

# THE DURHAM RECORDER.

VOLUME 91

DURHAM, N. C. TUESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1911.

NUMBER 41

## NEGRO GUARDED AT OXFORD TRIAL

### Nathan Montague Taken to Granville Town on Special

#### Brute Who Outraged Miss Mattie Sanders, Murdered Her Father, J. L. Sanders, and Little Granddaughter, Irene Overton, Pleads Not Guilty to Crime.

Montague was found guilty in first degree after the jury deliberated eight and one half minutes. The verdict was returned at 4:15 p. m.

Carefully guarded by two companies of the state militia, Nathan Montague was taken to Oxford from the penitentiary in Raleigh yesterday on a special train, arriving in Oxford at 10:40. Sheriff Wheeler, of Granville county, was in charge of the prisoner and he was protected en route by the Raleigh military company under the command of Captain Moody. Upon his arrival in Oxford, the Oxford military company, under command of Brigadier General B. S. Koyster, guarded the prisoner from the train to the court house, and there were no signs that an attempt would be made to evade the strong hand of the law in trying to lynch the negro.

Nathan Montague is charged with one of the most brutal crimes in the history of North Carolina, that of murdering Miss Mattie Sanders, murdering her father, J. L. Sanders, and his little granddaughter, Irene Overton, and then burning their bodies in their home near Hester on the night of December 19. That the negro was not lynched at the time was due to the quickness of Sheriff Wheeler, who brought the prisoner to Durham. From Durham he was taken to Raleigh for safe keeping.

Judge George W. Ward presided at the special term of court, and Solicitor S. M. Gattis was assisted in the prosecution by Judge A. W. Graham, who was secured by members of the family of the deceased. A special venire were present from which a jury was drawn. Two of the strongest witnesses for the state were ex-Sheriff Fleming, of Granville, and Mr. R. E. Starns. The negro's knife which was found the night of the crime near the ruins of the house, and the bloody garments of the young woman were produced as circumstantial evidence.

The people of Granville have signed a petition which will be presented to the general assembly asking that the negro be hanged at the scene of his crime.

#### Many Rumors in Oxford.

A large crowd gathered at the station yesterday expecting that the negro would be brought on the Southern train arriving in Oxford at 7 o'clock, and when he failed to show up on this train, the crowd gathered at the Seaboard station expecting the negro on the 9:40 train from Raleigh via Henderson. No one knew that a special would bring the prisoner to Oxford. There were many rumors heard on the streets in Oxford in the morning but the Sun's special correspondent was unable to verify any of them. One was to the effect that during the past two weeks more than 400 pistols had been sold by the Oxford hardware stores, but the proprietors of these stores refused to make any statement. In asking that the negro be brought to the scene of the crime when he is hanged, the people feel that the reputation of the county has suffered in permitting the negro to be taken from Granville.

#### Many Visitors Present.

There were many visitors present, many coming from Wilson, the home of the murdered man's son, Mr. W. B. Sanders, who was at the trial. It was evident that the trial would be concluded yesterday.

#### At the Court House.

The Raleigh and Oxford military companies were stationed at every entrance to the court house and no visitors were allowed to enter the building. The Raleigh company to Oxford was 65 strong and brought a Gatling gun, prepared for any emergency.

Judge Ward appointed Mr. N. K. Lasater and Mr. A. A. Hicks to represent the defendant, but as Mr. Hicks was going to Raleigh to attend the funeral of Colonel Hicks, he was excused, and Mayor Burnette was selected in his place. The following grand jury was selected: C. R. Gordon, who is foreman; J. H. Puckett, R. H. Rogers, W. S. Suttle, T. W. Burch, B. H. Oakley, C. C. Curran, C. S. Alexison, J. Scott West, O. B. Breedlove, S. T. Lloyd, J. M. Blalock, H. A. Nance, G. P. Aycock, W. T. Farrohow, J. D. Booth, W. T. Montague and C. J. Gee. The petit jury that is hearing the evidence in the case is composed of R. L. Watkins, W. W. Lane, E. P. Curran, F. Curran, S. C. Hobbgood, Ed Lumpkin, W. C. Daniel, L. D. Blackwell, George B. Wilson, S. H. Beezy, C. H. Chapelie and Oscar Yancey.

## STATE SELLS ITS INTEREST IN LAKE

### Company Chartered to Undertake Big Proposition

#### Boston Capitalist and Many North Carolinians Interested in Deal Whereby It is Expected to Open up Intensely Fertile Farming Lands.

Raleigh, Jan. 16.—North Carolina's interest in the Matamoras Lake drainage district, Hyde county, is sold by the state board of education for \$100,000 to the Southern Land Reclamation company, chartered today for the purpose of undertaking this drainage scheme, declared by Chief Elliott, of the United States bureau of drainage, the biggest drainage undertaking in the world. This lake bed which the state owned is 15 miles by six miles, an average depth of only a few feet, with a black soil underneath expected to make intensely fertile farming lands. The drainage districts include over one hundred thousand acres, half of it owned by citizens of Hyde. The Southern Reclamation company assumes the state's obligations and assumes \$300,000 of a \$400,000 bond issue for the cost of a drainage system involving a system of canals and an immense plant to convey the water to the neighboring sound, the pumps having a capacity of 113,000 gallons of water per day. The farming of the drainage districts is completed with J. P. Kerr, of Asheville, J. S. Mann and T. H. B. Gibbs of Hyde county as commissioners. The \$400,000 of bonds are to be issued within the next 60 days for the work to begin very soon thereafter and completed within eighteen months.

D. N. Graves, a Boston capitalist is principal stockholder and assumes the state's obligations with other blocks of stock held by C. A. Webb, J. P. Kerr and W. T. Mason, of Asheville. They have \$150,000 authorized capital and \$25,000 subscribed. The company not only pays the state \$100,000 for its fifty thousand acres, but assumes about \$14,000 expense in the preliminary work of forming the district, the deal being made possibly by verification of the drainage cost estimates and the withdrawal of exceptions by the Roper Lumber company, a subsidiary of the Norfolk and Southern Railway, which has extensive interest in the district.

## STRAW HAT UNITES COUPLE.

### Girl Purches Her Name Under Band and Writches Becomes Husband.

Middleton, N. Y., Jan. 17.—A straw hat started a romance five years ago, which culminated today in the marriage of Miss Cecelia Mulligan, of this city and George Wesley Parnham, of Manistee, Mich. Miss Mulligan was employed at a local hat factory. One day another girl dared her to write her name inside the sweatband of a straw hat she was working on. She wrote her name and address and forgot all about it. A year later she received a letter from George W. Parnham, paymaster of the Manistee and North-eastern railroad. Mr. Parnham had purchased the hat and found Miss Mulligan's name.

## TWINS JUST LIKE SIAMESE.

### Two Filipino Children of Two and a Half Years Are Connected.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 17.—Two Filipino children, bound together by tissue in a similar way as the Siamese twins, have been brought to this city by Dr. J. H. Dunning, of Los Angeles and J. D. Louis, of Manila, with the view of consulting surgeons to consider the question of separating them.

The children are two and a half years old. The connecting portion is merely a membrane that seems to be very elastic. One of the children got the measles, which did not affect the other. Both were vaccinated at the same time. It took on one but not on the other. Surgeons here have so far refused to cut them apart.

## INDICTMENTS SWELLED TO EIGHTEEN HUNDRED.

West Union, Jan. 17.—The special Adams county grand jury, which has been probing vote buying and selling today brought the total number of indictments up to 1,800, when it reported 53 new ones returned Wednesday.

Judge Blair predicted the number of indictments would probably reach 2,000. Those who have pleaded guilty and have been disfranchised and fined are 1,459. The grand jury will adjourn tomorrow.

## OXFORD MAN APPOINTED FIRST LIEUTENANT.

Oxford, Jan. 16.—Mr. Henry T. Osborn has been commissioned by the governor as aid-de-camp to the Oxford military company with the rank of first lieutenant. Mr. Osborn receives the promotion that he has deserved.

## FULLER STEALS PART OF THUNDER

### Cannon Had Planned Coup For Champ Clark

#### Speaker and Friends Have Not Abandoned Fight on Rules of the House and Series of Assaults Are Planned in Effort to Embarrass Democrats.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Instead of being immensely pleased because Representative Fuller of Illinois brought about a situation in the house last Wednesday whereby the members were enabled to reverse their action of a year ago regarding the consideration of the rules, Speaker Cannon is chagrined.

It was learned today that Mr. Fuller had unconsciously stolen a piece of thunder which Mr. Cannon had planned to turn loose in the house next December, when he is a member of the minority party and when Champ Clark is in the chair as speaker.

Mr. Cannon has been distressed about the manner in which he was humiliated by the insurgents and demagogues nearly a year ago. He has maintained that there was no justification for reversing him when he ruled that an amendment to the rules could not be controlled at any time a member saw fit to rise in his place and demand consideration of such an amendment. In this he is in accord with nearly every member of the house, republicans and democrats, insurgents and regulars.

## To Try Clark's Mettle.

Being convinced that the establishment of such a precedent was not only humiliating, but that it was dangerous, the speaker had decided that shortly after the organization of the democratic house, next December, he would try the mettle of Champ Clark and his democratic followers.

He intended to rise in his place one day early in the session, offer an amendment to the rules and demand its immediate consideration as a matter of constitutional privilege, in support of which he would cite one action of the house on March 17, 1910, when it overruled him, and declared that such an amendment could be considered at any time.

The speaker's object in postponing such an amendment until the next congress was for the purpose of obtaining a public vindication of his own ruling at the hands of the party which made possible the success of the insurgents.

## Plan Assault on Rules.

That is now out of the question, but Speaker Cannon and his friends have not by any means abandoned their fight on the rules of the house, and shortly after the democrats come into power Mr. Cannon, aided by Representative Mann, of Illinois, and a number of others, will begin a series of assaults on the rules for the purpose of demonstrating that they are ineffective, and for the additional purpose of embarrassing the democrats who aided the insurgents in the rules fight of a year ago.

In this connection a member of the rules committee today made the statement that the house is as helpless in the matter of amending the rules as it was a year ago. This condition, it is asserted is due to the deliberate action of republicans and democratic leaders in framing the resolution authorizing a discharge of committee so that it does not apply to the committee on rules.

As a result of this condition the house has no way to amend the rules, or to consider resolutions amending the rules unless the rules committee sees fit to report such a resolution to the house.

## ESCAPED CONVICT ELUDES GUARDS AND BOBS GILL.

Caldwell, N. J., Jan. 16.—An exciting all-night hunt through the fog by armed guards from the penitentiary here failed to disclose a trace of the desperado, John Madden, who escaped Friday afternoon.

Madden, who was serving 18 months, was at liberty only five minutes when the fact was discovered. The alarm was quickly sounded and men sent in all directions, but Madden, despite this, had time to help up a little girl and take \$7.85 from her. Her cries attracted two men, but Madden fled.

## A MISSOURI BABY THAT HAS SIX GRANDMOTHERS.

Armstrong, Mo., Jan. 16.—The baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Spotts is blessed with six grandmothers, possibly more than any other child in the world.

On the father's side there is the great-great-grandmother, Mrs. Fray; great-grandmother, Mrs. Susan Spotts; grandmother, Mrs. Spotts, and great-grandmother, Mrs. N. D. Wickes.

On the mother's side there is the great-grandmother, Mrs. Nathan Morris and the grandmother, Mrs. J. W. Robb.

## COMMISSION FOR STATE AUDUBON

### Bill Introduced Will Protect Fishing and Hunting

#### Legislators Busy Passing Bills Which Mean Much for State—Bill For Two Additional Southern Trains Which Will Be Inaugurated Placed on Calendar.

Raleigh, Jan. 16.—Representative Dilard, of Cherokee, introduced in the house today a bill for the protection of inland fisheries and game in the state and if enacted will place this work in the hands of a game commission of three members to be appointed by the governor taking the place of the State Audubon society. The bill was drafted with much care and Audubon society officials will not oppose it. The commissioners are to be paid \$4 per day while actually in session and they are given enlarged powers covering fishing and hunting, being authorized to appoint district and county wardens and prescribe rules as to the number of birds killed on a single day and declare hunting seasons closed as long as they deem necessary in counties where game happens to be scarce. They are to be paid out of money received for hunters' licenses, non-residents paying \$10 per year as at present. The bill does not apply to salt water fishing, but will protect water fowl.

Speaker Dowd, of the house of representatives announces additional committees with the following chairmen: Expenditures of the house, Bryan, chairman; engrossed bills, Mitchell, chairman; federal relations, Rose, chairman; emigration, Moore, chairman; manufactures and labor, Cox, of Randolph; claims, Kirkman, chairman; election laws, Gay, chairman; institutions for the blind, Kelly, chairman.

## Additional Train Assured.

Senator Graham was given unanimous consent to withdraw from the committee on corporations his bill providing for an additional passenger train between Greensboro and Raleigh. The senator stated that he had received a message from President Finley assuring him that such a train would be put on. The bill though withdrawn from the committee will yet remain on the calendar. There were those, he said, who charged that the train would be general assembly, but he felt sure that President Finley was acting in perfect good faith, and that the train would be retained.

The senator added that he believed in giving the railroads every consideration due them, but that this service was due the traveling public. He read letters from A. F. Gattis, Esq., an ex-attorney for the Southern, and from W. E. White, of Mebane, both expressing the hope that the train would be voluntarily allowed and the belief that it would not be burdensome, but profitable, to the company.

As to what is popularly termed the mileage nuisance, Senator Graham stated incidentally that he wished it could be settled thus amicably to both sides. He regretted that there were no such prospects, for he was always willing to deal fairly with the railroads, on all questions, and if possible without resorting to legislation.

## A WOMAN JURY AND PROSECUTOR FOR WOMAN

Seattle, Jan. 16.—When Mrs. Ida M. Anderson was arraigned before Justice of the Peace Brown Saturday charged with having interfered with a public utility device, namely, a gas meter, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Miss Leah Whitehead appeared to conduct the case against her. Counsel for Mrs. Anderson demanded a woman jury, and the request was granted.

Among the six jurymen chosen were Mrs. Thomas Murphree, wife of the manager of Miles Postdexter's combination for United States senatorship; Mrs. Homer Hill, president of a state suffrage organization; Mrs. Sylvia Hunsucker, another suffrage worker, and Miss Alice Lord, a labor union organizer.

## WARNING ISSUED AGAINST WRITING MORE INSURANCE

Raleigh, Jan. 16.—Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young gives notice that agents of the United Security company, of Baltimore, are notified not to write any new business in this state until the impaired capital of the corporation is made good and that the North Carolina and the Maryland departments of insurance had given the company five days within which to do this. Following on the heels of this, however, came the notice that the company has gone into the hands of a receiver.

## SADDLE BURDEN OF REPUBLICANS

### Body Blow to Retrenchment Plans in Next Congress

#### Opening of Books Will Show That Democrats Are Loaded Down With \$45,000,000 on Wrong Side of Ledger After Waiting 20 Years for Economy.

Washington, Jan. 16.—After waiting nearly 20 years for an opportunity to demonstrate how to work economies in appropriations, the democrats of the 62d congress must start off their retrenchment program with an additional burden of \$45,000,000, which the house republicans have just voted shall be added to the government's pension rolls.

If the senate passes the house bill the democratic economists—and all democrats have cried for economy for some years past—will open the books next December with a \$45,000,000 item on the wrong side of the ledger, and no wonder some of them are sore today, notwithstanding their love for the old soldier.

The increased pension bill passed the house under the spell of patriotic oratory. "Uncle Joe" Cannon himself left the chair, and upon the floor of the house, waved the tattered flags of the civil war. He pictured the needs of the lame, the halt, and the blind; the prosperity of a great nation and its ability to care for its saviors; he quoted Lincoln and his plea for the man who had fought the battle and his widow and orphans.

## Vote Was Overwhelming.

The debate lasted perhaps an hour. Then a vote was taken, and 212 members of the house vote to suspend the rules and pass the bill, while an ineffectual vote of 62 was recorded against the measure. Only the southern democrats and a few New England republicans opposed.

The democrats caught their breath, especially the democrats from the south, who have no union soldiers in their districts, and who do not have to appease a constituency composed largely of war veterans. In less than a year, reasoned the flabbergasted democrats, their party would come into power in the house. The country expects economy, for the democrats have flooded the country with literature denunciations of governmental extravagance.

The republican house will not receive the credit or discredit, accordingly adding millions to the pension rolls. It will take months to adjudicate the claims, and the real task of delving into the treasury will fall to the democrats, although the republican house placed the law upon the statute books, and it must be followed.

## Applies to All Alike.

There was no opposition, even among the democrats, to a slight increase of the pension rolls, but during the debate it was claimed that the law as passed will apply to the needy veteran and to the rich veteran alike. Any man who served on the union side in the civil war, and who shall have reached the age of 62 years, is entitled to become a beneficiary. There are now approximately 450,000 of these veterans remaining, and their pensions will range under the new scale, from \$15 to \$35 per month.

The committee on invalid pensions estimated that if the law were to become immediately operative it would add about \$55,000,000. This amount, of course, will be decreased yearly, as the old soldiers answer the last roll call.

Aside from the sentiment of the plan, however, certain democrats are somewhat perturbed today. An appropriation of this amount is bound to prove a body blow to a retrenchment program—but there's nothing for the democrats to do but to face the music, or else defeat the legislation in the senate.

Verily, the troubles of those who will control the house of the 62d congress seem to be multiplying daily.

## A RUNAWAY HORSE BEATS AN ERIE TRAIN

Middletown, N. J., Jan. 16.—A horse belonging to Abner Birch, a farmer, tied under a shed at Buldville about five miles from here broke loose last night, and running to the Crawford branch of the Erie, dashed up the tracks at high speed, drawing a buggy.

A passenger train was speeding along a short distance behind. It was stopped without hitting the rig, but the horse kept on the tracks for nearly four miles and until the train reached Pine Bush it was compelled to follow the runaway. When the horse was captured it was unhurt, although it had crossed several bridges and culverts.

## BEGIN WORK AT BLEWITT FALLS

### Another Million to be Expended in Completing Work

#### With the Purchase of This Power Plant by Colonial Securities Company, Rapid Progress Will be Made in Finishing the Work.

Wadesboro, Jan. 16.—The rumor comes from reliable sources that the next few weeks will see the commencement of work at Blewitt Falls and is the cause for considerable rejoicing in this entire section. The hydro-electric plant at that place has already cost the promoters over \$2,000,000 and it is estimated that the expenditure of another \$1,000,000 will complete the work and give this part of the state 30,000 horse power for manufacturing purposes and this is badly needed. Here in Wadesboro a number of enterprises would be started immediately if they could secure cheap power. In fact there is talk of making a concerted effort to secure a power line from Monroe of the Southern Power company if the new owners of the proposed plant at Blewitt Falls do not get at the work very shortly.

The running of a line from Monroe to Wadesboro on the part of the Southern Power company would stir up industrial development more than any other move just now. Not only would Wadesboro be benefitted but Marshallville, Peachland and Polkton, good towns on the line would use the power and make it of financial interest to the power company. Here the cotton mill the silk mills, and a number of other industries together with the lighting plant of the town could easily be brought to see the advantage of the power.

The Blewitt Falls property is now controlled by the Colonial Securities company, which holds a large proportion of the bonds issued by the promoters. The Blewitt Falls development was the outcome of a triangular effort on the part of financial interests operating under the name of the Colonial Securities company, the General Electric and Hugh McRae & Co. of Wilmington.

This plant is to produce 35,000 horse power and the work of construction was begun several years and pushed until the panic of 1907 when the company went into the hands of the receivers after expending \$2,000,000 and partially completing the dam. It proposes to be one of the best hydro-electric plants in this section and contracts were made several years for the larger part of the proposed power. Lines were to be run in all directions touching Wadesboro, Albemarle, Laurinburg, Rockingham and other points and thus offer industrial plants cheaper power. The panic and internal dissensions stopped the work and finally the plant was sold and bought in by the bondholders.

## AFRAID THEY'LL LOSE BEAUX IF THEY STUDY HASH.

Atlantic City, Jan. 16.—The girl members of the domestic science class of the Atlantic City high school are pointing over the announcement that they will be forced among other things, to learn how to make hash. The first lesson is scheduled for this week, and the girls fear that public announcement of their proficiency in hash-making may scare off possible suitors among young men who are forced to indulge in that boarding house staple too often during their bachelorhood.

The scare started when the best young man of one of the girls informed her that he and his fellow boarders had formed an anti-hash society, with the following motto: Remember this motto when spending your cash—To one day of turkey there's six days of hash.

Instructors of the new class declare they will force the young women to learn the mysteries of hash despite the protest.

## Fortune for a Poor Woman.

Montgomery, Mo., Jan. 17.—Mrs. J. M. Cole, wife of a coal hauler, has received notice that her bachelor uncle, Wilson Leary, has died at Vancouver, B. C., and left a fortune estimated at \$60,000 and that she is one of three heirs. The dead man was an old soldier. He went west from this state in 1877 and made a fortune in land.

## \$5,000 for Charities.

New York, Jan. 17.—By the will of Lazarus Kohns, a member of the firm of L. Straus and sons, who died at his home, No. 25 West 56th street, December 2, a fund of \$5,000 is left to be distributed to Jewish charities at the discretion of his executors. The residue goes to his widow, Mrs. Hermine Kohns, and Lee Kohns and Miss Irene Kohns, his children.

## WIFE WILL USE BROTHERS NAME

### Counsel Will Attempt to Show He Had Motive

#### Wheeling Packer's Wife Confident That She Can Prove Albert Schenk, Brother of Poisoned Man, Had Means and Thus Established Her Innocence.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 16.—Not only will Mrs. Laura Schenk attempt to prove that she is the victim of a gigantic conspiracy to rid her of her husband, but will produce evidence, she declares, to show that Albert Schenk, brother of the millionaire packer, had the same means, opportunity and even the desire to do away with her husband as she.

Counsel for the defense, J. J. P. O'Brien, Frank A. O'Brien and S. O. Boyce, made this statement today, and in doing so, indicated for the first time what their real line of defense will be in the trial of Mrs. Schenk.

## Evidence Sensational.

The evidence that Attorney Joseph O'Brien says will be furnished the jury will favor of sensationalism and will be of such a character that it will leave an almost immovable doubt in the minds of the jury whether the woman or another to be named was responsible for any poison which might have been administered to John O. Schenk in his food, medicine, and drinking water.

"The prosecution has so far shown that Mrs. Schenk might have had the desire to get rid of her husband," said Attorney J. O'Brien, "but it has not actually and will not show that Mrs. Schenk actually poisoned her husband. On the other hand, we will summon witnesses to testify that Albert Schenk might also have had the desire to get rid of his brother."

## May Not Formally Accuse.

"I may not get up in open court and formally accuse Albert Schenk of any poisoning, but will develop the fact through our witnesses that he had every opportunity to administer poison, because he was a frequent visitor to the home. He had the same opportunity as our client, and the same circumstances last are now surrounding her husband. We have no tangible evidence that Albert Schenk gave his brother poison, neither has the state any tangible evidence that Laura Schenk poisoned him."

"We had thought of summoning Albert Schenk, but we don't think this necessary, because before we proceed very far the state will summon him for rebuttal. We will develop in our defense his bitter hatred for Laura Schenk, and show that he would do anything to get rid of her. For years Albert Schenk has been trying to rid John O. Schenk of his wife, and Albert had gone so far that he even forbade her to come to the store to see her husband. Albert Schenk has repeatedly told our client that in case of John Schenk's death she would not get a cent of his estate."

## ELKINS ESTATE TRUST A TEST OF DUCK'S LOVE.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Friends of Senator Elkins here are unable to explain the wide differences between the sums bequeathed to the children by his second wife and to Mrs. Olliphant and Mrs. Widersein, his children by his first wife.

The will makes each of the children by the second wife a millionaire many times, while a quarter of a million is apparently the amount left to Mrs. Olliphant and Mrs. Widersein.

Society looks upon the holding of the estate intact for five years as an express provision, having reference to the romance of Katherine Elkins and the Duke of Abruzzi. If the senator intended to leave the marriage to the judgment of those who come after him, they say, he had prescribed a sufficient period of probation and reflection. If the Duke desires an American bride for her own sake without reference to her dowry, he could well press his suit within a year or so, marry Miss Elkins and wait for the dowry.

## Takes Pattern From Durham.

Raleigh is coming. She is getting progressive and is following the style of Durham, as the following item from the Raleigh News and Observer, of this morning, shows:

"Part of the new seats to be installed in the union depot have arrived and will be placed in position soon. They are similar to those in the union station at Durham, and will be a great improvement over the ones now in use at the station here. Since the remodeling of the union station its interior has reminded one of Joseph's coat, on account of the several varieties of seats in use."

## Big Game.

A penny mouse trap, please. And let me have it quickly, as I want to catch a train!"—London Opinion.