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The Durham Recorder.

VOLUME 76—No. 21. HILLSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1895. ESTABLISHED 1820.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Neuralgia, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. Others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of 14 Beautiful World's Fair Views, the best ever issued. BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

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We keep the most complete stock of General Merchandise of any store in Durham. You can buy your

Shoes,

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From us at the very lowest cash prices. All goods guaranteed just as represented or money refunded.

SANDERS & CO.,

Cooper Building - Main Street

Mrs. M. L. Wiggins & Co.

MILLINERS AND DRESSMAKERS,

EAST DURHAM, N. C.

Announce that they have moved their store to the building next to A. M. Ellison, and among other additions to their stock, are now carrying a nice line of

FANCY - GOODS - AND - NOTIONS

In their new and improved quarters they promise satisfaction to all customers. Prices the lowest. Goods the latest. Call on them.

Mrs. M. L. Wiggins & Co.

Exciting Low Prices.

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Needles and pins 1c a paper; No. 5, or G. G. S. R. ribbon will go for 1c a yard; hats and ribbons reduced cheaper than ever; 25c seamless and stainless hose 10c; 10c hose only 5c; 10c note paper and envelopes 5c; $1.25 shoes, will please you. 95; $1.75 shoes, a dandy, for $1.25; $2 shoes, a perfect gem, 1 50; 3. shoes, takes the cake, 1.85; 10c gause vest only, 5c; 90c fine laundred and negligee shirts going for only 39c; 75c working sthirts 35c,; 40c working shirts 25c; boys waists only 25; job lot of scissors, the entire lot offered for 2½c a pair; 10c handkerchiefs 5c; 25c silk mits only 10c; 50c silk gloves only 25c.

We will meet you with low prices. ome one, come all. Yours truly.

J. L. COLE & CO'S,

DURHAM, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail New York Racket, Store Underbuyers and sellers of all.

NO ROOM FOR THE POOR!

The Orange County Jail Does Double Service

A RECENT CASE RECALLED.

Some Pertinent Points by a Correspondent Concerning the Management of The Hospitals For the Insane In the State of North Carolina.

The following communication recalling a case with which Orange county people are familiar, is but another illustration, that the poor man enjoys few privileges and gets but little of the thing called justice in this much vaunted but sadly inflated land of the brave and home of the free.

HILLSBORO, N. C., Sept. 12, 1895.

EDITOR RECORDER:

At the meeting of the County Board of Health in Hillsboro last week, Dr. Parris, as a member of the medical board of Orange county, recommended water works for the jail, which he said was in very bad sanitary condition. He described an awful state of affairs.

Maj. Hamilton said the commissioners could do nothing for want of money. Dr. Jordan, of Caldwell Institute, seemed to think in such an extreme case as this it was the commissioner's business to find the money. He mentioned a case where an innocent man from his section of the county was put in jail—such a jail—he said such a place was not fit for the worst of criminals, much less an innocent man.

Within the past two years there have been 21 men incarcerated in this disease-breeding hole at one time. Among the number was one Lockley Ashley, innocent in the sight of men, but who had been touched by the hand of God. This poor man, whose friends were too poor to keep him at home, laid in a common jail more than two years. Application was made for his admittance to the State Hospital time and again, but there was no room for poor Lockley Ashley. In the meantime, however, those in better circumstances than the friends of Lockley Ashley, gained admittance for their afflicted. No money, no friends, no home had this poor unfortunate but a common jail, unfit for man or beast, declared so by the Superintendent of Health of Orange county.

N. W. BROWN.

This is only the old, old story. The recital by Mr. Brown of the wrongs inflicted upon the unfortunate man who was so inhumanly treated is but locking the stable after the the horse is stolen.

Yet Mr. Brown's statement, even at this time, is not at all out of place, but on the contrary is manifestly in order. No one knows how soon or when some other poor citizen of Orange county may be bereft of his reason. And when he is, unless custom changes, the ill-starred creature will laugh but smile no more, in the foul and frowsy jail, until Death, in kindness, receives him to his bosom.

And it is just such citations as the above which cause the universal unrest among the people of America. In other words the treatment of the victim named above shows that the power of gold is absolute. It was unnecessary for Mr. Brown to write that the rich people's demented friends can find a place in the hospitals for their insane at almost any time. The poor man or his wife or his child, who is non compos mentis, must lie in the filth of the nearest dungeon, denied the benefits of trained nurses or experienced medical aid.

Why should it be so? The rich, more able to care for their own, are given plenty of room and all attention, while poor and uninfluential, and more deserving because of their poverty of riches and influence, are left to die from their mental torment or be eaten up with disease bred on the iron bed in the prison cell—whichever God rules best.

The RECORDER would like to ask who is responsible for such treatment of crazy persons. For the last ten years it has been the case, to the writer's knowledge, that the friends of poor patients had hard work to secure admission to the hospitals, and in many cases failed entirely. Every tax payer in Orange county pays every year his assessment to support the hospitals for the insane, and why he must also pay to support the insane in the county jail is not to be explained. We fail to remember where any governor has urged in his message to the legislature the necessity of preparing more room for lunatics, nor do we remember that any bill has ever been introduced for that purpose. The state legislature has voted money for the farcical Arrington investigation, while helpless citizens are being sent to unhealthy jails because, it seems, the spare rooms of the hospitals for the insane have been engaged in advance and are held for any of the rich nabobs who might become afflicted in the upper story.

The state is growing in population, and to hear some of the politicians talk, the number of insane is increasing, and the RECORDER would like to know why an additional wing is not added to the asylums, and the long-talked of scandal of inhuman treatment to crazy people given a rest.

ALL OVER THE STATE.

The $100,000,000 gold reserve in the United States treasury fell on Monday to $97,710,772.

H. Y. Williamson of Mt. Olive has moved his canning plant to Wilmington, where he will put up both vegetables and oysters.

The New Berne Journal says that "Jas E. Robinson is again in charge of the Goldsboro Argus" The ink slingers welcome him back.

The Albermarle Presbytery, in session at Greenville last week, adjourned on Saturday. They will meet again in Fayetteville during the session of Synod in October.

The North Carolina Press Association has been tendered an excursion to the Atlanta Exposition by the Southern Railway on a special train to leave on the 15th of October.

Dan Kelly, a young white man. of Charlotte, shot John Lewis, (colored,) of that place on Saturday night. Lewis is expected to die and Kelly is in jail. The row originated in a disreputable house run by colored people.

Rev. Sam Small's daughter, Mrs. Lola Small Jackson, was married in Richmond Monday to Stewart H. Ford, a handsome young hotel clerk of Richmond. They had known each other one week, having met at Old Point. The bride had been divorced from her husband fourteen months.

The Charlotte News says there is a rumor to the effect that John Wanamaker and other Philadelphia and New York capitalists are negotiating for the purchase of Linville City, just beyond Blowing Rock, and that they propose converting the town into a huge summer and winter resort.

"I was in Edenton the other day" said a prominent democrat of this section, and the crowd at the hotel was discussing the candidacy of various parties for the governorship. As a matter of curiosity I wanted to find out the strongest man and took a snap vote. The result was, Holt 9; Waddel 2; Stedman 1; Freeman 2. Your Durham man, to my surprise, didnt get a vote."

IN A FAR HEATAEN LAND.

Some Particulars of the Death of Dr. Marion A. Cheek.

REMEMBERED IN ORANGE.

Though Dying in a Heathen Land Far from Home and Friends, many Distinguished Honors are Paid Him and His Memory Revered.

The news of the death of the late Marion A. Cheek, M. D., who died about six weeks ago in Siam, where he had been sent in 1874 by the Presbyterian board of missions, and where he had since risen to great distinction, becoming physician to the royal family and also the recipient of many favors at the hands of the Chief, has been generally published throughout the state. As none of the papers have given the particulars, however, and as deceased has many near relatives and boyhood friends in old Orange and surrounding counties, who would like to know the exact mode of procedure of a christian burial in a heathan land, the Recorder gives place this week to the following extracts from the Siam Observer of July 6th—printed one side in English and the other in the native tongue, and containing a full account, occupying two columns, of the death and funeral services of the distinguished and greatly beloved American:

"The pavillion which had been erected at the American Legation for the Fourth of July celebration, was yesterday put to an unexpected use when it was utilized as a chapel for the first part of the funeral service over the remains of the late Dr. Cheek. The flag still hung from the roof and walls, but they were now draped with black, as were also the supporting pillars and beams. In the center was a bier on which was placed the coffin. covered with the American flag and a wealth of wreaths sent by, amongst others, Prince and Princes Bidyalabh, Dr. and Mrs. Hayward Hays, and Mr. and Mrs. Brockmann. Almost the whole of the foreign community were present, including the following diplomatic and consular representatives:—Monsieur Pavie (Minister for France), Mr. W. R. D. Beckett H. B. M. Consul), Count de Pina (Consul for France), Mr. Wiede (Consul General for Austria), Mr. Pereira (Consul General for Portugal), Mr. Brockman (Consul General for Sweden and Norway), Keun de Hoogerwoerd (Consul General for the Netherlands) and Mr. Flugger (Consul for Germany). There were also present the following Siamese officials: Phya Raj Rong Muang, of the Local Government, and Phra Auan Naraks (Inspector General of Police.)

THE FUNERAL SERVICE.

"The service opened with the reading of a portion of scripture and a prayer offered by the Rev. Dr. Dunlap, after which the hymn "Rock of Ages" was sung by all present, and then the Rev. Dr. S. G. McFarland offered prayer.

"The Rev. Dr. Eugene P. Dunlap then addressed those present, referring especially to the deceased. In the course of the Doctor's very able address reference was made to to the late Dr. Cheek's coming out to this country in 1874 as a Medical Missionary, his hospital in the Chiengmai district, and his ministering services to the sick and the homeles amongst the suffering Loations, and the Rev. Doctor made a statement to the effect that in one year alone Dr. Cheek treated no less than 13,000 cases in his hospitals. He referred to the great love that the inhabitants of Chiengmai bore to the deceased, and the great regret the speaker and others felt that the deceased should have left the Ministry. He then dwelt upon the services of Dr. Cheek to the commerical world, and concluded by a general reference to the duties of men to one another and to themselves, urging that self love was a law of nature and should never be subordinated to love for one's neighbor, since it was only possible to serve others by preserving our own bodies.

A PANEGYRIC.

"The Hon. Mr. Barrett U. S. Minister, then delivered the following panegyric.

"A good word spoken for a good man who has departed cannot be thrown away, especially when his body is lying in our midst. No man in Siam has turned the search light upon Dr. Cheek's character more than I have done during the time I have been in Siam, and so I can say a few words because that you, as friends of the dead man, will be glad to hear what he can say who has made these investigations. I came here with the responsible duties of United States Minister to the Siamese nation, and one duty of my office was the study of this good and noble man who is taken from us, and I almost feel as if a great cloud of of sorrow were coming down upon my own shoulders now because I did not allow Dr. Cheek to go home when he wanted to six months ago. I asked him to stay to asssist me in what I wanted to achieve, and now what I can say to the wiefe and those fair boys and girls who are left respectively without a husband and without a father! I can simply say he died a noble and good man. * * * The best test, prehaps of a man's character is the way he regards his friends. I do not think there lives any man who can say that Dr. Cheek ever went back upon him as a friend. Another test is this. A man who has always talked of his family, and wished to do his best for them even in the midst of crippled circumstances. * * * My remarks are only for an occasion like this. They have no political significance, and are simply the expression of the feelings that well up in my soul as I think of the close study I have made of his character. I have to thank you in the name of those who have lost him, for coming here to show this respect for a man whom, if we knew him well, we could not respect too much.

When Mr. Barrett had concluded the coffin was removed—the ball-bearers being Dr. McFarland, the Rev. Mr. Synder, and Messrs. Bennett and Moore—to a barge draped with white, and towed down to the Potestant cemetery, where the service was concluded. Many of those present were conveyed down the river in launches which, with the barge, were provided for the purpose by the Siamese Navy.

Twenty New Cigarette Factories.

The second conference of plug Tobocco makers was held in New York last week, representatives of all the large manufacturers of the country being present. They did not form a trust or combination but decided they would at once commence the making of cigarettes, each on his own hook. Twenty cigarette factories are to be started as soon as possible. This in relation to the American Tobacco Company's interference with plug. These firms represent an agregate capital of $70,000,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OPINIONS ON CURRENCY.

DURHAM, N. C., Sept. 11, 1895.

EDITOR RECORDER:

The following extracts of opinions from leading authorities on the all absorbing money question may be of interest just now.

The London Times, dominated by the moneyocracy of Europe, and the guide for gold subsidized press of this country, is candid enough to admit the reason of their opposition to a condition of things favorable to the masses. In a recent issue it says:

"It seems impossible to get bimetalists to understand that there is quite a large number of us for whom a general rise of prices has no charm whatever. We like them low, and the lower the better. If they all went down to half their present figures we should rejoice, because we have nothing to sell and a great many things to buy. For those who have anything to sell we do not feel any great concern."

James G. Blaine, while living, the acknowledged leader of the Republican party in statesmanship, in his speech delivered in Congress Feb'y 7, 1878, said: "I believe gold and silver coin to be the money of the constitution: indeed the money of the American people anterior to the constitution. No power was conferred on congress to declare either metal should not be money. Congress has, therefore, in my judgment, no power to demonetize silver any more than to demonetize gold."

Are the masses of the republican party of today going to allow Wall Street money kings to make them forget the teachings of their great political apostle? If so, Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, was right when he told his colleagues in congress, Aug. 16, '93, "The man who wants the people to destroy the government is an anarchist, but the man who wants the government to destroy the people is a patriot.

The national republican platform of 1888, which has not been materially altered since upon the financial question, has this: "The republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money and condemns the policy of the democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver."

In 1884 the democratic platform, which up to date has not been repudiated by the national convention, says: "We believe in honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the constitution, and a circulating medium convertible into such money without loss."

"A circulating medium!!"

Evidently paper money, hereby endorsed by the democratic party. Did it mean greenbacks, for which the government was pledged, or the issue of irresponsible banks?

Now comes the populist. Their platform of 1892, several times reindorsed since, says: "We demand free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1."

There is no discrepency in the authorized creed of either party on this question, but they are like the revivalist who tells you all you have to do is "repent of your sins and trust in Christ," and when you have done this still makes it essential you should subscribe to some particular superstition or dogma of his particular sect before he will acknowledge you as one of the faithful—or like the railroad that sells you a ticket on a train so crowded you cannot get in the coach, and then confronts you with, "yes, I know, but tis AGAINST ORDERS to stand on the platform."

So far the populist train has not been crowded and no such notice has been stuck up, and when, if ever, it is, the train will go through with only the engineer. There will be no use for conductor or brakesman.

A. HATCHETT.

The Times is the name of the new paper at Greensboro.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle, of Raleigh, has revived the Cristian Citizen, prohabition organ.

A registered distillery belonging to a Mr. Keeth was seized at Sanford last Friday for irregularities.

The State Board of charities met in Raleigh last week. They inspected the asylums and discharged other duties.

The convention of Free Silverites, called by Mr. Ed Chambers Smith, of Raleigh, will meet in that city on the 25th inst.

The Arrington committee, or burlesque company, sitting in Raleigh last week, has adjourned sine die, and witout getting pay for sitting.

Mr. Joseph M. Harvell and his little six-year daughter, Annie, were crushed to death by a falling tree near Thermal City on Wednesday evening.

There are sixty applications from military companies wishing to join the State Guard. The law allows only thirty companies, and some of them will have to wait quite a while.

"The Paladium" is the name of a weekly paper to be published in Wilmington by Messrs. J. W. Sneeden and J. W. Meacham. The first issue is to appear next Friday, the 13th. It absorbs the Sunny South, and will carry out the contracts of that paper. Mr. Meacham will be editor and manager of the new paper. It will be Democratic in politics and an advocate of free silver, says the Wilmington Star.

Uses

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Sprain cured and crutches thrown away.

Bad Gall on his horse's neck cured in 3 days.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan, 11, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For fifteen years I have used **Mexican Mustang Liniment,** and I consider it the best liniment on earth; I am never without it. I recently used it on a bad gall on my horse's neck and it cured it in three days. I had, also, a bad sprain in my leg and had to use crutches several days. As soon as I began to use Mustang Liniment I felt relief, and in a few days was entirely well. I recommend it to any one needing a liniment for horses or for self, with confidence that they will get their money's worth. Yours,

JNO. R. HUTCHINGS.

Of Carrington & Hutchings,

Prop's of Ream's Warehouse, Durham, N. C.