

THE DURHAM RECORDER.

"I KNOW NOT WHAT THE TRUTH MAY BE; I'LL TELL IT AS IT WAS TOLD TO ME."

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Established 1820.

One of the judges of the Kansas supreme court asked the New York Sun the following question: How much is annually paid to citizens of foreign countries for interest, dividends, rents and profits on investment in the United States? Will the public interest be best promoted by an increase or reduction of this annual payment? How would you bring about the change you favor?

In reply the Sun has this to say:

We don't know and we don't care particularly. The only change we would wish for would be to pay all our debts in full just as soon as we have promised to pay them. The great thing is to keep our engagements; and, if we have made any silly ones, a question on which we do not now express any opinion, to take care and not commit the same foolishness again.

No cheating for us. What our contemporary says about paying debts in full when they are due, and keeping our engagements, is all right but when the creditor classes indulge in this sort of talk they know that under our present financial system they in reality collect more than is due them. Under the gold standard the purchasing power of a dollar is constantly increasing, and when we pay a debt contracted a few years ago we practically pay twice as much as we owe.

But the debtor classes are crushed by the oppressive system which doubles the amount of their indebtedness and makes it more difficult for them to keep their engagements to the letter. It is just as wrong to discriminate against debtors as it would be to discriminate against creditors. Both classes have rights that should be respected and if either class is entitled to more consideration it is the debtors, because 90 per cent of the world's business is done on credit, and is the height of injustice to legislate in the interest of the remaining 10 per cent and the creditors.

There should be no room in this country for a financial system which doubles the value of the gold dollar, and thus doubles the burden of every honest poor man's debt.

So Major H. L. Grant, who himself draws a pension from the Yankee side of the line, although abled bodied and un wounded, introduced a bill in the State Senate to repeal the act pensioning, at a poor pittance, the wounded Confederate soldiers of this State. He would take from them, wounded and maimed, helpless and starving though they be, the poor pittance that their own State has owed for years and which their own home people willingly pay, while he himself draws a Federal pension for helping to wound them at the head of a negro regiment! And this is the man whom many old Confederate soldiers voted for in the late election on the Fusion ticket against Ben Aycock for the Senate, and by whose vote he was elected. This is how he repays them: He and Marion Butler "pull" for Abe Middleton, their burly negro henchman, in preference to a one-legged Confederate soldier, as assistant doorkeeper, and now he wants their pension taken from them.—Goldboro Argus.

NEGLECTED.

The tomb of Abraham Lincoln is in such a neglected condition that the Legislature of Pennsylvania has felt impelled to adopt a resolution respecting it, says the New York Sun. The fact is a most shameful one, and the knowledge of it will offend millions of patriotic Americans. It has been in charge of the "Lincoln Monument Association," and it is the desire of the Pennsylvania Legislature that it shall be put under

the care of the State of Illinois. In permitting Lincoln's tomb to fall into neglect, the State of Illinois has already shown a lack of respect for his name and memory, and for the spot in which his ired bones repose, toward which many pilgrims turn their footsteps. That spot ought to be a worthy shrine for American patriotism. It ought to be regarded by Illinois as its chiefest glory.

Come to the Sunny South.

The New York Sun says: We ought not to hear any more complaints of want from Nebraska. Train loads of free provisions from the Southern States and from Western States have begun to arrive there, and the distribution of them has been undertaken by helpful people. This is the third or fourth time within a few years that charity has been needed in Nebraska or Kansas on account of the failure of crops. We should suppose that those of the farmers of these States who are so often reduced to straits would think of looking for homes in some more favorable region. All the Southern States are desirous of obtaining industrious immigrants, and they can furnish good land for millions of them. Texas alone would like to draw to its lands all the farmers who cannot get along in the bad parts of the Northwest. After the South gets pretty well filled up, a hundred or a couple of hundred years hence, it will be time enough to see what can be done for those extensive tracts of our trans-Mississippi country in which the crops are so often a failure on account of long droughts, destructive blizzards, and pestiferous insects.

Condensed News.

Creedon knocked Bernau out in the second round in Galveston, Tex., Saturday night.

The cruiser Philadelphia has been ordered by the President to proceed to Honolulu at once.

Senor Otal, Spanish consul in Cairo, committed suicide Friday night by cutting his throat.

The Treasury gold reserve declined slightly again Saturday, \$15,000 being taken out, and stood at the close of business at \$70,677,990.50.

The eighty-seventh anniversary of the birth of Robert E. Lee was celebrated in Baltimore Saturday night by ex-Confederates by a largely attended meeting at the Academy of Music and a banquet at the Carrollton Hotel.

Bob Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, was indicted at Syracuse, N. Y., Saturday by the grand jury for manslaughter in the first degree. At a performance in Jacob's Opera house November 16th, 1894, Con Riordan, his sparring partner, was knocked out by Fitzsimmons and died after lying in an unconscious state for several hours.

Colonel Lane, United States Army, retired, and Mrs. Lane are already at the Hotel Hygeia, Old Point comfort, for their seventeenth annual sojourn.

They Divide the Blame.

It is hard to tell which party shows to the worst advantage in the currency middle in Congress. The Democrats are trying hard to do something, and some of them have a pretty clear idea of what they want to do and why they want to do it, but the majority of their party refuse to be led by them, and so the party can do nothing. This is a bad enough predicament and humiliating enough for a party to be in whose hands are both houses of Congress and the Presidency, but how much better off are the Republicans? How much patriotism and states-

manship and single-hearted zeal for the welfare of the country are they showing? Mighty little.—Springfield Republican.

Not a Question of Wages.

There is a noticeable disposition to minimize the advantages for cotton manufacture enjoyed by Southern factories. The New Englanders, as a rule, affirm that the reason manufacturing is cheaper in the South is that their hours of work are longer and wages are lower than in the North. This is an old assertion which Southern manufacturers have again and again denied. The real factors of success are the nearness to the cotton field and coal mines, the milder climate, the newer machinery and cheaper cost of living generally. At present coarse goods are made, but there is no reason why after a time the finest should not be made.—Baltimore Sun.

Prefer the Original Article.

A patent egg compound sold in the North is made from the eggs of sea birds which are found by the million on islands along the Atlantic coast. It sells for 40 cents a pound and it is said a pound of it will go as far as 72 hen's eggs. With most people who are not hostile to eggs, it would go a good deal further.—Wilmington Star.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—Senator Ransom says it is the duty of the democrats in the senate to get together and do something to relieve the financial situation.

Senator Jarvis says a caucus of the senate and house ought to have been called before adjournment to decide on some measure calculated to settle the financial difficulties which confront the party.

Hon. John S. Henderson says he will vote for no measure which does not contain the state banking feature. All the other members of our delegation express the same view of any currency bill.

Memorial services in honor of Senator Vance will be held in the senate next Saturday. February 9 similar services will be held in the house of representatives. Mr. Henderson will have charge of the exercises. Every member of our delegation will speak.

Early this week Mr. Springer intends to introduce a currency bill differing somewhat from its predecessors. Nobody seems to think there will be any financial legislation this session of congress.

This makes an extra session almost a certainty. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle have done and are still doing their best to avert this, but some of the democrats in congress are not amendable to reason. The party has to suffer for their stubbornness and ignorance.

A number of North Carolinians attended the diplomatic reception at the white house last week.

What is known as the Raleigh paving bill was passed over in the house by committee of the whole on account of the absence of Congressman Bunn. Mr. Branch has just arrived. He says he stopped in Raleigh on his way here and thought it looked like the Butler and Pritchard combination would win in the state legislature. Reed's friends here are counting on the nomination of Mr. Holton. There is a combination between Tom Settle, Holton, and other prominent republicans in North Carolina to carry the state for Reed in the next presidential convention.

TO FIGHT A WILD CAT.

The sensation in Kentucky Saturday was the fight between Samuel McGraw, a young man of Powell county, and a ferocious wild cat, three feet long, weight twenty-seven pounds, trapped a short time since, for a purse of \$25. McGraw agreed to whip the cat with his bare hands in a pen six by eight feet.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Anti-Trust Amendment.

A bill to amend the Constitution by adding section 14, is as follows: "Monopolies and trusts shall never be allowed in this State, and no incorporated company, co-partnership, or association of persons, in this State shall directly or indirectly combine or make any contract with any other incorporated company, foreign or domestic, through their stockholders or trustees, or assigns of such stockholders, or with any co-partnership or association of persons in any matter whatever, for the purpose of fixing the price or for limiting the production or regulation the transportation of any product or commodity. This shall not prevent farmers from shipping the product of their farms together."

Fallen Women.

A great deal is said and written at present about reforming fallen women. We heartily endorse any movement, on the part of christians looking to that end, which is based on moral suasion. As long as the plan of Jesus is followed, it is all right in them; but the moment they preach to them and failing to convert them, get mad with them and say, "we will break them up by law," they get off the gospel track. Visiting houses of ill-fame in disguise, with a view of reporting them, may do for detectives, but it will not do for a christian. That's the State's work.

Now, the question arises, what can the State do? It can make lewd women keep orderly houses, that's all. And that is all that society relies on the law to do. So, then the only chance to reform the inmates of houses of ill-fame, is, to convert their hearts.

But, after you have converted one of these poor creatures, the question arises what can be done with her? In all probability, the very man who talks to her and succeeds in getting her to quit her wicked life, would not take her in his house as a servant. Still, something can be done for those who are really determined to reform, and it ought to keep women from falling. This work, for the most part, has to be done, by parents.—Danville Times.

The Biggest Hog.

Vance county is entitled to the chromo for the biggest Tar Heel hog in 1894. It netted 830 pounds and yielded 240 pounds of lard. For the past four months our State exchanges have indulged in hog (figuratively speaking) and after summing up this weighty matter, we are prone to believe that Carolina's smoke-house has been transformed from the far west to Tar Heel ground, and there is even a surplus left hanging up for export.—Concord Times.

It is quite apparent that Republican influence predominates in the Legislature at Raleigh and that the Populists are being used to carry out the measures decided upon by the Republican leaders. So far every measure of any importance proposed wears the Republican car-marks, while the only proposition which was distinctively Populistic—the resolution to instruct our members in Congress to vote for the free coinage of silver on a ratio of 16 to 1—was sat down upon and sent to be buried by the Committee on Federal Relations. Part of the programme is to abolish the Railroad Commission. We believe that Marion Butler claims to be the parent of the Railroad commission, which Mr. Ewart wants abolished. We shall now see whether Mr. Butler, with his organ at Raleigh, will permit Mr.

Ewart to destroy the work for which he claimed credit, and whether Mr. Ewart can corral Populist members enough to do the job. The probabilities are, however, that since Mr. Butler has secured a six years pull on the Senate with a \$5,000 salary and perquisites, he will take less interest in little matters like the Railroad Commission than he did when he was striving to achieve fame as the champion and protector of the "poor, oppressed farmer."—Wilmington Star.

GENERAL NEWS.

Speaker Crisp and Mrs. Crisp arrived in Asheville Sunday afternoon and are staying at Battery Park.

Isaac Brotton, a cigar maker and fruit dealer at Tacoma, Wash., shot and killed his wife and himself shortly before midnight Sunday night. Domestic troubles caused the tragedy. The couple left three young children.

The mourners who were gathered Sunday afternoon at the funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth White, of Millville, N. J., were thrown into consternation by the sudden attack of illness which overtook James Robinson, a brother of the dead woman. Just as he kissed the corpse he was seen to reel and fall backward. He was attacked by palsy and lingered until 9:30 yesterday morning, when he died. The utmost excitement prevailed among the mourners, when Mr. Robinson was stricken, and the funeral was abruptly halted, while a physician worked over the stricken man. As he grew no better in an hour the corpse was carried out and the funeral procession wended its way to the cemetery, where the interment took place.

General orders have been issued from headquarters of the United Confederate Veterans, General John B. Gordon, commanding, calling the next annual meeting of the camps of Confederate Veterans at Houston, Texas, for May 22d, 23d and 25th next.

General Robert E. Lee's birthday was observed in Atlanta, Ga., by the Virginia Society and Confederate veterans. The Virginia Society had as its guests General Fitzhugh Lee, who made an address.

The Confederate Veteran Camp of New York celebrated the anniversary of the birth of General Robert E. Lee with its fifth annual banquet at the Scottish Rite hall Saturday night. United States flags formed the decorations around the banquet hall. Among those present were Mrs. Jefferson Davis and her daughter, Miss Winnie Davis.

Walter M. Brodie, chief engineer of the Batopilas Mining company, of Chihuahua, Mexico, and ex-Governor Shepherd's son-in-law, is making a short visit in California and reports the silver from Batopilas the richest and purest in the world.

A delegation of railroad and steamboat men met at the Hygeia, Fort Monroe, on Friday to arrange for the spring trade, among whom were Colonel Fuller, general passenger agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio, and John Callahan, of the Norfolk and Washington Steamboat company.

The Franklin News says that legislation is not what troubles the country. "That is bad enough," it thinks, "but the underlying evil is in our homes. During 1895, let us try new lines—banish the all-cotton theory, raise home supplies and live on home-raised hog and hominy. It is the best and the cheapest. And a careful adherence to this line will make times easier next fall and debts can be met with a facility that will make the country smile."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Neither of the old political parties has been sincere in its declaration in favor of civil service reform. Mr. Cleveland's efforts to improve the service have been openly condemned by the greedy spoilsmen of his own party.—Galveston News.

Senator Hill says the income tax is unconstitutional. The people are rapidly coming to the conclusion that the income of the millionaires and the monopolists of special privileges are unconstitutional and should be abolished. Pensacola Times.

The collection of the income tax is now assured. Senator Hill was defeated in his attempt to destroy the tax by amendment. He had held the attention of the senate for a week, yet when the vote came he had only five supporters. This is the sort of thing that makes the country so weary of the senate.—Memphis Appeal.

Congress has apparently no conception of unselfish patriotism, and greedy representatives of anti-popean measures, calling themselves democrats, have combined with the republicans to defeat a democratic policy (the Carlisle bill).

Ex-Governor Northen, of Georgia, has become managing editor of the Cultivator, a long established agricultural magazine, and with his accession to the staff, the Cultivator becomes the organ of the Georgia Immigration and Investment Bureau.

Prof. Adams, of the University of Michigan, has received a request from Japan to publish a translation of his work on "Public Debts," in that country. This is done with the expectation of aiding Japan's financial policy in the war with China.

It will be a stain upon the democratic administration and a democratic congress if they shall fail to adopt some financial scheme that will give relief and stability to the currency and wants of the country.—Lynchburg (Va.) News.

The failure of the present congress to pass a satisfactory tariff bill will be a minor matter compared with its failure to deal adequately and satisfactorily with the financial requirements of the government.—Baltimore Sun.

The Times' correspondent in Teheran, Persia, telegraphed under Sunday's date: The City of Kuchan, which an earthquake destroyed fourteen months ago, and which was immediately rebuilt, was again destroyed on January 17. Many were killed. A hundred women were crushed in one bath. The extent of the dam-

unknown as yet. The bitterest cold increases the suffering. Four distinct shocks were felt in Meshed in the last three days, but no damage was done.

The body of Barrett Scott the defaulting treasurer of Holt county, Nebraska, who while out riding with his family New Year's day, was fired upon by a party of vigilantes, and after being wounded was dragged from his carriage, blindfolded, and then placed in another vehicle and taken in a northerly direction. Was found about 11 o'clock Sunday night in the Niobrara river, about 300 feet, below the bridge on the Boyd county side, close up to the bank, and in about seven feet of water. He was in his shirt sleeves, but had his watch and chain and other personal effect on just as he wore them in life.

The grand jury of Onondago, N. Y., Saturday, returned an indictment of manslaughter in the first degree, against pugilist Robert Fitzsimmons for the killing of his sparring partner, Con Riordan, in an exhibition at the Jacob's opera house in Syracuse, N. Y., on November 17. Fitzsimmons left Queneb, Ill., for Belleville, Ill., via St. Louis at 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

Ex-Governor Chamberlain, of South Carolina, is at Cornell University, giving his annual course of lectures on constitutional law.

ON CRUTCHES 2 WEEKS

Lamb Raw as Beef and Red as Beet
Pain, Burning, and Itching Terrible.
Not 5 Hours Sleep in 3 Days.
Makes One Application of CUTICURA and in 5 Minutes is Asleep.
A Remarkable Case.

About two years ago I was confined to my room with a breaking out on my leg which my physician pronounced Eczema. About three weeks ago the same disease broke out again on the same leg, and my physician has been attending me regularly, calling from once to twice daily, the more all the time getting worse. A friend called to see me, and brought about one half teaspoonful of CUTICURA, advising me to try it, feeling of himself, brother and mother having been cured by it. I would not try it at first, although I had been on crutches for over two weeks, and at one time I counted between twenty-five and thirty suppurating sores, and had not slept more than five hours in three nights. Monday morning about four o'clock the pain, burning and itching became so severe that I determined to try CUTICURA, thinking that if it did no good, it could not make my leg much worse, for it was as raw as a piece of beef and as red as a beet, so I applied the CUTICURA, and in five minutes after I laid down I was asleep. Next day I sent and got a box of CUTICURA, and I'll pledge my honest word I would not take \$100 today for it, if I could not get another. I commenced using CUTICURA Sunday morning about four o'clock, and to-day (Tuesday) my leg is nearly well, notwithstanding I had not washed a step without my crutches in two weeks. My gratitude to the man who first compounded CUTICURA is profound. May God bless him.
T. E. FRAZIER, South Boston, Va.

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