

THE DURHAM RECORDER.

AS SPOKEN MAY BE FORGOTTEN, BUT THOSE WHICH ARE WRITTEN OR PRINTED STANDS RECORD.

VOL. 72.

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY MAY 13, 1891.

NO. 18

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

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NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS.
FIRST IN THE FIELD
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WE HAVE JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF
FINE CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS.

Our line neck-wear is the prettiest you ever saw, and our line of HATS in all shapes will be sure to please you. Remember you have a special invitation to examine our stock. We trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage. Be certain to give us a call when you come to Durham.

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ROOM NUMBER 2.
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Ober's Fertilizer—The National and Durham Bull Fertilizers.

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DURHAM, N. C.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any purgative known to me."—R. A. ALDEN, M. D., 131 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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"For several years I have recommended your Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."—R. W. F. PARKER, M. D., "The Watchdog," 120th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CANTON COMPANY, 27 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

MR. BEN TERRELL IN ASHEVILLE.

He Speaks at the Court House.

There was a very good gathering of farmers and others in the court house Wednesday, of last week, to hear Ben Terrell, the alliance orator of Texas, talk on the alliance.

The meeting was called to order by Gen. R. B. Vance and J. S. Bell, state senator from Clay county, was called to the chair. He introduced the speaker.

Mr. Terrell said he wanted to talk in a way that would not provoke prejudice and wanted the audience to hear with minds from all prejudice. He was, he said, a believer in the alliance and was not able to see any way out of the present difficulties except by education, expressing himself as opposed to agitation or prejudices, and stating that the only way to discuss the alliance is to present its demands. He denied that the farmers want to break up the merchants, but said that they want a free competitive market. He could not conceive of an interest that would be hurt by benefitting the farmer.

As to politics, he said that the farmer is more interested in the country than any other class and has a right to discuss matters in which he is interested. He said that the cry that the alliance will break up the parties is a foolish one, and it is a poor admission for a party to say that when the farmer becomes intelligent enough to see his condition it will hurt the party.

"It is," continued Mr. Terrell, "a well understood fact that the amount of money and produce on hand controls the price of produce and the farmer should educate the people on them and let them then vote conscientiously and intelligently."

"Here is an organization that has nothing to do with partisan politics. Each man may vote for himself and the only object is to educate him so as to vote intelligently. If your party is for the right government for all, then education of the masses will help it, but if the party is afraid of education, I am opposed to the party."

LAND OWNERSHIP.
"The first demand we made is in regard to the ownership of land. We want the government to prohibit corporations from owning land except what is necessary to transact their business. Heretofore the laboring men have been divided by party lines and the money power has ruled, but we intend that it shall be different. We do not want to discuss party politics, but to do what is best for the home. The Alliance is not afraid of any party. The only way you can get the farmers' vote in 1892 is to convince us that your measures are the best for the farmers and for all classes."

"FOOTINE"
Cures the disease that causes the offensive odor of the feet and arm pits, toughens the skin and prevents chapping. Price 50 cts. For sale by all Durham Druggists.

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W. H. ROGERS,

Main Street.

ment to increase the circulation, so as to counteract the effect of the contraction of the power of the dollar? Money is not now distributed fairly. All we ask is to make a basis for the distribution of money. This is the sub-treasury plan. I want criticism on this and am willing to debate it throughout the state with any man. I want to discuss the sub-treasury bill. They say the government has no right to become a pawn shop, but whisky is taken in bond, as also silver bullion and gold bullion. If you establish home storage of products, you will destroy all combines and speculation in the products and will help the farmer. As it is the farmers have to sell their grain as soon as possible, and, therefore, the market is glutted and the price is put down, out by the sub-treasury storage plan this will be alleviated.

"The farmers are not all good, nor is any other class of men, but the entire class is not to be condemned by the acts of a few. A man should not be elected to office or rejected because of his party relations, but every man should vote for the best man for the place."

Mr. Terrell spoke for about two hours, and on conclusion was given a vote of thanks by the audience. He spoke at night to the laboring men and those who could not attend in the day time.

Barn Burned—Biting A Corn Stalk.

Last Friday morning about 10 o'clock the feed barn of Mr. Jacob Long, living about two and a half miles east of this place, was found to be on fire. A big lot of fodder in the barn was in a light blaze when first discovered. The large double barn and four adjacent buildings used for feeding purposes were burned, also a big lot of feed, two wagons, and farm machinery. The dwelling and other buildings were with difficulty prevented from burning. It is a heavy loss. The origin of the fire is unknown. The Gleaner is informed of the strange antics of a Hawfields gentleman, a few days ago. Said gentleman went to a near neighbor's riding a corn stalk. In this manner he galloped around, looking more like a crazy man than a sane one. He was asked what was the matter, what he was doing, and the like, but he answered not. Finally he was asked if he had a new baby at his house and he answered yes, two of 'em. Such fantastic tricks as men sometimes cut.

Ten Cents a Day.

There is a man in this county, who has been chewing tobacco forty years, averaging ten cents a day. So, he has taken in all, 14,400 cents. The cost of this tobacco, putting it at five cents a day, which is a low estimate, would amount to \$720. —What a christian virtue it is for a man to be able, under all circumstances, to return a civil answer to a civil question.

Just what the Marquis Rudini expected to gain by the publication of his last letter to the Italian representative at Washington is not apparent, unless it was to show that Mr. Blaine had violated confidence and been guilty of improper conduct in his correspondence with the Italian government. The letter of Mr. Blaine to Minister Porter, however, will offset any unfavorable impression which might have been created by the publication of Rudini's communication to the Marquis Imperiali.

Doubts as to -heol.

The Rev. H. O. Hoffman, one of the leading ministers in Illinois, and pastor of the Independent Methodist Church at Bloomington, created a sensation Monday night by announcing that the doctrine of everlasting hell is not taught in the Bible. He says Christ never used the word damnation with the meaning it has applied to it by the orthodox preachers of to-day. Mr. Hoffman has a large following, formerly believing in the doctrine of perpetual punishment by fire and regular Methodists. He is very popular and an able minister.

His Check for \$15,000.
June 1st Mr. Bostick of New York will send Rev. Dr. Charles E. Taylor president of Wake Forest College, a check for about \$15,000, that being his contribution to the additional endowment of the institution.

A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing.

Flaming Orator (at meeting of Reorganizers of Society).
"Comrades, the day of capitalistic oppression is drawing to a close! Our day is coming! The time is at hand when we shall not have to work (tremendous cheering), when we shall ride in the carriages of our oppressors (approous and long-continued applause), and enjoy the luxuries they have monopolized. We shall use their silver and china tableware, their costly parlors and drawing rooms, their rare old wines and liquors (appalling burst of enthusiasm), their caskets of jewels, their ivory combs and gold-back hair brushes—"

[This was as far as the speaker got. With a wild yell the audience rose as one man, jerked him from the platform, dragged him to a window overlooking a muddy alley, and dropped him out. He was no true Anarchist.]

Minus \$15,000,000.

The Washington Critic gives the following simple and concise statement of the present condition of National Treasury: There is a \$12,000,000 actual cash balance on hand, and the May receipts are estimated at \$32,000,000, making a total of \$44,000,000. The ordinary expenses for May are put down at \$21,000,000, and the June pension payments, due on the 4th, will amount to \$28,000,000 more, a total of \$49,000,000. A simple example in subtraction will demonstrate that \$44,000,000 will not pay \$49,000,000 of indebtedness. There will be a shortage of \$5,000,000 and of course this will have to be raised somehow. The Government has \$25,000,000 deposited with national banks and about \$30,000,000 in fractional silver coin. If this subsidiary coin can be distributed on the plan adopted by the Secretary the national banks may retain their deposits. If not, the banks will have to give up. This is the whole case in a nutshell.

Taxes Would Come Down.

"There would be no doubt as to the meaning of Cleveland's election. It would mean that taxes must come down; that strict economy must prevail; that the administration of affairs must be clean, able, and absolutely fair. What more does Democracy mean?"—Galesburg, Ill., Spectator.
That is enough for all practical purposes. It is a platform that addresses itself to the common sense, the common honesty and the common justice of the masses of the American people, and Mr. Cleveland both in his private character and public record stands as a living pledge of its literal fulfillment.—Lynchburg Virginian.

Fleeing From Temptation.

A member of the colored church was the other evening conversing earnestly with an acquaintance, and seeking to have him change into better paths, but the friend said that he was too often tempted to permit him to become a Christian.

"What's yer backbone, dat ye can't rise up and stand temptation!" exclaimed the good man. "I was dat way once. Right in this here town I had a chance to steal a pair of boots—mighty nice ones, too. Nobody was dar to see me, and I reached out my hand and de debil said take 'em. Den a good spirit whispered fur me to let dem boots alone."

"An, you didn't take 'em?"
"No, sah—not much. I took a pair o' cheap shoes off de shelf an' left dem boots alone!"

R. v. Sam Small Resigns.

Rev. Sam Small has resigned his position as President of the Methodist University at Ogdem, Utah, and has filed a report containing a financial statement. An Ogdem paper states that he "was wired that the board would give him until May 8 to straighten his affairs, the report having proved far from satisfactory." He returned an answer that the board was doing him an injustice, and that he had done all in his power to make things right. The board refused to accept his resignation until he makes everything all right.

Humbert Holds the String.

Secretary Blaine to Premier Rudini: Go back to your cage, Jacko.

HOW IS THE TIME.

Work and Talk for Better Roads.
Don't wait for winter to come, but commence now to work for better roads. Years ago poor overseers dozed while their neighbor's hauled small loads over bad roads, but in this day the progressive farmers will no longer tolerate them. We copy what the Garden and Forest says upon the subject: "The agitation for improved systems of road-construction and road maintenance has become so general throughout the country that it may be fairly said to have attained the dignity of a popular government. The subject is calling forth articles by writers of authority in our leading magazines and weekly journals, in the bulletins of scientific societies and state experiment stations, and in pamphlets issued by various associations organized for economic reform. The governors of half a dozen states have felt impelled to invite attention to the importance of the subject in their annual messages; in several of the states, notably, in New Jersey, laws have been enacted during the winter which overthrow the traditional methods of highway repairs, and in other legislatures bills are under consideration, with probability that they will become laws, which provide for state aid and expert supervision in the maintenance of highways, and it is proposed in more than one instance to use the direct tax money which has been returned by the general government to individual states as a permanent fund for the improvement of country roads."

The sentiment in favor of reform in this matter would be still more urgent if the mass of the people had any experimental knowledge of superiority of good roads over poor ones. When farmers can be shown by actual practice that good roads, by enabling them to double their loads, and to the value of everything carried away to sell, save minutes and hours every day which amount to days and weeks in the year, and bring them closer to markets and amusements, schools and churches, they will urgently demand a reform which promises to add so much to their comfort and profit. And they will be still more eager for this improvement when they find that it costs one dollar to keep in repair a good macadam road instead of the five dollars which they have been paying in taxes to maintain the same length of dirt road, upon which, even when in fair condition, three horses are required to haul the load which one can draw on a properly graded surface.

Good roads not only help the country on its way to the city, they invite the city to enjoy the pleasant prospects of the country.

Has Resigned the Pastorate.

Dr. Brigham of the Baptist church of New York, has resigned the pastorate of one of the Baptist churches for the reason that he has lost faith in the biblical declaration that there is a hell. The Doctor is wise in resigning, for, as we understand it, he has no further reason to preach. According to his doctrine matters are greatly simplified. Horace Greeley was another man who could not conceive of such a state as hell. Dr. Brigham outlines his ideas in the following: "For many years I have felt that the doctrine of endless torment was inconsistent with the spirit, and even the letter, of the New Testament, and a contradiction of those instincts of the moral sense which God has put in our nature. It cannot be squared with the doctrine of divine fatherhood, which seems to me the central in the teachings of Christ. The fact that is so largely discredited even in the most orthodox churches led me to conclude that the time had come for a plain, honest utterance as to the matter, so that my church, at least, might be free from the imputation that we stood for a doctrine we had ceased to believe. And, although it is a small question compared with that of the salvation of men from sin through the grace of God in Jesus Christ, do not regret having given utterance to my conviction with regard to it."

The Jury Service.

The jury service is one of the highest and most responsible obligations that rest upon all good and law-abiding citizens, and when they are called upon to discharge this imperative duty, they should not hesitate to do so. Jurors are the preservers of law and order, and protectors of life, liberty and property, and no good citizen, who is interested in the preservation of these inestimable blessings, should attempt in any way to incapacitate himself from serving when called upon. The duty, it is true, is sometimes very disagreeable, but it is not infinitely worse to feel the insecurity to the want of protection of lawlessness? If the purity of this system is to be preserved men, who are competent for this service, should set their faces against the practice of going before judicial tribunals and declaring that they have such decided opinions that they cannot serve as jurors when they have not heard the sworn testimony in the cause at issue.

The Country Newspaper.

If you have anything to sell that commands trade outside of your own city, use the country newspaper.
In the country newspaper you have a reliable and effective friend that does its mission at more family firesides than do many of the metropolitan dailies.
In the country weekly the marriage bells toll more joyfully than in the great city papers, and when the columns of such a home paper tell us that some humble person has gone from the world we read with tears, for he was our neighbor and friend.

The weekly newspaper is not only a business guide, but it is a pulpit of morals for the entire community and county in which it is published. It is a kind of public rostrum where the affairs of state are considered; it is a supervisor of the streets and roads; it is a social friend, a promoter of friendship and good will.—Printers' Ink.

Buy a Hen.

Too poor to take a home paper. Well, that is a distressful condition. Buy a hen, feed her on crumbs and waste from the kitchen and she will lay eggs enough to pay for a year's subscription; then work her up in a pot pie and she will pay first cost, so the paper will be clear profit. Repeat this process year after year and you will see how easy it is to pay for your home paper.—Ligonier Leader.
The advice of the Leader would be excellent if it was not for the fact that nine out of ten who don't take a paper don't know how to set the hen.—Walkerton Independent.

The Wheat Crisis.

The wheat crops of France and Russia, according to the Standard, are much below the average, and the same paper says, the deficiency will be at least 20,000,000 quarters, added. "It is expected that cold winds and frosts have almost destroyed the French crops. Germany, Holland, and Belgium all furnish pessimistic reports. In Roumania there is a decreased wheat area, and in India there has been a bad wheat season. The only exception is Hungary, where there are better prospects, but it is almost certain that the world's wheat consumption will exceed the production computed. Whatever the magnitude of American crop may be, it will not be sufficient to cover the European deficit, thus compelling an extensive draft upon the reserves for the third year in succession."

Fishes Blooming With May's Flowers.

This seems to be a verification of the report about W. Linger in the lap of S. There was a legend of that purport which has been changed into a frosty fact.

In Trouble.

The saloon keepers of Norfolk are all in trouble over the reversal of their licenses. The judge of the Corporation Court has refused to grant license to any of them who have failed to observe the Sunday law, and turned all applications over to the grand jury to investigate the records of the applicants in this respect.