

THE CONCORD REGISTER.

JOHN WOODHOUSE, PROPRIETOR.
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The Concord Register.

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 The Register guarantees the largest circulation of any paper published in the county.

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Owing to the late decline of Iron and Steel, we are enabled to sell nearly every thing in the Hardware line at greatly **REDUCED PRICES!**
 Some articles are 25 per cent. CHEAPER than they were last year. We would especially call the attention of the Farmers to **The Low Prices** of STEEL and IRON PLOW SHOVELS and SWEEPS, HOES, FORKS, SHOVELS, & C.
 We keep in stock a full line of BUILDERS' HARDWARE, Window Sash, Glass, Putty, &c. Blacksmith and Carpenter's Tools, a good assortment always on hand, at **BOTTOM PRICES.**
 A full supply of IRON and NAIL always on hand.
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1877

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We cordially invite our friends and patrons of Cabarrus and surrounding counties to examine our Stock of

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for Ladies and Misses wear. Also the large Stock of Gents and Youths READY MADE SPRING CLOTHING, which cannot be excelled in style or quality. Come and see the

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HATS.

ARTIFICIALS,
 TRIMMINGS, & C., & C.
 of latest Spring Styles, and unique taste and beauty. All of which will be SOLD

CHEAP FOR CASH.

CALL and SEE us.
 323m
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THE above establishment has been overhauled and rebuilt, and is now one of the most handsome and comfortable hotels in the State. It has been thoroughly fitted up in all its departments with new furniture, and all the rooms carpeted. The traveling public are invited to call on us, and persons from the county, that are in the habit of stopping at Hotels in Concord, will find it to their interest to give us their patronage. Our study and delight is to please our guests.
 J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.

FRENCH'S HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,
 Opposite City Hall, Park Court House, and New Post Office.

NEW YORK.

All Modern Improvements, including Elevator, Gas, and Running Water, in every Room.

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 We have
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DR. W. H. LILLY,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Concord and vicinity.
 OFFICE and RESIDENCE opposite the Presbyterian Church.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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 ATTENDS in person to Courts in Albemarle, Stanly county, Concord, Cabarrus county, Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, Monroe, Union county, Salisbury, Rowan county.
 45ly

Wm. H. SHIPP, Wm. H. BAILEY, Wm. S. EVERITT.

SHIPP, BAILEY & EVERITT,
 ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
 CONCORD, N. C.
 PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts Claims collected in every part of the State Dec. 6, 1877-39

E. P. DAVIS,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,
 Over Gillon's Store, Next to the Register Office.
 CONCORD, N. C.
 Special attention given to repairing Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry. All work entrusted to me will be executed with despatch, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

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 Practices in State and Federal Courts Claims collected in any part of the State and prompt attention given to all business.
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MOUNT PLEASANT WOOL CARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers have had their machinery at the above popular establishment, put in thorough repair by a first class machinist, and are now ready to card Wool and make superior Rolls. All that we ask is, give us a trial. We guarantee satisfaction.
 G. F. R. MILLER, Manager.

Livery Stables.

I have opened the Livery and Sale Stables lately occupied by Burkhead & Caldwell at the American Hotel.
 HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at all times. Careful drivers provided for those who wish them.
 HORSES BOARDED on liberal terms by the day, week, or month. Careful rooms attached at the Stables.
 We have a good stock of Riding Horses, Driving Horses, and neat and comfortable Buggies.

THE OMNIBUS

will attend at the Depot on the arrival and departure of trains, and will convey persons to any part of the town.
 Thankful for the generous patronage this establishment has enjoyed in the past, we now solicit its continuation, and assure our patrons that we will strive to please and satisfy them.
 J. C. H. BURKHEAD.
 12zf

THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER,

By R. V. VAN DYKE, M. D.
 It is a book containing over 300 pages of valuable information, in regard to the cause, treatment, and cure of diseases of the human race. It should be in the hands of every family. Price, One Dollar and a Half. Sold exclusively by agents. Can be had of CHARLES FISHER, at Mount Pleasant, sole Agent for Cabarrus county, or at this Office.

N. C. COLLEGE,

MOUNT PLEASANT, CABARRUS COUNTY, N. C.
 The First Term of the next Scholastic year will begin August 6th, 1877, and continue twenty weeks.
 The Faculty is as follows:
 REV. L. A. BIKLE, D. D., President.
 REV. S. S. RAHN, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature.
 H. T. J. LUDWICK, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Astronomy, &c.
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 The course of instruction is thorough; the government is firm and decided; the accommodations for students are ample.
 Expenses for Term of 20 Weeks:
 Collegiate Department, \$76.00 to \$86.00.
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 In this estimate, Board, Tuition, Rooming, washing, Light and Fuel are included.
 For further particulars address,
 REV. S. S. RAHN, A. M., Secretary of Faculty.

The Protection Labor Party.

The above is the name of a new party that has been brought into existence in several Northern States since the great strike. Its fundamental principle is the protection of labor by legislation, viz: representation of labor in municipal and State Legislatures and Congress, repeal of all oppressive laws against labor, and the enactment of laws to protect labor.

This move is the first blast of steam into the engine of revolution, that has for its starting point the sanction of legality. The fire from which has emanated this pulsation was kindled by the great outrage against law, that the injured and overruled laborers of the North, in the interest of their home and families, committed when they, with only justice and muscle as weapons, attempted to coerce capital and brains to treat them like freemen and not like slaves. There is no doubt about the justness of their measure, gaunt starvation has been staring at them with its glaring eyes, for four years, and patiently they have waited hoping in vain for relief. The Pandora's box out of which has sprung this scourge is the specie resumption act passed by the Radical 44th Congress, let that act be repealed by Congress at its session in October, and by the first day of January, 1878, there would not be a silent factory or shop, forge or mine, that gives employment and just remuneration to laborers in the country. Congress will not repeal the act, and why? because it is not its own, it belongs to the Jay Goulds, and Tom Scotts of the country, and is bought with a price. These mountbanks that control the Bullion of the country, the Railroad kings, the Wall Street giants, and the bloated bond holders, say unto Congress, do this, and it is done. The majority of the House of Representatives are Democrats but the House of Representatives will not pass a bill repealing the resumption act, because the moneyed oligarchs of the country will that it should rot; and if one hundred thousand dollars are not enough to satisfy those representatives of the people for their cruel neglect of the interests of the great masses, one million of dollars is. Those money ogres, the bond holders, and bankers and Railroad, and corporation kings, own the President and his Cabinet, Congress, State Executives, and Legislatures, Courts, Lawyers, County and Municipal governments, and almost the entire press of the country. Their power is boundless, their influence (through their dollars) supreme their acts to the country are like the breath of the pestilence, with whatever they touch. They hold loose the purse strings and let forth a plethora of currency throughout the North, East and West, and for cotton it spread it to the South, until real estate was enhanced in value to twice or three its worth, and with its ephemeral increase followed the taxes, until the wealth of the country was estimated at four-fold its real worth. The people were bappy, though a mortgage covered three fourths of the real estate of the country, and then they locked the exchequer, and with a recoil that swept over the land like the blast of a tornado, the superficial value of the country was blotted-out of existence. In New York, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, property that sold for ten thousand dollars five years ago, will not sell for one thousand today, merchants in the northern cities that could command hundreds of thousands of dollars then are suspended bankrupts now. This deadly blast effects every portion of this broad land, we see it all around us, here at home, property that five years ago would have brought twenty thousand dollars, and be alive with business, is now silent, and will not bring half its real value, and so we might go on and add to the recital of the abuses that the Railroad corporation, and bond holding demagogues of the country are heaping upon it, but this is enough. If the people of the country at the next congressional election will unite and elect to Congress, men whom they can trust to legislate against this moneyed oligarchy, they will secure their deliverance, before that terrible event of the specie pall, shall scatter

over the face of this land the pall of financial death in 1880. Ohio was the battle ground against the bond holders and bankers four years ago, but Wall street was too powerful, and Gov. Allen, the laboring man's friend, was defeated by the miserable fraud that is now the king penguin of the Wall street gods, R. B. Hayes. This year in October the battle will be fought over again, and if the people unite for the good of the masses against the money giants, there will be a break in the storm cloud that will soon scatter the blackness, and the bright shining beams of prosperity return to give joy to the suffering nation. The Protection Labor party will accomplish its design if it unites to crush this moneyed Hydra. It is not an old party movement, it is neither Whig, Democrat or Republican. The Republican party has made the bond holder, it has crushed trade, blasted commerce, closed up Factories, stopped forges and furnaces, and murdered industries, and the laboring men in the North and West have made the Republican party. The laboring horses will be guilty of such suicide no longer, that seals the death of Radicalism. The Democratic party is not hopelessly lost in this new revolution, but its apathy in the past concerning this grand measure of the prosperity of the masses, has well nigh worked its death. Will it, at this last final hour, take hold with the Protection Labor party to rescue itself from ruin, and the country from the throes of financial death? We await and see. This Labor Party means revolution. It may, and perhaps most tear down both the Republican and Democratic structures, in order to establish its triumph, and it may even then fail, and the bond holder become the Lords, the titled oligarchs of the land, and the laborers of every class, that are not in the national financial ring, become the oppressed serfs of an aristocratical de-potism, that a Russian noble would blush at, but if that event should occur, it will be only when the liberties of the people have gone down in a sea of blood, more terrible than this country has ever seen.

The New York "Times" Reviewing the Fall Trade.

New York, August 22.—The Times this morning reviewing the fall trade outlook says: "When last fall business men were invited to say what the prospect in trade was for the immediate future, they were full of confidence that the bottom had been reached and that a new era of prosperity was about to begin. It did not begin, however, immediately, and the winter to most of them was one of despondency. Since then a very slight general improvement has taken place, and the condition and prospects are given as they appear to merchants themselves. In the grain trade there is great hope of a good time coming with the immense crops from the West, and there is a steady healthful growth in the produce and grocery trades, which encourages men who are satisfied with small profits. The volume of business by grocers is larger up to this time than it was at a corresponding date last year. The clothing manufacturers are feeling a small but good inquiry for their wares. There has been, and is animation among the boot and shoe manufacturers, and the hat makers say they have not done so much business for many years. Hard as the times are called the piano makers have had a good business, and the dry goods trade reports indicate an improvement of from 30 to 50 per cent; in leading houses. There is not so much disposition to lay as there was last August to make sanguine predictions, but the conviction is strong upon business men that they will keep the ground they have recovered, and continue to do a fair business with moderate returns.

The Postmaster General has issued a card to be posted conspicuously in postoffices, asking the public to report promptly to the chief special agent of the postoffice department at Washington, D. C., all losses of letters and irregularities in the service generally. A circular is addressed to the postmasters at the same time requiring prompt reports of all losses made to them, and that a record be kept of all complaints.—Raleigh Observer.

Fashion in Babies.

The ways in which babies are dressed and tended in different countries would make quite an interesting study for young folks if they only stopped to think about it. The Greenland baby is dressed in furs and carried in a sort of pocket in the back of his mother's cloak. When she is very busy and does not want to be bothered with him, she digs a hole in the snow and covers him all up but his face and leaves him there until she is ready to take care of him again. The Hindoo baby hangs in a basket from the roof, and is taught to smoke long before he learns to walk. Among the Western Indians the poor little tots are tied fast to a board and have their heads flattened by means of another board fastened down over their foreheads. In Lima the little fellow lays in a hammock swung from a tree top like the baby in the nursery song. In Persia he is dressed in the most costly silks and jewels, and his head is never uncovered day or night, while in Yucatan a pair of sandals and a straw hat are thought to be all the clothing he needs.

WHY COLLECTOR WINSTEAD WAS SUPERSEDED.—The removal of Mr. C. S. Winstead from his position as collector of internal revenue for the fifth district of North Carolina took place yesterday, his successor being Mr. W. H. Wheeler, of Salem, N. C. The removal of Mr. Winstead is not intended as a reflection upon his integrity. On the contrary, he is a very respectable gentleman, wealthy and highly esteemed by all who know him, but Commissioner Raum, who is an officer of the strictest business habits himself, has long found fault with the management of Mr. Winstead's office, which unfortunately did not receive enough of Collector Winstead's personal attention and was left to the control of subordinates. Many serious irregularities were the result.

The frauds on the revenue by the manufacturers of tobacco and the distillers of spirits multiplied with an alarming rapidity. The extent of the frauds may be imagined when it is stated that there are now under seizure no less than eighteen tobacco factories. In this deplorable condition of affairs Commissioner Raum urged upon the President the necessity of a change, and the latter upon a presentation of the facts, ordered the removal of Mr. Winstead and the appointment of Mr. Wheeler. The new collector is remembered by the leading men in North Carolina. He served for many years in the Legislature, and was a candidate for State Auditor, on the Republican ticket at the last election.—Washington Republican, Hayes' organ.

Judge Moore Indicted.

We understand a little flare-up occurred at Carteret Superior Court between Judge Moore and the Sheriff in regard to the subject of colored jurors. It seems there were none of the colored brethren on either the grand or petty juries. The Judge wanted to know why this was. The Sheriff told him it was because there were only twelve negroes in the county who had paid their taxes, and that the names of six of these had been thrown out, with the names of two hundred whites, as unfit for jurors. The Judge had the county commissioners before him, who corroborated the Sheriff's statement.

He then ordered the Sheriff to summon colored jurors from those present. The Sheriff looked around and told the Judge he saw none present fit to serve as jurors. The Judge then pointed out certain negroes in the Court House and ordered the Sheriff to summon them.

This affair gave umbrage to the community and was considered an unjustifiable interference with the duties of the Commissioners and the Sheriff, and the Grand Jury indicted the Judge for malfeasance in office.—Raleigh News.

An army officer stationed at Washington is authority for the statement that at no distant day the President will receive a petition, numerous signed by reputable army officers, requesting that a board of inquiry be detailed to inquire into and report whether General Babcock is guilty of the manifold iniquities charged against him, and if so, that he may be court martialed as unfit to hold his position as an army officer. It is about time we should think.—Raleigh Observer.

A Whole Family Struck by Lightning and None Killed.

During a recent thunder storm at Council Bluffs, which occurred in the night, the residence belonging to Mr. Studabaker, in Keg Creek Township, was struck by lightning and every member of the family, all of whom had retired to bed were more or less injured. Mr. Studabaker had his right leg badly burned from his hip to his foot. His wife had the left side of her face completely blistered with the subtle fluid. In the same room their little son was sleeping in a little trundlebed, and at the time was lying on his back, in which position he received a very severe shock, the fluid striking him apparently on the chin, and running down the front of his body, passed off from both his feet, scorching the skin like fire as it went. The hired man who was sleeping in another apartment was momentarily rendered insensible, and for some time after consciousness was restored was unable to speak a word. Not one of them was fatally injured, and they are all recovering rapidly.—Ex.

A NEW HOME FOR NEGROES.—The negroes of Cincinnati are not anxious to be packed off to Liberia by their Republican "friends." At a meeting held Monday in that city they resolved that, as the negro was not appreciated in either the North or the South, it was the duty of the race to form a colony in some western or south western State. As to Liberia, they declared that they viewed the scheme "with sentiments of profound dissatisfaction, as ruinous to life and capital." Kansas would be a good State for these people to occupy, or perhaps Nebraska might suit them better, there being a large population of radical Republicans there, who should, according to their professions, share their houses and lands with the new-comers.—Courier-Journal.

John Schmezig, an old German of sixty-five, just recovering from a severe attack of sickness, was walking to Cairo, a tramp of about one hundred and fifty miles, along the track of the Illinois Central Railway, when near Du Quoin, Ill., two men halted him and robbed him of his money—some \$7—then took from him every article of clothing he had on, down to his socks and necktie, then tied him hand and foot and lashed his head to the rail so that the first train passing would decapitate him. Fortunately a hand-car came along, and the section men released the prisoner, gave him some rude articles of clothing, and sent him on his way to Cairo comparatively rejoicing.

A MONSTER SNAKE.—Intelligence was received here yesterday, from a reliable source, to the effect that a monster snake was killed near a place called Beasley Hole, a short distance from Burgaw, Pender Co., on Thursday last. His snakehead is supposed to be a species of the anaconda, being about thirty feet in length and larger around the middle than a man's body. When discovered and killed he was in the act of swallowing a yearling deer, a out one-half of which had disappeared in his capacious mouth. This, we acknowledge, is a prodigious snake story for these parts, but stranger things have happened, and Mr. J. H. Brown, Register of Deeds in Pender, who brings the news, though he did not see the snake, seems to have no doubt of its correctness.—Wilmington Star.

REPRISAL—His Excellency, Gov. Vance, yesterday issued an order for the removal of Allen Carter, of Richmond county, sentenced to be hung on the 31st day of August to the 12th day of October. Carter, a Stanly county man, murdered Bushrod W. Lilly, of Richmond county, in the year 1866. Immediately after the murder he made his escape and was afterwards found in the State of Arkansas. Upon the proper requisition he was brought back and tried and convicted at the fall term of 1876 of Richmond Superior Court.—Raleigh Observer.

EXHIBITOR KILLED.—New York, Aug. 21.—S. E. Hardman, manufacturer of the Kenyon's fire escape was giving an exhibition with his apparatus at the Astor House to-day, which ended in his losing his life. He fastened the instrument to his breast and lowered himself out of a three story window, which the brass band parted. Hardman fell headlong on the ground and was instantly killed.

Rev. Joseph Caldwell, a Presbyterian missionary in Northern India for nearly 30 years, died May 29, at Mussooree; he was a native of Pittsburg, Penn.

Joy Bringers.

Some men move through life as a band of music moves down the street, flinging out pleasures on every side through the air to every one, far and near, that can listen. Some men fill the air with their presence and sweetness, as orchards in October days fill the air with perfume of ripe fruit. Some women cling to their own houses, like the honeysuckle over the door, yet, like it, sweeten all the region with the subtle fragrance of their goodness. There are trees of righteousness, which are ever dropping precious fruit around them. There are lives that shine like star beams, or charm the heart like songs sung upon a holy day.

How great a bounty and a blessing it is to hold the royal gift of the soul, so that it shall be music to some, and fragrance to others, and life to all. It would be no unworthy thing to live for, to make the power which we have within us the breath of other men's joy; to scatter sunshine where only clouds and shadows reign; to fill the atmosphere where earth's weary toilers must stand, with a brightness which they cannot create for themselves, and which they long for, enjoy and appreciate.

Sudden and Terrible Death of a Young Man in Shelby.

Passengers from Shelby by last evening's train bring the news of the tragic end of a young man at Walls vineyard in that town Wednesday about noon. The youth, W. Pagenstecher, aged eighteen or nineteen years, was transferring a barrel of sugar from a wagon to the wine house of the vineyard, when the platform on which he had rolled the barrel, broke down, carrying him to the ground with it.—The barrel fell across his breast, inflicting upon him internal injuries from which he died in fifteen or twenty minutes. Several physicians were called in at the moment the accident occurred, but their efforts to save the young man's life were of no avail.

Mr. Pagenstecher is represented as a youth of excellent character and habits, and his untimely end is much deplored.—Charlotte Observer.

A HEROIC CHILD.

"Mother, I have saved the house, but I shall die," said a six-year old girl to Mrs. Theodore Markham as she entered her home at High Market, Lewis county, one day last week. The child while attempting to light a lamp to warm some milk for a baby set fire to her clothing. Her first thought was to run out of doors, fearing that the house would be burned and the baby be hurt; but noticing that shreds of her clothing had fallen upon the floor, she carefully extinguished the flames. Then she ran to a horse-trough in the yard and plunged into the water. Returning to the house she waited patiently for her mother to return. She died an hour after the accident.—Rochester Express.

Virginia (Nov.) Territorial Enterprise: The latest delusion and snare in San Francisco is a piece of glass cunningly cut into the vaine semblance of ice, which is put into an intoxicating man's cooling draught. This is becoming much in vogue among the corner grocers as a money saving dodge. The victim, being drunk, of course does not detect the cheat, but luxuriates in fancied frigidty.

The Watertown Dispatch, of the 14th inst. says: A story comes to us from Edwards, St. Lawrence county, that a man there had apparently died one day last week and the funeral was held in regular time. After lowering the coffin into the grave the sexton began to shovel in the earth and had got about a foot of it upon the coffin when he heard some movement inside the casket. He called the friends back, the coffin was brought up again, opened, and it was found that the man had turned over on his face, but was dead. He was evidently alive when put into the coffin.

"Did you say I was the biggest liar you ever knew?" fiercely asked a ruffian of a counsel who had been skinning him in his address to the jury.—"Yes, I did," replied the counsel, and the crowd eagerly watched for the expected fight. "Well, then," said the ruffian, "I've got to say in your case, 'I've got to say in your case, you could a' never knowed my brother Jim.'"

One hundred and four out of 175 Presbyteries of the Northern Presbyterian Church report 451,622 members. The other 71 Presbyteries are estimated to have 43,222 members, making the total membership of the Church 524,744.