The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

BY WM H BAYNE — FAYETTEVILLE, SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1847. — [Volume 8—Number 432

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Of superior quality, and half the price of any other.

For the cure of scrofula, general debility, scaly eruptions of the skin, pimples or pustules on the face, biles from an impure habit of the body, pain and swellings of the body, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, chronic rheumatism, cutaneous diseases, tetter, mercurial or syphiloid disease, ulcerations of the throat and leg, liver affections, exposures and imprudence in life, excesses in the use of mercury, &c.

Sold only by S J Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

DEAFNESS—DR McNAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL

The deaf from infancy, often receive in a most miraculous manner their hearing when they least expect it, by the use of this Oil, which shows them how easily they might much sooner have had their hearing and saved themselves and their friends the pain of conversing in a loud tone, without pleasure, or of being neglected and shunned, to avoid that distress which is felt mutually by the deaf person and his hearers. How sacred a duty therefore it is, that we use all necessary means to remove such an affliction, and enjoy the social qualities implanted in our natures! This Ear Oil has the effect so to relieve the tension, and bring into use the natural action of the parts, as to restore the hearing when lost or impaired. This is proved by so many well known cases, that where known, it needs no praise. The great wish of the proprietor is, that each may speak to others of its uncommon virtues, the sufferers may know and be relieved and restored by its use!

Known by my signature on the flask. Price, $1 per flask. DONALD McNAIR, M. D.

Comstock & Co, New York, are the wholesalers of this Oil.

Sold in Fayetteville by S J Hinsdale.

A Boon to all Families and Sufferers.

Proof too plain to be doubted and too strong to be denied. is obtained that all the following are cured by LIN'S BALM OF CHINA, namely:

Burns, chilblains, tetter, ulcer, cuts, sore throat, barber's itch, sore eyes and lids, tic doloreux, old scars, sore nipples, white swelling, scalds, chafe, pimple, fistula bruises, whitlows, carbuncle, sore lip, ague in face and breast, prickly heat, rough hands, general sores, frosted parts, chaps, felon, erysipelas, strain, piles, eruption, rheumatism, fever sores, broken breast, blistered surfaces.

For Burns it is a specific.—Question—Will any humane man risk the lives of his children by neglect to keep this balm always at hand? It is good for so many things that no house should be without it. Let all heed this warning. Price 50 cts, or 6 bottles for $2 50. Sold in Fayetteville by S. J. Hinsdale.

Hay's Liniment for the Piles.

Piles effectually cured by this certain remedy. The sale of this article is steadily increasing, notwithstanding the many counterfeits got up in imitation of it. Persons troubled with this distressing complaint, declare that they would not be without this preparation in their houses for the price of ten boxes. The public will recollect that this is only remedy offered them that is in reality of any value whatever. In places where it is known, every family has it in their house. Its price is not considered at all. It is above all price. Comstock & Co., 23 Courtlandt street, New York, sole proprietors.

Sold only by S J Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

Oldridge's Balm of Columbia for the Hair.

Its positive qualities are as follows:—

1st—For infants, keeping them free from scurf, and causing a luxuriant growth of the hair.

2d—For ladies after child-birth, restoring the skin to its usual strenghth and firmness and preventing the falling out of the hair.

3d—For any person recovering from any debility, the same effect is produced,

4th—If used in infancy till a good growth is started, it may be preserved by attention to the latest period of life.

5th—It frees the head from dandruff, strengthens the roots, imparts health and vigor to the circulation, and prevents the hair from changing color or getting gray.

6th—It causes the hair to curl beautifully when done up the over night.

☞ No ladies' toilet should ever be made without it.

7th—Children who have by any means contracted vermin in the head, are immediately and perfectly cured of them by its use. It is infallible.

Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

Mother's Relief—Indian Discovery.

All expecting to become mothers, and anxious to avoid the pains, distress, and dangers childbearing, are earnestly entreated to calm their fears, allay their nervousness, and soothe their way by the use of this most extraordinary vegetable production. Those who will candidly observe its virtues, must approve of it in their hearts; every kind and affectionate husband will feel it his most solemn duty to alleviate the distress his wife is exposed to, by a safe and certain method, which is the use of Mother's Relief.

Further particulars in Pamphlets intended for the Female Eye, to be had gratis where this humane Cordial is to be found.

The Mother's Relief is prepared, and sold, by the now sole proprietors, Comstock & Co,

ISAAC S. SMITH M D.

Graduate of the New York State Medical College, and Public Lecturer on the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

Orders may be addressed to them, 21 Courtlandt street, New York.

Certificates, and further particulars, can be seen where the Relief is sold.

Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

A Certain and Permanent Cure for Salt Rheum, &c.

Dr CHURCHILL'S ITALIAN WHITE WASH

Will Cure Salt Rheum, Tetters, Ring Worms, and all Diseases of the Skin.

It excels all other medicines, producing a constitutional and lasting cure by acting on the bowels by absorption through the pores of the skin, and happily combining a local and general effect. Directions with each bottle, sold at 50 cents, by the Druggists generally—Comstock & Co, New York. Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale.

February 6, 1847.

BLACKSMITH SHOP,

At the junction of Bridge and Person Streets.

THE undersigned would beg leave to return his thanks to his friends and the public generally, for their patronage heretofore, and would now inform them that he has engaged the services of Mr Amos Williamson, under whose superintendance the work will be conducted, and in whom the public will find a competent workman, always ready to serve them with good substantial work, at prices to suit the times.

The horse-shoeing department will have particular attention, and will be executed by that renowned colored son of Vulcan, David Pookam, who as a horse shoer, is not surpassed by any workman in the place. He solicits from his old customers a continuance of their patronage; to all others he desires only an opportunity to secure their custom. Boat work particularly attended to, as well as all kinds of job work. E. C. HALL.

Fayetteville, March 27, 1847. 423-tf.

DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES.

MR BRYAN having been professionally engaged in the country, has returned again to this place, and will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with a call. He deems it unnecessary to enter into a long detail of his approved plan of operating, confidently relying on his specimens as the best criterion of his ability.

Mr B. returns to the public his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received.

Particular attention will be given to all those who may wish to engage in this beautiful art. Instructions, with all the latest improvements, apparatus and stock furnished on reasonable terms.

For further information inquire at his Room, 4 doors west of Briggs' Hotel.

The most approved Daguerreotype Apparatus, improved German cameras, French and American Instruments of the best quality, with plates, cases, chemicals, polishing materials, &c, kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices for cash at the Daguerreotype rooms of J. L. BRYAN.

April 17, 1847. 426-tf.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

JOHN C. DYE

is now receiving his stock of spring and summer GOODS, among which are Balzorines and printed Lawns; Calicoes well assorted; Irish Linens and Diapers; French Ginghams; book, Swiss and Jackonet Muslins; linen and muslin Handkerchiefs; ladies and misses Slippers; gloves and mitts; white lace Bonnets, lace and gimp do., Florence do.; fine French cloths and cassimeres; white linen drilling; Marseilles and satin Vestings; fine brown and bleached shirting and sheeting; cotton drilling, bed ticking; fur, Panama, leghorn, and palm leaf Hats; Boots and Shoes, &c. &c.; all of which will be sold very low for cash, or on time to punctual customers. Please call and examine for yourselves.

South side of Hay street, McArn's buildings.

April 17, 1847. 426-8w.

TO MILLERS!

One pair first quality Burr Stones, and the irons and gearing of a flouring mill, complete, for sale by GEO. McNEILL.

April 17, 1847.

FISH.

23 Barrels Halifax Herring, No. 1, superior,
26 do Yarmouth do No. 1, do

For sale by GEO. McNEILL.

April 17, 1844.

Worms are Swept away from the stomach and Bowels by Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge, as by the besom of destruction. They perish under its searching influence instantly, and are expelled with the mucus in which they are imbedded. The cure is in almost all cases permanent, and if a recurrence of the disorder should take place, a few doses of the preparation will never fail to produce the desired object.

STILL MORE PROOF.

Darlington, Beaver Co., Pa., Feb. 18, 1839.

Dr D. Jayne.—Dear Sir,—My little son, when about two months old, was seized with a bowel complaint. It continued for two weeks without intermission, and notwithstanding the remedies prescribed by a respectable Physican, we gave up the child a victim, as we supposed, to a fatal disease. But I providentially heard of "Jayne's carminative," as an effectual cure for bowel complaint, and immediately dispatched a messenger to a town seven miles off for a bottle. By the use of this medicine, in less than thirty-six hours the disease was checked, and by its constant use for a few days the child was restored to perfect health.

The same child, having to exposure, when recently coming up [illegible], was attacked by that horrible malady croup. We landed in the night at Beaver Port[illegible] then our fears were alarmed lest the hoarse spasmodic cough was the forerunner of death, [illegible] ve him a teaspoonful of your Expectorant, and applied some liniment to the throat and breast, before many minutes the hoarseness was [illegible] the child breathed freely and slept sweetly. [illegible] Respectfully yours,

[illegible] R B. BRADFORD,

Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Darlington Pa.

Prepared only by Dr D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by S. J. HINSDALE

The Cheapest GOODS.

Wm. G. Matthews,

WISHING to change his business, has reduced the price of Goods, and is determined to sell LOWER than they can be bought elsewhere, viz: Colored and half mourning Lawns and Muslins at 15, 17½, 20, 25, 30 and 40 cents; Balzorines and Berages from 20 to 90 cts per yard; English, French and American Prints (new style) from 6 to 20 cts; English, French and American Ginghams, 18 to 30 cts; colored and half mourning Gingham Muslins, 20 to 35 cts; Grass Cloth for skirts, 90 cts; skirts ready made $1 15; Swiss and Book Muslins from 25 to 50 cents per yard; plain jaconet and plaid Cambrics from 15 to 40 cts; silk and berage Scarfs from $1 25 to $6; silk fringes for 8 cents; silk buttons for ladies dresses from 5 to 50 cts per dozen; corded Gimps 2½ per yard; thread and bobbin Edgings from 6¼ to 25 cts per yard; cotton do. at 1, 1½ and 2½ cts per yard, by the piece; worked collars, single and double, from 45 cts to $2 50; superior kid Gloves, all colors from 65 to 75 cts; cotton hose, 8½; hose from 10 to 25 cts, prime; "Howe's" solid-headed Pins, the best article made, all sizes, 7½ cts per paper; "New York" do. do. Pins, at 5 and 6¼ cts per paper. A great variety of new style Bonnets, and children's bonnets and flowers, at low prices; a few ready trimmed, &c. &c., with every other article you may call for in the Dry Goods line, both for Gents and Ladies wear, in proportion with the above prices. Call and see the Goods and we'll make the prices suit.

May 1, 1847. No. 3 Green street. 428-4t.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Nearly Opposite Liberty Point.

The subscriber having taken the stand lately occupied by Simpson & McLaughlin, respectfully returns his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes by unremitted attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

I have on hand several vehicles: Carriages, Barouches, Buggies, Rockaways, Waggons, &c., of the most approved style, which, for lightness and durability, will compare with any made here or elsewhere.

Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call and examine them, as I am determined to sell very low for cash, or approved notes.

Having had several years experience in one of the largest establishments north, I am prepared to manufacture Carriages of any description, at the shortest notice. All work warranted for twelve months; and repaired, free of charge, should it fail in point of workmanship or material.

REPAIRING neatly executed at the shortest notice and most reasonable charge. Orders thankfully received. A. C. SIMPSON.

Fayetteville, April 3, 1847. 424-tf.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

G. & H. McMILLAN,

ARE now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, a large and splendid stock of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods.

Consisting of a great variety of French, English, and American prints, muslins, balzorines, and bareges, and other new styles of plaid goods; superfine cloths and cassimeres; French, English, and American drap-de-tes; merino cashmere; and cashmere alpacas and bombazines; Oregon and Monterey cassimeres; silk and satin vestings, Marseilles and cashmere ditto; brown and bleached shirting; linen and cotton 10-4 and 12-4 sheeting; silk and kid gloves, corded and grass skirts, and other new styles; brown linen and linen drills; white and fancy mitts; nankeen and Kentucky jeans; camlets and coatings of all kinds; black and white muslins ginghams; Florence and straw bonnets; fur, Panama, and leghorn hats; infants' and pedal ditto; boots and shoes. And a great many other articles in the Dry Goods line too tedious to mention. All those wishing to purchase at wholesale or retail, will please call before purchasing elsewhere As the above Goods were purchased low, they will be sold uncommonly cheap for cash, or to those who pay their bills when presented.

March 27, 1847. 423-2m.

Johnson's Military Walnut Oil

Shaving Soap, the best article in use for shaving—a new supply just received and for sale by. S. J. HINSDALE.

February 13, 1847.

From Boston Direct.

1 Drum Codfish, 2 bbls Salmon,
5 bbls each No 1 & 2 Mackerel
27 bbls No 3 Mackeral
60 bbls Massachusetts, Large No 3 Mackerel.
5 cases palm leaf hats
2 cases bonnets
29 cases SHOES,

Comprising a general assortment, and will be offered cheap by the case.

Also a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, &C.,

For sale this day. WM. McINTYRE.

Liberty Point, Fayetteville, April 24, 1847. 427-3m.

A CARD.

DR. WM. P. MALLETT, may be found, when not professionally engaged, at his office near Eccles's Bridge, adjoining the office at present occupied by the Hon. James C. Dobbin.

August 22, 1846.—393. 1y.

MARBLE FACTORY.

By George Lauder,

Nearly opposite the Post Office,

Jan 30, 1847-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

D. & W. McLAURIN

Have just received their

Spring and Summer GOODS.

Embracing a great variety of Staple and Fancy Goods, which they will sell at low prices.

May 8th, 1847. 529-

J. N. BAIRD,

Graduate of the Baltimore College of DENTAL SURGERY,

Respectfully informs the public that he has returned from the North, and will now be happy to wait on all who may require his services.

He deems it unnecessary to enter into a long detail of what he can perform, confidently relying upon his operations, they being the best test of his capability.

Dr. B. returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received.

He may at all times be found in Fayetteville, when not professionally engaged out.

March 6, 1847.

WM. DEBERNIERE,

INSPECTOR OF

Lumber and Timber,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

March 13, 1847. 421-3m.

ICE CREAM SALOON.

H. Erambert's Ice Cream Saloon is now opened, where ladies and gentlemen can be accommodated with Ice Cream and Lemonade.

May 15, 1847.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

FOR SALE.

Just received 100 tons Boston Ice. The public can be supplied at the Ice House every morning from sun rise until bell ring. Terms, cash.

H. ERAMBERT.

April 24, 1847. 427-tf.

N. B. Families can be supplied with small quantities at the store at any hour in the day, for cash.

ONE FOUR-HORSE WAGON

For sale by JAS. G. COOK.

May 15, 1847. 430-tf

FOR RENT

THE OREGON HOTEL, at Liberty Point. Possession given on the first day of June. Apply immediately to WILL. S. MULLINS.

May 15, 1847. 430-tf

For Sale low for Cash,

TEN LIKELY NEGROES, viz: A man 45 and a woman 35, with their six children, from 1½ to 12 years old; one woman 18 years old, with her child 9 months old. Apply at this Office.

May 15, 1847. 430-3t

TRUST SALE

Of Valuable Real Estate.

In pursuance of the terms of a Deed of Trust, executed by William R Carman, I shall proceed to sell a tract of LAND, supposed to contain 184 acres, situate about 2 miles southeast of Fayetteville. There is a valuable Saw Mill on said tract. Persons desirous of making a good investment, would do well to examine said property. The sale will take place at the Market House in Fayetteville, on Monday the 7th day of June next.

Terms of sale, CASH.

THOMAS S. LUTTERLOH, Trustee.

May 15, 1847.—430-3t.

JUST RECEIVED

FROM NEW YORK THIS DAY,

LADIES Fashionable black and col'd Bareges, for dresses; also, superior Pearl and Straw BONNETS, the newest style.

Also, Gentlemen's PANAMA HATS, of the best quality and newest style.

G. & H. McMILLAN.

May 15, 1847. 430-3t.

National Loan Fund

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

Of London.

"A Savings Bank for the benefit of the Widow and the Orphan."

Empowered by Act of Parliament.

Capital £500,000; or, $2,500,000.

Besides a reserve fund (from surplus premiums) of about $185,000.

T. LAMIE MURRAY, Esq, George st., Hanover square, Chairman of the Court of Directors in London.

Physician—J. ELLIOTSON, M. D., F. R. S.

Actuary—W. S. B. WOOLHOUSE, Esq., F. R A S.

Secretary—F. F. CAMROUX, Esq.

This institution embraces important and substantial advantages with respect to life assurance and deferred annuities. The assured has, on all occasions, the power to borrow, without expense or forfeiture of the policy, two-thirds of the premiums paid; also the option of selecting benefits, and the conversion of his interests to meet other conveniences or necessity.

Assurances for terms of years at the lowest possible rates.

Persons insured for life can at once, borrow half amount of annual premiums for five successive years, on their own note and deposit of policy.

Part of the Capital is permanently invested in the United States, in the names of three of the Local Directors—as Trustees—available always to the assured in case of disputed claims (should any such arise) or otherwise.

The payment of premiums, half-yearly or quarterly, at a trifling advance upon the annual rate.

No charge for stamp duty.

Thirty days allowed after each payment of premiums becomes due, without forfeiture of policy.

Travelling leave extensive and liberal, and extra premiums on the most moderate scale.

Division of Profits.—The remarkable success and increased prosperity of the Society has enabled the Directors, at the last annual investigation, to declare a fourth division, varying from 35 to 85 per cent on the premiums paid on each policy effected on the [illegible] scale.

United States Board of Local Directors.—(Chief Office for A[illegible] 74 Wall st.) N. York—Jacob Harvey, Esq., Chairman, John J. Palmer, Esq., Jonathan [illegible]one, Esq., James Boorman, Esq., George Barclay, Esq., Samuel S. Howland, Esq., Gerhard [illegible] Worth, Esq., Samuel M. Fox, Esq., William Van Hook, Esq., and C. Edward Hubricht, Esq.

Philadelphia—Clement C. Biddle, Esq., Louis A. Godey, George Rex Graham, Esq., William Jones, Esq.

Baltimore—Jonathan Meredith, Esq., Samuel Hoffman, Esq., Dr. J. H. McCulloh.

J Leander Starr, General Agent, and Edward T. Richardson, Esq., General Accountant, for the United States and British N. A. Colonies.

Medical Examiners.—New York—J. Kearney Rodgers, M. D., 110 Bleecker st; Alexander E. Hosack, M. D., 101 Franklin st; S. S. Keene, M. D., 210 Fourth st.

(Medical Examiners attend at 74 Wall st. and No. 134 Bowery, at 3 o'clock, P. M., daily. Fee paid by the Society.)

Standing Counsel.—William Van Hook, Esq., 39 Wall st.

Bankers—The Merchants' Bank.

Solicitor—John Hone, Esq., 11 Pine st.

Cashier, Henry E Cutlip, Esq.

An Act in respect to insurance for lives for the benefit of married women, passed by the Legislature of New York, 1st April 1840.

Pamphlets, blank forms, table of rates, lists of agents, &c. &c. obtained at the Chief Office 74 Wall st., 134 Bowery, or from either of the Agents throughout the United States, or British American Colonies

STARK & PEARCE, Agents, Fayetteville, N.C.

Dr. B. W. Robinson, Medical Examiner, Fayetteville, N. C.

April 3, 1847. 424-3m

JOSEPH S. DUNN offers his services as undertaker and builder, to the citizens or others, disposed to contract for building or jobbing Terms liberal.

Official Despatch.

BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Jalapa, April 23, 1847.

Sir: In forwarding the reports of commanders which detail the operations of their several corps against the Mexican lines at Cerro Gordo, I shall present, in continuation of my former report, but an outline of the affair; and while adopting heartily their commendations of the ardor and efficiency of individuals, I shall mention by name only those who figure prominently, or, from position, could not be included in those sub-reports.

The field sketch herewith, indicates the positions of the two armies. The *tierra caliente*, of low level, terminates at Plan del Rio, the site of the American camp, from which the road ascends immediately in a long circuit among lofty hills, whose commanding points had all been fortified and garrisoned by the enemy. His right, entrenched, rested on a precipice overhanging an impassable ravine that forms the bed of the stream; and his entrenchments extended continuously to the road, on which was placed a formidable battery. On the other side, the lofty and difficult height of Cerro Gordo commanded the approaches in all directions. The main body of the Mexican army was encamped on level ground, with a battery of five pieces, half a mile in rear of that height towards Jalapa.

Resolving, if possible, to turn the enemy's left, and attack in rear, while menacing or engaging his front, I caused daily reconnoissances to be pushed, with the view of finding a route for a force to debouch on the Jalapa road and cut off retreat.

The reconnoissance begun by Lieutenant Beauregard, was continued by Capt. Lee, engineers, and a road made along difficult slopes and over chasms—out of the enemy's view, though reached by his fire when discovered—until, arriving at the Mexican lines, further reconnoissance became impossible without an action. The desired point of debouchure, the Jalapa road, was not therefore reached, though believed to be within easy distance; and to gain that point, it now became necessary to carry the height of Cerro Gordo. The dispositions in my plan of battle were accordingly made.

Twiggs's division, reinforced by Shields's brigade of volunteers, was thrown into position on the 17th, and was, of necessity, drawn into action in taking up the ground for its bivouac and the opposing height for our heavy battery. It will be seen that many of our officers and men were killed or wounded in this sharp combat—handsomely commenced by a company of the 7th infantry under Bvt. First Lieut. Gardner, who is highly praised by all his commanders for signal services. Col. Harney coming up with the rifle regiment and first artillery (also parts of his brigade) brushed away the enemy and occupied the height—on which, in the night, was placed a battery of one 24-pounder and two 24-pound howitzers, under the superintendence of Capt Lee, engineers, and Lieut Hagner, ordnance. These guns opened next morning, and were served with effect by Capt Steptoe and Lieut. Brown, 3d artillery, Lieut Hagner, (ordnance) and Lieut Seymour, 1st artillery.

The same night, with extreme toil and difficulty, under the superintendence of Lieut. Tower, engineers, and Lieut. Laidly, ordnance, an 8-inch howitzer was put in position across the river and opposite to the enemy's right battery. A detachment of four companies, under Major Burnham, New York volunteers, performed this creditable service, which enabled Lieut Ripley, 2d artillery, in charge of the piece, to open a timely fire in that quarter.

Early on the 18th the columns moved to the general attack, & our success was speedy and decisive. Pillow's brigade, assaulting the right of the entrenchments, although compelled to retire, had the effect I have heretofore stated. Twiggs's division, storming the strong and vital point of Cerro Gordo, pierced the centre, gained command of all the entrenchments, and cut them off from support. As our infantry (Col. Riley's brigade) pushed on against the main body of the enemy, the guns of their own fort were rapidly turned to play on that force, (under the immediate command of Gen. Santa Anna,) who fled in confusion. Shield's brigade, bravely assaulting the left, carried the rear battery (five guns) on the Jalapa road, and aided materially in completing the rout of the enemy.

The part taken by the remainder of our forces, held in reserve to support and pursue, has already been noticed.

The moment the fate of the day was decided, the cavalry, and Taylor's, and Wall's field batteries were pushed on towards Jalapa in advance of the pursuing columns of infantry—Twiggs's division and the brigade of Shields, (now under Col. Baker)—and Major General Patterson was sent to take command of them. In the hot pursuit many Mexicans were captured or slain before our men & horses were exhausted by the heat and distance.

The rout proves to have been complete—the retreating army, except a small body of cavalry, being dispersed and utterly disorganized. The immediate consequences have been our possession of this important city, the abandonment of the work and artillery at La Hoya, the next formidable pass between Vera Cruz and the capital, and the prompt occupation by Worth's division of the fortress of Perote, (second only to San Juan de Ulloa) with its extensive armament of sixty-six guns and mortars, and its large supplies of materiel.

I have heretofore endeavored to do justice to the skill and courage with which the attack on the height of Cerro Gordo was directed and executed, naming the regiments most distinguished, and their commanders, under the lead of Colonel Harney. Lieut. G. W. Smith led the engineer company as part of the storming force, and is noticed with distinction.

The reports of this assault make favorable mention of many in which I can well concur, having witnessed the daring advance and perfect steadiness of the whole. Beside those already named, Lieut. Brooks, 3d infantry, Lieut. Macdonald, 2d dragoons, Lieut. Vandorn, 7th infantry—all acting staff officers—Capt. Magruder, 1st artillery, and Lieutenant Gardner, 7th infantry, seem to have won especial praise.

Col. Riley's brigade and Talcott's rocket and howitzer battery, were engaged on and about the heights, and bore an active part.

The brigade so gallantly led by General Shields, and, after his fall, by Col. Baker, deserves high commendation for its fine behaviour and success. Colonels Foreman and Burnett, and Major Harris, commanded the regiments; Lieut. Hammond, 3d artillery, and Lieut. Davis, Illinois volunteers, constituted the brigade staff. These operations, hid from my view by intervening hills, were not fully known when my first report was hastily written.

Brig. Gen. Twiggs, who was in the immediate command of all the advanced forces, has earned high credit by his judgment, spirit, and energy.

The conduct of Cols. Campbell, Haskell, and Wynkoop, commanding the regiments of Pillow's brigade, is reported in terms of strong approbation by Major Gen. Patterson. I recommend for a commission, Quartermaster Sergeant Henry, of the 7th infantry, (already known to the army for intrepidity on former occasions,) who hauled down the national standard of the Mexican fort.

In expressing my indebtedness for able assistance to Lieut. Col. Hitchcock, acting inspector general, to Majors Smith and Turnbull, the respective chiefs of engineers and topographical engineers—to their assistants, Lieutenants Mason, Beauregard, Stevens, Tower, G. W. Smith, McClellan, engineers, Lieutenants Derby and Hardcastle, topographical engineers—to Capt. Allen, Chief quartermaster, and Lieut. Blair, Chief commissary—and to Lieutenants Hagner and Laidley, ordnance—all actively employed—I am impelled to make special mention of the services of Capt. R. E. Lee, engineers. This officer, greatly distinguished at the siege of Vera Cruz, was again indefatigible, during these operations, in reconnoissances as daring as laborious, and of the utmost value. Nor was he less conspicuous in planting batteries, and in conducting columns to their stations under the heavy fire of the enemy.

My personal staff, Lieutenants Scott, Williams, and Lay, and Major Van Buren, who volunteered for the occasion, gave me zealous and efficient assistance.

Our whole force present, in action and in reserve, was 8,500; the enemy is estimated at 12,000, or more. About 3,000 prisoners, 4 or 5,000 stands of arms, and 43 pieces of artillery were taken. By the accompanying return, I regret to find our loss more severe than at first supposed, amounting in the two days to 33 officers and 398 men—in all 431, of whom 63 were killed. The enemy's loss is computed to be from 1,000 to 1,200.

I am happy in communicating strong hopes for the recovery of the gallant Gen. Shields, who is so much improved as to have been brought to this place.

Appended to this report are the following papers:

A.—General return by name of killed and wounded.

B.—Copies of report of Lieut. Col. Hitchcock, acting inspector general (of prisoners taken) and accompanying papers.

C.—Report of Brig. Gen. Twiggs, and sub-reports.

D.—Report of Major Gen. Patterson, and reports of brigade commanders.

E.—Copy of report by Brig. Gen. Worth, announcing the occupation by division of the castle and town of Perote, with an inventory of ordnance there found.

I have the honor to remain, sir, with high respect, your most obedient servant,

WINFIELD SCOTT.

Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, Secretary of War.

The reports spoken of above from the different officers, occupy 10 or 12 columns of the Union, and are too voluminous for a weekly paper. But they contain many repetitions of what has already been published.

DETESTABLE TREASON.—The legislative libellers in Massachusetts, in their resolutions, have vilified and defamed their country, outdoing, in their slander, even its most virulent enemies abroad. They falsely proclaim to the world that the war is "unjust," "a gigantic crime," "the supplies ought to be withheld, and the forces withdrawn." How any State legislature, in time of war, dare to endorse this vile pot-house and bar-room whig slang, and endeavor to hold up their native land as infamous, is most extraordinary. Even if true, no honest or honorable man would publicly say such things of his country. But, basely false as they are, few would so have libelled our State prisons as to suppose that any of them could turn out a set of men willing to utter such atrocious calumnies against their country at such time. All things considered, nothing more execrably vile has ever appeared in the history of our public bodies than these same Massachusetts resolutions. Every man that said yea to them ought to have it branded upon him as a life-mark of indelible dishonor.—*Hartford Times.*