county skirmishes, every man who loves justice should rally to him who bears that banner so nobly. Our cause must triumph in the end. To doubt it would be to doubt your intelligence. Gov. Ellis has entangled himself in the meshes of his own cunning. The Democratic party has scattered itself to the four winds, so that you can't find it even with a search warrant. Its boasted nationality is clean gone. Where, under these circumstances, will the honest masses go, but to that well organized band of patriots, whose platform is EQUALITY AT THE TAX BOX, THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNTRY, THE UNION OF THE STATES, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS?

I am, fellow citizens, your ob't servant,
VICTOR C. BARRINGER.

Concord, June 26, 1860.

Funeral Notice!!!

It is with a grateful heart we record the death of

ROTTEN DEMOCRACY,

On Saturday the 23d of June, 1860, after a protracted illness of *one month*, during which time its existence was only prolonged by the administration of powerful nostrums; it took sick at Charleston—was removed to Baltimore for medical treatment—and expired at midnight on the 23rd instant. The disease which was the immediate cause of dissolution, has not been clearly ascertained—some of the Democratic Doctors who were present, attributed it to gangrene of its huge Pouch and Bowels; more generally known in the polite circles of Daggery keepers, as ROT GUT—some supposed it died of a disease known as the SECESSION and DISUNION of soul and body—while others of large experience, assert that it died of a disease, which has prevailed as an epidemic for years, called the NEGRO-PHOBIA.

The obsequies will be celebrated with becoming pomp in all the cities and towns in America, under the imposing title of lament of Rotten Democracy! All Foreign convicts from European Penitentiaries, are expected to attend and mourn as this death is "Ratified," and all the convicts in our State prisons and County Jails, are expected to wear a bunch of crape around their arms for 30 days, made of coarse domestic, blacked with Pointer's ink, in commemoration of the loss of the best friend they ever had!

Many of our most distinguished citizens both civil and military, among whom are Generals, Colonels, Majors, Office-Holders and Office Seekers, who will act as pall bearers, chief mourners, and deliver funeral orations. Certain *Old Abolitionists*, who have been expelled from one Church or another, for their devotion to Democratic *principles*, such as forging wills, getting drunk, and running off with other men's wives will open all exercises with prayer, singing that familiar national air, commencing with these words:

So when a raging fever burns,
We shift from side to side by turns;
But 'tis poor relief we gain,
To change the place but keep the pain.

Democratic Ditty.

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD ROAD RAILROAD.—At a late Director's meeting, the branch track from the main stem to this place, as recently surveyed by the engineers, was adopted and the branch ordered to be built.

Depots or stations west of Rockingham, and on to Charlotte, were also located and named. The first station in Anson county, will be about two miles west of the river, and named "Pee Dee." The second will be at Lilesville. The third at Wadesboro. The fourth near Lawyers' Spring Church, and named "Lanesboro." The fifth, near Meadow Branch church, and called "Meadow Branch." The sixth at Monroe. And the seventh on the Union and Mecklenburg line, and named "Indian Path."

On the eastern end of the road, a tri-weekly train will commence running the first week in July, by which time fifty miles of track will be laid from Wilmington. The grading east of Rockingham, and to within eight miles of that place, is in a forward state towards completion. The piling at Big Swamp, nine miles east of Lumberton, will be finished the last week in July, and it is confidently expected that the cars will be running at the end of the present year, one hundred miles west of Wilmington.—The track on the Western division has been laid four miles west of Charlotte, and the work is steadily advancing towards Lincolnton. At an early day a force of Irish will be put on the grading from the Union line to Charlotte, and the Company's force below Lumberton sent forward to the work in Richmond.—*N. C. Argus.*

CHARMING VALEDICTORY.—Mrs Dr. Lydia Sayre Hasbrouck, has been compelled to vacate the editorial chair of the Sibyl, temporarily. Hear her reason: "We are the fortunate owners of a clover field, and we have just returned from walking through and in hailing its sweets—such as no cosmetic can imitate. But above all the fruits, plants and flowers, we have another little nursing plant to tend and nestle to our heart in the form of a little boy of ten days old, who lays quietly sleeping near us as we write this. A blue-eyed, fair skinned, golden haired and tender plant, he seems to meet the roughness of this world in striking contrast to our dark eyed little Daisy, whose place here seems, if possible, more vacant now that the little brother she so often asked us to get her has come among us."

PRESTIGIATA.—Can't the Democracy, when they fire political salutes, hit upon some ingenious expedient to let us know whether they are shooting Douglas guns or Breckinridge guns? We shall certainly be very much obliged to them if they can and will.

If President Buchanan will but use all his exertions to defeat Douglas, we shall come pretty near half regretting that the poor old thing is so feeble.

As the late New York postmaster was stealing the public money nearly three years before he was detected, heaven only knows how many postmasters, undetected to this time, have been stealing one or two years.

Mr. Douglas' home organ admits that the Democratic party is "much exercised at this time." As it evidently has the devil in it, it should rather be exorcised.

A DESCRIPTIVE CUT.—The Madison (Pa.) Courier has a curious cut entitled "Democracy." It represents a big rooster cut crosswise through the middle, with the names Douglas and Johnson at the bird's head and Breckinridge and Lane at its tail. "On the space between the fowl's severed halves we have the words "Irrepressible Nigger."

North Carolina Whig.

CHARLOTTE:

Tuesday, July 17, 1860.

☞ R. R. Wakefield, Esq., of Lenoir, has consented to act, and is our authorized agent. He will receive orders for the WHIG, blanks or advertisements, and receipt for the same. Any persons subscribing who pay to him within three months will receive the WHIG for two dollars.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Hon. JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Hon. EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN POOL, ESQ.

OF PASQUOTANK.

LOOK UPON

THIS PICTURE,

WHEREAS Great inequality exists in the present mode of taxation, and it is just and right that all property should contribute its proportion towards the burdens of State;

Resolved, That we recommend a Convention of the people of the State to be called on the ledge to have assembly a proviso for the purpose of amending the Constitution that every species of property may be taxed according to its value, with power to discriminate only in favor of the native products of our State and the industrial pursuits of our citizens.—*Three 8ths Resolution of the Opposition platform.*

AND ON THIS,

Resolved, That we are opposed to disturbing any of the sectional compromises of our Constitution, State or National, since they were equally acceptable the introduction of this issue by the Opposition Party of No. Carolina into our State politics is a question of expediency, if not a national sentiment affecting the basis upon which our revenue is raised, is having it to be premature, impolitic, dangerous and unjust; it is at a time like this we deem it the duty of the Legislature when passing acts for the raising of revenue, so to adjust taxation, so to bear equally as practicable within the limits of the Constitution, upon the various interests and classes of property in all sections of the State.—*11th Resolution of Democratic Platform.*

☞ Remember that JOHN W. ELLIS compares the West to a "HORSE-LEECH," whose eternal cry is "GIVE! GIVE!!" and the East to a goose that persists the West to take all the eggs she lays.

☞ Remember that JOHN W. ELLIS is in favor of taxing the Poll Tax of Slaves, when he knows full well that by doing so the taxes WHITE Polls will be correspondingly increased.

☞ *That our Revenue System is a very bad one, must be admitted by every Senator who has given it the slightest investigation.*"—Extract from Senator Benson's Speech.

Ad Valorem Candidates.

We are authorized to announce Col. R. W. ALEXANDER, as a candidate to represent Mecklenburg county, in the Senate of the next General Assembly.

We are authorized to announce JOSEPH R. GILLESPIE, Esq., as a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons of the next Legislature—He is an favor of Pool and Equal Taxation.

☞ We are authorized to announce Capt. MOSES PITTS, as a candidate to represent Cabarrus county, in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly.

List of Appointments.

Mr. POOL will address his fellow citizens at the following times and places viz:

Asheborough, Randolph county, Monday July 23
Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, Tuesday " 24
Concord, Cabarrus county, Wednesday " 25
Gold Hill, Rowan county, Thursday " 26
Tyson's, Stanly county, Friday " 27
Wadesborough, Anson county, Saturday " 28

☞ We are requested to state that Dr. R. K. Speed, Elector for the State at large, will speak in Charlotte, on Tuesday 24th inst.

The New Rail Road Project.

We have given to day the full proceedings of the Rail Road Convention which met at Sumter on the 4th instant. The friends of this project will see from the statements made, that the prospect of success for the accomplishment of this great undertaking is beyond doubt. The people along the line are determined to build the road if not another cent is subscribed over and above the $611,000. The credit of the road will enable the Directors to borrow money enough to complete the work. The question was asked in the Convention if the credit of the Districts through which it will pass, was not sufficient to obtain the money for its completion. Success to the road we say in as much as it will make Charlotte the Depot for the produce of Western North Carolina, and leaving the command of three markets it will take its course of the one affording the best prices.

In connection, we state that in accordance with the wishes of the Sumter Convention, a corps of engineers will be placed on the road by the 1st of August, commencing at Charlotte, to make the surveys of the road, under the superintendance of Mr. S. S. Solomons, of the North-Eastern Rail Road.

More Iron.

Iron we find is coming both ways for the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford rail road and the hands are pressing the work with every expedition.

On Monday afternoon, the 9th instant a number of hands passed through Charlotte to commence on that portion of the road towards Wadesboro.

Mr. Everett and Mr. Buchanan.

The Bulletin of the 12th instant, has an article headed the record, in which he gives the opinions of Mr. Everett in 1839, in which he admits that the was in favor of abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia, of the slave traffic between the States of the Union and opposed to the admission into the Union of any new State, the Constitution of which tolerates domestic slavery. This was in 1839 and it is to be supposed that although Mr. Everett did entertain such opinions he has learnt like Mr. Webster to "*conquer his prejudices*," since that time.

But what was the antecedents of Mr. Buchanan before the last Presidential election? Why in 1826, Mr. Buchanan said "that slavery was a great political and moral evil, and thanked God that he did not live in a State where it existed." Has Mr. Everett said worse than that? Yet the South could support him for President, then why fear Mr. Everett for Vice President?

Again: In his Texas speech in 1844, Mr. Buchanan said: "I yet feel a strong repugnance, by any act of mine, to extend the limits of the Union over a new Slave territory." Has Mr. Everett said any thing worse.

Again: In the same Speech he said: "That the acquisition of Texas would, ere long, convert Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, and probably others of the more Northern Slave States into free States, I entertain not a doubt." Has Mr. Everett ever given a vote with stronger desires than did Mr. Buchanan, when he thought to depopulate the more Northern Slave States and make them free.

Again: In 1848, Mr. Buchanan said: "That Congress had the sovereign and exclusive power to legislate upon the subject of slavery in the territories."

Notwithstanding Mr. Buchanan held these sentiments, the Democratic party South supported him, and they have approved his administration. Is it not just as reasonable to suppose that Mr. Everett will be more true to the South than Mr. Buchanan has been.

But what are the antecedents of Mr Breckinridge? Let the people read the following extract from a speech of his delivered at the battle field of Tippecanoe, in 1856. He said:

"*I am connected with no party that has for its object the extension of slavery!* nor with any to prevent the people of a State or Territory from deciding the question of its existence with them for themselves!"—The speaker continued:

"I happened to be in Congress when the Nebraska bill passed, and gave it my voice and vote, and because it did what it did, viz: acknowledge *the right of the people of the Territory to settle the question themselves!* and not because I supposed what I do not now believe, that it legislated slavery into the Territory. The Democratic party is not a pro slavery party."

What say the people to this? Has Mr. Everett went as far? We trow not yet there are men at the South who say that Everett is an enemy and Breckinridge a friend to the South. O! consistency thou art a jewel!

Whistling to keep their Courage up!

The democratic journals are beginning the old game of brag. The Salisbury Banner, however certainly at this game out Herods Herod. Here what he says:

We have reliable information from all parts of the State tending to show that Pool has not even the ghost of chance. Ellis will be re-elected by such a majority as will strike terror into the K. N's.

Now, who believes that! We venture the assertion that there is not a man, (except perhaps the Editor of the Banner, and we doubt very much whether he believes his own assertion) who really believes what is stated in the above extract.

The Wilmington *Journal* has also been trying his hand at the same game, but not so grandiloquent as the *Banner*.

We have but a few remarks to make. We stated a few days ago that Gov. Ellis would be the worst beat man that was ever in the State, and we have heard nothing to make us change our opinion, but rather things strengthen us in our former opinion. One is that Gov. Ellis was heard to say to Clingman, "if you cannot do something for me I am gone." Another is, that although Mr. Pool was anxious to come to Mecklenburg he could not get Gov Ellis to consent to come. These straws show which way the wind blows.

Sudden Death.

We learn that Mrs. Isabella Reid, of Mount Mourne, lost a valuable young negro woman last week, by accidentally stabbing herself. The facts are these, as related to us by a gentleman who was on the spot a short time after its occurrence: The negroes had been eating breakfast and had started for their work. A negro boy in company had interrupted the girl in some way as they were passing along, which irritated her very much, when she told him if he touched her again she would cut him with her knife, a small one with a very short point, which she was using. He did interrupt her, and she immediately cut at him and inflicted a slight wound on the arm, cutting through a very strong cotton shirt, and it is supposed that in making an effort to get the knife out of the shirt she used more force than was necessary and brought her arm round with a sudden jerk when the knife entered her side immediately below the pap, and killed her instantly. The physician who attended the case said if she had been acquainted with anatomy she could not have selected a more exposed part of the body. There was no suspicion that she committed suicide as far as we have heard. A jury of inquest was called, but we have not heard their verdict.

Pryor for Bell and Everett.

The Democratic presses are very often parading before their readers the name of every distinguished person who may chance to come out for their candidate. In like manner we state that Roger A. Pryor, a distinguished member of Congress from Virginia has expressed himself in favor of Bell and Everett, if there was any chance for their election. We have no doubt that they do stand a chance of being elected, and after our State election their prospect of success will be increased four fold.—The Charlottesville Review of the 6th instant, says:

"On Friday night last a serenade was gotten up in honor of Roger A. Pryor, who has been sojourning in our town for several days past, in the discharge of his duties as Visitor of University of Virginia. On being called out he made a handsome address, in which he frankly and cordially gave his views of the present condition of public affairs. He said that the National Democratic party had no longer an existence; that it was perfectly impotent, and so enveloped by corruption that it absolutely needed to be chastened by defeat and privation. He spoke in the highest terms of the old Whig party and leaders, and said that he would cordially vote for Bell and Everett if he thought there was any prospect of their success; and concluded by drawing a most gloomy picture of the future. In his opinion Lincoln's election was inevitable, and nothing was left the South but to show an undivided front to the aggressions of the foe."

Not as we Expected.

When the canvass commenced we expected that the candidates for Governor would comport themselves like gentlemen. Mr. Pool's enemies are very ready to blame him for being the first to use offensive epithets in debate; but it certainly is not true as far as Mr. Pool is concerned, for we are informed that in the discussion at Winston Gov. Ellis used the terms "why the devil" and "what the devil" a number of times while Mr. Pool was speaking. Now, these are expressions not used in the hearing of ears polite and shows that Mr. Pool's remarks were having a telling effect on his opponent thus showing irritableness of feeling. That Governor Ellis was wrong, in the affair at Hendersonville, is easily proved by the card in this week's paper signed by a number of gentlemen who were present. Read it.

Military Convention,

A Military Convention was held in Goldsboro, on the 11th instant, to propose measures for the reorganization of Militia of the State, and the encouragement of the formation of uniform volunteer companies. 29 companies were represented. A committee was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen, to draft a code of Laws to be presented to the Legislature, viz:

1st District—Capt. P. M. Edmondston, Lieut. W. E. Mann.
2nd District—Capt. John L. Bridgers, Col. H. J. B. Clark.
3rd District—Cap. W. L. DeRossett, Maj. G. H. Cook.
4th District—Capt. Pride Jones, G. H. Parrihault.
5th District—Capt. John Sloan.
7th District—Gen. J. H. Walkup, B. H. Moore.

One member from the 5th, and two, each from the 6th and 8th Districts, to be filled hereafter by the Companies in those Districts.

Sad Accident.

We regret to learn, that Mr. Cyrus J. Wilson was so seriously injured yesterday by a fall from a swing that his life is despaired of. Mr. Wilson had erected a swing for his children and got in to try it first himself, and while being swung up the rope broke and he fell upon his back. Mr. Wilson being a very stout man the effect of the fall was enough to injure him seriously.

Fire.

We regret to learn that Mr. W. J. Killough living about 12 miles from Charlotte, had his barn destroyed by fire on the night of the 3d July. In the barn was 400 dozen of excellent Wheat, all his gears, one buggy and a considerable quantity of roughness. This was no doubt the work of an incendiary. In the barn was five mules which the incendiary turned out before applying the fire.

Difficulty Between Messrs. Pool and Ellis.

The Raleigh *Register* publishes the following card in explanation of a difficulty which occurred at Hendersonville between Messrs. Pool and Ellis:

We were present at the discussion at Hendersonville on this day, between Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool, in which a personal difficulty occurred, and to prevent misrepresentation of the circumstances, we deem it a duty to the public to make a brief statement of the facts. Mr. Pool in his opening speech stated, that it had been reported, that he was in favor of *taxing everything, tea cups, &c.* That his competitor did not say so himself, but only argued so, from the platform of Mr. Pool's party, and Mr. Pool went on to remark, that anybody who charged him with being in favor of or advocating this thing, told a lie, and he authorized every person present to say that he said so.

Governor Ellis, when he came to reply to this part of Mr. Pool's address, charged Mr. Pool with using such language as he would not have used in a rich gentleman's parlor. Mr. Pool, in his rejoinder to this remark, said he did not know any other language which should be used, when such a charge was made, and he would not hesitate to use such language in a rich man's parlor or any where else, when it became necessary.—Governor Ellis rose from his seat in an excited and menacing manner, and said Mr. Pool was using language unbecoming a gentleman. Mr. Pool replied, you are no gentleman, whereupon Governor Ellis made at him, with his right hand extended, which Mr. Pool caught with his left hand and drew back his right hand to strike when a gentleman caught Mr. Pool's right arm and prevented the blow—Mr Pool being at the time standing at the judge's seat, and Gov. Ellis standing below at the clerk's desk, with the judge's bench, (three feet high) between—when friends interposed and Mr. Pool went on with his remarks and repeated the same thing in the same language as before, and said that Governor Ellis's conduct was unbecoming the Governor of the State of North Carolina. That if he felt aggrieved at any remark of his, this was not the place or the time or the manner to adjust such difficulties. That Governor Ellis knew who he was, and that he was responsible to him or any other gentleman for any offence given, and was ready to settle such matters at any time and in any way. That the Governor had not chosen the usual mode recognized by gentlemen to settle such matters. Mr. Pool remarked that he did not wish his friends to become excited, or take any part in the matter; that he could settle it himself. Gov. Ellis said Mr. Pool's remark to his friends was gratuitous, and that he was Governor of the State and could not fight. Mr. Pool replied that the law forbid every body from fighting, and the matter closed.

JOHN McLAIN,
WILLIAM PATTON,
A. MILLER,
A. H. JONES,
A. J. McBRYER,
T. W. TAYLOR,
L. S. GASH,
H. D. LEE,
F. C. BYERS,
SAM'L C. BRYSON,
S. P. BRITTAIN,
J. Y. BRYSON.

Hendersonville, July 2, 1860.

FOR THE N. C. WHIG.

Mr. Editor: An article in the Democrat of the 10th instant relative to the County Canvass is so inaccurate in many particulars that I deem it necessary to correct it, at least in one. That one is in regard to the speaking by Gen. Young and S. P. Smith. If the statements of the Democrat in political matters are generally as incorrect as this, facts are an element with which his politics are not highly spiced—unfortunately the Democrat can only see, even important items in political economy through democratic spectacles. We are not surprised his optics are defective, and therefore scarcely expect a better or more truthful representation of facts than the party collar, prejudice, interest and public pap would permit.

The facts are S. P. Smith commenced with the candidates and sheriff, when they commenced the canvass, and to the surprise of every body, and contrary to the customs of the canvass in the county, he made a speech sustaining the "war horse" of Democracy, Lawyer Davis and Maj Potts against Col. R. W. Alexander and Joseph R. Gillespie and that he continued with the sheriff from day to day, making speeches each day. At Providence, he became so discourteous to Mess. Alexander and Gillespie, the opposition candidates, that one of them told him publicly, in his speech that if he would appear at Sharon, the next day, he should be answered. Mr. Smith also hearing (from two other reliable sources) that he would be answered, was exceedingly careful not to be at Sharon. I imagine he rather feared the contest.

Gen. Young being at Sharon was loudly called for, but at first declined; his refusal however was not regarded, the calls continuing, he was compelled to either comply with the demands of his friends or by refusal give offence, and of course he no longer hesitated as to his duty; and it is proper here to state that he discharged that duty fully to the satisfaction of all present—he dispelled the cloud of mist thrown upon the subjects of National and State politics by the secession candidates.

He clearly and fully satisfied his hearers that there was no National Democratic Party—that all the candidates save Bell and Everett, were purely sectional and were running upon sectional issues, which he greatly deprecated, and invoked his fellow citizens to unite upon the Constitutional and Union Candidates, Bell and Everett.

He fully exposed the demagogueism of the so-called "old war horse," who only a year or two since, was an uncompromising enemy of internal improvement and a short time since a Douglas man (I believe,) now opposed to him—in short, he is for anything or body, that will administer the pap, and give him the teat.

Who proposed the name of W. W. Holden and urged his nomination in the Democratic Convention in Charlotte, for the Governorship of North Carolina?

Who upon that occasion eulogized W. W. Holden?

Who stated in that meeting that W. W. Holden burnt the midnight lamp to advance the interests of his party?

Who complimented W. W. Holden upon fighting his way from obscurity to the leadership of the Democratic Party of North Carolina? JOHN WALKER!

Where now is W. W. Holden and where is John Walker?

W. W. Holden is showing up the inconsistencies of the disrupted Democratic Party, and John Walker is zealously endeavoring to mystify and misrepresent the facts in regard to the position of the secession disunion party, of which he is now a member; and is endeavoring to promote the interests of the sectional candidates of said Disunion Party. Those who doubt its being a Disunion Party let them read the Western Democrat for May 15.

Oh! Counsellor, where are you? Holden and Bledsoe gone—the war-horse lame, Miller declines, his successor declines, J. Parker Jordan denounced and proved a liar, Yancey a secessionist and disunionist, and your friend Douglas a traitor, exclaim in your agony, good Lord deliver us.

"BUT Abdon Alexander answered Gen. Young."—*Western Democrat.*

The dog barked at the moon and what was the result? Counsellor answer. S.

FOR THE N. C. WHIG.

"At the risk of breaking up the party, national democrats contended for a distinct avowal of the rights of all sections, and if a like spirit had prompted the supporters of John Pool and Bell and Everett, we should now have a united South against abolition aggression."—*Western Democrat.*

It was the spoils they "contended" for. Spoils was the subject of the Northern wing as they are in a minority in almost every State. They went for the popular democratic principle of non intervention and the Western *Democrat* has been supporting that principle "ever since he knew anything." The object of the southern faction is disunion—they went for intervention as a sure mode of carrying out their designs.—The President, cabinet and other office holders, united with the Disunion leaders in opposition to Douglas and thereby falsified the principles they were elected upon, and the Western Democrat followed *suit*, and *now* he talks about distinct avowals of right, &c., and condemns the action of the National Constitutional Union party who stands upon Constitutional Equality and the enforcement of the laws, without regard to the sectional issues and disunion factions that have arisen under the patronage of the most unscrupulous and demoralizing party that ever existed. A party whose *head* has been censured by a vote of Two to one in the House—(*old parties* voting for the censure) a party that has fallen to pieces by its own weight of rottenness and corruption, such is *the Party* the Western Democrat advises us to unite with and *he* only "second fiddler" at that. *He* has been to Baltimore and there united with *men* he has been denouncing as disunionists for the last 12 months. A man must have an awful conscience and a hard face, who *can* talk about uniting the South who *turns about* as much as the Editor of the Democrat. If good judgment and ingenuity comes in as taxable articles on the Ad valorem principle I think the Democrat will get off "scot free."

The Democrat says "We should have a united South against abolition aggression." Is he alluding to the branch of *his* party he has *just quit* or does he mean the "John Brown Raid 'at Harper's ferry! As" councillor "to his excellency Gov Ellis he *endorsed* Mr. Buchanan who refused *aid* to put down the Abolition Aggression of John Brown. I think there was more *party* than *country* mixed up in the endorsement. Mr. McRae says the North Carolina delegation followed the Virginia delegation like unto the *tail of a kite*. Well, I suppose the *Democrat* is hanging on *somewhere* to the *tail*, and the higher the Kite is *flown* the higher it will be, tail and all and beautifully less will it appear. SAM.

FOR THE N. C. WHIG.

The "Democrat" Snake Bit—Know-Nothings—County Canvass, &c.

The "Democrat" seems to be *snake bit* from the manner he is "*striking around*" in his article on the County Canvass. *He* is *sore* at begging the Question on convention, &c, and according to *his mode* of reasoning is *opposed to American voting A. mere a.* The *snake Editor* in Salisbury had better send him a *snake skin* to hang up in his office to "look upon and get cured."—In the Democratic county convention in Charlotte *they* supported a live Know nothing—large *size*, for a seat in the House of Commons, but they finally *put up* a *rear guard whig* of a *small size*, thinking perhaps *his embonpoint* would correspond better with the principles they wished advocated, such as tin cups, &c. But the "Democrat" is down generally on Mr. Gillespie and on uncle Ben only so, so, on account of Know nothingism, &c, but does not say any thing about the low vulgar abuse heaped upon Mr. Gillespie at the opening of the canvass.

And Mr Gillespie, now ought to know that in order to be a good Know nothing according to the "Western Democrat's" idea of Political honesty you must do so *he* has been doing—favor non intervention—glorify Douglas—go to Baltimore—stretch yourself to the "*Kite tail*" of the *Double D's*—then "change front"—double shuffle—take the back track—favor intervention—abuse Douglas—go in for the Disunion faction—swear you did not "know nothing" about how these squatter sovereigns imposed on the immaculate Yancey and other "fire eaters"—swear you were very much mistaken about the *plotters of Disunion*—and that *these letters* favoring that sentiment was a *private* arrangement and that of course they cannot *go any thing* of the *sort vote*,—you must assume high personal dignity, so you can *swell* among the Democratic Aristocracy of Charlotte—take position—Advise the Democracy—practice all sorts of changeable Humbuggery—Why Mr. Gillespie it is the easiest thing in the world for you to be elected in Mecklenburg—Raise the "many colored and patched flag of the Western Democrat" Democracy—tell big tales about Know nothings, pretend to be very patriotic and the first thing you know you are *in office*. The Democrat's Party is *the Greatest Know Nothing* Party in *existence*, there is not *one* of them can tell you whether Gov. Ellis is in favor of Douglas or of Breckenridge, or whether he is in favor of intervention or non-intervention. *That* beats the *ancient* Know nothing's all hollow—they *cannot* tell you whether *their snake* is going "North or South." Oh! Democracy.—Oh! Snakery Oh! Counsellor!

The "Bulletin" asks "Does Gov. Ellis endorse the seceders and *their* platform, or *does* he side with Douglas and his party? At them "Bulletin!" make them *shed* their *snake skins*—come down on their Know nothingism—that's right for they are the greatest "Know nothings" *out*. There is Henry W. Miller, as great a Know nothing as *he* is. *He* could *not* find out where he stood and was completely *lost* in the *woods*, joined the Democracy and became the orator of the *Nineteenth* century," was appointed Democratic Elector—made "great speeches" created a great sensation—but when Disunion became the order of the day *he resigned*—Democracy must be contemptible when a renegade Know nothing want stand it, *he* in office at that. The "Adder snake" as the emblem of the Democracy is very appropriate. The *Disunion* movement that is *going on* is stealing upon us in all its movements, just like a *snake* in the grass. X.

If the Bulletin disavows Disunionism, why does it endeavor to hide its "*paramount Union*" proclivities? It says if it were a Whig know nothing American paper it would not be a Disunionist, and yet it tried to hide the fact that it was a know-nothing paper; forcing the inference upon us that it is a Disunion paper. That is also "sensible—let it pass." That the Bulletin is what we charged it with being, however, is settled by the editor's own confessions and the quotations we made from its columns last week. But this don't prove that it is a Union paper by a great deal. Mongrel news-paper politicians are just the things that are ruining the country; they jump from pillar to post—first on this car rear, then on that—ever ready to drift in any direction that promises relief or benefit to self."—*Western Democrat.*

MORAL.—The Democrat is playing *second fiddle* to the Bulletin *now*, and Democratic principles are unchangeable according to the doctrines held by the Democracy. Oh! Democracy! Democracy! "What sins are committed in thy name." SAM.

BRECKENRIDGE REPUDIATED IN HIS OWN HOME.—The Nicholasville (Ky.) Democrat, published in Breckinridge's district, hoists the flag of Douglas and Johnson.

For the N. C. Whig.

RAILROAD CONVENTION.

SUMTER, July 4th, 1860.

The Convention, which adjourned over from Bishopville, on the 15th May last, assembled, according to resolution, at Sumter, this day, the 4th of July, 1860, and was called to order by the President, Col. S. B. Massey, at 12 o'clock M.

Mr. W. M. Connors, of Lancaster, and Dr. James McCauley, of Clarendon, were appointed Secretaries in place of Dr. T. K. Cureton and W. J. N. Hammet, who were absent.

The President made a short address setting forth the progress and prospects of the contemplated Railroad, and encouraging the friends of the enterprise.

The minutes of the meeting held at Bishopville were called for, read and confirmed.

On motion, the delegations represented in the meeting at Bishopville, were called and enrolled as follows, to wit:

From Kershaw—Capt. Wiley Kelly, L. McKinnon, J. E. King, J. B. Shaw, Daniel Gardner, Jno. Gardner, Capt. T. R. Conley, J. J. Jacey, A. McLean, John Folsom, J. H. Kelly, J. F. M. Kelly.

From Clarendon—Hon. J. J. Ingram, E. R. Plowden, R. F. Hayneworth, S. E. N. Plowden, W. R. Crosby, Dr. R. A. Bethune, John M. Felder, C. W. Wolfe, R. A. Chandler, W. C. Nelson, H. Kelly, J. R. Haynesworth, R. H. Briggs, J. S. McFadden, Dr. Jas. McCauley, W. E. Keels, Jno. S. Tindal, J. J. Ingerson, P. H. Nelson, E. G. DuBose.

From N. E. Rail Road Company—A. F. Rossel, S. S. Solomons, D. B. McLaurin.

From Sumter—Col. T. B. Fraser, M. B. Moses, J. J. Fleming, Capt. T. D. Freeman, Hon. F. J. Moses, Capt. G. W. Lee, J. T. Solomons, Noah Cross, R. J. Dick, T. V. Walsh, W. F. H. Haynesworth, J. G. Rothschild, jr., A. W. Gilbert, G. S. C. DeSchamps, W. E. Kirk, O. P. McBoy, L. B. Hooks, W. A. Coolbaugh, Dr. J. B. Witherspoon, Dr. J. C. Haynesworth, A. J. Moses.

From Lancaster—Col. S. B. Massey, R. L. Crawford, Wm. Stevens, P. T. Hammond, W. C. Cathcart, James Miller, F. D. Green, J. R. Megill, W. G. Stewart, Col. Dixon Barnes, Col. J. H. Witherspoon, James M. Ingram, Capt. J. D. McLeworn, Wm. A. Moore, Esq., D. W. Brown, J. A. Hinstine, W. M. Connors, A. J. Stewart, J. T. Weir, K. G. Billings, M. P. Crawford, John C. Foster.

From Bishopville (formerly designated as from "Carter's Crossing")—F. H. Kennedy, D. E. L. Perkins, Capt. J. A. Carnes, J. W. Stuckey, T. M. Malstrow, W. A. Jones, Wm. Rogers, Col. J. J. Brockey, L. L. Frazier, sen., S. C. Dorsey, R. M. Hughes, Col. J. T. Green, Charles Spencer, Dr. H. D. Green, J. W. Anderson.

From Lower Salem—Z. R. Falmore, L. J. Moore, A. M. Moore, Capt. J. M. Haight, W. H. Smith, Dr. S. H. Miller, Lewis Fogle, D. R. Durant, sen., Lee Z. Scott Keels, J. M. Timmons, H. J. Hinson, J. B. McMillan, J. D. Barnes, Dr. D. Kirby.

On motion, the delegations invited from Williamsburg District, Charlotte, N. C., and Charleston, S. C., were called on and enrolled as follows, to wit:

From Williamsburg—Thomas Chiles, T. S. Nelson, W. A. Coles, H. Montgomery, jr., T. J. Chiles.

From Charlotte, N. C.—T. J. Holton.

From Charleston—T. J. Wharton, E. H. Frost.

From Mechanicsville—Dr. W. J. McKee, Capt. L. L. Foster, jr., Tom Mullatchess, Alex Coleclough, Gen. S. R. Chandler, Dr. L. W. Doar.

On motion of Capt. J. R. Shaw, the business of the Convention was opened with prayer for the blessings of Almighty God, upon our undertaking, by the Rev. — Smith.

On motion of Col. J. H. Witherspoon, of Lancaster, it was

Resolved, That the Chairmen of the respective delegations present, report the amount of subscriptions from their respective constituents.

The reports having been made under the foregoing resolution, J. R. Haynsworth, Esq., offered the following resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention, for a the shortest route, that the route from Lancaster to Bishopville, from thence to Sumter, from thence to Manning, and from thence to a point on the North Eastern Railroad, at or near Kingstree's Depot, is the most practicable route, and that the said route be determined upon.

On motion of J. S. Richardson, Jr. Esq., this resolution was laid upon the table, as premature.

On motion of J. S. Richardson, Jr., the resolution of Col. J. H. Witherspoon was reconsidered and laid on the table, and the following resolution adopted in its stead, to wit:

Resolved, That the delegations from the respective sections represented in this convention, report through their Chairmen, the amounts respectively subscribed, and likely to be subscribed for the route via Sumter and Manning, to the North Eastern Railroad, and also for the route via Lynchburg to Camden.

The reports having been made, were found as follows, to wit:

FOR THE ROUTE VIA SUMTER AND MANNING.

	Amounts subscribed.	*Likely to be Raised.*
From Sumter,	$55,000	$75,000
From Clarendon,	110,000	125,000
From Georgetown,	Not present.	
From N. E. R. R.	84,250, and including reconstruction and loan of machinery	143,250
From Sumter,	80,000	100,000
From Lancaster,	171,000	20,000
For the road betw'n Lancaster & Chesterville,	40,000	40,000
From Bishopville,	60,000	100,000
From Mechanicsville,	30,000	
From Wilkinsburg,		15,000
Total amounts including Charleston, S. C. and Charlotte, N. C., who were not ready to report,	$641,250	$801,100

FOR THE ROUTE VIA LYNCHBURG AND CAM'N.

	Amounts Subscribed.	*Likely to be Raised.*
From Lower Salem,	$40,000	$50,000
From Kershaw,	55,000	75,000
From N. E. R. R. Co.	50,000	50,000
From Lancaster,	171,000	201,000
For the road betw'n Lancaster & Chesterville,	40,000	40,000
From Bishopville,	50,000	50,000
Total then amount'd to	$406,100	$466,100

Considerable applauding followed the announcement of the amounts subscribed, by the various Chairmen of Delegations, and on motion of Mr. M. P. Crawford, the Convention was requested not to applaud.

The delegation from Georgetown not having arrived, and being expected on the half past one o'clock train. On motion of H. J. Hickson it was

Resolved, To defer the further reports from the Chairmen of delegations until the afternoon session.

On motion the Convention took a recess at half past one o'clock, P. M., until 4 o'clock, P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At half past 4 o'clock, P. M. the President called the Convention to order.

The Delegation from Georgetown having arrived reported themselves present as follows:

From Georgetown—R. Dozier, — Scott, — Shaw.

The Chairman of this delegation reported their subscription as follows:

FOR THE ROUTE VIA LYNCHBURG TO CAM'N.

	Amount Subscribed.	*Likely to be Raised*
From Georgetown,	$20,000	$30,000
Which added to the amounts reported in the morning session, to wit:	396,100	466,100
	$416,100	$516,100

The Secretaries were called upon for a report of the amounts ascertained and reported.