

The Durham Recorder.

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LET HIM WHO HATH NO NERVE FOR THE FIGHT, DEPART.

VOL. 69.

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1889

NO 33

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Of Interest to Ladies.

We will send a FREE SAMPLE of our wonderful Electric Bitters to any lady who wishes to test the efficacy before purchasing. Send stamp for postage. BAKER BROTHERS CO., Box 104, Buffalo, N. Y.

MURRAY'S Hotel and Restaurant

P. J. MURRAY, Prop.

On the American and European plans
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PETERSBURG, VA.

Special attention to Commercial Travelers.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50c and \$1 per bottle at R. Blackwell & Son's drug store. d&w

BUG KILLER

Will kill bugs and worms that destroy potato and tomato vines; egg, squash, turnip, beet, onion, cotton and tobacco plants.

Canker worms and caterpillars on ornamental and fruit trees; lice, cut-worms and rose bugs.

Will Kill Bugs and Worms

That Destroy Vegetation of Any Kind.

When used on young plants: Dust through a cloth bag lightly. For cut worms and bugs: Stir into the soil, about an inch deep, around the plants.

—FOR SALE BY—

P. W. VAUGHAN, Druggist, Durham, N. C.

Jan. 30.

GOVERNOR GORDON.

Elected General of the United Confederates.

The Confederate veterans have organized themselves into a grand army.

The meeting was held in New Orleans, June 10th.

On that day the organization was completed by the adoption of a constitution and the election of Gov. John B. Gordon as commanding general. So the General will command in peace the soldiers he led in war.

The organization is named the "United Confederate Veterans," and the letters "U. C. V.," will soon be as familiar as household words.

Gov. Gordon received this morning official notice of his election as general, and a copy of the constitution. The objects and purposes of the order are stated to be strictly social, literary, historical and benevolent.

It will endeavor to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans, soldiers and sailors now in existence, or may hereafter be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the States, to preserve relics or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common danger, common sufferings and privations; to care for the disabled, and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widow and the orphan; and to make and preserve a record of the services of every member, and, as far as possible, those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity.

The officers are to be:

- A general.
- A lieutenant general.
- An adjutant general.
- A quartermaster general.
- A judge advocate general.
- A surgeon general.
- A chaplain.

And such aides as the general commanding may appoint.

General Gordon will appoint his lieutenant general.

The next meeting will be held at Chattanooga at a time set by General Gordon. The general says that he shall select July 4th, 1890.

"Stings for the Stingy."

A very neat essay is one entitled "Stings for the Stingy," which relates to the miserly habits of illustrious men and the little arrows shot at them by lavish and therefore impetuous literary archer. This is one on Marlborough, a couplet, about a bridge over a small stream at Blenheim:

The lofty arch his high ambition shows,
The stream an emblem of his bounty flows.

Once a rat was found dead in Lord Eiden's house, and an anonymous epigram was composed for the occasion:

Found dead, a rat—no case could
sure be harder.
Verdict—confined a week in Eiden's
larder

Hook was once invited to dine at the Star and Garter by a skinflint peer. For a party of four there was a small chop spiced, a few potatoes and a pint of sherry. After the meager dinner, Hook sang the national anthem with the refrain:

Happy and glorious,
A pint between four of us,
God save the king.

Lord Alvanley was the guest of a host whose residence was elaborately adorned, but where the dinners were scant. Alvanley wrote:

The eyes cannot feast where the
stomach is starving;
Pray, less of your gilding and more
of your carving.

The smartest thing is not in verse, but plain prose, and Hook said it. Invited to dine by a lady, a plate was uncovered and a brace of scant cutlets exposed. "Mr. Hook," said the hostess, "you see your dinner." "Thank you," observed Hook; "but where's yours?"—San Francisco Argonaut.

Reidsville Weekly: Dr. Gallaway's old stroke of paralysis was renewed Friday evening, and his condition is the cause of deep anxiety on the part of his friend. — Corn and tobacco are in splendid condition. A good crop of both staples is confidently expected in every section. — We are glad to learn that the Reidsville Cornet Band will be revived.

STATE NEWS.

What Our Different Contemporaries Have to Say.

Winston-Twin City Daily: Two hundred and forty-two dollars is the amount raised so far for the Johnston sufferers in Winston-Salem.

Burlington News: Never in the history of the town was there so much building going on—saws, hammers and planes make music together, while the lumber wagons are always on the street.

Weldon News: A colored man by the name of Hardy Powers, who lives near New Hope Church, in this county, had a calf thirteen months old which last week gave birth to a large and well developed calf.

Roxboro Courier: There is no better place on the face of the earth to establish a canning factory than right here at Roxboro—here we have fruit in abundance, vegetables easily grown and plenty of berries. It is a good investment for some one, now who will be the lucky man?

Greensboro Workman: The High Point and Ashboro Railroad can boast of belonging to the great family of railroads, in that it has already killed three cows, one colored employee and seriously injured two other men, and running at a speed of only ten miles an hour.

Charlotte Chronicle: Prof. H. L. Smith, of Davidson College, passed through Charlotte yesterday on his way to his home in Greensboro. Col. W. J. Martin will join Prof. Smith on Monday, and they will journey together through Europe with the North Carolina teachers.

Washington Gazette: On Friday afternoon the house of Mrs. Arminta Tripp, widow of the late Capt. W. H. Tripp, was entirely destroyed by fire, furniture, utensils, clothing, and everything swept away at one blow, leaving them entirely destitute of everything except their growing crop.

Toisnot Rural Home: The jute bagging has been consigned to a grave from which there will be no resurrection. Now there is one duty only in regard to this matter that behooves every cotton planter to follow. We say no matter how low jute bagging falls, if to one cent per yard, it should not be used.

Concord Standard: We were shown a few days since some radishes of the Chartist variety that were monsters in that line. One was twenty inches long, another twenty-four inches in circumference. They were grown by Mr. Ed. Johnston, of Poplar Tent, and he says that this variety is good to eat until quite large.

Scotland Neck Democrat: One of the most level headed farmers of this section was in our office last Saturday, and said to us that a newspaper is one of the main springs of a town's success. Said he, "It is a tool for the merchant, but they do not use it." Our friend is of the opinion that every merchant ought to patronize his town paper liberally.

Cheap rates to the State Military Encampment at Wrightsville Sound, near Wilmington, are announced by the Seaboard Air Line. Tickets for civilians to Wrightsville will be put on sale at Seaboard Air-Line stations from July 8th to 15th, inclusive, good returning until and including July 20th. The rate from Raleigh for the round trip will be \$5.00.

Troy Vidette: The farmers are in the midst of their harvesting, and we learn what wheat promises a very fair yield throughout this section. — We learn with regret of the death of Mrs. Addie Pool, wife of Rev. J. M. Pool, of Jackson Springs, and a sister of our esteemed friend, J. C. Bruton, Esq., of this township. The deceased was a most amiable lady.

Wilmington Star: Governor Fowle has designated Saturday, July 19th, as Veterans' Day at the State Guard Encampment, at Wrightsville. The entire brigade of the State Guard will parade on the afternoon of that day, and will receive the veterans with the highest honors, a review being among the ceremonies of the occasion. The railways have been requested to give special rates to the veterans. It is particularly desirable that the attendance be as large as possible. Col. Wm. L. DeRosier, of Wilmington, has been requested to take charge of the veterans on the day named.

The rain which comes in sheets is not much of a comfort.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Call for a Meeting in Every County on July 4th.

DURHAM, N. C., June 1, 1889.

To the Press of North Carolina.

GENTLEMEN—The call of the Confederate Veterans' Association has not been as extensively published as it is important it should be, and I therefore respectfully ask that if you have not already done so you will please give it insertion in each of your papers, and also call attention to it editorially. Please help us, gentlemen, in this patriotic work. Very respectfully, J. S. CARR.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the North Carolina Confederate Veterans' Association, I hereby call upon the Confederate veterans in each and every county in the State of North Carolina to assemble at their respective courthouses, on Thursday, the 4th day of July, 1889, to form a Confederate Veterans' County Association, under the plan of organization heretofore adopted and published by this Association.

In counties where such associations have been already formed, I call on them to meet on said day.

It is earnestly requested that all County Associations formed and to be formed shall immediately transmit the proceedings at said July meetings to W. C. Stronach, Secretary of the Association, at Raleigh, N. C., said proceedings to distinctly set forth the name and postoffice address of the president and secretary and the names of the executive committee thereof.

It is most earnestly recommended and requested as of the utmost importance that at the said July meeting there shall be recommended for appointment by their association the names of two patriotic ladies for each township in each county, who shall be especially commissioned to aid in the glorious work of establishing a soldiers' home for the old and broken veterans of North Carolina. Let it be understood that this association is determined that a soldiers' home shall be built. J. S. CARR, President.

Sponge the Horses' Shoulders.

At this session of the year, when farmers' horses are put at hard work after a winter of comparative rest, their shoulders are very liable to gall. I went some distance to a farmer's to learn why his horses were never afflicted in that way, although he is noted for working his team severely. Proceeding to the stable I had no occasion to ask the question. The team had just returned from the field, and the farmer was engaged at one and his man at the other sponging their shoulders with cold water. This is done every time they come into the stable after hard work, and freedom from abrasions, and consequent comfort of the animal, is the natural result. When farm horses come in from labor, in the spring especially, it may be observed that they try to rub first one shoulder and then the other against the stall. The wear at this point causes the animals to feel exceedingly uncomfortable, and human men will not withhold from them the cooling, soothing influence of a little cold water.—Cor. N. Y. Tribune.

When an office is out seeking a man it is like a ghost. It startles everybody.

A perpetual motion machine has not yet been discovered, but the tongue of a 7-year-old boy asking questions comes pretty near it.

This is the season of the year in which you can get what you do not want real cheap.

One way to make Congressional garden seeds come up is to put dynamite under them.

The man who invented the locomotive cow-catcher never got a cent for it. And yet it has given lots of men a lift.

In bathing suits of modern cut Along the beach the maidens rush: No wonder that the sunlit waves Are seen so often in a blush.

If beauty is only skin deep the rhinoceros should be the handsomest beast afloat.

A Rochester man has a very slow horse that he has named "Poor Joke" because a poor joke doesn't go.

OFF FOR THE FIGHTING GROUND.

Kilrain's Friends Leave for New Orleans to Select the Battle Field.

New York World.

On next Monday John L. Sullivan and Jake Kilrain are to meet for their long-promised battle. The Kilrain party, having won the choice of ground, had to assume the initiative, so Frankson, Mike Donovan, and William Harding went to New Orleans last week over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Their reason for taking this route was to see Kilrain at the depot at Baltimore for a conference. Dispatches received by Kilrain's friends in this city state that he found Jake in fine condition and quite confident as to the result, while Mitchell expressed himself as entirely satisfied with his man.

The Sullivan party are also getting ready for the long journey. Jimmy Wakely said that he expected to hear from Stevenson about Thursday naming the place for the fight, which must be within one hundred miles of New Orleans. Wakely started Sunday, accompanied by Charles Johnston, and they were met at Rochester by Sullivan and his seconds, who are as yet unnamed. A special car has been engaged by the Sullivan party, to be attached to the regular express train. It is decided that under no circumstances can anyone gain access to the Sullivan car.

Judging from what is said, the men who are behind Sullivan are perfectly satisfied that their man is in tip-top condition, and one bet of \$1,000 to \$800 was offered by a well-known sport that Sullivan would win in less than thirty rounds.

Fully fifty or sixty men will leave this city to witness the fight. From Boston there will go nearly thirty, while Albany, Rochester, Buffalo, Chicago, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Louisville will also be represented, and the New Orleans contingent will probably swell the total number of spectators to about one thousand. It is understood that the right tip will be given out to those entitled to it at the St. Charles Hotel, Sunday, the 7th inst.

The Inter-State Farmer's Association.

This body, which was organized at Atlanta, Ga., in August, 1887, is composed of representatives from Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. These representatives (five or more for each Congressional District) are appointed by the Vice Presidents of the States, respectively.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

- R. F. Kolb, Montgomery, Ala.
- L. P. Featherstone, Forest City, Ark.
- J. T. Peterzen, Pensacola, Fla.
- Jno. P. Fort, Mt. Airy, Ga.
- Jno. Dymond, Belair, La.
- J. T. Henry, Greenwood, Miss.
- Elias Carr, Old Sparta, N. C.
- E. K. McIver, Paimetto, S. C.
- L. D. Yarrell, Bellfield, Va.
- B. M. Hord, Nashville, Tenn.
- G. B. Pickett, Decatur, Texas.

The Association will meet in the city of Montgomery, Ala., on the 29th of August, next. Reduced rates on all lines of railway will be secured, and also at the hotels and boarding houses of that city, and will be furnished to delegates in due time by the Secretary.

Composed of leading, practical agriculturists of the South, this body will represent the enterprise and progressive thought, which new conditions and surroundings have created, and which must solve the great economic questions now confronting us. Let every State be fully and strongly represented. Important questions affecting the material advancement and industrial development of the South, and especially in promotion of her great agricultural interests, will be considered.

L. L. POLK, Pres. Raleigh, N. C.
Jno. C. CHESEY, Sec'y.
Montgomery, Ala.

Durham Sun: The man who add run a paper to suit everybody is never wearing a crown of glory, proportions and a double set of wings.

The snakes a man sees when he is wrestling with a severe attack of diphtheria tremens are not "water snakes." This is reliable.

Inspiration.

"Happythought," the parent said, "I hope to bust 'em into town." "I hope to bust 'em into town," said the boy's bank upside down, "I hope to bust 'em into town." "I hope to bust 'em into town," said the boy's bank upside down, "I hope to bust 'em into town." —Philadelphia Press.

A Sweet Girl Graduate.

She had been in a cooking school, and when I rashly said, "I hope to bust 'em into town," she replied, "I hope to bust 'em into town." —Philadelphia Press.

"Does the college bred?" "I hope to bust 'em into town," she replied, "I hope to bust 'em into town." —Philadelphia Press.

Culinary Maxims.

Beauty will buy no beef. A good steamer is the best sauce. I don't put what is in another's pot.

Beef some of the pudding than I do.

The college man, like the thermometer, is known by his degrees.

They say who sneers at virtue waits it bad.

The butcher is a fat, jolly man who is in the habit of taking life as it comes.

After young Bedvins had haggled his girl he called her strained honey.

If you happen to see a small boy smothering a bubble he you will know when he well that he has caught it.

First Chicago Lady—"How do you like Emily's new husband?" Second Chicago Lady—"I never tired him."

The near-sighted hen that swallowed a bar was not long in concluding that hers was a peck of trouble.

That Virginia dog with two tails is perhaps another sign of the growth of the country under Mr. Hartison.

The average man is apt to be the next thing to a fool when he gets beside himself.

Shoemakers may not know it, but for a line of slippers it's hard to beat banana skins.

A Remarkable Coincidence.

Several years ago Revs. Charles Jones Sook, a Chinaman, and Charles E. Carlstrom, a Russian Finn, were shipmates. Sook professed religion and joined the Fifth Street Methodist Church of this city, under the ministrations of Rev. T. Page Ricard, and became anxious as to the salvation of his shipmate, Carlstrom. A few years after, at the same church, Carlstrom was converted under the ministrations of Rev. D. H. Tuttle. Sook was educated by the Methodists of Durham, and is now, and has been for several years, in China laboring as a preacher of that denomination for the salvation of his fellow countrymen, while Carlstrom and family left the city on Friday for the purpose of laboring as a Methodist missionary in Lapland for the salvation also of his people.—Wil Star.

There was an interesting meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society on Thursday last at which it was decided to hold the State Fair on Oct. 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

There was present from a distance Capt. D. H. Graves, of Selma, Maj. W. J. Hamilton, of Reidsville, Maj. J. C. Hamilton, of Fort Valley, Capt. R. C. Smith, of E. C. Beldingfield, Capt. W. G. Upchurch, J. S. W. C. Cooper, W. P. Batcher, P. M. Hamilton and others.

The fair meeting prevailed and there was an expression of confidence in a success of the fair this year. The unusually good grain crop has put the farmers in hopeful mood, and the feeling was sure it had acted as a stimulant beginning work until the public feeling was ripe for it. See story Wilson reports progress already. He reports the fight made in the last legislature for a sheep law and for the H. H. C. Cap. Alex. Hamilton and Col. Hook and Hamilton's efforts to make acceptance of the circular letters allowed to the grain growers for specimens of grain and grain. And also the proposition to have the railroads guaranteed the rate of one cent a mile for every mile traveled and free transportation for exhibits.—News Observer.