The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

BY WM H BAYNE — FAYETTEVILLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1847. — [Volume 8—Number 433

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

TERMS:

In advance, per year,	$2 00
If not paid in advance,	2 50
If not paid till six months have expired,	3 00
If not paid till the year has expired.	3 50

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COMSTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA.

Of superior quality, and half the price of any other.

For the cure of scrofula, general debility, scaly eruptions of the skin, pimples or pustules on the face, blotches from an impure habit of the body, pain and swellings of the body, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, chronic rheumatism, cutaneous diseases, tetter, mercurial or syphilitic disease, ulcerations of the throat and leg, liver affections, exposures and imprudence in life, excesses in the use of mercury, &c.

Sold only by S J Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

DEAFNESS—DR McNAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL

The deaf from infancy, often receive in a most miraculous manner then hearing when they least expect it, by the use of this Oil, which shows them how easily they might much sooner have had their hearing and saved themselves and their friends the pain of conversing in a loud tone, without pleasure, or of being neglected and shunned, to avoid that distress which is felt mutually by the deaf person and his hearers. How sacred a duty therefore it is, that we use all necessary means to remove such an affliction, and enjoy the social qualities implanted in our natures! This Ear Oil has the effect so to relieve the tension, and bring into use the natural action of the parts, as to restore the hearing when lost or impaired. This is proved by so many well known cases, that where known, it needs no praise. The great wish of the proprietors is, that each may speak to others of its uncommon virtues, the sufferers may know and be relieved and restored by its use!

Known by my signature on the flask. Price, $1 per flask. DONALD McNAIR, M. D.

Comstock & Co, New York, are the wholesalers of this Oil.

Sold in Fayetteville by S J Hinsdale.

A Boon to all Families and Sufferers.

What too plain to be doubted and too strong to be denied, is obtained that all the following are cured by LINS BALM OF CHINA, namely:

Burns, chilblains, tetter, ulcer, cuts, sore throat, barber's itch, sore eyes and lids, tic doloreux, old sears, sore ni ples, white swelling, scalds, chafe, gimlet, fistula bruises, whitlows, carbuncle, sore lip, ague in face and breast, prickly heat, rough hands, general sores, frosted parts, chaps, felon, erysipelas, strain, piles, eruption, rheumatism, fever sores, broken breast, blistered surfaces.

For Burns it is a specific.—Question—Will any humane mother risk the lives of his children by neglect to keep this Balm always at hand? It is good for so many things that no house should be without it. Let all heed this warning. Price 50 cts, or 6 bottles for $2 50. Sold in Fayetteville by S. J. Hinsdale.

Hay's Liniment for the Piles.

Piles effectually cured by this certain remedy. The sale of this article is steadily increasing, notwithstanding the many counterfeits got up in imitation of it. Persons troubled with this distressing complaint, declare that they would not be without this preparation in their houses, for the price of ten boxes. The public will recollect that this is only remedy offered them that is in reality of any value whatever. In places where it is known, every family has it in their house. Its price is not considered at all. It is above all price. Comstock & Co., 23 Courtlandt street, New York, sole proprietors.

Sold only by S J Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

Oldridge's Balm of Columbia for the Hair.

Its positive qualities are as follows:—

1st—For infants, keeping them free from scurf, and causing a luxuriant growth of the hair.

2d—For ladies after child-birth, restoring the skin to its usual strength and firmness and preventing the falling out of the hair.

3d—For any person recovering from any debility, the same effect is produced,

4th—If used in infancy till a good growth is started, it may be preserved by attention to the latest period of life

5th—It frees the head from dandruff, strengthens the roots imparts health and vigor to the circulation, and prevents the hair from changing color or getting gray.

6th—It causes the hair to curl beautifully when done up the over night.

☞ No ladies' toilet should ever be made without it.

7th—Children who have by any means contracted vermin in the head, are immediately and perfectly cured of them by its use. It is infallible.

Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

Mother's Relief—Indian Discovery.

All expecting to become mothers, and anxious to avoid the pains, distress, and dangers childbearing, are earnestly entreated to calm their fears, allay their nervousness, and soothe their way by the use of this most extraordinary vegetable production. Those who will candidly observe its virtues, must approve of it in their hearts; every kind and affectionate husband will feel it his most solemn duty to alleviate the distress his wife is exposed to, by a safe and certain method, which is the use of Mother's Relief.

Further particulars in Pamphlets intended for the Female Eye, to be had gratis where this humane Cordial is to be found.

The Mother's Relief is prepared, and sold, by the now sole proprietors, Comstock & Co,

ISAAC S. SMITH M D.

Graduate of the New York State Medical College; and Public Lecturer on the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

Orders may be addressed to them, 21 Courtlandt street, New York.

Certificates, and further particulars, can be seen where the Relief is sold.

Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale in Fayetteville.

A Certain and Permanent Cure for Salt Rheum, &c.

Dr CHURCHILL'S ITALIAN WHITE WASH

Will Cure Salt Rheum, Tetters, Ring Worms, and all Diseases of the Skin.

It excels all other medicines, producing a constitutional and lasting cure by acting on the bowels by absorption through the pores of the skin, and happily combining a local and general effect. Directions with each bottle, sold at 50 cents, by the Druggists generally—Comstock & Co, New York. Sold only by S. J. Hinsdale.

February 6, 1847.

BLACKSMITH SHOP,

At the junction of Bridge and Person Streets.

THE undersigned would beg leave to return his thanks to his friends and the public generally, for their patronage heretofore, and would now inform them that he has engaged the services of Mr Amos Williamson, under whose superintendance the work will be conducted, and in whom the public will find a competent workman, always ready to serve them with good substantial work, at prices to suit the times.

The horse-shoeing department will have particular attention, and will be executed by that renowned colored son of Vulcan, David Pookam, who as a horse shoer, is not surpassed by any workman in the place. He solicits from his old customers a continuance of their patronage; to all others he desires only an opportunity to secure their custom. Boat work particularly attended to, as well as all kinds of job work. E. C. HALL.

Fayetteville, March 27, 1847. 423-tf.

DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES.

MR BRYAN having been professionally engaged in the country, has returned again to this place, and will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with a call. He deems it unnecessary to enter into a long detail of his approved plan of operating, confidently relying on his specimens as the best criterion of his ability.

Mr B. returns to the public his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received.

Particular attention will be given to all those who may wish to engage in this beautiful art. Instructions, with all the latest improvements, apparatus and stock furnished on reasonable terms.

For further information inquire at his Room, 4 doors west of Briggs' Hotel.

The most approved Daguerreotype Apparatus, improved German cameras, French and American Instruments of the best quality, with plates, cases, chemicals, polishing materials, &c, kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices for cash at the Daguerreotype rooms of J. L. BRYAN.

April 17, 1847. 426-tf.

NEW AND CHEAP

GOODS.

JOHN C. DYE

Is now receiving his stock of spring and summer GOODS, among which are Balzorines and printed Lawns; Calicoes well assorted; Irish Linens and Diapers; French Ginghams; book, Swiss and Jackonet Muslins; linen and muslin Handkerchiefs; ladies and misses Slippers; gloves and mitts; white lace Bonnets, lace and gimp do., Florence do.; fine French cloths and cassimeres; white linen drilling; Marseilles and satin Vestings; fine brown and bleached shirting and sheeting; cotton drilling; bed ticking; fur, Panama, leghorn, and palm leaf Hats; Boots and Shoes, &c. &c.; all of which will be sold very low for cash, or on time to punctual customers. Please call and examine for yourselves.

South side of Hay street, McArn's buildings.

April 17, 1847. 426-3w.

The Cheapest

GOODS.

Wm. G. Matthews,

WISHING to change his business, has reduced the price of Goods, and is determined to sell LOWER than they can be bought elsewhere, viz: Colored and half mourning Lawns and Muslins at 15, 17½, 20, 25, 30 and 40 cents; Balzorines and Berages from 20 to 90 cts per yard; English, French and American Prints (new style) from 6 to 20 cts; English, French and American Ginghams, 18 to 30 cts; colored and half mourning Gingham Muslins, 20 to 35 cts; Grass Cloth for skirts, 90 cts; skirts ready made $1 15; Swiss and Book Muslins from 25 to 50 cents per yard; plain jconet and plaid Cambrics from 15 to 40 cts; silk and berage Scarfs from $1 25 to $6; silk fringes for 5 cents; silk buttons for ladies dresses from 5 to 50 cts per dozen; corded Gimps 2½ per yard; thread and bobbin Edgings from 6¼ to 25 cts per yard; cotton do. at 1, 1½ and 2½ cts per yard, by the piece; worked collars, single and double, from 45 cts to $2 50; superior kid Gloves, all colors from 65 to 75 cts; cotton hose, 8¼; hose from 10 to 25 cts, prime; "Howe's" solid-headed Pins, the best article made, all sizes, 7½ cts per paper; "New York" do. do. Pins, at 5 and 6¼ cts per paper. A great variety of new style Bonnets, and children's bonnets and flowers, at low prices; a few ready trimmed, &c. &c., with every other article you may call for in the Dry Goods line, both for Teams and Ladies wear, in proportion with the above prices. Call and see the Goods and we'll make the prices suit.

No. 3 Green street.

May 1, 1847. 428-4t.

PROOF! PROOF! PROOF!—Rev. J. L. Turner, Protestant Methodist Minister, says, in a letter to Dr. Jayne, dated Albion, Erie county, Pennsylvania, Oct. 9th, 1846. Mrs. Turner has been afflicted with Dyspepsia and Sick Headache for about five years, which continued to grow more severe. It is my opinion that one turn of it would have closed her mortal career. She took four bottles of your Vermifuge, and one box of Sanative Pills, and by the blessing of God accompanying the means, she is cured of her affliction. Yours, J. L. TURNER.

Scrofula and Scrofulous Swellings—Scrofula in all its multiplied forms, whether in that of King's Evil, Enlargement of the Glands of Bones, Goitre, White Swelling, Chronic Rheumatism, Cancer, Diseases of the Skin or Spine, of Pulmonary Consumption, emanate from one and the same cause, which is a poisonous principle inherent in the human system. Therefore, unless this principle can be destroyed, no radical cure can be effected; cure must of necessity follow. This, therefore, is the reason why Jayne's Alterative is so universally successful in removing so many malignant diseases. It destroys the virus or principle from which those diseases have their origin.

Prepared only by Dr Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by S. J. Hinsdale.

DENTISTRY.

DR. GILCHRIST has returned to Fayetteville, and may be found at Briggs's Hotel until the 7th June next.

May 27. 1w

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at the late residence of Hugh Campbell, dec'd., on Saturday the 19th of June, the

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

Wagons, Carts, and various parts of the same. Carriage, Gig and Sulky, with harness for same; Milch Cows, Plows, Mill Irons, &c. &c., with other articles too numerous to mention.

The above sale is positive and without reserve. Terms made known on day of sale.

C. J. CAMPBELL,
Adm. of Hugh Campbell, dec'd.

May 29, 1847. 432 ts.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Nearly Opposite Liberty Point.

The subscriber having taken the stand lately occupied by Simpson & McLaughlin, respectfully returns his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes by unremitted attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

I have on hand several vehicles: Carriages, Barouches, Buggies, Rockaways, Waggons, &c., of the most approved style, which, for lightness and durability, will compare with any made here or elsewhere.

Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call and examine them, as I am determined to sell very low for cash, or approved notes.

Having had several years experience in one of the largest establishments north, I am prepared to manufacture Carriages of any description, at the shortest notice. All work warranted for twelve months; and repaired, free of charge, should it fail in point of workmanship or material.

REPAIRING neatly executed at the shortest notice and most reasonable charge. Orders thankfully received. A. C. SIMPSON.

Fayetteville, April 3, 1847. 424-tf.

Johnson's Military Walnut Oil

Shaving Soap, the best article in use for shaving—a new supply just received and for sale by.

S. J. HINSDALE.

February 13, 1847.

From Boston Direct.

1 Drum Codfish, 2 bbls Salmon,
5 bbls each No 1 & 2 Mackerel
27 bbls No 3 Mackeral
60 bbls Massachusetts, Large No 3 Mackerel.
5 cases palm leaf hats
2 cases bonnets
29 cases SHOES,

Comprising a general assortment, and will be offered cheap by the case,

Also a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, &C.,

For sale this day.

WM. McINTYRE.

Liberty Point, Fayetteville,
April 24, 1847. 427-3m.

A CARD.

DR. WM. P. MALLETT, may be found, when not professionally engaged, at his office near Eccles's Bridge, adjoining the office at present occupied by the Hon. James C. Dobbin.

August 22, 1846.—332. 1y.

MARBLE FACTORY.

By George Lauder,

Nearly opposite the Post Office,

Jan 30, 1847-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

D. & W. McLAURIN

Have just received their

Spring and Summer

GOODS.

Embracing a great variety of Staple and Fancy Goods, which they will sell at low prices.

May 8th, 1847. 529-

J. N. BAIRD,

Graduate of the Baltimore College of

DENTAL SURGERY,

Respectfully informs the public that he has returned from the North, and will now be happy to wait on all who may require his services.

He deems it unnecessary to enter into a long detail of what he can perform, confidently relying upon his operations, they being the best test of his capability.

Dr. B. returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received.

☞ He may at all times be found in Fayetteville, when not professionally engaged out.

March 6, 1847.

NEW DRY GOODS.

CASH BARGAINS STORE

Save 25 per cent! Save 25 per cent!

THE subscriber having established himself on Hay street, for the purpose of conducting the Dry Goods business, on the CASH principle, would respectfully invite the attention of the inhabitants of Fayetteville and surrounding country, to his well selected stock of **FRESH SPRING**

DRY GOODS,

As he is desirous of making Fayetteville his permanent place of residence, it is to his advantage to keep only such Goods as will, by price and durability, please, and thereby insure a share, at least, of the custom of the community.

Having been transacting business at the North, which caused him to be constantly in the market, purchasers can rest assured of having shewn them such goods only as have latest made their appearance. His stock consists of ladies and gentlemen's dress, white, Muslin, and housekeeping Goods; Shawls; Handkerchiefs; Gloves; Mitts; Hosiery; and Negro Clothing together with a lot of Notions, making in all a stock too tedious to enumerate.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS will be supplied on terms so liberal as will, we think, obviate the difficulty of going further. Call and see for yourselves. JOHN EASTER, Jr.,

Hay street, north side, a few doors west of the Market, nearly opposite the new Lafayette Hotel.

May 1, 1847. 428-tf.

JOSEPH S. DUNN offers his services as undertaker and builder, to the citizens or others, disposed to contract for building or jobbing Terms liberal.

JUST RECEIVED,

500 lbs prime CHEESE,
500 lbs Candles,
And a variety of other nic naes, at

H. ERAMBERT'S.

May 22d, 1847.

On Consignment,

70 BOXES Virginia Manufactured **TOBACCO**, fine and common brands, neatly put up in whole and half boxes, for sale at Factory prices, adding the transportation, by D. & W. McLAURIN.

May 22, 1847. 431 tf

LIVERY STABLE.

D. G. HUMPHREY,

Has established a livery stable in Fayetteville, near Briggs' hotel, where he has a number of good horses and easy vehicles, carriages, carrioles, buggies, &c.

He is prepared at all times to convey travellers to any point within the State, or to accommodate pleasure parties with excursions

☞ His terms are CASH, in all cases; and all damages or injuries done to horses or vehicles, must be paid by the person to whom hired.

May 22, 1847. 431-tf

FAYETTEVILLE AND WARSAW

STAGE LINE.

New Arrangement.

The Warsaw Stage leaves Fayetteville on Sundays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays, at 2 o'clock, P. M., and arrives at Warsaw in time to take the train for North or South. Leaves Warsaw Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, after the arrival of the Train from both ways, and arrives in Fayetteville next morning in time for the stage going north or south.

PASSENGERS enter at Briggs' Hotel.

JACKSON JOHNSON, Agent.

Dec. 26, 1846. 410-tf.

USE THE PROPER MEANS.—If you wish to be successful in any undertaking, you must always "use the proper means," Therefore, if you have a Cough, use Jayne's Expectorant and be cured, for it is the proper means. Have you Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing, then the only efficient means to cure you is to Jayne's Expectorant, which will immediately overcome the spasm which contracts the diameter of the wind tubes, and loosens and brings up the mucus which clogs them up, and thus removes every obstruction to a free respiration.

Female Beauty!—Culpable Neglect.—It has been observed by visiters from all other countries, as well as by persons of the best cultivated taste in this, that in no country is there a larger share of female beauty and excellence than in this city. Yet while the shoe fitter, dress-maker, and milliner, are engaged in adorning "nature's best gift to man," one part appears almost totally neglected—THE HAIR. Is it conceivable how any person, more especially a lady, can manifest so much neglect on this point, when a "never failing remedy," can be obtained by purchasing Dr Jayne's Hair Tonic, which will perfectly restore this only neglected par of female ornament.

Prepared only by Dr D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by S. J. Hinsdale.

WM. DEBERNIERE,

INSPECTOR OF

Lumber and Timber,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

March 13, 1847. 421 3m.

ICE CREAM SALOON.

H. Erambert's Ice Cream Saloon is now opened, where ladies and gentlemen can be accommodated with Ice Cream and Lemonade.

May 15, 1847.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

A fine trotting MARE in harness. Apply to

JACKSON JOHNSON,

May 29, 1847. tf. Wagon Yard.

THE WOMEN OF JALAPA.—The Jalapa Star says, "the more we see of the women of this city, the more we admire them, and if we were pleased on first beholding them we are now in perfect raptures. Without exception, these ladies are the most fascinating we have ever seen, (of course, we do not mean the entire mass of "*greaseritas*,") and many a one of us who have passed through unscathed the temptations of other places in Mexico, will leave here with half a heart. If these things continue to increase, Mexico will have another difficult question to settle—one in which the aggrieved party will never yield—that of theft on the part of her fairer population—for it will be proved, we fear beyond doubt, that they have stolen hearts that are the *lawful* property of Americans."

ACTION.—Demosthenes and Daniel Webster agree in attributing eloquence to action. Both proved their theory true by their action. A clergyman, we have read of, did the same more demonstrably. His wife had just been buried, and he was closing the service over her grave. Stretching forth his hand pointing towards the grave, he said:

"There the wicked cease from troubling," and then placing his hand on his breast, continued, "and the weary are at rest."

ONE OF THE G'HALS.—A short time since, a stout bouncing young woman was knocked down and run over by a horse and wagon in the streets of Trenton. The wagon passed over her neck and shoulders, when the bystanders expecting to see her killed, were astonished to see her jump up and spring upon the pavement, exclaiming at the same time, "God rot your picture, you did'nt hurt me, old feller, any how!" The driver of the vehicle was very much frightened at the accident.

From the New Orleans Picayune, May 20.

GEN. SCOTT'S PROCLAMATION.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Jalapa, May 11, 1847.

The General-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States of America to the Mexican Nation.

MEXICANS: The recent events of the war, and the measures adopted in consequence by your government, make it my duty to address you—to show you truths of which you are ignorant, because they have been criminally concealed from you. I do not ask you to trust my words, (though he who has never falsified them has a right to confidence,) but to judge of these truths by facts within the view and knowledge of you all.

Whatever may have been the origin of this war, which my country saw itself forced to undertake by irremediably circumstances, which I learn are unknown to the greater part of the Mexican nation, we regard it as a necessity; such is it always to both belligerents, and reason and justice, if not forgotten on both sides are in dispute, each believing them its own. You have proof of this truth as well as ourselves, for in Mexico, as in the United States, there have existed and do exist two opposite parties, desiring—the one peace, the other war. But Governments have sacred duties, from which they cannot depart; and often these duties impose, for national reasons, silence and a reserve sometimes displeasing to the majority of those who, from views purely personal or individual, make opposition. To this a Government cannot pay any regard, expecting the nation to place in it the confidence merited by a magistracy of their own election.

Reasons of high policy and of continental American interest precipitated events in spite of the circumspection of the Cabinet of Washington, which, ardently desiring to terminate its differences with Mexico, spared no resource, compatible with honor and dignity, to arrive at so desirable an end; and when it was indulging the most flattering hopes of accomplishing its aim by frank explanations and reasonings, addressed to the judgment and prudence of the virtuous and patriotic Government of D. J. Herera, the misfortune least looked for dispelled this pleasant hope, and at the same time blocked up every avenue which could lead to honorable settlement between the two nations. The new Government discarded the national interests, as well as those of continental America, and elected in preference foreign influences the most opposed to those interests and the most fatal to the existence of Mexican liberty and of the republican system, which the United States hold it a duty to preserve and protect. Duty, honor and dignity itself impose upon us the necessity of not losing a season of which the monarchical party was taking violent advantage, for not a moment was to be lost, and we acted with the promptness and decision necessary in a case so urgent, to avoid thereby a complication of interests, which might render our relations more difficult and involved.

Again, in the course of civil war the Government of Paredes was overthrown. We could not but hope this would prove a fortunate event, and that whatever other Administration might represent the Government, it would be less deluded, as well as more patriotic and prudent, if it looked to the common good, weighing probabilities, its own strength and resources, and especially the general opinion as to the inevitable results of a national war. We were deceived, as perhaps you, Mexicans, were also deceived in judging of the true intentions of Gen. Santa Anna, whom you recalled, and whom our Government permitted to return.

From this condition of things the Mexican nation has seen what have been the results—results lamented by all, and by us sincerely; for we appreciate as is due the valor and noble determination of the unfortunates who go to battle ill led, worse governed and almost invariably outraged by deceit or perfidy.

We have witnessed—and we cannot be taxed with partiality for lamenting—with astonishment that the heroic deportment of the garrison of Vera Cruz, in its valiant defence, was aspersed by the general who had just been defeated and put to shameful flight by a force far inferior to that which he commanded at Buena Vista; that this general, rewarding the insurgents and promoters of civil war in Mexico, heaped outrage on those who had singularly distinguished themselves by a resistance beyond what could be expected, and of admirable decision.

Finally, the bloody event of Cerro Gordo has shown the Mexican nation what it may reasonably expect if it longer continues blind to the true situation in which it has been placed by some generals, whom it has most distinguished and in whom it has most confided.

The hardest heart would be moved to grief in contemplating the battle-fields of Mexico a moment after the last struggle. Those generals whom the nation has, without service rendered, paid for so many years, with some honorable exceptions, have in the day of need betrayed it by their bad example or unskillfulness On that field, amongst the dead and dying, are seen no proofs of military honor, for they are reduced to the sad fate of the soldier—the same on every occasion, from Palo Alto to Cerro Gordo—the dead to remain unburied and the wounded abandoned to the clemency and charity of the conqueror. Soldiers go to fight, expecting such a recompense, deserve to be classed amongst the best in the world, since they are stimulated by no hope of ephemeral glory, of regret, of remembrance, or even of a grave.

Again, Mexicans of honorable pride, contemplate the list of peaceful and laborious citizens in all classes of your society. The possessions of the church menaced and held out as an incitement to revolution and anarchy; the fortune of the rich proprietors pointed out for plunder to the ill-disposed; the merchant and the artizan, the laborer and the manufacturer, burdened with contributions, excises, monopolies, taxes upon consumption, surrounded with restrictions, and charged with odious internal customs; the man of letters and the statesman, the man of liberal knowledge who dares to speak, persecuted without trial by some faction or by the rulers who abuse their power; criminals unpunished and set at liberty as were those of Perote—is this then, Mexicans, the liberty which you enjoy?

I will not believe that the Mexicans of the present day are wanting in courage to confess errors which do not dishonor them, and to adopt a system of true liberty, of peace and union with their brethren and neighbors of the North; neither will I believe that they are ignorant of the falsity of the calumnies of the press, intended to excite to hostility. No! public sentiment is not to be created or animated by falsehood. We have not profaned your temples, nor abused your women, nor seized your property, as they would have you believe. We say this with pride, and we confirm it by your own bishops and by the clergy of Tampico, Tuspan, Matamoros, Monterey, Vera Cruz and Jalapa, and by all the authorities, civil and religious, and the inhabitants of every town that we have occupied. We adore the same God, and a large portion of our army, as well as of the population of the United States, are Catholics like yourselves. We punish crime wherever we find it, and reward merit and virtue.

The army of the United States respects, and will always respect, private property of the Mexican church. Woe to him who does not where we are!

Mexicans! the past cannot now be remedied, but the future may be provided for. Repeatedly have I shown you that the Government and people of the United States desire your sincere friendship. Abandon then, rancorous prejudices, cease to be the sport of individual ambition, and conduct yourselves like upright American men, more Americans, less colonial habits, and learn to be truly free, truly republican, and soon you will become prosperous and happy, for you possess all the elements to be so. Remember that you are Americans, and that your happiness is not to come from Europe.

I desire, in conclusion to declare, and with equal frankness, that, if necessary an army of 100,000 could promptly be brought, and that the United States would not terminate their differences with Mexico (if compelled to do so by force of arms) in any manner uncertain, precarious, or less dishonoring to yourselves. I should insult the intelligent of this country if I had any doubt of their acquaintance with this truth.

The order to form guerilla parties to attack us, I assure you, can produce nothing but evil to your country, and no evil to our army which will know how to protect itself and how to proceed against them; and if, so far from conciliating, you succeed in irritating, you will impose upon us the hard task of retaliation, and then you cannot blame us for the consequences which will fall upon yourselves.

I am marching with my army upon Puebla and Mexico—I do not conceal it—from those capitals I shall again address you. I desire peace, friendship, and union—it is for you to elect whether you prefer war; under any circumstances, be assured I shall not fail my word. WINFIELD SCOTT.

"Hozza for Doniphan for next President" exclaimed a Missourian (half seas over) on the Pennsylvania Avenue a few evenings since. "No, no," said his companion, "that will never do, we must have old Zach for President and Doniphan is the boy to be elected a Judge of the Supreme Court." "Hardly," rejoined the other, "for he never read a line of law in his life." "What of that," was the prompt reply, "didn't he whip the Mexicans at Chihuahua?"

A waggish friend of ours, says the Worcester Budget, attempted to count the *sleepy heads* in church yesterday—he reached as high as fifty, and then—fell asleep himself.

The Dutchess of Kent asked Garrick why Love was always represented as a child. He replied, 'Because Love never reaches the age of wisdom and experience.'

Whenever you see a small waist, think how much health there is *waisted*.

A man with a bowie knife is certainly an unsocial character, as he is always liable to be *cutting his acquaintances*.

A lie has no legs and cannot stand; but it has wings, and can fly far and wide.—*Chinese.*

Why is bread the best friend that a man has?

Because it is never absent when *kneaded*.

TIME TO PASS IT.—The facetious Dr. B., of W——, having inadvertently preached one of his sermons for the third time, one of his parishioners having noticed it, said to him after service, "Doctor, the sermon you preached us this morning, having had three several readings, I move that it now be *passed*."