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DR. W. H. LILLY. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Concord and vicinity.

The Concord Register.

VOL. II CONCORD, NORTH CAROLINA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1877. NO. 45.

PLOWS.

WE keep on hand the Friedrichsburg and Concord Plows, and extra castings. Also the celebrated "ADAMANT" Plows.

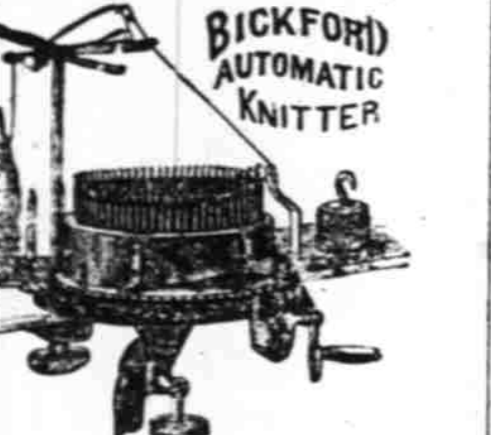
RICHMOND & CO., Concord, N. C.

ARMSTRONGS' LINCOLN BUTTER POWDER. Good Fresh Butter all the Year round.

LINCOLN BUTTER POWDER. In hot weather this Powder makes butter much firmer and sweeter than it usually is.

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SIMPLE, DURABLE, CHEAP! WILL LAST A LIFE TIME! WILL KNIT 20,000 STITCHES IN A MINUTE!

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This entirely new instrument, possessing all the essential qualities of more expensive and higher priced Pianos.

WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS. The best made. The touch is elastic and fine singing tone, powerful, pure and even.

WATERS' CONCERTO ORGANS. Cannot be excelled in tone or beauty; its daily competition.

WATERS' PIANOS AND ORGANS. Waters' New Scale Pianos have peculiar merits.

WATERS' CONCERTO ORGAN. Its tone is like a full, rich alto voice.

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DR. W. H. LILLY. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Concord and vicinity.

Liberia and the Negroes.

Last Saturday night the Court-house was filled with the citizens of Concord and from various parts of the county, to hold a council.

General Miles. The New Orleans Picayune says: "That was a wonderful fight of Gen. Miles' which was announced in Wednesday morning's dispatches."

Prof. Haines the schoolmaster, threw the first bomb in the battle, by opening the question of emigration to Liberia.

The Cincinnati Enquirer, also taking a chance at Miles, says: "The four or five hundred warriors, or two or three thousand people reported 'surrendered' to Gen. Miles November 2nd, only promised to surrender, which they have not done."

At last accounts Wilson was still breathing, but there is no slight probability that he will recover.

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A Revenue Officer Shot and Killed in Watauga County.

Dr. W. B. Council, member of the House from Watauga, has just returned from a short visit home, and upon his return tells of another homicide in that section of the State.

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LEGISLATIVE.

AN ACT FOR THE RELIEF OF SHERIFFS AND TAX-COLLECTORS. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. That all persons who have been sheriffs or tax-collectors of the several counties, cities, and towns of this State, for the years 1872, 1873, 1874 and 1875, their bondsmen and legal representatives, are hereby authorized and empowered to collect arrears of taxes for each of the years aforesaid, under such rules and regulations as are or may be prescribed by law for the collection of taxes: Provided, This act shall not authorize any sheriff or tax-collector, who is not now in office, to collect any insolvent taxes, where the same have been credited to him; but that the County Commissioners shall have power to place such insolvent tax lists in the hands of any sheriff or tax-collector who may now or hereafter be in office.

SECTION 2. That this act shall not apply to sheriffs, tax-collectors, their bondsmen or legal representatives, who have not, at the time he attempts to collect said arrears of taxes, settled and paid said taxes, to those authorized by law to receive them; but on such failure to settle and pay said taxes, the County Commissioners, or other authority, which may be established by law, to lay the county taxes, may appoint a tax-collector, who shall have the power given in section one of this act to sheriffs and tax-collectors, to collect arrears of taxes for the years 1872, 1873, 1874 and 1875, and be subject to the rules and regulations as are, or may be, prescribed by law for the collection of taxes.

SECTION 3. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to release said sheriffs, tax collectors, their bondsmen or legal representatives, from liability to pay the State, county and other taxes at the times and places prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. That no person shall be compelled to pay any tax under the provisions of this Act, who will make oath before any one authorized by law to administer oaths, that he or she has paid the same, or believes the same has been paid; nor shall any executor or administrator be compelled to pay any arrears of taxes under this Act.

SECTION 5. That the authority hereby given to collect arrears of taxes shall cease and determine on the 31st day of December, 1877.

SECTION 6. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification. Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, this 11th day of January, 1877.

HOUSE. Petitions. Mr. King presented the petition of citizens of Stokes county in relation to justices of the peace issuing warrants. Propositions and grievances.

Mr. McCubbin presented the petition of Rowan and Cabarrus counties, asking the passage of a stock law. Propositions and grievances.

By Mr. McBrayer: A bill requiring sheriffs and others to advertise sale of property in some newspaper. Judiciary committee.

By Mr. Swain: A bill to be entitled an act to prohibit the exportation of partridges. Propositions and grievances.

By Mr. Staples: A bill to be entitled an act to prevent fraudulent voting at elections, and to protect the purity of the ballot-box. Judiciary.

By Mr. Kenan: A bill concerning the breaking and entering buildings in the night time. Judiciary.

SENATE. INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Heilig: A bill to authorize the commissioners of Cabarrus to levy a special tax. Committee on Finance.

By Mr. York: Resolution of instruction to the committee on the State debt. [Submits the question to the people as to how much, if any, of the public debt they will pay.] Referred to committee on the State debt.

By Mr. Sandifer: Resolution creating a committee of twelve to divide the State into nine Judicial Districts. Calendar.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One Square, of ten lines, first insertion, \$1.00. Each subsequent insertion, \$0.50. Court orders, six weeks, \$5.00; Magistrates' Notices, four weeks, \$3.00; Administrators' Notices, six weeks, \$3.50—in advance.

Marriages and deaths will be inserted free; but obituaries will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents a line.

The Register guarantees the largest circulation of any paper published in the county.

Bill to aid in the completion of the Cheraw and Salisbury Railroad. [Asks for 75 convicts to work on the railroad.] The committee recommended a reduction of convicts and that 500 be left to work on the Western N. C. R. R., which was accepted by Senator Liles.

Mr. Albright moved to amend so that all expenses of every character should be paid by said road. Adopted.

The bill then passed its several readings. Bill to regulate the practice of dentistry in North Carolina was taken up.

Mr. Nicholson opposed the bill in a speech of some length, founding his opposition on his belief that it was unconstitutional.

Mr. Sandifer defended the bill and its unconstitutionality.

Messrs. Seales and Cunningham entertained the Senate in an able advocacy of the passage of the bill.

Mr. Robbins thought there should be some protection to the people from the quacks who practice this profession, and recited a certificate given by one of those impostors during the war to a sick soldier who asked to be discharged, to wit: "I do hereby certify that he has a hereditary predisposing to a pulmonary affection, of whom his father died of a long time ago."

After which the bill was put to the vote and passed ayes 26, nays 5. CALENDAR.

The resolution in relation to the letter book of the Governor of North Carolina, now retained in the War Department at Washington, was taken up.

[If the originals cannot be had \$300 is appropriated to have them copied.] The resolution passed its several readings.

TELEGRAPHIC. London, Feb. 13.—The weakness of the Stock Exchange and Paris Bourse, in consequence of the uncertainty of Eastern affairs, is intensified by various adverse rumors that Russia will precipitate a conflict, that negotiations with Montenegro are suspended, etc., none of which are traceable. No business is doing in stocks, and the tone of the stock market is flat.

The correspondent of the Standard, at Paris, telegraphs: "There is a coalition in the Chamber of Deputies against Duke de Cazais, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and his position is regarded as endangered. It is reported that he will shortly exchange his present post for the St. Petersburg Embassy, and though the same report has been several times circulated heretofore, I cannot say that it is now at all improbable. In that event Jules Simon will become Foreign Minister. This change, or any disturbance of the Cabinet at this time, would be little short of a public calamity."

The Times' Belgrade dispatch reports that M. Cistic has been appointed Envoy to Constantinople and empowered to sign a treaty of peace, Serbia having accepted all of the Turkish conditions except those referring to the treatment of Jews and residents of the Turkish commissary at Belgrade.

How About Burning Them Up? From the New York Sun. Witnesses are still testifying about the Asinabula Bridge. Expert after expert is called to add to the evidence that the bridge was not safe.

What is the use of all this? Everybody knows the bridge was not safe. It could not have been, or it would not have broken down. The giving way of the bridge, as it had been made of glass, settled that question. Now let the rich company which carried passengers over this dangerous bridge be made to pay, in the fullest measure of damages, so far as the poor compensation of money can go to offset the destruction of priceless human life.

But that is not all. The more interesting and more serious question remains, whether human beings were willfully permitted to be burned up, after the bridge fell, for the purpose of saving the insurance on the cars, and diminishing the liability in damages, or for any other purpose?

It has been proven that engines were on hand, which could have been used, and they were not used. It has been shown that many lives were destroyed which could have been saved; that from gross neglect, no matter from what cause resulting, the flames were permitted to burn on and consume human lives and human beings, when they might have been extinguished. A deaf ear was turned to the dying, when water, easily supplied, could have rescued them.