a mere change of spools, to all varieties of work.

4th. The same machine runs silk, linen thread and common spool cotton, with equal facility.

5th. The seam is as elastic as the material of the fabric, so that it is free from all liability to break in washing, freezing, or otherwise.

6th. The stitch made by this machine is more beautiful than any other made either by hand or machine.

7th. Because it is the only Sewing Machine in the world ever invented so constructed as to fully meet the demands of families for general use.

Circulars, with all the different styles and prices, sent to those who wish, and printed directions go with every machine, so that every one can learn in a short time.

☞ A I Orders promptly filled; and Machines sold at the same price at this office, as at their office in New York.

☞ Forty Days orders on Packers will be received in payment for the same.

H. W. KINSMAN, *Agent*
223 Kingsd, Charlestown, adjacent.
Feb. 23, 1858. 502

BELTS! BELTS!! BELTS!!!

From the Boston Belt Company,

At Manufacturer's Prices!

CASH PRICES:

2	inch	12½ cts.	per foot.
2½	"	15 "	"
3	"	17 "	"
4	"	22 "	"
5	"	27 "	"
6	"	32 "	"
7	"	36 "	"
10	"	60 "	"
12	"	72 "	"
12	" 4 ply	92 "	"

☞ SEAMLESS BELTS made to order at short notice.

CONNECTING HOSE of all sizes, for water or steam pressure, *ordered direct from the Manufacturers.*

—ALSO—

PACKING of all description at $1.55 cents per pound.

BOONE & CO.
Feb. 16, 1858. 500

LAND and NEGROES

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at the late residence of Wm. Hendrick, ec'd., in Gaston county, on Wednesday, the 10th of March next,

4 Likely Negro Men,

one is a good Boat and Stow hauler, and one a good Cook and House Servant.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

N. B. All persons having claims against the said Wm. Hendrick, ec'd., are hereby notified to present them according to Law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. Those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

ROBT. HENDERSON, Jr., *Admr.*
Feb. 15, 1858. 502

—ALSO—

Will be sold at the same time and place, the PLANTATION on which the said Wm. Hendrick, dec'd, resided, containing 140 or 145 acres; 40 acres of first rate River Bottom. On the premises is a good Dwelling House and very good outbuildings. R. H.

CALL SOON

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS!

WE have a great variety of HOOP SKIRTS and colored SILKS we are offering to sell at cost for *CASH*. We are also offering to sell the remainder of our Winter Stock of Goods at greatly reduced prices, to make room for our Spring Stock. Call soon if you want bargains!

BROWN, STITT & CO.
Feb. 16, 1858. 502

Notice

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Dr. S. N. Wadsworth, dec'd., are requested to come forward and pay up by the 1st of April, or their papers will be put in the hands of an officer for collection.

JAS. P. HENDERSON, *Admr.*
Feb. 16, 1858. 502

Walker Expedition!

THE citizens of Sugar Creek and vicinity are respectfully informed that having purchased some of the best Slow and Fast Makes of Western North Carolina, I am now prepared to manufacture

BOOTS and SHOES

of the very best quality, on terms to suit the hard times. Repairing done to order.

THOS. H. MARKS.
Jan. 5, 1858. 500

Wm. A. Owens,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WILL practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the contiguous counties.

☞ Office nearly opposite the Post Office.

Jan. 26, 1858. 497

JAMES M. EDNEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

56 JOHN STREET, N. Y.

BUYS and forwards every kind of merchandise for 2½ per cent. Commission. Refers to Gen. Swain and Mansfield, N. W. Woodfin, J. W. Osborne, C. P. Mallonee, J. M. Gaither, Esqs., and Rev. C. F. Deems, Hon. W. A. Graham, and others. *Dealer in Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, Harps, Guitars, Music, Sewing Machines, Dog Sacks, Pumps, Garden Engines, &c. A printed list of all the different articles, sent free.* Publisher of all original lithographs of "Uncle Ned Nap," N. C. ($1.) and the "Chinese Chronicles, or, Indian Guide to Health."—This remarkable family medicine should be in every house. It treats of all diseases, has a copious glossary and points to the remedies from the "handsome stars," for all our indigenous and exotic herbs. It is plentifully illustrated, and contains nearly twenty fourth sections, 300 pages, and is mailed free for one dollar.

New Hamburg Press, $150.
Feb. 16, 1858. 1y

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1858.

H. B. Williams }
vs. } Original Attachment.
J. H. Cunningham. }

Levied on the lands of E. C. Grier.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolina Whig, a newspaper printed in the town of Charlotte, notifying the said defendant to be and appear at the next term of our said court, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the court house in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in April, next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against him.

Witness, W. K. Reid, clerk of our said court, at office, the 4th Monday in January, 1858, and in the 81st year of American Independence.

W. K. REID, C. C. C.

Printer's fee $5. Feb. 16, 1857. 4w

BLANK DEEDS for sale at this office.

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Confectionary, Bakery, Fruit, AND Retail Grocery Business,

Beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country to their New Stand on Trade Street, in Brem's and Frohnenthal's, at Sprot & Dunlap's old Stand, where they would be pleased to see all their friends and acquaintances.

MOODY & NISBET.
February 9, 1858. 4w

H. B. Williams & Co.,

DEALERS in GROCERIES,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

ARE now receiving a large stock, and will have weekly accessions to their stock ever remove. They will sell to the wholesale trade at a small commission.

Our Terms are CASH or COUTRY PRODUCE.

We persuade the well known stand recently occupied by T. M. Farrow.

☞ ORDERS attended to promptly and as low as if present.

H. B. WILLIAMS & CO.
Trade Street, 2 doors from the West Corner.
Charlotte, Jan. 26, 1858. 497

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY,

Court of Equity—Fall Term, 1857.

Sarah Wadsworth }
vs. } Bill for Divorce & Alimony.
Thomas N. Wadsworth. }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this case is not a resident of this State, It was ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the North Carolina Whig, notifying him to appear to the next term of Court of Equity, to be held for said county, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in January, 1858, and plead, answer or demur, or the Bill will be taken pro confesso and he be set down for hearing ex parte.

Witness, D. R. Dunlap, clerk and master in Equity, at office in Charlotte, the 23d day of January, A. D. 1858.

D. R. DUNLAP, C. & M. E.
Jan. 26, 1858. Fee $6. 152

Seed Potatoes!

IF you want a genuine Northern *MERCER or EYE SEED POTATOE* go to Pritchard's Drug and Seed Store, Trade's Corner, where 40 bbls in prime order, are just in hands from D. Lapsley & Son.

Feb. 5, 1858. 496

10,000 LBS Pure genuine WHITE LEAD in oil and assorted shades, just received and for Cash at

PRITCHARD'S,
Feb. 5. Irwin's Corner.

500 GALLONS PURE LINSEED OIL, Wholesale and Retail

PRITCHARD'S.
Feb. 5, 1858. 500

To Rent.

THE J. W. Rose House and Lot, until the 1st of January, 1859. Enquire of Gen. John A. Young.

Feb. 5, 1858. 501

Iron. Iron. Iron.

30,000 LBS of IRON for sale—

J. & E. B. STOWE,
Feb. 2, 1858. Charlotte, N. C.

Valuable Town Property

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Lot, front and back, now occupied by the Episcopal Church, with the church building. The Lots are well one is a beautiful situation for a family residence, and the building, with a little additional expense, might be converted into a neat and comfortable dwelling. The terms will be moderate and suited to suit the purchaser. For particulars enquire of

M. F. WINDELL.
Feb. 2, 1858. 495

PIANOS.

Keep your Pianos in Tune.

THE citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country are again reminded that the subscriber is prepared at all times to repair and tune Pianos and Melodeons in the best possible manner. He would not say that an old instrument can be made to sound as well as a new one, with all the modern improvements introduced, but he is prepared to say that an old instrument which will pay any repairs at all, can be made to sell to good, and as sweet a tone, as the same instrument was when new.

He also intends keeping constantly on hand,

NEW PIANOS

from the most celebrated manufactures in the United States, which he will sell on accommodating terms with freight added.

☞ Old Pianos received in part pay to new ones, according to their value.

He also will keep constantly on hand, second hand instruments to sell or to rent.

Any person having old instruments, and are desirous of selling them, may do well to take them to Charlotte and sell them to advantage in this market.

☞ Repair Shop and Warer Room, at the Masonic Hall, upstairs, over the Store Hall.

ASA GEORGE.
Charlotte, Jan. 19, 1858. 4m1y

Dissolution.

THE firm of BREM & STEELE was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons that are indebted to the office by Note or Account, will please call at the Mutual Insurance Office, and settle with A. C. Steele.

T. H. BREM.
A. C. STEELE.
Jan. 1, 1858. 440

New Firm.

HAVING purchased A. C. Steele's interest in the

STOCK OF GOODS

of Brem & Steele, and associated with me J. A. Sadler, Jr. and T. LaFayette Alexander, the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of T. H. Brem & Co. We call the attention of the public to our Stock, as we have received the price of a great many goods.

T. H. BREM.
Jan. 1, 1858. 440

Teas! Teas!!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GOOD TEAS in Fancy boxes, consisting of Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, English Breakfast, and many other varieties, for sale at

H. M. PRITCHARD'S
Family Drug Store.

Notice.

ALL persons are forewarned from trading for a certain promissory Note, given by me to R. Clements, agent for Edwin B. Clement and Sylvia G. Willis, for $100, due 18 months after date and dated 27th day of March, 1857. The consideration for said Note having failed I do not intend to pay it unless compelled by law.

J. A. OZMENT.
Dec. 22, 1857. 497

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Constable Warrants

FOR SALE HERE.

ARRIVAL EXTRAORDINARY.

Professor Chas. De Grath, introducer of the genuine De Grath's Electric Oil, is now in town, having arrived from Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday afternoon. The professor is stopping at that time-honored establishment, the Franklin Hotel. The Franklin is the house where General Lafayette stopped during his visit to Baltimore, and appears to be the favorite hotel with all great men. We understand the Professor intends to deliver a lecture this morning at 9 o'clock, at the Centre Market, where and where he will fully convince his hearers of the beneficial effects of his far famed Electric Oil in managing the sufferings of humanity.—BALTO. SUN.—This Great Remedy can be had of the agents here. For advertisement in another column.

$1 for 50 cents!

ALL Wool Printed De Laines, worth $1 per yd, for 50 cents.

T. H. BREM & CO.
Jan. 26, 1858. 150

Fresh Bread!

FRESH BREAD the families, every morning at J. D. Palmer's Confectionery, one door above the Bank of Charlotte.

Jan. 26, 1858. 470

William J. Kerr,

Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Equity,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining counties.

☞ Special attention will be paid to the collection of claims.

Jan. 12, 1858. 3m6

THE New volume of the NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE opens with the year 1858.

It is commended to the people of North Carolina, and of the whole country, as the organ of the North Carolina Conference, for the spread and use of the best family religious papers in the South.

Terms, $1.50 a year, STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. No deviation from this rule.

Address the Editor, Rev. R. T. Heriot, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 12, 1858. 3m6

Removal.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shop to the old stand of Moore & Byerly, near L. S. Williams' Store, on Trade street, where he is prepared to attend to all orders in his line. He has still a few articles on hand such as

Golden Cook, Golden Star, Planter's and Premium

COOK STOVES,

and a variety of

PARLOR STOVES.

Also, a good assortment of

Tin and Hollow-ware, &c.

All of which I will sell cheap for CASH or Country Produce.

D. H. BYERLY.
Jan. 11, 1858. 499

DR. L. L. POLLOCK

OFFERS his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity.

☞ Office on Trade street, two doors South of the Court House.

Jan. 1, 1858. 4m1y

A CARD.

TO THE LADIES!

I HAVE a large and elegant Stock of FANCY SILKS, latest styles, which I will sell at COST.

300 PS CALICOES, latest patterns, ranging in price from 5 to 11 c., which I offer to sell at cost. I will sell.

BONNETS,

and Bonnet Ribbons at cost.

The Cash will be required when selling at these prices.

L. S. WILLIAMS.
Charlotte, Dec. 1, 1857. 30tf

IMPORTANT RUMORS!!!

MECKLENBURG COUNTY

AGAINST THE STATE.

BLUE STONE.—It is stated, and from the authority of Dr. H. M. Pritchard, who has just received from the manufactory, for which he is agent, several hundred pounds of the finest article ever offered in the town of Charlotte, to be exhibited in a short time, to convince in quality and sale any imported article, and at a less price. Call and see it.

Dec. 1, 1857. Irwin's Corner.

Fresh Congress water.

IN pint bottles—just received from Saratoga Springs, by

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

Snuff.

GRAND H. Muckatee and English Gentlemen's SNUFFS, just received, 400 lbs. in pimiento and jars. Sold low for cash by

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1, 1857. Irwin's corner.

Physicians, Take Notice!

HAVING taken advantage of the pressure of the times, I am receiving, for cash purchasers, an immense and select stock of Medicines, Chemicals, Instruments, Glass, &c., to which I most respectfully invite your attention.

All orders by mail or otherwise put up with neatness and expedition.

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

Tanners, or Train Oil.

FOR Tanners and Planters use in currying and preserving Leather and Harness. For sale by

M. H. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

600 Gallons

CAMPHENE AND BURNING FLUID, just received from the manufacturers. Also, Lamps and Wicks for burning them, 100 per cent. cheaper and more brilliant than any other light.

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

Lumber Yard.

THE subscribers inform the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity, that they have established a LUMBER YARD in town, where they intend keeping a supply of all kinds of LUMBER for building and other purposes. Mr. Jesse Rudisill is their agent in town. Applications can be made to him or to either of the undersigned.

MILLER & PORTER.
Oct. 13, 1857. 149

Citrate Magnesia.

A N agreeable substitute and laxative, we think will be the taste or soda water. Sold by

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

Saponifier.

CONCENTRATED LEY.—Warranted to make soap without lime, and with little trouble. The best and cheapest article in use. Price 25 and 50 cents a can. Sold by

H. M. PRITCHARD,
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

30,000 Segars

JUST received and for sale at $1.25 per hundred, by

H. M. PRITCHARD.
Dec. 1. Irwin's Corner.

The Markets.

CORRECTED BY R. M. OATES & CO.

CHARLOTTE, FEBRUARY 23, 1858.

BACON	Hams, sm'k	lb.	12	to	12½
"	Sides,	lb.	12	to	12½
"	Hog rounds,	lb.	11	to	12
"	Shoulders,	lb.	09	to	09
Bagging, Gunny,		yd.	17	to	00
Beef,		lb.	5	to	6
Butter,		lb.	12½	to	15
Beeswax,		lb.	20	to	22
Beans,		bushel	90	to	00
Brandy, Apple,		gal.	00	to	00
" Peach,		gal.	00	to	00
Cotton, new,		lb.	8½	to	11
Coffee, Rio,		lb.	12½	to	14
" Java,		lb.	18	to	22
Candles, Adamantine,		lb.	20	to	22
" Sperm,		lb.	45	to	50
" Tallow,		lb.	25	to	00
Corn, old,		bushel	50	to	55
" new,		bushel	00	to	00
Chickens,		each	12½	to	15
Cloth, Cassinetts,		yard	12½	to	10
" Linsey,		yard	25	to	30
Eggs,		dozen	8	to	10
Flour,		bbl.	00	to	00
"		lb.	3½	to	3½
Feathers,		lb.	30	to	35
Lard,		lb.	12½	to	00
Mutton,		lb.	5	to	6
Mackerel,	No. 1	bbl.	$18	to	00
"	Kits		$3.00	to	35
Molasses, N. O.		gal.	45	to	50
" W. I.		gal.	37	to	00
Meal,		bushel	50	to	55
Mullets (Wilmington)		bbl.	00	to	00
Nails, Nassaus,		lb.	5	to	00
" Southern,		lb.	5	to	6
Oats,		bushel	30	to	37
Potatoes,		bushel	75	to	00
Pork,		lb.	7	to	7½
Rice,		lb.	5½	to	00
Potatoes, Irish,		bushel	$1	to	$1½
" Sweet,		bushel	$1	to	$1
Rye,		bushel	$1	to	$00
Sugar, Loaf,		lb.	14	to	16
" Brown,		lb.	8	to	12½
Steel, Blister,		lb.	8	to	9
Salt,		sack	$1.50	to	00
Tea,		lb.	75	to	$1
Wheat, white,		bushel	85	to	00
" red,		bushel	85	to	87
Whiskey, Northern,		gal.	45	to	50
" N. C. corn,		gal.	40	to	45
Wool, (not foreign)	washed		27	to	28
" "	unwashed		22	to	23
Yarn,		lb.	110	to	00

REMARKS.

COTTON.—The weather being rainy and unpleasant but little cotton coming in, sells freely at quotations—say for good middling to prime 10½ to 11 with market firm.

CORN is in good demand at 50 to 55.

FLOUR is in good demand at unchanging prices.

COLUMBIA MARKET.

COLUMBIA, February 20, 1858.

COTTON.—There was no material change in the cotton market yesterday (the demand was quite fair, but short, the sales 500 bales changed hands, at prices ranging from 10½ to 11c.

BACON, (country)			11½	to	12
CORN			45	to	50
PEAS			00	to	00
OATS			37	to	40
FLOUR,			$4	to	$4

CHARLESTON MARKET.

CHARLESTON, February 19, 1858.

COTTON.—Sales of Cotton to-day 3,000 bales at a change from the quotations of the morning of 1-16 decline—closing dull 11½.

Drug Store Removed.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his DRUG STORE from Brem's Range to Trade's Corner, which has been newly fitted up and arranged expressly for the business, and where he is now receiving a large stock of articles in his line.

H. M. PRITCHARD.
Nov. 10, 1857. 119

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

The most extensive drawing of the Royal Havana Lottery conducted by the Spanish Government, under the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will take place at Havana on

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1858.

$300,000.

SORTED NUMBERS 295 ORDINARIES.

CAPITAL PRIZE $100,000!!

1 prize of	$100,000	4 prizes of	$2,000
1 "	50,000	5 "	1,000
1 "	30,000	20 "	500
1 "	10,000	100 "	100
1 "	5,000	20