

# THE DURHAM RECORDER.

"I KNOW NOT WHAT THE TRUTH MAY BE; I'LL TELL IT AS IT WAS TOLD TO ME."

Volume 75—No 42.

Durham, N. C., Wednesday, March 6, 1895.

Established 1820

## North Carolina's Shame

Our grand old commonwealth has indeed fallen on evil days. The outcasts of political vagabondage in the saddle at Raleigh, having no interest in the good name of the State, have sought every opportunity to burden it with disgrace. The four winds of the earth have taken up her name and breathed it abroad as a byword of reproach and her shame like that of the painted harlot of the street, is flaunted in every face. Not only has this vile and vulgar mob taken hold of our laws and institutions and threatened us with every species of vicious and disreputable legislation, but its leaders have been heard to say they were glad the best element of the people had been defeated. Anxious as the representatives of such low political origin were to lay the hands of vandalism on everything in the State which came in their way, yet it was thought that there was one supreme sentiment which burned hallowed and sacred in every breast, and that the homage we all pay to the precious memories of Washington and Lee. Irrespective of party, section, race, color or condition, we have come to look upon these men as the incarnation of the purest and loftiest ideals of American manhood. The history and the prestige of these heroes is a common fund of our Americanism—a shrine with its treasure-trove of gracious memories to which we are wont to make pilgrimage every year. It is the one sacred tie which binds us to the glorified past. The passing contemplation of the virtues of our great and good gone before cannot but quicken into life all that is best in our natures.

We had come to regard the fame of Washington and Lee as secure among our people for all time. Their names are a precious heritage to us—a priceless legacy to our children. Their characters are high ideals for living; their heroism an inspiration to action among lovers of liberty everywhere. We thought the memory of these august men would ever remain inviolate. We had crowned them with the laurel and evergreen emblems of fame; we had canonized them among the galaxy of the good and the great; we had made for them a niche in the temple of glory, and we had thought that the iconoclastic spirit of the age would pass by undisturbed every mark of respect we are accustomed to pay to the value and loyalty of those majestic master spirits of courage and country. We had come to think that they had a lease on an illustrious immortality.

But the integrity and the intelligence of North Carolina is no protection against the indignities of this shameless rascal and infamous crowd. Nor is the personal sibilimty of Washington and Lee a defense against the imperious ignorance of the CANALLES, who preach the gospel of hate, and want to tear down the names and institutions which illuminate our civilization.

On the 19th of January, which has been made a legal holiday in North Carolina, the Fusion Legislature refused to testify its respect to the memory of Gen. Lee. On the 22nd of February, the day upon which the Father of his Country was born, in the annals of American freedom second only as a red letter day in our calendar year to the birth of our glorified Savior, the Legislature defied all precedent by taking no notice whatever of the event. Not content with such extraordinary conduct, it added insult to injury by passing resolutions of respect and

adjourning in the House on the day before Washington's birthday in respect to the memory of the late Fred Douglass, the negro with a white wife. To compare any man, living or dead, with Washington or Lee would create an invidious distinction. But honor, at their expense and to the detriment of their memory, a negro whose name ought to be odious to white and black alike because he turned his back on his race and married a white woman, is to outrage even the ghost of assassinated decency.

What has North Carolina done that she should deserve all this? Why has she been so accursed of fate? Her punishment is greater than she can bear. She has drunk to the dregs the cup of her humiliation and disgrace, and in the Gethsemane of her sorrow and suffering can it be that there are few sympathize and none to help?

## Another Strike.

Another strike is on in New York. This time it is the "building trades union," and not street car men, whose members are on the rampage, having been ordered to quit work by that pestiferous and lawless class known as "walking delegates." By this strike it is said that not less than 25,000 persons will be affected, and that in very bad weather. Work on all buildings in a great city has been suspended; and the alleged cause for this intolerable state of things, as stated by one of the papers, is simply a difference between the men who are putting electrical appliances into buildings condemned by the walking delegates and the electric contractors who employ them. The general strike is ordered on these buildings in order to force the contractors to comply with the demands of the men. As a matter of expediency, to order such a strike at this moment on the heels of the disastrous Brooklyn fiasco, which a similar board of walking delegates inflicted on the community, is an inconceivable piece of stupidity. As a matter of right and wrong between man and man, depriving 25,000 men of work and wages after such hard weather, is a crime. The body guilty of such stupidity and such crime should be wiped off the face of the earth by a besom of universal condemnation—Lynchburg News.

## Bad Enough Anyway

The Daily Caucasian, the organ of the North Carolina fusionists, published at Raleigh by Marion Butler, viciously denounces as false the statement telegraphed from Raleigh that the fusion legislature, which adjourned in honor of Fred Douglass, refused to adjourn on General Lee's birthday and Washington's birthday.

That is a small matter, and the question at issue can be easily settled by the records of the legislature, but whether the house refused to honor Lee's and Washington's memory or not, the fact is, that same house did, on a motion by a negro from Granville county, vote to adjourn in honor of Fred Douglass, thereby making a hero of the dead miscegenationist.

The Caucasian does not deny this fact, which is enough to damn the populists in North Carolina for all time.—Danville Register.

The president of one of the great railroad companies calls attention to the fact that during 1894 the earnings of the railroads of the country were reduced \$125,000,000, and that the taxes levied upon them aggregated 50 per cent of all the dividends paid.

London, one of the surgeons extraordinary to the queen, is dead.

## Butler and Tillman.

From the Washington Post.

Two Senators-elect from adjoining States were on the floor of the Senate yesterday—Marion Butler, of North Carolina, and Gov. Tillman, of South Carolina. The latter was under the escort of Senator Irby, but the former drifted by himself. He fell at once, almost literally into the hands of the Populists among whom his presence caused great rejoicing.

Mr. Butler is a young man, with a heavy shock of hair, and with a black beard trimmed to a point. He has a meek and placid countenance, like a Y. M. C. A. young man, and his voice is a good deal smoother than moonshine whiskey. As soon as he appeared on the floor and his name became known, the Populist Senators flocked round him with words of welcome. Mr. Ailen, of Nebraska, Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, and Mr. Peffer, of Kansas, were stuck to him like flies to a sugar barrel, for new Populist Senators are not gathered in large crops, and when one falls to the ground in the political orchard, he is a rare prize. It was Mr. Peffer, however, who was most persistent in his attentions. He inducted Mr. Butler into the mysteries of the cloakrooms, then carried him in triumph down stairs to lunch, and finally made a circuit of the Senate Chamber, introducing him to all of his future colleagues.

It may be, perhaps, interesting to note that Mr. Butler will sit upon the Republican side. The Republicans showed him a great deal of attention yesterday, for his vote may be needed by them in the next Senate.

Among the casualties of the snow storm is the death of a hunting party in the woods of the alliance plantation about 19 miles below New Orleans. Four men set out for a day's hunting in the woods. No fears were entertained when the party remained out all night, but when they did not return next day a search party went out, and after much difficulty in struggling through the snow-drifts the four unfortunate men were found frozen to death in a kneeling attitude.

The president will leave Washington for North Carolina on the light-house tender Violet, with Secretary Carlisle and a few friends in all probability at once.

## A South Carolina Rumpus

The Atlanta Journal says there is a merry war in South Carolina among the so-called reformers.

Senator Irby accuses Senator-elect Tillman and Governor Evans of treachery to the cause and to himself. These three have been the most conspicuous leaders in the movement which has shelved all the old democratic leaders and filled all the prominent political positions in South Carolina with men who were insignificant a few years ago.

A constitutional convention has been called and it appears that an agreement has been made between Tillman and Evans on the one hand, and some of the leaders of the conservative democracy on the other, that both factions shall be fairly represented in the convention.

When Irby heard of this arrangement he became furious and denounced it in severe terms. He declares that Tillman and Evans have acted without authority and that the reformers are not bound by what they did. Irby says he was completely ignored and considers this an outrage, as he claims to have had more to do with the triumph of the reform movement than either Tillman or Evans. He serves notice that though the governor and the senator-elect have surrendered, he is still in the fight and that it will be carried on by him and his followers.

Without intending any disrespect to Senator Irby, we must say

that he talks like a fool, but we have no doubt that a considerable element among reformers will follow him and his black flag.

All is now lovely among the conservatives, either. Some of them repudiate the agreement with Tillman and Evans and declare for a straight contest. They fear the gift-bearing Greeks. The great majority of the conservatives, however, and the great majority of the reformers will accept the proposed compromise, and it may be the beginning of political peace among the white men of South Carolina.

## Who Was He?

From last Thursday's Concord Times.

A man on horseback rode up to the pavement in front of the furniture store yesterday and began singing. He soon attracted a crowd, and then he opened a bible and began preaching. He preached about 15 minutes, sang another song, and departed as quietly as he came. No one knows who he is. It is said that he was tramping and preaching as he went, wherever he could get listeners, and when he got to Danville some one (Evangelist Schoolfield, it is said) gave him a horse and saddle. He said he was going to the mountains to take the gospel to those who would not come to it. He was a young man.

## Why Men Should Marry.

From the North American Review.

It was clearly meant that all men as well as all women should marry; and those who, for whatever reason, miss this obvious destiny are, from nature's point of view, failures. It is not a question of personal felicity (which in eight cases out of ten may be more than problematic), but of a race responsibility. The unmarried man is a skulker, who in order to secure his own ease, dooms some woman, who has a rightful claim upon him, to celibacy. And in so doing he defrauds himself of the opportunities for mental and moral development which only the normal experience can provide. He deliberately stunts the stature of his manhood, impoverishes his heart and brain and chokes up all the sweetest potentialities of his soul. To himself he is apt to appear like the wise fox that detects the trap, though he ever so cleverly baits; that refuses to surrender his liberty for the sake of an appetizing chicken or rabbit, which may after all be a decoy, stuffed with sawdust; while as a matter of fact his case is that of the cowardly servant in the parable, who, for fear of losing his talent, hid it in a napkin, and in the end was deemed unworthy of his steward.

Rev. Henry Marshal Linney, one of the oldest Methodist ministers in Virginia, died in Richmond Monday from paralysis, with which he was stricken just a week ago.

Rev. Theron H. Rice, of Charlottesville, Va., who had been asked to accept the chaplaincy to the University of Virginia, has declined.

The Senate has one good mark to its credit at last. It has side-tracked Mr. Jones' free silver bill and laid that mischievous issue at rest for the brief remainder of the present session. It is only a negative virtue that can be ascribed to the Senate in this. With all the pocket-bought Senators from the West there is a majority in favor of the silver standard, the friends of honest money had declared their determination not to allow the silver bill to pass, and, as they could easily have enforced this determination the abandonment of the bill indicates no change of heart. It simply puts over the contest to the next Congress, where the Republican majority will have to deal with it.

## COUNTY GOVERNMENT BILL.

A bill to be entitled an act to amend Chapter 17 of the 1st volume of the Code, and restore to the people of North Carolina local self-government. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That chapter seventeen (17) of the first volume of the Code, entitled "County Commissioners and County Government," be, and the same and all amendments thereto, are amended as follows: By striking out the words "Justice of the Peace," "with the concurrence of a majority of Justices of the Peace sitting with them," "and by a majority of the Justices of the Peace," wherever the same may occur.

Sec. 2. By striking out in subsection to all of the same after the word "provided."

Sec. 3. Subsection twenty-eight (28) is hereby repealed, and the following inserted in lieu thereof: To qualify and induct into office at the meeting of the Board on the first Monday in the month next succeeding their election or appointment, the following named county officers, to wit: Clerk of the Superior Court, Clerk of the Inferior Court, Sheriff, Coroner, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Surveyor and Constable; and to take and approve the official bonds of said officers, which the Board shall cause to be registered in the office of the Register of Deeds. The original bonds shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Superior Court, except the bond of the said Clerk which shall be deposited with the Register of Deeds for safe keeping: Provided, however, that if the said Board shall declare the official bonds of any of said county officers to be insufficient or shall decline to receive the same, the said officers may appeal to the Superior Court Judge riding the district in which said county is, or to the resident Judge of said district, as he may elect, who shall hear said appeal in chambers at any place in said district which he shall designate, within ten days after notice by him of the same; and if, upon the hearing of said appeal, the Judge shall be of the opinion that the said bond is sufficient, he shall issue an order to the said Board of Commissioners to induct the said officer into office; or that he shall be retained in office as the case may be; but if, upon the hearing of said appeal, the Judge shall be of the opinion that the bond is insufficient, he shall give the appellant ten days in which to file before him an additional bond, and if the appellant shall, within the said ten days, file before the said Judge a good and sufficient bond, in the opinion of said Judge, he shall so declare, and issue his order to the said Board of Commissioners and requiring them to induct the appellant into office, or retain him, as the case may be; but if, in the opinion of the Judge, both the original and the additional bond are insufficient, he shall declare the office vacant and notify the said Commissioners, who shall notify the Clerk of the Superior Court who shall appoint to fill the vacancy, except in case of the Clerk of the Superior Court, which vacancy shall be filled by the resident Judge. The judgment of the Superior Court Judge shall be final. The appeal, and the finding and judgment of the Superior Court Judge shall be recorded on the minutes of Board of Commissioners.

Sec. 4. That section 716 (seven hundred and sixteen) is repealed, and the following substitute in lieu thereof, viz: "There shall be elected in each county of the State, at the general election to be held in the year one thousand eight hun-

ded and ninety-six (1896) and every two years thereafter, by the duly qualified electors thereof, three persons to be chosen from the body of the county, who shall be styled the Board of Commissioners for the county of \_\_\_\_\_, and shall hold their office for two years from date of their qualification, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified; and they shall be qualified by taking the oath of office before the Clerk of the Superior Court, or some Judge, or Justice of the Peace, and the register of Deeds shall be ex-officio Clerk of Board of Commissioners."

Sec. 5. Upon the complaint of any five respectable citizens of any county, duly verified before the Clerk of the Superior Court thereof, that they have carefully and diligently examined into the financial affairs of the county, and verily believe that the finances have been unlawfully and wrongfully managed by the Board of Commissioners, and contrary to the interest of the tax-payers, stating fully in what particulars the unlawful and wrong acts consist; then, upon petition of two hundred electors of said county, one-half of whom shall be, freeholders, and so certified by the Clerk of the Superior Court, made to the Judge of the district, or Judge presiding therein, it shall be the duty of said Judge, upon satisfactory proof of said charge, to appoint two honest and discreet citizens of said county, who shall be of a political party different from that of a majority of the Board of Commissioners, who shall constitute and be styled a "Co-operative Board," after being sworn as prescribed for County Commissioners shall have the same powers and duties and compensation as prescribed for County Commissioners concerning all financial matters of the county. And that no money shall be paid upon the order of said Board, nor shall any debt be incurred except upon the concurrence of at least one of said Co-operative Board. That all motions concerning financial matters shall be taken upon an "ay" and "no" vote and recorded upon the minutes. That the said Co-operative Board shall continue in office until the election and qualification of the successors of said Board of County Commissioners.

Sec. 6. Section (717) seven hundred and seventeen be and the same is hereby amended by striking out Justice of the Peace and inserting in lieu thereof "the Clerk of the Superior Court."

Sec. 8. That all laws and clauses of laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Greenville Reflector: Ben Frank Hardee and Peter Hardee were two brothers who lived together with their sisters in Swift Creek township. Saturday the boys went to Ayden, and on the way back home began quarrelling as they rode together. There were no eye witnesses to what occurred along the way, but a man passing the same road later in the evening found Ben Hardee up to his neck in water in the swamp. The man pulled Ben out of the water and found that he had a very dangerous cut in the abdomen.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Ben told that his brother Peter stabbed him and when he fell out of the cart drove off and left him. The man carried Ben home. Peter had been there and left his horse but immediately disappeared. Nothing was seen of him Saturday night, but he put in an appearance at the house Sunday and said he wanted a private talk with Ben. They had the talk and after that Ben told a different tale about how the cutting occurred, saying that he fell on his knife. Peter's head was badly beaten up and he says that Ben done it with a cart round. Ben died this morning and Peter is reported in a critical condition from the wounds on his head.

There is being a good baseball club organized at Chapel Hill with Oldham as captain. They are making arrangements for a big game about the 20th of this month.

The Wilmington Messenger of Sunday says: "Hon. James A. Lockhart, the democratic congressman-elect in this district, was in the city yesterday, having come down to look after his interests in Pender county in the contest of the Rev. Mr. Martin, the populist, who claims that he was elected. Mr. Lockhart was informed that Mr. Martin took no depositions in Pender, and as the forty days allowed for taking depositions expired yesterday it would seem that he had given up the fight. A friend of Mr. Lockhart gave us this information, and tells us that he is confident that Mr. Martin will never be able to oust him."

Congress appropriated \$125,000 for an expedition in Tennessee. There is no warrant in the constitution for such expenditure and it ought to have been defeated. Extravagance and show seem to have wiped out regard for constitutional limitations in the minds of most members of congress.—News & Observer.

The postoffice department is the mountain shed that saved Mr. Wilson from the effect of last November's political blizzard.—Danville Register.

W. C. Coup, the veteran showman, died Monday in Jacksonville, Fla., at St. Luke's hospital, after a week's illness of pneumonia. He was on the tour of Florida with a show under the title of Coup, Cooper & Co.

## TETTER FOR 15 YEARS

On Face And Scalp. Physicians Prescriptions and Remedies Fail. Lost All Hope of Cure. Thought Himself

## DISFIGURED FOR LIFE

Cuticura Removed Cysts at Once. Disease Entirely Gone in One Month. Now No Trace. Skin Smooth.

For more than fifteen years I was afflicted with running tetter on my face and scalp. Various prescriptions and many remedies were furnished, being afterwards treated by many physicians, and all to no avail. I had lost all hope of ever being cured, and concluded that I was disgraced for life. A friend persuaded me to give the CUTICURA REMEDY a trial, which I did in this way: Taking the CUTICURA REMEDY every two teaspoonfuls after each meal, bathed the affected parts in warm water with CUTICURA SOAP, and applied the CUTICURA freely until the crusts were all removed. In one month my face and scalp were perfectly smooth. I give this cheerful testimony for the benefit of all who are thus afflicted. T. J. CARRIS, D. D., Columbiana, Ala.

## TETTER ON SCALP AND HAND

Used CUTICURA REMEDY for Tetter on the scalp. They left me sound and well. My ears and face of the scalp since greithood. CUTICURA REMEDY cured me. R. J. BURKLETT, Briston, Tenn.

Had Dry Tetter on my hands. Used several remedies without relief. CUTICURA REMEDY entirely cured me. My hands are smooth and soft. F. W. WALKER, Oakland, Ga.

## THE TORTURED, DISFIGURED

And humiliated, everywhere, will find in the CUTICURA REMEDY a speedy and economical cure for every disease and humor, from pimples to scabs, from infancy to age.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA REMEDY, 25c.; CUTICURA SOAP, 10c. CUTICURA REMEDY AND CUTICURA SOAP, Sole Proprietors, Eastern and Western, W. W. WALKER, Oakland, Ga.

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Chest Pains, Soreness, Weakness, Asthma, Pleurisy, and other ailments relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Tablets.