

Ducham Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 22. 1879

THE STATE FAIR.

We write in advance of the close of the Exhibition, and from the results of only one days' observation, and therefore make no effort to present more than impressions.

We found a considerably smaller attendance than usual, but this finds explanation in the exceedingly warm and dry weather which surrounded railroad and other travel with countless inconveniences from dust and other annoyances. Still the number of visitors was large, and the trains coming in from all directions were well filled.

The Exhibition itself, at first view is productive of some disappointment, there appearing to be a want of fullness which might argue absence of the usual articles of exhibition. This is more apparent than real; and is only true in regard to certain lines of Machinery. And this finds explanation from a very gratifying cause. While in Richmond recently, we called upon both Messrs W. E. Tanner & Co and Talbot & Son to know if they would be represented as usual. They both expressed earnest desire to do so, but said that the sudden and rapid revival of business had so filled them with orders that they had actually nothing to spare to put on exhibition. Subsequently Tabbott & Co did forward two small portable engines.

Another reason why the eye was not filled as usual was a new disposition of articles on exhibition. One end of the Grand Stand hitherto used as a refectory was occupied fully with a handsome display of vehicles, furniture, leather, tobacco, fruits, vegetables, &c, drawing to that extent from the supplies of Floral Hall, the former place of deposit.

In fact the entries were larger than usual—very considerably so; and the donations were in generous abundance, thanks to the energetic correspondence of the indefatigable secretary, Capt. C. B. Denson, who illustrated to the many donors the wisdom of a policy of liberality. And we discovered in investigation of the affairs of the Fair how much it owed to the intelligence and unwearied industry of this officer, upon whom so much work necessarily devolved. The secretaryship is a post of rare labor, difficulty and responsibility, all of which have been met by Capt Denson with a courage which has carried him to success.

Floral Hall was probably more attractive than ever. The Rotunda had its usual splendid pomological display. Capt Natt Atkinson from Bancombe, Dr R K Post from Alamance, Owen Lindley from Chatham and Van Lindley from Guilford, even with the drawback of a bad fruit year, never appeared to better advantage in their splendid display of apples pears &c. The Boat end of the Hall contained a very beautiful exhibit of flowers and evergreens from Fairchild of Raleigh, and was otherwise handsomely filled with beautiful and useful articles, mostly donated. Here also were several fine pianos and sewing machines, all of which were kept busy with music and clatter.

The West end was filled up by Col. Polk, the Commissioner of Agriculture, with great taste and judgment, with articles representing the material resources of most of the Counties in the State. Eighty of these were represented more or less fully; and a perfect epitome of the resources of the State were presented to the intelligent observer.

The Hall up stairs was devoted to the display of feminine handiwork, embroidery, needle work, painting &c. The display here was fine and large, but we only noticed one item from its rarity. We were much struck with the exceeding richness and beauty of several sets of regalia, Masonic, Odd Fellows, Sons of Temperance &c, the work of Mrs W. B. Whitaker, the wife of Mr R. H. Whitaker of Raleigh. They equalled anything of Northern work we ever saw in elegance of workmanship and wealth of ornament, while they are made at a cost of not more than half of what they cost abroad. They had been made to order, but were exhibited by request; and as Mrs Whitaker is the only one in the State who does such work, we think it an act of justice to call attention to the fact.

in the Hall under the Grand Stand we saw some excellent furniture made in the Penitentiary for the convicts; also some splendid vehicles made at Carthage in Moore County. Of the tobacco exhibition in the same Hall we speak elsewhere.

The exhibition of stock was thought not to be so full or so fine as usual, which is explained by the effects of the long drought upon the condition of the animals. Some exhibitors however, were in full force; and it is thought that when it has become known that the stalls have been removed to such convenient proximity to the visitors, that hereafter the entries will be doubled.

Bingham's boys, to the number of about one hundred, as usual made a fine display, attracting the unbounded admiration of every one, and winning golden opinions for their fine conduct in the city as well as on the grounds.

The display of the trades represented by a typical procession was a fine spectacle. The fine engine of the Rescue fire Company led the way, followed by the Victor, colored, fire Company, the Hook & Ladder Company Reams' tobacco Warehouse on wheels, Edwards & Broughtons job office, Kingsley & Ashley door sash and blind factory, two other establishments of the same kind, Mitchell's boiler shop and perhaps one or two others, all representing the trades in full life, the artificers plying their craft as they went along. They were welcomed from the Judges Stand by Mr Geo. H. Snow in a very fine and in portions, really eloquent address; and replied to by Mr. R. H. Whitaker in appropriate terms.

Elsewhere we refer to incidents of the Fair in which our own people were more particularly interested.

We are indebted to Col. Walter Clark for a copy of Repertory's Railway Journal for the month of June. One article only is entitled to special notice, which is a comment on Southern affairs generally. We regret want of space to analyze fully an expression of opinion in a foreign journal capable of inducing material injury upon our character. But it is quite evident that Repertory derives his information from, and has his inspiration from Republican sources. The article is so full of ignorance and malice that it might readily be ascribed to the New York Tribune or Times, especially that Pharisaic contrast between Northern and Southern civilization. That is profound philosophy in the writer, truly, which ascribes the inferiority of the South to the large negro element; as if the fact were not one of the most conspicuous in history that the superior and the inferior race stood side by side, but separated by lines as sharp as nature could possibly draw and social habits define. The culture of the whites stood out in bold relief against its black foil; and this contrast even our house enemies have been reluctantly forced to admit.

In the argument in Virginia case before the Supreme Court of the United States, growing out of Judge Rives' decision to the effect that negro defendants were entitled to negro juries, Attorney General Devens involved himself in an absurdity striking in conduct with some new startling ideas. To sustain the position of Judge Rives, Devens insists that not only is a negro entitled to a negro jury, but a Chinaman to a Chinese jury, an Irishman to an Irish jury, a Dutchman to a Dutch jury, and so on ad infinitum. Pray, what becomes of the NATION? The fundamental idea of our institutions is, that under the naturalization laws, a homogeneous people is created and that original Nationality is lost sight of and absorbed in the grand idea of a universal American citizenship. But Mr Devens resolves the people into their original elements, and presents them as fragmentary, incoherent and uncoalesceable individualities, fighting on their own hook, and dependent on principles entirely independent of the idea of National unity. The American flag will have to be revised, and National Aegis to be reconstructed to accommodate these conflicting claims.

Bishop Lyman of North Carolina, among other distinguished divines, discussed at a late meeting in New York the question—what is wanting for the successful evangelization of the colored people. In this discussion we believe it was the purpose of the Bishop to lay before a Northern audience a correct statement of the moral and social station of the negro, and if listened to candidly, he might correct many erroneous ideas and relate many slanders. But the stars have a deaf ear.

The Rev. W. H. Whitingham, Episcopal Bishop of Maryland, is dead.

THE OHIO ELECTION.

At the time we write, the belief is that the Republicans have carried this State, and that Foster is elected Governor by a majority of from thirty to thirty-five thousand. It may be more, and it may be less; but it is certain that the Democratic expectation of success has been woefully falsified.

A patriot must look at such a political success with mournful foreboding. Not with partisan eyes, but with impartial judgment do we see in this remarkable Republican triumph the most significant indication of the march of that revolution which has gone nigh to the overthrow of our institutions. The Republicanism of our fathers has been successfully assailed in its fundamental stronghold, and the doctrine of the existence of sovereign States conjoined for the establishment of a representative government, attacked and overthrown as the most dangerous of heresies. The fact that the Southern representatives in Congress stood to the right construction of the Constitution in relation to the reserved rights of the separate States has been turned against the South as a fresh development of treason; and the patriotism of the North has been invoked to finish by the ballot what was thought to have been secured by the bayonet.

It is sad to find in a section boasting of its intelligence so much of ignorance of the first principles upon which their original liberties were founded; and humiliating to see in any branch of the Anglo Saxon family such blind indifference to the dangers besetting its freedom. For the step between the recognition of a consolidated nation instead of an aggregation of sovereign States exercising the powers of a General Government, under prescribed powers and limitations, to despotism, monarchy, or empire, is a short one. The people which voluntarily throws away the safeguards of liberty is already enslaved; corruption, ignorance, fanaticism and sectional hate seem to have done their ruinous work.

But between now and the presidential election there is a good long interval. A long interval, however, thought may possess the public mind; and no patriot will despair or cease from his work, while there is yet a hope of retrieving disaster.

The Border Review claims prominence for Henderson as a Cotton Market, and we suppose justly. We saw very fine cotton fields in the vicinity. Cotton, tobacco and grain, all of the best quality are not often found in conjunction as they are near Henderson; and also near Durham.

The final exhibit of the Ohio election is the election of Foster by about 20,000 majority; and the Republican control of the Legislature by a majority of about 35 on joint ballot, which has the effect of displacing Thurston, and also restricting the State so as to give the Republicans the majority in the Congressional representation.

Col. Thomas M. Holt received the deserved compliment of a unanimous reelection to the Presidency of the State Agricultural Society. Under his administration aided by his efficient coadjutors, the State Fair Association is getting on firm financial ground.

The Louisiana Radicals come out on a new role—they are trying the game of honesty. They come out against repudiation, hoping to catch the independent Democratic vote, opposed to Wiltz. It will be curious to see how the new dress fits.

The Yellow Fever does not abate in Memphis, though the average of cases does not increase. The disease has appeared at points in Arkansas between Memphis and Little Rock.

Gov. Jarvis was in Philadelphia the latter part of last week, in counsel with most of the Governors of the original thirteen States, preliminary to a conventional celebration of the surrender at Yorktown.

The work on the road from Oxford to Henderson has begun in earnest, and a contract has been ratified with the Penitentiary authorities for the use of one hundred convicts.

Irish land troubles threaten to culminate in rebellion. Tenants will not pay their rents, neither will they consent to give up their lands.

The Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church meets in Wilson on the 3rd of December.

The Goldboro Massena is in error in saying that Judge McKay had been sick in Durham with chills and fever. He has not been in Durham at all but was taken sick at Greensboro after leaving Hillsboro with an attack of remittent fever, from which he has now recovered.

Paper car wheels are coming into use. They are more costly than metal and outlast metal ten to one.

In Hillsboro, on the 18th inst, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Susan, wife of Isaac Held Esq, and eldest daughter of the late Hon. Frederick Nash, in the 74th year of her age.

Try Cheek's Regulator, Pure Corn Whiskey.

RALEIGH COTTON MARKETS.
Reported by the Raleigh News, Raleigh N. C.; Oct. 18th.
Middling 40
Strict Low Middling 91
Low Middling 91
Strict Good Ordinary none
Tone of Market steady.

DURHAM PRODUCE MARKET.
Corrected weekly by
R. A. COOKE at M. A. ANGLIER.
Flour, \$5 75 to 6 00
Meal, 70 to 80
Corn, 70 to 80
Hams, N. C. hog round, 8
Hams, N. C. 10 to 12 1/2
Cavass hams, 12 1/2 to 13
Lard, 10
Bulk Sides, per lb. 8 to 9
Breakfast Bacon, 10 to 11
Melasses Orleans, 60 to 70
Cuba, 40 to 50
Syrup, S. H. 23 to 25
Salt, Liverpool, 1 90 to 1 00
Lime, 1 50
Butter, 20 to 25
Eggs, 12 1/2 to 13
Hickens, 10 to 12 1/2
Bees wax, 20
Cornfield Peas, 60 to 75
New Fodder, 70
Oats, 80
Seed Oats 45 to 50
Wheat 1 00
Hay 40 to 75
Beef, 5 to 8

E. T. GILL, Proprietor.
OF
Grand Central Saloon,
DURHAM, N. C.
INVITES a discerning public to make a trial of his superior assortment of all varieties of LIQUORS, WINES &c.
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.
He was awarded by the Agricultural Society of North Carolina at the Fair of 1877 the highest and best award for the standard of his beer, and also for his superior quality of his stout, and for his superior quality of his stout, and for his superior quality of his stout.

LAND SALE.
I WILL sell at Public Sale, at MEBAKEVILLE, On Thursday November 27th 1879, One lot of three-fourths of an acre, with a good two story STABLE HOUSE on it, well situated and located for merchandising, or for a good tobacco business.
Also, 60 acres of Wood Land. Will be sold in lots of one and two acres or in a body, as may be desired by purchasers. The land is between Melroseville and the Wingham Saloon, and fronting on the railroad, and well located for a beautiful village.
Also, 100 acres, partly woodland, on the West side of the main road running from Melroseville to the True Road Church, about one and a half miles from Melroseville, being a part of the Mill or Red House tract.
All this property is in a healthy country and surrounded with Churches and Schools of the best grade. A good tobacco country within three miles of the place. Good roads in every direction. Any person wishing to buy land and purchase from the proprietor, let him call on the proprietor at the above address. I am the proprietor of the land, and will sell it for cash, or on time, at the rate of interest from date and title reserved.
TERMS: One-third Cash, one-third in 3 months, and balance in six months, with bond and security with interest from date and title reserved.
BENJ. F. MEBANE, Executor of Last Will of Geo. A. Mebane, dec'd. Melroseville, Alamance Co., Oct. 24th '79.

State of North Carolina, Superior Court ORANGE COUNTY.
James Gill, against John A. McMannen, C. T. McMannen and Simon McFarland.

I have leave to remove Execution against the Indebtedness upon several judgments in Orange Superior Court, which have become dormant and it appears to the Court that Charles T. McMannen is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina. It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in The Durham Journal, a newspaper published in Orange County, for six successive weeks notifying the defendant Charles T. McMannen to be and appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange County, at his office in Hillsboro, on the 29th day of November 1879, to oppose said motion as he may be advised.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk Superior Court.
Oct. 22d 6t.

Something Nice.
OLD CHURCH has come to town to show his **Whiskies and Brandies** around Mr. MAJLOR has the FINEST and PUREST LIQUORS ever brought to this town. Brandies and Whiskies from 5 to 7 years old; all of which are his own make. If you will call on him you will get something good.
J. T. MAJLOR, Corner of Pioneer Warehouse Lot, Sept. 17th 5m. Durham, N. C.

Valuable House and Lot FOR SALE.
ANY one desirous of purchasing property convenient to the business part of the town, can do so by applying to the Editor of Oct. 15th. THE DURHAM RECORDER.

Important to Printers.
WE have for SALE, two JOB PRESSSES, of the best order, having added larger Machinery to our office we will sell these Presses Cheap. W. T. BLACKWELL & CO. Oct. 15th.

FREELAND'S COLUMN

BEST GOODS AT BOTTOM PRICES CAN'T BE UNDERSOLD.
Dress Goods, Ladies Cloaks, Ready Made Clothing.

DURHAM
20,000 YARDS PRINTS, LADIES CLOAKS, READY MADE CLOTHING.

ZEIGLER'S SHOES
FOR GENTS, LADIES, MISSES, and CHILDREN;

Flannels, Blankets, SPLENDID LINE OF DOMESTICS,

Everlasting
TO EVERLASTING.

Come and see me before making your purchases elsewhere.
We charge nothing for showing whether you buy or not.
Kindly yours,
J. F. Freeland,
Oct. 1 1879.



GAMMON'S STAR AGAIN IN THE ASCENDANT.
NEW GOODS, Beautiful Goods, Cheap Goods!
In all varieties of quality, character and Price.
DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, SHOES, Shirts, Notions, Kid-Gloves, Trimming Silk, Edgings, &c.
GO TO GAMMON'S FOR BARCAINS.
Oct. 1st 79.

New Goods.
OLD BROWN BUILDING STILL TO THE FRONT. A VERY LARGE STOCK OF New Goods.
We are now receiving for our FALL AND WINTER TRADE, the LARGEST and BEST selected Stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, Hardware, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, AND Family Groceries.

DURHAM
All of the above GOODS were bought CHEAP, and shall be sold accordingly. We guarantee **GOOD GOODS, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.**
We are determined to sell cheap for Cash. We claim to be the **Oldest Merchants** in town, and keep a general Stock of **MERCHANDISE,** And know that we can please all those who give us a **FAIR TRIAL.**
Call at the **"BROWN FRONT"** And examine for yourselves, buy liberally and go home well pleased with your bargains.
Yours Truly,
M. A. Angier & Son,
Oct. 8th '79.

MILLENERY.
HAVING removed my shop to H. MILLENER'S Old Stand on Main Street, I will in the future keep the largest and most carefully selected stock of the kind ever brought in this market.
Consisting of **Millinery, FANCY GOODS, LACES, NOTIONS, GLOVES, EMBROIDERY, &c. &c.**
A full line of **LADIES' UNDERWEAR, HATS AND BONNETS** of the latest styles, Tricots, Bants, Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Fancy Jewelry, Dress Buttons
Of every description, Ribbons, and Laces & Hair: All of which will be sold at moderate prices. Give us a call and examine our **FALL STOCK.**
Thinking you one and all for your past patronage, I earnestly solicit a continuance of the same.
Very Respectfully,
MRS. F. M. GORRELL.
Oct. 8. 5m.

DURHAM WHISKEY.
Laboratory of State Assayer & Chemist, RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 7th, '78.
I have carefully tested a sample of **DURHAM RYE WHISKEY,** Selected by myself from the stock of Messrs. Wilson & Harvey, and find it free from adulteration. It is an excellent article of Whiskey, and altogether suitable for use as a beverage or medicine.
Signed, **W. H. TAYLOR, M. D.** State Chemist.

GRAHAM & WEBB, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, DURHAM, N. C.
PRACTICE in the Courts of Orange, Chatham, Person, Wake and Granville. Claims collected in all parts of the State. [June 23 17.]
S. N. COLLINS, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Durham, N. C.