

The Durham Recorder.

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LET HIM WHO HATH NO NERVE FOR THE FIGHT, DEPART.

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Boilers of best quality, iron or steel made of two sheets. Engines, Tobacco Factory machinery, Cotton Presses, Saw and Gristmills, Elevators for Factory Warehouses, Stores, and Machinery generally.

W. H. TAPEY,
SUCCESSOR TO
TAPPEY & DELANEY.
Petersburg, - - - - - Virginia
Oct 30-ly.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvelous purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

THIS PAPER is the largest and most complete advertising medium in the South. It is published weekly, and is read by every man, woman and child in the State. It is the best place to advertise for any business.

FOURQUEAN, PRICE & CO.,
429 East Broad St., Richmond, Va.

SPRING AND SUMMER---1890.

Seasonable Goods. OUR GOODS ARE THE FRESHEST.

OUR BARGAINS THE MOST SUBSTANTIAL. OUR HIGH NOVELTIES THE RICHEST.

Having at all times the largest and most complete stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS in the South, we confidently invite your inspection, either in person or by sample orders.

Many attractions in DRESS GOODS, SILKS and VELVETS, LACES, EMBROIDERS, FLOUNCINGS, BLACK GOODS, WHITE GOODS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS AND GLOVES.

Special inducements in Ladies' UNDERWEAR, DRESS TRIMMINGS, FANCY WARES and WORKEDS of all descriptions.

STAMPING DEPARTMENT fully equipped for all kinds of work.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

THE COHEN COMPANY

The largest department house in the South. In itself a World's Fair; representing everything on sale that both useful and ornamental. Sixty-four various departments find a home here under a space covering over a mile of flooring; each being managed under the supervision of the best talent.

The house is conducted on the small-profit system, with a strict care for the best and most reliable materials.

The goods are marked in plain figures, and nothing is left undone that is calculated to entitle the house to a confidence that is essential to prosperity.

On the main floor will be found the departments of Silks, Worsted Dress Fabrics, Lane Wares, Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Knit Underwear, Domestic Velvets, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Buttons and other small wares, Toilet, White Good, and everything pertaining to a world's outfit in the dry goods line.



The Basement contains Houseware of every description. Crockery, Glass Ware, Tin Ware, Baby Carriages, Trunks, Sporting Goods, Bicycles and Tricycles etc, etc.

The second floor contains the departments of Millinery, Lace Curtains and Draperies, Ready made Dasmonts, Carpets, Mattings and other floorings and Brass Ware.

The third floor is a large store room of duplicates.

Orders receive the most prompt attention and every care is taken to please.

11, 13, 15 and 17 E. Broad Street, bet. 1st and Fanshee Streets.
RICHMOND, VA.

SOME GOOD ADVICE.

WOODROW'S ADVICE TO THE COLORED MAN.

Celebrating the Emancipation Act at Spring Grove--Some Wholesome and Outspoken Truth--Plain Talk Without Taffy--The Only Royal Road to Prosperity.

Fred Woodrow in the Buffalo (Va.) Observer.

Emancipation was the national endorsement of a natural right. It gave the colored man political freedom, and gave him the opportunity of making the best he could of himself in the march of civilization. In person and prosperity he is guaranteed the protection of the law, and has his equal claim on every right belonging to a citizen and a man.

Here he stands to-day, with the great question left to himself to settle. *What will the Colored Man do with himself?* It is now purely a matter of capacity. Is it equal to his opportunities? Will he climb the ladder, or remain in the ditch? Can he keep time with the procession, or will he be at its tail? He must move on, or he must rot. Expecting special favors because of his color is absurd and deceptive. It cannot be in a free government, that the Afro-American has more favors than any other citizen, whatever his creed or his color.

The same laws that shape the conditions of success, morality and progress, with a Yankee, a Scandinavian, or an Irishman, operate without partiality or distinction on the progress of the Negro. His national rights are one thing, his acquired rights are another. The one has made him a free man--the other alone can place him in the status of self-respect and national influence. Education is in his reach. He can grow wise or die as a fool quite as he pleases. The lamp is put in his hands, by which he can find his way from the bottom of a pit to the top of a hill. He can have the aspirations of intelligent mental life, or keep in the dirt like a craw-fish or a turtle.

The rewards of industry are at his call. He can take his basket to the apple tree, and pluck and eat, or he can loaf under the branches expecting the puppin to drop in his mouth. He must abide by the laws of economy and thrift. Save more and spend less. Secure prosperity and with it the standing it gives in social life. Earning ten dollars and spending twelve is a short but certain cow-path into the swamp. The colored race in Georgia represent \$40,000,000 of taxable property. "Go, then, and do likewise."

Character tells as a vital quality in life. It is the hydraulic of personal and social elevation. Aim to be as honest and truthful as the best of men, and take your place among the standards and not the dwarfs of virtue and manliness. All this is personal. It cannot be done by proxy. It is never brought along in a political wheelbarrow. The road to prosperity and a barrel of flour, is not via Washington, but by the good old-fashioned way of elbow-grease, common sense and personal virtue. Fulfill these conditions, and the SECOND EMANCIPATION of the colored man will be an assured fact, and a national pride.

It Would be a Disgrace.
Philadelphia Times.

It is reported that Mr. MIZELL, the late United States Marshal of Florida who was detected in open court in the prostitution of the jury box to partisan aims, and who was forced to give up his office, is to be appointed Collector of the Port of Pensacola.

It would be a positive disgrace to the President, to his party and to the government to appoint Mizell to any office. If it shall be done it can be explained only on the theory that the President is already engulfed in the slimy embrace of the disreputable Southern political traders by his hunt for delegates to the national convention of 1892. Surely no considerations of self-respect or of public duty could dictate such an appointment, and, if made, it must stand as a monument of the disgrace of the administration.

Out of suffering have emerged the strongest souls, and the most massive characters are scamed with scars.

A BRIDE'S AWFUL DEATH.

Her Husband Seized With Hydrophobia Tears Her in Pieces.

New York Evening Sun:

A terrible occurrence has just happened at Wolle, near Sollub, in Prussia. Three months ago an inhabitant of that place married a very pretty young working woman. The other night the neighbors were awakened by a great noise and prolonged shrieks and groans coming from the room of the newly-married couple, but they went to sleep again when the noise ceased.

The next day the door of the room remained shut, and a locksmith was eventually sent for. When the door was burst open a horrible spectacle presented itself to the sight of the neighbors. The husband, embued in blood, with foam on his lips, was extended on the bed, which was torn and covered with coagulated blood. By his side the wife was sleeping her last sleep. The nose and ears of the unfortunate woman had been detached by chewing. The breast was horribly disfigured.

An examination held immediately established the fact that the murderer had been bitten a little while ago by a mad dog, and that rages declared itself during the night. The man was bound not without difficulty, soon after which he died.

The South.
Richmond State.

Let us have peace. The altar upon which the fires of true Southern sentiment shall ascend is the pedestal on which will stand the heroic statue of Lee. We have much to forgive, but this is our country. Its glory, its fame, its prosperity, is ours. Our forefathers fought for it, and it is ours to-day and always will be ours. Whatever may have been the animosities of the past, we are now a reunited people. The South is in the forefront of the fight. The banner of its industries float high above all others. It has conquered in peace, and its victories are as great as those of war. The South can afford to be generous.

The North's victories were won on the field of battle. The South's are being won in the field of industry. What the North took from the South the South is now taking back from the North. But the mode of transfer is not one of violence, but of peaceful exchange. The South repents not, recants not. It is too chivalrous to expect a like humiliation of the North.

SHE WOULD SMOKE.

And the Conductor Didn't Dare Stop Her.
Detroit Free Press.

She was a little old woman dressed in black and having a bundle wrapped up in a gray shawl. She had a seat in the middle of a Grand River avenue car, and as she took out her clay pipe and began toeling for her tobacco the conductor stepped forward and said:

"You mustn't smoke here, ma'am."
"Why not?"
"Against the rules."
"Who made the rules?"
"The Company."
"Where's the Company?"
"Down at the office."
"Well, I never allow nobody a mile away to tell me when I shall or shall not smoke. I've got wind on my stomach, and when I have it I alius smoke. You kin trot right back to the platform and be ready to jingle the bell when anybody wants to get off."

And she found a match, lighted it on the sole of a solid shoe, and puffed away with a serene countenance until ready to get off at Twelfth street.

Marriage as a Business.
Germantown Independent.

There is at least one man who takes no stock in the assertion that "marriage is a failure." He lives in Southern Illinois and has just wedded his sixth wife. Every one of them brought him a farm, and he is now one of the largest land owners in the country. This shows that marriage is a great success if it is managed properly, and that if a man sticks to business the same as to any other he is bound to come out ahead.

No matter how nice a girl may be there is always one thing about her which no man wishes to court, and that is her ridicule.--Burlington Free Press.

A REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES.

The Farmers' Alliance Makes Suggestions to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 22.--The Senate committee on agriculture and forestry to-day had under consideration Senator Vance's bill to provide for a system of warehouses for farm produce throughout the country, to be operated upon deposits of grain therein.

Colonel Polk, president of the National Farmers' Alliance, read a long argument in support of the measure, which he said was formulated by the committee appointed for that purpose by the convention of the National Farmers' and Industrial Alliance, held in St. Louis, December 3, 1889. He sketched the decline in agricultural values in the face of marvelous progress and development of other industries and interests during the past two decades and inted that something should be done for the farmer. He charged the fault upon the financial system of the government which had resulted in high-priced money and low priced products.

The remedy Colonel Polk suggested was: Restore silver to its dignity and place as a money metal, with all the rights of coinage and all the qualities of legal tender which gold possesses; issue sufficient amounts of currency direct to the people, at a low rate of interest, to meet the legitimate demands of the business of the country and which shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private; secure such issue equal dignity with the money metals by basing it on real, tangible substantial values.

Colonel Polk was followed by Dr. C. W. McCune, chairman of the national committee on legislation of the Alliance, who addressed himself more particularly to the merits and details of the system of warehouses as outlined in the bill. He asserted that the merchandise thus stored would not deteriorate below market standard and that the system had proved feasible and practicable in California, where the Grangers' bank, in 1889, loaned \$3,000,000 on certificates issued to farmers on wheat deposited in warehouses owned and controlled by them.

Cuba's Tobacco Decline.
New York Star.

"Tobacco raising is yet one of the chief sources of wealth in Cuba," said Senor Don Nicolas Garrido, a rich land owner and planter of the great Spanish colony, while in this city a couple of days ago on his way to Europe:

"It is not carried on upon as great scale as it used to be, however. For a long time it was supposed that the celebrated Vuelta Abajo region, which is situated between the 22d and 23d degrees of latitude, was the only spot on earth where the very best grade of tobacco could grow; but lately there has been a strong competition from different parts of Spanish America, where just as good tobacco as ours can be gathered, if properly planted and cared for. The first condition that has to be fulfilled is that of proper climate. Tobacco thrives best in the temperate climates, for its period of vegetation lasts only three months, and requires an average temperature of 75 degrees during the development of the plant. The Havana species, which is so appreciated throughout the world, is so delicate that it perishes whenever the temperature falls below 60 degrees, which, however, happens very rarely in Cuba. Tobacco does not require much water, two or three showers being quite sufficient for its growth in Cuba; out, then, dew in our climate is quite copious, and the moisture is received by the larves and runs along them to the upper ring of roots. Be it on account of the soil or climatic conditions, our tobacco is entirely different from that of North Carolina, Virginia and Kentucky; but I see that much of the weed sold here under the name of Havana is far from being genuine, and in many instances the tobacco is grown in this country or South America, and nobody is the wiser, so long as the people have the satisfaction of thinking they smoke the imported article."

"Do you think your father likes me, Mamie?"
"I am sure he does."
"What makes you sure?"
"Because it was only yesterday he asked me when you and I were going to be married."--Boston Courier.

When Reed Will Adjourn.
Clinton Republican.

Speaker Reed says that Congress will adjourn by July 1. If he says so that settles it. He can do it with his little gravel.

Doesn't Angle for Small Fish.
Boston Post.

It is now reported that Jay Gould has captured President Harrison. This must be a mistake. Mr. Gould never fishes with a minnow hook.

The Man Who Will Feel Small.
Columbia Independent.

If the man who takes the late Sam Randall's seat isn't very big he'll feel wofully small. And men fit to succeed such a man as Randall was not found in every family.

Democracy Attracts Young Men
Boston Herald.

Governor Campbell says the steady Republican losses in Ohio are due to the young men, who are almost solidly on the Democratic side there. It is very much so everywhere. The young voters are not declining to look at the new moon out of reverence for that ancient institution, the old one.

A Risky Experiment.
Boston Globe.

When the bounty system is well established it will be interesting to see with what degree of patience the people will consent to be taxed to float enterprises that are confessedly conducted at a loss. If American manhood has reached this servile stage, any imposture is safe when masquerading under the name of Protection.

Faith and Charity Reign So Supreme.
Richmond State.

Grover Cleveland says that now that Ashland is safe, he has no fear for the result in 1892. It was in this peaceful village that an election was passed by unnoticed some years ago--a proof of the honesty, patriotism and mutual trust of these sturdy yeomen. There are not many places where peace, faith and charity reign so supreme.

A Majority, Such as It Is.
Philadelphia Times.

The caucus of Democratic Senators held at Washington a few days ago may have been necessary to keep the Democratic Senators straight, but it won't amount to much in the way of effecting legislation. Between those who were elected honestly, those who bought their seats and those who hold stolen seats. The Republican Senators have a majority spelled with a big M.

How to Live at Home and Board at the Same Place.
Caucasian.

Of all poor devils, the average poor farmer has the hardest. His hogs die of cholera and he "geteth" no more meat unless he "mort-gageth" his last bull yearling. His days are full of vexation, and his quinine is mixed with flour, and his flour is mixed with rye and cowpeas. He worketh hard day by day and the money sharks geteth his effects at their own figures. He is not asked what he will take for his produce, but taketh what he can get and no use of grumbling. How long, O, how long before he will be a free man! The "niggers" say they wouldn't take anything for their freedom, but this poor white man hath none worth a mention. The Alliance promiseth him freedom but he heedeth not the call, and goeth on grumbling and complaining, and if he joineth and getteth not a barrel of flour gratis he sayeth the Alliance is of no account, and be falleth out with it and scattereth abroad the good intention (provided he ever had any) and declareth the Alliance will never accomplish anything, because he could not break it down, and the last state of this man is about ten degrees below naught. But, if he will work twelve months in the year instead of four, and use economy, make and shelter his fertilizers, raise more cattle and give better attention to his hogs, he will soon begin to be able to live at home and board at the same place.

"Time and the wind-up," as the sporting man said when he wound up his watch.