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The North Carolinian.

"CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS; AND THE GLORY OF THE STATE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF ITS CITIZENS."

BY WM. H. BAYNE. • FAYETTEVILLE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1848. VOL. 8—NO. 466.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square of twenty-one lines or less, for one insertion, 60 cents; every subsequent insertion, 50 cents, except it remain in for several months, when it will be charged $3 for two months, $4 for three, &c. $10 for twelve months.

☞ Liberal deductions for large advertisements by the year or six months.

State of North Carolina—Robeson County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1847.

Neill McPhaul and others vs. Duncan McPhaul & others. Petition for Partition.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Arch'd McPhaul, Daniel McPhaul, Alex. McPhaul, Flora McPhaul, Elizabeth McPhaul, Campbell McPhaul, John McPhaul, heirs at law of John McPhaul, dec'd, and Duncan McPhaul, Malcom McPhaul and Alex. McPhaul are non-residents of this State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolinian, a paper published in the town of Fayetteville, for the said non-residents to appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday of February next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur, or this petition will be taken pro confesso as to them, and heard ex parte.

Witness, Shadrach Howell, clerk of said Court at office in Lumberton, the fourth Monday of November, A. D. 1847 and of American independence the 72d year.
S'D'H. HOWELL, Clerk C. C.
Dec. 25, 1847—462-6t. pr d v $3 2

THE WAR.

From the N. O. Picayune, Jan. 7.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The schooner Eleanor, Capt. Jones, arrived last evening from Vera Cruz, having sailed thence on the 29th ult.

From the Free American we learn that Capt. Fairchild, of the Louisiana Mounted Volunteers, returned from the city of Mexico on the 26th ult., having left the capital on the 18th—four days later than our previous advices. We extract freely from the Free American's selections from the papers brought down by Capt. Fairchild; we have not yet received any letters by this arrival.

The following orders, by Gen. Scott, require no explanation from us:

Headquarters of the Army, Mexico, Dec. 15.
GENERAL ORDERS—NO. 376.

1. This army is about to spread itself over and to occupy the Republic of Mexico, until the latter shall sue for peace in terms acceptable to the Government of the United States.

2. On the occupation of the principal point or points in any State, the payment to the Federal Government of this Republic of all taxes or dues, of whatever name or kind, heretofore—say in the year 1814—payable to or collected by that Government, is absolutely prohibited, as all such taxes or dues will be demanded of the proper civil authorities of the army of Occupation.

3. The State and Federal District of Mexico being already so occupied, as well as the States of Vera Cruz, Puebla and Tamaulipas, the usual taxes or dues, heretofore contributed by the same to the Federal Government, will be considered as due and payable to this army from the beginning of the present month, and will early be demanded of the civil authorities of the said States and District, under rules and penalties which shall be duly announced and inforced.

4. Other States of the Republic, as the Californias, New Mexico, Chihuahua, Coahuila, New-Leon, &c. &c., already occupied by the forces of the U. States, though not under the immediate order of the general-in-chief, will conform to the prescriptions of this order, except in such State or States where a different system has been adopted with the sanction of the Government at Washington.

5. The internal taxes or dues referred to are: 1. direct taxes: 2, duties on the production of gold and silver; 3. Smelting and assaying dues; 4 the tobacco rent; 5. the rent of stamped paper; 6. the rent on the manufacture of playing cards; and 7. the rent of post offices.

6. The rent of national lotteries is abolished—lotteries being hereby prohibited.

7. Import and export duties at the ports of the Republic will remain as fixed by the Government of the United States, except that the exportation of gold and silver in bars or ingots (*plata yoro en pasta*) is prohibited until the further instructions of the Government on the subject.

8. All imported articles, goods, or commodities, which have once paid, or given sufficient security for the payment of duties to the United States at any port of entry of the Republic, shall not again be burdened with any tax or duty in any part of this Republic occupied by the forces of the United States.

9. The levying of duties on the transit of animals, goods or commodities, whether of foreign or domestic growth, from one State of this Republic to another, or on entering or leaving the gate of any city within the Republic, will, from and after the beginning of the ensuing year, be prohibited as far as the United States forces may have the power to enforce the prohibition. Other and equitable means, to a moderate extent, must be resorted to by the State and city authorities, for the necessary support of their respective Governments.

10. The tobacco, playing card and stamped paper *rents*, will be placed for three, six or twelve months, under contract with the highest bidders, respectively for the several States, the State & Federal District of Mexico being considered as one. Accordingly, offers or bids for those rents within each State, or any one of them, are invited. They will be sent in as early as possible, sealed, to the headquarters of Commanders of Departments, except for the Federal District and State of Mexico. For the two latter, the offers or bids will be addressed to the general-in-chief.

11. Further details for the execution of the foregoing system of government and revenue will soon be given in general orders.

By command of Maj. Gen. Scott:
H. L. SCOTT, A. A. A. G.

The following is from the Free American:

The American Star, dated Mexico, 17th December, intimates a removal of troops from that city, for other and perhaps distant places; and in another column says:—"We understand Col. Riley's brigade, consisting of 2d Artillery, and 2d, 4th and 5th Infantry, and the Voltigeurs, will move this morning for Tacubaya, where they will be stationed for the present. Perhaps this corps is destined for distant places."

The American Star of the 16th inst. contains the following:

A letter in the Monitor of yesterday, dated a Queretaro, on Monday, states that the present Congress will not come together again, several Deputies having left and others being about to leave. It adds that the new Deputies and Senators would soon be in the city, many of them being already on the road.

The Government is silently taking all necessary measures for suppressing the intrigues of the momarchists. In consequence of the Governors not having fulfilled their promise to aid the Government with such resources as they could command, it is much cramped for means

Some of the Deputies in favor of revolutionary measures, were endeavoring to get up a *pronunciamento* in several towns of the State of San Luis, the object of which should be a convention, the continuation of war, and declaring Santa Anna general-in chief. It was thought it would amount to nothing.

Lieut. Catinet, Ass't Quartermaster, and Mr Rivers, interpreter, with a small party, left Puebla for Jalapa, on the 17th ult., having a considerable sum of money in their charge. They were attacked on that night by some fourteen robbers, but although the three named were the only persons of the party who had arms, they defeated the *ladrones*, and arrived safe at their destination.

From the N. O. Picayune Extra, Jan. 8—4, P. M.

LATE FROM MEXICO.

The U. S. sloop of war Saratoga, arrived at Pensacola on the 6th inst. from Vera Cruz, whence she sailed on the 26th ult. She brings fuller though not later advices from the city of Mexico than have before been received.

Lieut Col. Wilson, of the 1st Infantry, late the Governor of Vera Cruz, came over on the Saratoga on a short visit to his family residing near Pensacola.

Our correspondent at Vera Cruz gives us the following extract of a letter from Mexico:

Mexico, Dec. 17, 1847.

The mail from the interior brought us the news of an insurrection in the State of Tamaulipas—the native Indians have risen in strength, taken the town of Ozulvama and made prisoners of the garrison and authorities of the place. Gen. Garay, who arrived the day previous, shared the same fate. A letter from the wife of one of the prisoners is published in El Monitor, begging that no attempt may be made to release them by force, as they are well treated now and should certainly be murdered by their captors.

A rumor was current among the Mexicans in town a few days ago that the commissioners from the Mexican Government left for Queretaro on Sunday last, after having an interview with Mr Trist It is supposed they go to have a new conference with the Supreme Government on the subject of peace. This is but a rumor.

Gen Butler will be in to-morrow, and Col. Johnson the next day.

A party of nine, who started from Gen. Butler's train night before last, to join the advance, were attacked in the mountains by a party of robbers. One of them (a physician, I believe) fell into the hands of the Mexicans, but they, discovering from his medicines that he was a doctor, let him go, and he arrived safe at Ayotla. He states that he heard shots fired, but saw nothing of the men of his party. As they were well armed, however, there is little doubt but that they escaped. I could not learn their names.

On Wednesday last Dr. Suter, of the Rifles, died of brain fever. He was buried on Thursday, and most of the Officers of the army attended his funeral, among them Gens Scott, Patterson and Cushing.

The weather for the last few days has been extremely cold C. C.

The following extracts are made from the Star of the 18th ult:

RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE MEXICAN ARMY.

Our readers are aware that the Mexican Congress has been recently discussing various propositions for the re-organization of the Mexican army. We are not aware that any project of this character has passed into a law, and for the reason that the deputies, when there happens to be a quorum present, can unite upon no single act of legislation. The Federalista, however, published at Queretaro, and received yesterday, contains the project, of a law on the subject, submitted by Perdigon Garay, deputy from the State of Mexico. It is quite long, and we can give a synopsis merely. The first article provides that an armed force of forty thousand men shall be raised, for the purpose of repelling the invader, and to be called, the "Militia of the Confederate States of Mexico." Each State is to furnish one man for every two hundred of the population. This force shall be infantry, formed into battalions of eight hundred men, taking the name of the State to which they belong The soldiers shall be honest men, able to endure the privations and fatigues of war, from eighteen to forty years of age, and serve during the war. For the support of this force it is ordered that in all the States, Districts and Territories, every hundred persons shall contribute two reals per day. There are some other provisions in regard to pay, desertions, rewards and punishments, but these are the main features of the bill. The Federalista has a long editorial extolling the character and supposed efficiency of the projected law. It is stated that it was received with general favor in the Chamber, and evidently counts upon its enactment at no distant day. It proceeds to ask whether the American Government can raise as many men as this bill provides, and answers its own question with an emphatic no! The editor of the Federalista must be extremely ignorant of the state of feeling in the United States, if he supposes that forty or fifty thousand men cannot be raised and equipped for the war. Why, there is nearly that number upon the Mexican territory at this moment, and the editor need not be surprised if he sees several thousand of them quartered at Queretaro in a few weeks.

State of N. Carolina—Cumberland County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—December Term, 1847.

Archibald Patterson, in support of the Will of Daniel Patterson, dec'd., Versus, Angus McRae, James Murphy and wife Sarah, John S. Harrell and wife Loredy, and Shockley Gibson and wife Lenzy.
Issue. Devisavit vel non.

It appearing to the Court that the defendants, Jas Murphy and wife, John S. Harrell and wife, Shockley Gibson and wife, are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolinian, that they personally appear at our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Cumberland at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in March next, and show cause, if any they have, why the aforesaid paper writing shall not be admitted to probate as the last Will and Testament of Daniel Patterson, dec'd.

Witness, John McLaurin, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the first Monday of December, A. D. 1847, and 72d year of American Independence. JOHN McLAURIN.
January 15, 1848. 465-6t.

COUNTY CREDITORS
Are hereby notified to list their claims with John McLaurin, Clerk of the County Court, on or before the first of February; and all County Officers, receivers of public moneys, are required to have their respective accounts ready and appear before the Committee of Finance at the Court House in Fayetteville, to settle as required by law.
G. DEMING, DAVID McNEILL, D. McCORMICK, } Committee of Finance.
January 15, 1848. 465-3t

Important Land Sale.
Will be sold at the Market House in the Town of Fayetteville, on THURSDAY the 10th day of February, upon a credit of 6, 12, 18, and 24 months, with interest from date, the purchasers giving bond with approved security, the following VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, viz:
2 half acre Lots in Campbellton,
Wharf at the River,
Store on Person street, occupied by D. Johnson,
Brick store, corner of Hay and Winslow streets, occupied by H. L. Myrover,
Brick Store, Hay street, occupied by D. McGill,
Wood building, Hay street, occupied by J. A. Blakely,
3 Warehouses on Bass street,
Store occupied by Hall & Hall,
Dwelling north of the above,
Small Dwelling north of the above,
1 Lot—Cotton Warehouse,
1 Tract of Land, DeKay place,
1 do. do. on Dark Branch, 140 acres.
Ordered to be sold by a decree of the Court of Equity.
ARCH'D A. T. SMITH,
Jan'y 15, 1848. 465-4t. Clerk & Master