The Mount Vernon Purchase.

We have received, in an extra of the *Mount Vernon Record*, from the fair and patriotic Regent, an interesting and satisfactory statement in refutation of certain discouraging rumors that have been disseminated by those fanciful but mischief making gentlemen, the "letter writers."

Not having space at present for the full statement, we present the following extracts:

TO THE PUBLIC.

A statement has appeared in many of the public prints, to the effect that Mr. John A Washington had failed, and the Mount Vernon Association had lost the money paid over to him in consequence of mortgages and liens upon the estate! I have delayed the contradiction of these rumors until I could receive, from proper authority, such facts as would for the future make it *impossible* for the public to repeat a similar assertion. I therefore lay before you not only a letter of the Clerk of the County where the deeds are recorded, but also a full exposé of all the grants and titles of the "Mount Vernon Estate," from the first grant. The six thousand dollars referred to in the letter was long since paid by Mr. Washington.

Gentlemen of the press throughout the country, who have given circulation to the rumor of Mr. Washington's insolvency, will please give publication to the falsity of the statement, as contained in the letter below.

ANN PAMELIA CUNNINGHAM,
Regent Mount Vernon L. A. U.

Here follows an extract of all deeds and documents proving that JOHN A. WASHINGTON was fully and perfectly empowered and authorized to convey a sufficient and indisputable title for the Mount Vernon Estate.

From the report of the Regent, dated December 9th, we take the following:

You are already aware that $18,000 was paid on the 6th of April, 1858, when the contract for Mount Vernon was signed by the contracting parties. The first bond of $5,000, due on the 1st January, 1859, was paid on the 2d of December, 1858. The payment of the 2d bond of $41,666 66, due 22d February, 1860, was anticipated on the 22d February, 1859. The 3d bond of $41,666 66, due 22d February, 1861, was anticipated on the 23d March, 1859, leaving to be cancelled only the 4th bond of $41,666 66, due 22d February, 1862. On this, $35,000 has been already advanced, leaving a balance of indebtedness of $6,666 66, with interest on the bond from 22d April, 1858. Thus, $193,333 33 has been paid towards the liquidation of the debt of $200,000, assumed by the Association. The interest on the three bonds, amounting to $6,001 16, making the whole amount paid over to Mr. Washington, including principal and interest, $199,934 51.

Mr. Geo. W. Riggs, our Treasurer, to whom the Association is deeply indebted for the zeal and devotion with which he has rendered his voluntary services, reports investments at $5000 in U. S. Treasury notes; $10,000 in State of Virginia bonds; 13 shares of stock of C. R. R. and Banking Company of Georgia; 4 shares of stock of Farmers' Bank of Virginia, and cash in hand, $2,623 79; amounting to $19,323 79, to which must be added sums on deposit, yielding interest, in various States, to the amount of $8,947 79, besides some $4000 reported as collected, but not paid in. Thus the whole amount collected over and above expenditures, necessarily incurred for repairs now going on at Mount Vernon, and in the management of so vast an enterprise, of $232,206 08. The Association is indebted to the untiring exertions of the noble Regent for more than one-fourth, $60,064 77 of this large sum as follows:

Amount received from Curtiss,	$30,042 48
" N. Y. Ledger and connections,	12,024 51
" from Donations,	1,690 18
" from Dollars,	20 00
" Balance of Interest,	5,137 60
Total,	$60,064 77

From this statement, you derive the encouraging assurance, not only of having paid the entire purchase money, with its interest, but of possessing, over and above any remaining liabilities, about $20,000 to which the fund which will be necessary to meet all the responsibilities we have assumed for our country, viz: to place Mount Vernon beyond all contingencies, *public* as well as *private*. By raising the means to effect the purchase, we have redeemed the pledge. Mount Vernon is now no longer *in danger from any contingencies* incident to private possession. It remains for us to consider what is included in order to prevent contingencies incident to periods for annual maintenance, constant watchfulness, and constant repair.

Prudence requires that we should comprehend beforehand what this indebtedness will probably be. Practical men whom I have consulted on this subject estimate that it will require from $8000 to $10,000 annually to cover the expenses which must be incurred if Mount Vernon is to be kept in repair, and provided with a force sufficient to protect and preserve the house and grounds in security and good order worthy their national position. Of this sum, the annual receipt from visitors may furnish from $1000 to $2000, although those of the past year only amounted to $1228 25, but the remainder cannot be safely relied on except from a principal invested so as to yield the requisite interest. The safety of investments, as a general rule, is in inverse ratio to the interest. If we estimate at six per cent, it would require a principal of from $100,000 to $140,000. As we have $20,000 in possession, we are already in a position to meet one of our obligations—to restore Mount Vernon *to what it was in its palmy days*.

We have yet to acquire the $140,000 needed for annual maintenance. The question for you now to decide is—shall we take possession of Mt. Vernon without funds, in the risk of increasing indebtedness, to be cancelled we know not how, but, with a vague hope, from the future donations of generous and patriotic hearts which may be touched by annual piteous appeals to their purse and patriotism to save us from our embarrassments; or, like unselfish patriots, not wearied nor discouraged by the hard fought battles of the past, but inspired by the glorious victory achieved, and confident of our ability to win new triumphs, consecrate ourselves to the work with a determination never to pause until we reach the goal we set out for, viz: *the purchase and maintenance of Mt. Vernon from the free offerings of a grateful people*—offerings which shall wipe out the reproach which has stained the escutcheon of republics for centuries past—offerings which are a tribute to duty, such a premium to private and public integrity as to impress generations to come with the *power of virtue*, and point the ambitious to the character and example of Washington, if they would win laurels which never fade—kept green in the hearts of a grateful people. Offerings which shall proclaim to a world, upon whose hearts there is no name which possesses the spell of our Washington, that this great republic, in the yeart 1860, in the midst of internal dissensions, has yet, through the instrumentality of his appreciative and grateful countrywoman, been able to give a proof of her progress in wisdom and virtue which shall be recorded for all time; for, as Lord Brougham has truly remarked; "Until time shall be no more will a *test* of the progress which our race has made in wisdom and virtue, be derived from the *veneration paid to the immortal name of Washington*."

Let us then renew our labors, with the determination that the hour which proclaims Mount Vernon to be in our keeping, shall also give the assurance that, like the "Wise Virgins" of old, we have not entered upon our career in its guardianship, without having our "lamps filled," to shed that light on our path which ensures that every onward step can be made in safety—and that ours, like the "widow's cruse," will never *diminish by consumption*.

NO PERSONAL APPLICATION INTENDED.—The papers relate—how truly we are not able to say—that a member of Dr. Cheever's church, a lady in good standing in the membership, was a slaveholder, but unwilling, as may be supposed, to sever her religious associations, she continued to attend upon the ministrations of her Pastor notwithstanding his violent denunciations of the class to which she belonged. At length, however, the unsparing censures cast upon slaveholders were more than she could well bear, and she "took steps to leave, and did, notwithstanding the assurance of Dr. Cheever that he did not include her personally in his sermons on the sin of slaveholding." In other words, it was only wrong for others to hold slaves, while it was quite right for a member of his own church and congregation.

This statement reminds us of another, which was made to us a few years ago, to the effect that a lady who had married a Southern gentleman, a large slaveholder, was left a widow, and the owner of a considerable number of slaves. She was wealthy, and, better still, intelligent and accomplished. On one of her frequent visits to the North, she made the acquaintance of a noted clergyman, somewhat violent in his anti-slavery views, and known far and wide as an Abolition preacher. Being single—widower or bachelor, we do not know which—he was naturally and deeply impressed with the accomplishments of the Southern widow, and made her an offer of his hand in marriage. Without at first giving a flat refusal, she parried his advances, and, among other things, suggested that her slave property might be an objection to one so strongly opposed, as he was known to be, to the institution. Our Reverend editor, however, was not due to be baulked, and very nearly in the spirit of Dr. Cheever in the case of his slaveholding church member, assured her most blandly, that, while he was opposed to slavery, he had not the slightest objection to overlooking it in such a case, and that he would not make a personal application of his principles; but would be most happy to place his heart and hand at her disposal.

The reader may think the lady cruel to decline so tempting a proposition, but when we last heard of her, she was still unmarried, the owner of a goodly number of slaves, and as fair and charming as when she courteously declined the hand of Rev. Dr. ——, of New York. Like Dr. Cheever with his slaveholding church member, the venerable editor was above making a personal application of his opinions when there was a lady in the case.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

MR. GIDDINGS SUMMONED BEFORE THE HARPER'S FERRY INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.—The Cleveland Plaindealer announces that Mr. J. W. Fiske, U. S. Marshal of Northern Ohio, has received a bundle of official documents from the Chairman of the Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee, commanding him to subpœna Joshua, R. Giddings, Ralph Plumb and John Brown, Jr., to appear before the Committee and testify under oath all they may know of the organization of "The Sons of Liberty," or any other organization connected with John Brown's "work in Kansas." If these witnesses refuse to obey the summons, they are to be arrested under warrants which accompanied the subpœnas. The Plaindealer also states that the Sons of Liberty at West Andover, Ohio, have decided dishonorable, to refuse to obey the summons, and to resist if attempts are made to enforce it. The same action had been taken at Oberlin.

BAPTISM IN HOOPS.—At Chicago, last week, a rather amusing scene took place during the baptism of a young lady by the pastor of the Tabernacle. The Union says: "The minister requested her to assume the dress peculiar to such an occasion, but she declined to take off her hooped skirt. The minister told her of the inconvenience that must result from her obstinacy, but she persisted. When she came to descend into the bath the inflated skirt touched the water and rose up around her like a balloon. Her head was lost to the congregation; she was swallowed up in the swelling skirt; the minister tried to force her down into the bath, but she was kept above the surface by the floating properties of the crinoline, and was buoyed up so successfully that it was not until after much difficulty and many forcible attempts to submerge the lady that the minister succeeded in baptising the fair one. Finally it was effected, to the relief of the minister and the seriously inclined audience, who could not keep from laughing in their pocket kerchiefs."

HOW THE IRREPRESSIBLE IS WORKING!—We learn from a reliable source, that Wheeler & Wilson, extensive manufacturers of sewing machines, at Bridgeport, Connecticut, had lately enlarged their business, but the "irrepressible conflict" which broke out at Harper's Ferry, has so diminished the demand for their machines from the South, that they have found it necessary to discharge one hundred of their hands. In making this reduction, they were careful to select the warmest abolitionists they could find who proved to be all, or nearly all, from Massachusetts.

SOME FROG.—There have been found in England, in rocks which were deposited long before the creation of man, a frog's bones of such size as to indicate clearly that the animal, when alive, must have weighed from eight hundred to fifteen hundred pounds.

CONSIGNEES
PER CHARLOTTE AND S. C. RAIL ROAD, FROM THE 25D TO THE 31ST JANUARY.

W. H. Michal 1 package, J. C. Harper & Co. 2 pkges, R. H. Abernathy 11 pkges, J. Ramsour & Co. 2 pkges, J. F. Phifer 1 pkge, Phifer & A. 3 pkges, W. W. Avery 1 pkge.

A CARD.

J. WORD respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Charlotte and vicinity, that he proposes to open a Dancing School as soon as a sufficient number of Scholars can be obtained. All the fashionable Dances of the day taught. Private Classes will be attended to, and private Lessons given at private residences if desired. A subscription list can be seen at the Mansion House, where the terms will be made known.

January 31, 1860. 146

Selling Off at Cost!

OUR Fall and Winter Stock of Ladies Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Bonnets, &c. must make room for our Spring purchases. We offer Silk Robes, worth $40 at $30. We offer Fancy Silks, worth $1 50 and $2 per yard, at $1 and $1 25—We offer De Laine Robes, worth $15 and $16, at $9 and $10. We offer De Lain Robes, worth $5 and $6, at $3 and $5. ☞ Call soon if you want BARGAINS!

NEW GOODS.

We have received in the last few days, large additions to our stock of SHOES PRINTS, HOOP SKIRTS and many other desirable Goods, adapted to the Season.

Give us a call, and we will show you a Stock of *pretty Goods* at *lower prices* than you have seen in this market.

BROWN, TATE & CO.,
Opposite Kerr's Hotel.
January 31, 1860. 147

Private Board.

AT G. A. HOUSTON'S, opposite the Mansion House and one door below J. G. Wilkinson & Co's Jewelry Store, Charlotte, N. C.

January 31, 1860. 147

☞ Notice.

HAVING obtained letters of administration de bonis non, on the estate of Samuel J. Harris, dec'd, at January Term, 1860, of Cabarrus County Court, Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment immediately, as the money is wanted, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them legally authenticated for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

L. B. KRIMMINGER, *Adm'r*,
de bonis non, of Samuel J. Harris, dec'd
January 27, 1860. 148

Last Notice.

MY Notes and Accounts are now in my hands, and I earnestly request all those concerned to see that I get to at my office (2d floor,) Buffler's Building, until the 15th March, or will then form Ad. who do not. and Discoverers of this Notice will have to settle with the Attorney.

H. M. PRITCHARD.

January 31, 1860. 147

☞ Removal.

MY Friends and Customers are respectfully informed that I have removed my Tin Shop to Springs' Brick Building, 30 door from the corner, on Tryon street, where as well as pleased to see them.

S. T. WRISTON.

January 31, 1860. 147

Attention! Mecklenburg Dragoons.

YOU are hereby commanded to appear at your Parade Ground, near the Depot, 24 in order, A. M., on SATURDAY, the 4th February, for parade and drill.

By order of Capt. J. K. Harrison.

A. J. ORR, O. S.

January 31, 1860.

To Stock Raisers in North-Carolina

THE superior horse belonging jointly to the undersigned, Mr. Jno. Brem BLACK HAWK, is being closely standing approaches, and that this Horse will be ready for the public during the ensuing Spring—For particulars, see large bills.

A. B. DAVIDSON.

January 31, 1860. 147

LAVEGA.

THIS thoroughbred Stallion and Race HORSE will stand in Charlotte during the ensuing season. The patrons of Mecklenburg and adjoining counties, will now have a fine opportunity of improving their stock.

WILLIAM SLADE.

January 31, 1860. 146

The Corner DRUG Store,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the public to their large and complete Stock now being opened for the Spring Trade, consisting in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Fancy Articles, Oils, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Wines and Brandies, Confectionery, Tobacco, Paints and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

January 17, 1860. 139

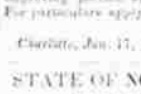
☞ Dissolution.

THE copartnership of Overman & Wilson was dissolved on the 1st day of January, 1860—Our Business must be settled up.

C. OVERMAN.
CHAS. WILSON.

January 17, 1860. 145

Private Residence for Sale.



IF NOT disposed of privately, I will sell at the public Sales in the Town of Charlotte on Tuesday in March next, a small, finely arranged Two story Brick, with outhouses, &c. The above property is situated near the Female College, in a pleasant and improving portion of the Town. Terms liberal. For particulars apply to

S. W. DAVIS.

Charlotte, Jan. 17, 1860. 42tm

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,
MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

In Equity. The Spring Term, A. D. 1860.

The Bill of Complaint of Richard M. Allison, Plaintiff,
against
John R. Davis's Samuel Taylor, the Bank of Charlotte, of the county of Mecklenburg, John Allison, of the county of Iredell, and Robert Harris, of the State of South Carolina, Defendants.

In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Master, that the Defendant, Robert Harris, was not, at the time of the filing of the plaintiff's Bill, and is not now an inhabitant of the State of North Carolina, then action, of the filing of the said Bill, is published for six weeks in the North Carolina Whig, a newspaper published in the Town of Charlotte in said State, in conformity to the act of Assembly in such cases made and provided, for the said Robert Harris, personally to be and appear at the next term of this Honorable Court, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in February, A. D. 1860, and then and there, upon his corporal oath, to answer fully and truly the allegations of the Plaintiff's Bill; otherwise, on proof of the publication of this notice, the said Court will proceed as if process had been personally served on him, and be held in default in his appearance, and will order the said Bill to be taken as confessed, and make such decree thereupon as shall be deemed just.

Witness, A. C. Williamson, clerk and master of said Court, at office, in Charlotte, the 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in August, A. D. 1859, and in the 84th year of American Independence.

A. C. WILLIAMSON, C. M. E.

Printer's Fee $6. 143 *Jan. 17, 1860.*

Special Notices.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

The qualities of this medicine have placed it upon an impregnable foundation. In destroying disease, and restoring health it has no parallel.

For the following Complaints these Bitters are a Specific, viz—*Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heart Burn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.*

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Subjoined are few testimonials from well known physicians:

MANSFIELD, Tioga Co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1858.

I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice with decided success in debility and general prostration, &c., and confidently recommend it in General Debility, and diseases of the digestive organs.

F. R. WHITE, M. D.

AURORA, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1858.

Gentlemen:—I have been in the drug business the last fifteen years, and have never sold a medicine which has given such great satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia as the Oxygenated Bitters and in this disease I always recommend it.

H. G. FOULKE.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 10, 1854.

Gentlemen:—I can present hundreds, that I have brought by Oxygenated Bitters in Indigestion and Debility, and found immediate relief from using only a part of a bottle. *I have the greatest confidence in it as a cure for Dyspepsia and General Debility*, and recommend it with much pleasure.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES LEWIS, M. D.

Prepared by S. W. Fowle & Co., Boston, and sold by E. Nye Hutchison & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

Dr. Hostetter's Bitters have received the warmest testimonial from the press and people throughout the Union. As a valuable tonic for the cure of Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Constipation and general nervous debility, it cannot be approached—Every day new cases of its great efficacy are published through our public journals. There is nothing equal to the enjoyment to be that which the celebrated experience when using this valuable specific. Its mild tone, its safe and vigorous action upon a disordered stomach, and the cleansing of the entire human body, should recommend it to all classes of our community. All that will be necessary to eradicate the symptoms of the monthly effects, is to purchase a bottle and be convinced.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere. For sale by E. Nye Hutchison & Co., Charlotte, N. C. 148

BERRY'S TEN MINUTE.

BERRY'S

PULMONIC WAFERS.

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most distinct harmony and perfect relief, and when persevered with according to directions, never fail to effect a speedy and lasting cure. Testimonials have been received to prove to skeptics, who have tried other means in vain. They are used with equal advantage by eminent professional men, and are a sure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an important trial.

To SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS, these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will clear the most sonorous and melodious harmony, and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and flexibility of the voice, greatly improving the tone, compass and shortness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many professional vocalists.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all respectable druggists and

F. SCARR, *Charlotte, N. C.*

☞ See the advertisement of Sandford's Liver Invigorator, in another column.

☞ See the advertisement of Wood's Hair Dye, in another column.

WHIG MEETING!!

A MEETING of the Whigs of Mecklenburg County will be held at the Court House in Charlotte, on Saturday, the 4th of February next. All opposed to Democratic misrule are invited to attend.

MANY WHIGS.

January 20, 1860.

ROBT. H. COWAN,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office, South Corner Market and Water Sts—up stairs.

October 11, 1859. 301

THE ONLY ARTICLE
UNRIVALLED IN MARKET,
WITH CHEESE
HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND.

This renown way, as used by Nation's contemporaries, it produces the natural cream petrifactions after the hair becomes gray; supplies the natural flavor, and then makes it grow on bald pates, removes all unnatural itching and heat from the scalp, stops the hair from falling out, and cures every nervous headache, and may be relied upon to cure all sensations in the scalp and hair, it will eradicate scurf from falling off; makes it soft, glossy, healthy and beautiful, and it must be by young men or those there a week, it will never fail or become gray; does not soil, rub off, fade, burn and purge for protection.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8, 1858.

MESSRS. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gentlemen:—Having used a good deal about Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and my hair being quite gray, I made up my mind to try some few preparations which I, in company with a great many persons, had against all number of patent nostrums, and a short time ago I commenced using your article, to test it for myself.

The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you, as well as in the encouragement of others who may be in my place, I will say that after having my hair cut, I am willing to give your Restorative a trial to show how far they proved, and the best proof being another demonstration. I write you this letter, which you may show to any such, who also cannot from some further object, wish to do so, and I am, &c.

Yours Respectfully, &c.

My hair is now in excellent condition and much improved in appearance every day, being glossy and thicker and much more healthy looking.

I am yours respectfully,

HENRY JENKINS.

Cor. Columbia and Carroll sts., Brooklyn.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 14, 1858.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative has done much good to one part of the country. My hair has been slightly improving for several years, caused I suppose, from a slight fever when I was quite an infant. I have been using your Hair Restorative for six weeks and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, and having used all other preparations known, to no effect, I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted in this way to use your remedy.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, &c., S. W. MIDDLETON.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 2, 1858.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well stocked with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it.

Yours, respectfully, O. H. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 404, Vine street.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of 3 sizes, viz: large, medium and small; the small holds 1 a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars a bottle; the large holds a quart, forty per cent more in proportion and retails for $3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo., and sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers and in Charlotte by S. ARR & CO.

Wm. J. Kerr,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus counties.

☞ Office in the Beatty Building opposite Kerr's Hotel.

Jan. 24, 1860. 44tf

For Rent.

A OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO, warranted good—$4 per month. If bought, interest only charged and a fair price. On behalf of the owner, inquire of

DR. KIAH P. HARRIS.

Concord, N. C.

January 24, 1860. 146

E. R. STOKES'
Book Binding Establishment,

Two Doors above Branch Bank in New Building in rear of W. R. Stanley's China Hall.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

The above Establishment is now in full operation, having and still receiving a full supply of the best BLANK PAPER and BINDERS' MATERIALS. I am at all times ready to do all orders in my line, and at the same time solicit a share of patronage. My personal attention will be given to all orders with whom I may be favored. Having had long practical experience in the manufacture of BLANK BOOKS, and in the Binding of new and old PRINTED WORKS, I flatter myself that I can, in all cases, give entire satisfaction.

BLANK BOOKS,

Bank Books, Clerks' Books, for District Offices, Sheriffs', Ordinary's and Commissioner in Equity's Books, all RULED and BOUND to any pattern, in the very best manner, of superior paper, and Pages also Indexed when required.

PRINTED WORKS.

Music Books, Periodicals, Pamphlets, Magazines and Books of every description, bound to regularly, in every variety of style.

☞ All orders will be executed with despatch, and as low as can be done elsewhere.

E. R. STOKES.

January 17, 1860. 45tf

Claremont Female School.

MRS. E. J. WILSON, will open a school at Claremont, 44 miles from Charlotte and 11 from Sugar Creek Church, on the third Monday in January 1860.

(TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.)

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, and Grammar, $5 00

Music, Drawing, Painting, Lights, and fuel, will be furnished at Claremont, not by families in the neighborhood, at $7 00 per month.

Mrs. Wilson has long been engaged in the business of teaching, and is extensively and favorably known as an efficient Instructress.

December 13, 1859. 143

DECEMBER 1st, 1859!

T. H. BREM & CO.

From this date, will offer their entire stock of

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Carpets, Fancy Goods, &c.,

at greatly reduced prices, as they are determined to remove their stock much LOWER than usual, before the opening of the Spring Trade. *THIS IS NO HUMBUG. CALL AND EXAMINE PRICES.*

TO THE LADIES!

We will offer Fancy Brocade Silks at N. York Cost.
" " " " Silk Robes " " " "
" " " " de Laine " " " "
" " " " and other articles " " " "
" " " " Poplins and Poplinettes " " " "
" " " " Rich Silks and all wool Plaids at New York Cost.

We will offer Hosiery, Gloves, Hamburgs, Jackonets, Swiss, Nainsooks, and Tarlton Muslins, Embroidery, Linen, &c., at New York prices. Our stock of fine shoes goods is complete, and in fact we have no necessity in saying, that for style, price, quality and elegance, our other Stock cannot be excelled.

THE GENTLEMEN

Will find our Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings &c., not of prices that cannot fail to please.

We are determined to reduce our stock. Call and see for

LOOK OUT!!

THE Business of Mr. James P. Stevenson having been closed by financial of the Stock of Goods. I would inform all those indebted to him of to the firm of Stevenson & Avery, that I expect to remain in Charlotte for a few weeks to make settlements, and hope our friends will call upon me at the old stand as soon as possible, as I cannot afford to stay six months to make these settlements.

F. W. ABRENS.

January 2, 1860. 42tf

GLEN ANNA
FEMALE SEMINARY,
Thomasville, Davidson county, N. C.

THIS School is on the North Carolina Rail Road, between Charlotte and Raleigh. The Spring Session of 1860 will commence on the 16th of January. Board, washing and tuition $75 per session of 21 weeks—lights extra. English branches from 5 to $15. Music on the Piano, Melodeon or guitar, $20. The Languages and Ornamental branches, $5 each. No charge for Maps, Globes or Musical Instruments. Half to be paid in advance, the remainder at the close of the session. Our course is thoroughly both scientific and ornamental. The health and good water of Thomasville is not surpassed in the State. This is the cheapest school in the State of the grade. For further information address,

J. W. THOMAS,
President Board Trustees.

January 3, 1860. 146

JOHN S. WILEY,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

HAVANA SEGARS,

AND DEALER IN

Tobacco, Snuff, Matches, Paper, &c.,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REFERENCE FITES, &c., constantly on hand.

January 1, 1860. 150

New Steam Saw Mill.

THE Subscribers having got their Steam Saw Mill, in operation, are now prepared to furnish all kinds of Lumber at the shortest notice, either at the mill, or in Charlotte. Those wishing Lumber can leave their Orders with J. Long at the Union Co., or with P. Sauers in Charlotte.

SAURS & LONG.

Charlotte, Dec. 3, 1859. 30tf

Circular Saws for Sale.

Here, best Circular Saws, (Warranted,) from 24 inch to 44 feet in diameter for sale, LUMBER, will be taken in part payment for them.

P. SAURS.

Charlotte, Dec. 3, 1859. 30tf

Mecklenburg Hotel.

Next to the Post Office

THE subscriber informs the public that having purchased the building known as Mecklenburg Hotel, he has refurnished it and is now prepared to accommodate transient and regular Boarders.

He has good Stables and efficient Ostlers—Horses will be kept by the month or day, or furnished with a single load, on moderate terms.

JOHN DORAN.

Nov. 7, 1859. 33tf

More Like a City than Ever.

ON or before the middle of January next, we will open, at the stand occupied by Sam'l. T. Wriston, opposite the State Bank, an exclusive

HARDWARE STORE,

DEALING IN

Hardware, Cutlery, Guns,
Carriage Materials,

and in fact, everything made of Iron and Steel.

The purchases will be made by one of long experience in the business, and we intend to defy competition.

COCHRANE & SAMPLE.

Charlotte, Dec. 20, 1859. 41tf

☞ Notice.

HAVING lost a Certificate, issued to me, for FIVE SHARES of Stock in the Charlotte & South Carolina Rail Road, I hereby give notice that I will make application for a Duplicate Certificate, according to a resolution passed by the Stockholders.

JOHN B. MOSS.

Catawba county, Jan. 3, 1860. 42-44A

Treasurer's Office,
Charlotte & S. C. R. R. Co., Dec. 14, 1859.

THE Board of Directors have declared a DIVIDEND OF THREE AND A HALF DOLLARS per share, payable on the first of January next. The Stockholders in North Carolina and Eastern York, S. C., will be paid by the Company's Agent, at Charlotte, N. C. Those in Chester District will be paid by the Agent at Chester—Those in Fairfield, at the Bank in Winnsboro'—Those in Charleston, at the Bank of the State of South Carolina. Allotments will be paid at this office.

The Company is prepared to pay its Bonds which become due on the first of January next.

C. BOUKNIGHT, Treasurer.

December 26. 41-3t

SHORTEST ROUTE to FLORIDA.

THROUGH IN FIFTEEN HOURS.

THE U. S. MAIL

CAROLINA,
AND
GORDON,

LEAVE CHARLESTON DAILY (SUNDAYS excepted,) at 5.30 P. M., for Fernandina, Fla., connecting through the Northeastern Rail Road, with the great seaboard lines going North to Portland, and going South, connecting at Fernandina with Rail Road to Jacksonville, Lake City, and Gainesville, and by stages to Cedar Keys, Micanopy, Ocala, Tampa, and other points in the interior of Florida. Also, at Cedar Keys with steamers to Havana, Key West, St. Marks, Apalachicola, Pensacola and New Orleans.

Passengers for St. Augustine and points on the St. John's River, will take steamers at Jacksonville.

The "CAROLINA" and "GORDON" are first class steamers, commanded by experienced seamen, full branch pilots of this port, with fine state room accommodations, and every comfort will be found on them usually required by the travelling public.

Passage ..... $5.

Freight taken at lowest rates.

For engagements and other particulars apply to

H. L. CHISHOLM, *Agent,*
Charleston, S. C.

Dec. 26, 1859. 41-3m

J. S. PHILLIPS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAVING located in Charlotte, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.

September 27, 1859. 29tf

R. W. BECKWITH

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

WATCHES, JEWELRY,

PLATED WARE, &c.

OF THE BEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.

Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the House and Lot on which he resides, adjoining the Methodist parsonage. The House is comfortable and there is on the premises a kitchen, dairy, stable and a Well of a perfect water. The situation is a good one for a family.

—ALSO—

A Store House and lot fronting opposite the late residence of the Rev. T. M. Fariss and also adjoining the Parsonage.

Possession given the 1st of January next.

R. W. BECKWITH.

November 1, 1859. 34tf

WHEAT WANTED.

THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat Crop will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices, by having Wheat for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & CO.

July 2, 1859. 2tf

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against hunting with guns of single or fishing with net or hooks, or in any wise trespassing upon my lands, or the law in such cases will be rigidly enforced against every one so offending.

IRA PARKS.

June 7, 1859. 13tf

To Farmers and Country Merchants

J. Y. BRYCE & CO.,

ARE now offering to the public the largest and best assortment of GROCERIES ever brought to this market, consisting of

COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, SALT, &c.

THE BEST KINDS OF

BAGGING, ROPE and TWINE.

Also,

15,000 pounds good country cured Bacon,
10,000 " " Tennessee Sides,
2,000 " " " Lard,

all of which will be sold low for CASH or Country Produce.

Come and See, we don't charge for looking at them. *July 26.—1y*

The Markets.

CORRECTED BY OATES & WILLIAMS.

CHARLOTTE, JANUARY 30, 1860.

BACON, Hams,	lb	12½	@	00
" Sides,	lb	11	@	12½
" Hog round,	lb	11½	@	00
" Shoulders,	lb	00	@	00
Bagging, Gunny,	yd	16	@	00
Beef,	lb	5	@	6
Butter,	lb	12½	@	15
Beeswax,	lb	25	@	28
Beans,	quart	30	@	00
Brandy, Apple,	gal	60	@	00
" Peach,	gal	$1	@	150
Cotton,	lb	7½	@	10
Coffee, Rio,	lb	14	@	15
" Java,	lb	17	@	00
Candles, Adamantine,	lb	25	@	30
" Sperm,	lb	40	@	00
" Tallow,	lb	20	@	25
Corn,	bushel	85	@	90
Cheese,	each	12½	@	00
Cloth, Copperas	yard	15	@	16
" Linsey,	yard	25	@	30
Eggs,	dozen	12	@	15
Flour,	bbl	5	@	6½
"	bags	2½	@	3
Feathers,	lb	30	@	35
Hides, Green,	lb	6	@	6½
" Dry,	lb	12	@	12½
Lard,	lb	12	@	12½
Mutton,	lb	5	@	6
Mackerel,	bbl. No 1	$14½	@	15½
"	kits	$300	@	400
Molasses, N. O	gal	70	@	75
" W. I.	gal	40	@	00
Meal	bushel	85	@	90
Mullets (Wilmington)	bbl	00	@	00
Nails, Northern,	lb	5	@	00
" Southern	lb	5	@	6
Oats,	bushel	62	@	00
Pork,	lb	7	@	7½
Peas,	bushel	70	@	75
Potatoes, Irish,	bushel	125	@	00
" Sweet,	bushel	50	@	55
Rice,	bushel	$4	@	$5
Sugar, Loaf,	lb	14	@	16
" Brown,	lb	10	@	12½
Stone-Ware,	gal	8	@	9
Salt,	sack	100	@	00
Tea,	lb	75	@	00
Wheat, white,	bushel	118	to	$125
" red,	bushel	110	@	115
Whiskey, Northern,	gal	45	@	55
" N. Carolina,	gal	55	@	65
Wool, (best Georgia)	washed	27	@	28
" " "	unwashed	22	@	23
Yarn,	lb	100	@	00

REMARKS.

COTTON—Our cotton market