

FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

Messrs. Editors:—The other day a friend sent me a few numbers of the Washington Globe...

Rule 49. The Secretary of the Senate, the Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, and the Assistant Doorkeeper, shall be chosen on the second Monday of the first session of the 21st Congress...

There are six Cotton Factories now in operation in this town and its vicinity, viz: 1st. Mallet's Factory, owned by Charles P. Mallet, Esq., 1500 spindles, working 52 bands...

The aspect of the times has wonderfully changed since the Presidential election. Before that epoch the expenditure of fifty dollars to embellish the "Palace," would have been a fit subject for a Whig Reformer to descant upon...

Would the whig Reformers have been as lavish of their private treasures, as they were of the people's? It is not probable that either Mr. Clay, or any one of his conditors would engage a servant three months before his services were wanted...

The Reform Senators, of the 26th Congress, who elected a Sergeant-at-Arms for the 27th Congress, showed, first, a contempt for law, and secondly, contempt for what belongs to the people...

The people never gave the Reform Senators the privilege of giving away the public money, and of violating a contract entered into with the public printers...

If every citizen was to take, as his model the course pursued by the Reform Senators towards the public printers what would now be the condition of this country?

But we have no such fears for America.—When the present political excitement has abated, the people will discriminate between the real friend, and the pseudo one.

ble stress of utterance on the first syllable thus: Re-form, and apply it to the Constitution: when they have acquired this pronunciation, they will be undeceived the third time; and the virtue of the cabin will have triumphed over the vice of the Cabinet.

A MOUNTAINEER.

North Carolina Manufactures. Within a short time past, two new Cotton Factories, located in this vicinity, have gone into operation.

The first is the "Beaver Creek Factory," situated about 6 miles from this town, owned by Messrs. Hall & Johnson of this place.

The other is located on Little River, about 10 miles from town, is owned by a Company, Duncan Murchison, Esq., and others.

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2d. The Cross Creek Factory, owned by Benbow & Co., 1208 spindles, employing 45 persons, and consuming 572 bales of Cotton per annum.—Capital invested \$30,000.

3d. The Phoenix Factory, owned by a Company, of which Col. Jas. H. Hooper, is President; 2150 spindles and 60 looms; employing 80 persons, and consuming 650 bales of Cotton; capital invested \$52,000.

4th. The Rockfish Factory, owned by a Company, C. P. Mallet, Esq., President; 4460 spindles and 100 looms, most of which are already in operation; employing when in full operation about 150 persons, and consuming about 1250 bales of Cotton. Capital invested \$112,000.

5th. The Beaver Creek Factory, as above. Capital invested \$40,000. Persons employed at present about 50. Cotton consumed about 350 bales per annum. It is intended to fill up the Mill as rapidly as possible.

6th. The Little River Factory, as above. Capital invested about \$25,000, working from 30 to 40 hands, consuming about 600 bales per annum.

Total invested \$299,000; No. of spindles 11,198; No. of looms 160; No. of persons employed 417; Quantity of Cotton required per annum 4,222 bales.

There is abundant water power in this place and vicinity still unemployed. It is of that unfulfilling nature known in sandy countries only; and is so easily commanded that overshoot wheels of from 16 to 18 feet diameter are generally obtained.

Now look out.—In order to protect emigrants, a law is said to have been passed in Texas, exempting from seizure, for five years, all negroes and other property brought into that Republic.

THE SECOND THOUGHT.—The Cleveland (Ohio) Advertiser says: "In Ridgeville, Lorain county, where Gen. Harrison received a majority of 17 in November, the Democrats have now carried all their candidates for township officers, with one exception.

Economy.—The Greensburg Argus thus speculates upon the consequence of a very fashionable species of "mistaken economy;" and that has not only an unfortunate tendency immediately, but is still more unfortunate in the influence it may exercise upon the days that follow youth.—Pennsylvania.

We received the other day, from a subscriber, a communication enclosing two dollars for his subscription, and containing a request that we discontinue his paper. He also stated to us that he wished to discontinue, not from any dissatisfaction with the paper, (on the contrary, that he was highly pleased with it) but because the times are hard, and he must retrench.

THE PROPERTY OF THE UNION.—The N. York Star says:—"From a morning paper we extract the following estimate of the value of property in the United States: Value, \$3,700,000,000; debt, \$215,000,000; Annual interest, \$11,060,000. From the known fact that all property (out of the city of New York) assessed by State assessors, is invariably valued 20 per cent. under par, we may safely estimate the value of property in the United States at four billions of dollars.

News by Mails.

The latest intelligence we have, from Tampico and Matamoras, intimates that a plan is now on foot, and about to be executed, by which all the Northern States of Mexico will be erected into a separate government at the head of which General Arista will be placed.

It is believed that General Arista has the promised aid of all the commanders of troops in the Northern States, as soon as the stan-

dard of seperation shall be raised; nor is he without assurances of assistance from abroad! There are said to be large capitalists in Europe prepared to advance money for the troops; and take concessions of lands in payment; which lands will be parcelled out among a large number of European settlers.

Execution of a Murderer.

His Confession.—His Extraordinary Resuscitation.—John White, convicted of the murder of Messrs. Gwatkin, and Glenn, on board a flat boat, on the Ohio River, was executed at Louisville, Ky., on the 5th inst., a little after six o'clock in the morning.

After hanging about twenty-two minutes, he was cut down and conveyed away, to be experimented upon by Philosophers and Anatomists.

The poles of a powerful Galvanic pile, which had been prepared for the occasion, were immediately applied to him, and to the unutterable joy of all present, with the most perfect success. On the first application of the fluid to his body, which was yet warm and trembling, a universal tremor seemed to pass over his frame, and fancy, if fancy you can, the surprise, the astonishment of all, when of sudden he arose upon his bench to a sitting posture, and with great eagerness and impatience raised his hands to his neck, trying to grasp the scar in his fingers and tear it from his throat!

He first snatched at it with great rashness, as if the rope was yet around his throat, and then continued some moments picking at the seam with his fingers, as though it was something that adhered to his throat, giving him great uneasiness. But this symptom was soon forgotten, for almost the next moment, he arose upon his feet, raised his arms level with his breast, and opening his blood shot eyes, gave forth from his mouth a most terrific screech, after which his chest worked as if in respiration, in a very violent manner.

Every one at this minute was as mute as death, every breath was for a moment suspended, when Dr. D. exclaimed, "by heavens, he's alive!" Too great was the excitement, too intense and absorbing, was the interest and wonder, enjoyed and felt by all, to allow time or attention for a reply to the remark. Every eye was riveted upon the agitated and shaking corpse. The operator continued to let upon it a full quantum of the galvanic fluid, till the action upon its nerves becoming so powerful that it made a tremendous bound, leaping by a sort of an imperfect plunge, into a corner of the room, disengaging itself entirely from the wires which communicated the galvanism.

A piece of broken looking glass was immediately held before his nostrils, which was instantly covered with a cloud. "He breathes! he breathes!" was the unanimous shout. All was the most intense anxiety for some seconds, when the motion of his chest, as in the act of respiration, became visible. "His pulse," said Dr. D. "does now certainly beat; lo!" he at the same instant exclaimed, "he opens his eyes!"

And horrible, indeed, were those eyes to look upon! He rolled them widely in their sockets, occasionally closing them, and giving most terrific scowls. In about five minutes his breathing became tolerably frequent—probably he would give one breath where a healthy man would give four. His breathings, however, rapidly increased, in frequency and strength.—Dr. D. began to speak to him, but he gave no indications that he heard a word. He looked upon the scene around him, with the most deadly indifference, seemingly alive to nothing. A pin was tried upon his foot. He moved his foot, though not very suddenly, and resented the act with a horrible frown, but a frown containing something of sadness. His action soon began to take on a more energetic character. He began again to feel of his neck, and work his body, as though in the severest agony. Young L., a medical student of Dr. S., approached him, and taking hold of his arm and shoulder, White rose upon his feet, took two steps, being thus supported, and seated himself in an arm chair. On seating himself, he gave a slight groan, his muscles seemed to relax, and he appeared somewhat overcome with the exertion he had made. A bottle of hartshorn was immediately applied to his nose, which revived him much; but his life seemed to be that of a man much intoxicated. He seemed, upon one occasion, to try to give utterance to some feeling, but, from an unknown cause an impediment, probably by an accumulation in the throat occasioned by the execution, he was unable to give utterance to a word. We are satisfied that he made an effort of this kind, for immediately on the exertion, he gave a sorrowful shake of the head, which signified, if he rightly understood the language, that he meant something he could not express.

His system was critically examined, and though he was pronounced to be perfectly alive, it was announced by Dr. D. that he could live but a few minutes, for congestion of the brain, which had not yet happened, was rapidly taking place. Every method was adopted to equalize the circulation of the blood, and save the patient from the terrible consequence of so sad a catastrophe, but in vain. The blood-vessels of the head were enormously distended, and his eyes appeared to be balls of clotted blood. His system was immediately thrown into direful spasms, and he died in a few minutes in the most excruciating agonies.

THE POTOMAC FISHERIES.—The National Intelligence states that the accounts from the various fisheries on the Potomac are highly favorable. Shad have been remarkably abundant; it is mentioned that at one of the fisheries ten thousand shad were caught at two hauls. Herrings were not so abundant, but they were very fine.

THE REMAINS OF GEN. HARRISON are to be removed to North Bend, and not to Virginia, as has been stated in some of the papers.—Ib.

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BEEF ROOT PAPER.—A Mr. Regan has obtained a patent in England for the manufacture of paper from the refuse of the beef root, after the sugar has been extracted.

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FROM TEXAS. Dates from Texas to the 2d inst. have been received at New Orleans.—From the papers before us, we clip the following paragraphs:

It was reported in Texas, and believed, that about 8000 Mexicans, with 20 pieces of artillery, were at Mier and Camargo, and were making preparations for a campaign against the Comanche Indians, and that a road was being cut from Mier to Laredo. These accounts are further confirmed by a Mexican trader, who came into San Antonio, and stated, that after being robbed by the troops, he had joined them and had deserted. He asserts that the road spoken of has been completed. Both these persons, as well as most of the citizens of San Antonio, believed that the Mexican troops intend a descent upon that country.

Texas money was selling at Galveston 12 1-2 cents on the dollar. The Galveston Herald hoists the names of Sam Houston, for President, and Gen. Memucan Hunt, for Vice President, at the next election in the new Republic.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—A citizen of this city, who has long been afflicted with the gravel, has discovered what in his case is a sovereign remedy for that distressing complaint.

Take the buds of the Balm of Gilead tree, gathered at the time they are expanding to form the leaf, one pint, put them in a quart bottle, fill it with old Holland Gin: in a few days it will be fit for use. In ordinary cases, one table spoonful three times a day, taken in a tumbler of water, is sufficient; in extreme cases, increase the dose to the quantity of a wine glass full, adding ten drops of laudanum; it dissolves the gravel, and he believes will dissolve the stone. His case was an extreme one, often requiring the aid of the catheter. With him, no other medicine has ever produced a dissolution and discharge of gravel. If it operates upon others as upon him, the discovery is invaluable; and the fact of his making it public, justly places him upon the list of benefactors to the human family.—Pittsburg (Pa.) Advertiser.

FROM JAMACIA.—Extract of a letter received by a commercial House in New Orleans, from Kingston, by the Gazette, dated March 3d, 1841: To give you an idea how things are going on here would require the most horrid detail of distress in trade that Jamaica has ever known. Of money there is none. The every day announcement is of failures to an alarming extent. I believe they must amount to at least \$500,000 since the commencement of the year, and in my opinion the worst is not yet known, for I imagine many others will follow. Our market is overstocked with American produce—there must be at least 500,000 barrels of flour in our market at this moment with more expected. Our Columbia trade is stopped by the revolution there, and I see no room to hope for improvement for some time to come. Such is our present news from Jamaica. I hope in my next I may be able to communicate something more agreeable—and all this is the result of the abolition of slavery.

CINCINNATI.—More buildings are going up in Cincinnati than have been built in any season, in that city, for the last ten years.

A SHOWER OF ASHES.—The last number of Silliman's Journal, contains the following memorandum, handed in by the Rev. Peter Parker, M. D. who was a passenger in the ship Niantic, from Canton, for New York: Ship Niantic, L. F. Doty, master, April 5th, 1840, being in lat. 7 deg. 5 min. north lon. 121, deg. 10 min. east, at 2h. A. M., sixty miles west from Mindauo, one of the Philippine islands, came up a fine breeze from the northeast, which was attended with a shower of dust, resembling that of ashes. It came so thick, that it obscured the moon and stars, which were all out very clear before: it filled the sailors eyes so full that they were obliged to retreat from the deck below; it lasted about one hour, and cleared away. At daylight, the Niantic looked like an old furnace, completely covered, from the royal mast head down to the water's edge. The decks I should judge were a quarter of an inch thick with the ashes, we took up one half bushel, and might have saved three or four. It fell in small quantities at different times, for two or three days after. On the 14th of April spoke the English barque Margaret, whaler; reported likewise on the 5th of April, had a similar shower of ashes, being at the time three hundred miles north-northeast of us; he informed me that on the 12th of April, he visited several villages on the island of Madura, entirely deserted by the people, from one of which he had taken two brass cannon, and several other articles. This led us to think that some volcanic eruption had lately happened in that neighborhood. After the 9th perceived no more in proceeding northward.

A NEW SECT is just started in Boston, called the "No Human Government Sect." They oppose all government as an infringement of human rights.

CHARGE OF RAPE.—Dr. Hough, a respectable physician of New Orleans, has been arrested, charged with committing a rape upon a young girl whom he was called upon to visit professionally.

Mr. Drayton, of South Carolina, is elected President of the U. States Bank of Pennsylvania, in place of Thomas Dunlap, Esq. resigned.—Ib.

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Hogs, Mules, Timber Wagons, &c. THE subscriber offers for sale, on the premises, to-wit, at the South River Mills, the stock of Cattle, Hogs, Mules, Timber wagons, &c., belonging to the late firm of Hollingsworth and Barksdale. A credit of 6 months will be given to purchasers, on their giving bond with approved security. The sale will take place on Thursday, the 15th of May next.

R. MELVIN, G. T. BARKSDALE, Executors of Stephen Hollingsworth, D. BARKSDALE, G. T. BARKSDALE, Surviving partners.

NOTICE. THE sale of property on the Court House square, lately Neil Johnson's, postponed on the 9th inst. will be made during the week of the Superior Court. JOHN WINSLOW, Trustee. Fayetteville, April 22, 1841. 113-2t

DISSOLUTION. THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of M. LEARY, & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent. M. LEARY, & Co. Fayetteville, April 23, 1841. 113-3t

NOTICE. The Fayetteville Rifle Company, and all favorable to the same, are requested to meet at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, 28th inst., at half past 7 o'clock, according to adjournment. A. E. HALL, Secretary. 113-1t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Bladen County, 1840. Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1840. Ann Simmons, vs. Wm. Simmons.—Pet. for Divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. Simmons, the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Carolinian and Fayetteville Observer for three months, notifying said defendant to appear at the Fall Term, 1841, of this court, to answer plead or demurr to said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to him. Witness Alexander McDowell, Clerk of said court, at office, the 5th day of February, 1841. ALEXANDER McDOWELL, Clk. 113-3mo

Arrivals & Departures of the MAILS. Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C. THE NORTHERN MAIL arrives daily by 9 o'clock in the morning, is closed at 3, and departs daily at 4 o'clock in the evening. THE SOUTHERN MAIL arrives daily by 3 o'clock in the afternoon, is closed at 8, and departs daily at 9 o'clock in the morning. THE CHARLESTON MAIL arrives at 5 o'clock Sunday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, is closed and departs at 8 o'clock, Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons. THE CAREFREE & SALISBURY MAIL arrives at 12 o'clock on Mondays and Thursdays, is closed and departs at 1 o'clock, on Mondays and Thursdays. THE ELIZABETHTOWN MAIL arrives by 9 o'clock on Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, is closed and departs at 10 o'clock, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings. THE WILMINGTON AND CHARLESTON MAIL, via CLINTON and WARSAW, arrives on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and departs on Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at 9 o'clock, p. m. THE LAURENCEVILLE MAIL arrives by 5 o'clock on Saturday evening, is closed and departs at 6 o'clock on Wednesday morning. THE MAIL by McNEILL'S FERRY, BLACK'S STORE and DRAUGHAN'S STORE, arrives at 9 o'clock Monday night, is closed and departs at 5 o'clock on Friday morning.

PRICES CURRENT. Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian. FAYETTEVILLE. Brandy, peach, \$ 50 a \$60 60 " apple, 00 45 a 00 50 Bacon, 00 7 a 00 8 Beeswax, 00 25 a 00 26 Butter, 12 a 16 Bale Rope, 00 8 a 00 10 Cotton Yarn, 00 22 a 00 25 Coffee, 00 12 1/2 a 00 13 1/2 Cotton, 00 7 a 00 7 Cotton Bagging, 00 25 a 00 20 Corn, 60 a 60 Coppers, 00 3 1/2 a 00 4 Candles, F. F. 00 90 a 00 1 00 Flaxseed, 5 a 6 1/2 Flour, 00 34 a 00 37 1/2 Feathers, 00 4 a 00 5 Hides, green, 00 12 1/2 a 00 14 Iron, bar, 5 a 5 1/2 Lead, bar, 7 a 8 1/2 Lime, 2 1/2 a 2 3/4 Lard, 8 a 8 1/2 Mollasses, 30 a 30 Nails, cut, 7 1/2 a 7 1/2 Oil, 25 a 30 Oil, Linseed, per gallon, 85 a 90 Powder, keg, 6 1/2 Rags, per bushel, 1 75 a 2 1/2 Salt, per bushel, 1 21 a 00 12 Sugar, brown, " lump, 16 a 00 00 " loaf, 19 a 00 20 Tallow, 10 a 11 Tin, per box, 13 1/2 Tobacco, leaf, 3 a 5 Wheat, 1 00 a 1 00 Whiskey, 30 a 30 Wool, 15 a 20

WILMINGTON. Bacon, \$80 8 1/2 a \$80 8 Butter, 26 a 28 Beeswax, 26 a 25 Bale Rope, dull, 6 a 8 Brandy, apple, 48 a 40 Corn, per bushel, 42 a 40 Coffee, 11 a 13 Cotton, per 100 lbs., 9 00 a 9 1/2 Cotton Bagging, dull, 20 a 25 Flour, per 100 lbs., 6 50 a 6 55 Gin, American, 40 a 35 Lime, bbl., 1 10 a 1 00 Mollasses, 22 a 20 Pitch, at the Mills, 1 75 a 2 01 Rice, per 100 lbs., 2 12 a 3 00 Rum, N. E., 33 a 34 Sugar, brown, 7 1/2 a 9 Turpentine, soft, per bbl., 2 00 half-price Turpentine, hard " per bbl., 1 13 a 1 00 Tars, per bbl., 1 75 a 2 01 Pitch, do, 22 a 20 Rosin, do, 1 25 a 2 50 Flooring boards, s. 6 25 a 8 50 Wide " do do 6 00 a 6 50 Sassafras, do do do 2 25 a 2 00 Country, do do do 3 00 a 4 00 Contract, do do do

THEATRE. ITALIAN ASSOCIATION. GENTLEMEN: Owing to the appearance of rain on last Thursday evening, when the play of Richard was presented, many ladies were prevented from attending the Theatre, and as it is the last performance for the season, you are earnestly requested to repeat the play of Richard, for the gratification of many ladies and gentlemen. A FRIEND. 23d April, 1841. To the T. Association. The Association did not contemplate performing again this season, but "for the gratification of many ladies and gentlemen," they inform the public that on Tuesday Evening, April 27, 1841, Will be repeated the 1st and 5th acts of the play of RICHARD III. The amusements of the evening to conclude with the farce of the Lying Valet. Admittance 25 cents—doors open at candle-light. The curtain will rise at 7 o'clock. TICKETS to be had at the DOOR.

COMMERCIAL RECORD. FAYETTEVILLE. ARRIVED, April 18, Steamer Henrietta, Rush, with boat Post Boy in tow, with Goods for Hall & Johnson, H. L. Myrover, C. T. Haigh, C. J. & R. M. Orrell, H. & E. J. Lilly, Joseph Baker, P. Pearce, C. P. Mallet, Phoenix Company, T. B. Atkins, Dr. H. Robinson, B. Caison, T. S. Lutterloh, Geo. W. McDonald, E. W. Wilkings, Boon & Brece, Jas. Martine, Cook & Co., A. W. Steel and Benbow & Co., of this place; and for T. Falls, A. Prentice, E. McCollum, Randolph Company, S. G. Coffin, Shelly & Fields, J. Ewing, G. W. Johnson, C. L. Payne, R. Foster, Brevard & Adams, J. J. & A. C. Blum, D. Clark, Mastin & Johnston, A. T. Zevely, D. C. Lilly, J. Small, Mrs. Wadell, H. & W. Eackles, J. Banner, G. Foltz, J. T. Taylor, and J. J. Bryant, of the interior. Also, April 18, Steamer Cotton Plant, McRae, with Goods for T. J. Curtis, Gardner & McKethan, G. McNeill, B. Rose, W. McIntyre, E. Winslow, C. P. Mallet, G. W. & W. Draughon, J. H. Hooper, S. W. Tillinghast, D. McNeill, C. T. Haigh, E. W. Wilkings, E. J. Hale, John Crow, Joseph Baker, M. N. Leary, S. T. Hawley, Cook & Co., Capt. Bradford, A. McLaughlin, A. Kimball, Wadell & Co., D. Shaw, T. S. Lutterloh, P. Pearce, R. McRae, Z. Burroughs and L. A. Nixon of this Place; and for Rockfish Company, N. Hill, A. Browder, J. A. Waugh, Jenkins & Biles, E. W. Smith, A. H. Lindsay, J. W. Lindsay, Cress & Boger, J. & W. Murphy, J. J. & A. C. Blum, Brown & Jones, Messenheimer, Brown & Sherman, J. Small, Salisbury Manufacturing Company B. Fraley, G. W. Brown, Lawrence & Christopher Jenkins, of the interior.

Pay the Printer.