Wm. H. Bayne, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE. SATURDAY. MARCH 18, 1848.

& Wm. Thompson, southeast corner Baltimore and South streets, is the authorized Agent for collecting and obtaining advertisements for the North Carolinian, in Baltimore.

The Treaty Ratified

BY THE SENATE of the U. STATES. From the Washington Union, March 19. The Senate adjourned to-night, at a few

minutes past 9 o'clock, after a session in of the Senate have been very severe for Mexico. No portion of this sum is to be transseveral days.

We congratulate the country on the rebeen ratified, it is understood, by a vote of 58 to 15-three senators being absent.

(the President) shall have power, by and be-delivered up. the Senators present concur."

It is also understood that the votes, both of the majority and minority, are made up settling the accounts. of both political parties.

ratified with some modifications-as propo-Senate.

The seal of secresy has not been removed; and in fact we do not understand that any proposition was made to that effect. It cannot, therefore, be expected that we should, at this time, enter into any specifications of the precise modifications which which have been adopted, or of the names of the senators who voted in the affirmative or negative. It is presumed, however, that the boundary line, as said to have been originally specified by the treaty, or the amount of money to be paid, has not been changed by these modifications.

which they have been subjected for the ly declared the place in a state of blockade. last two weeks."

The injunction of secresy has not been removed by the Senate, from the proceedings on the judge that no official copy of that document, or the proceedings on it, will be made public until

it shall have been ratified or rejected by Mexico. In the New York True Sun, we find the vote given on the Treaty, which shows that some ody has "let the cat out of the bag." We therefore publish the vote, remarking that we also find it in the Wilmington Commercial, in precisely the same form, taken from the New York Herald, together with a synopsis of the provisions of the Treaty, as fellows:

REPORTED PROVISIONS OF, AND VOTE ON, THE TREATY.

From the Wilmington Commercial, taken from the New York Herald

The vote stood 37 to 15.

Four Senators were absent, namely: Phelps, Pearce, Clayton, and Houston.

The vote for the ratification stands as follows: Ayes-Messrs Ashley, Atherton, Bagby, Bell, Bridbury, Bright, Butler, Calhoua, Cameron, Cass, Clarke, Critte iden, John Davis, Jefferson Davis, Davton, Dickinson, Dix, Downs, Felch, Foote, H.le, Hannegan, Hunter, Reverdy Johnson, Herschel Johnson, Henry Johnson, Mangum, Mison, Miller, Moor, Niles, Rusk, Sevier, Sturgeon, Turney, Underwood, and Yulee-37.

Nays-Messrs Allen, Atchison, Badger, Baldwin, Benton, Berrien, Breese, Corwin, Douglass, Greene, Lewis, Spruance, Upham, Webster, and Wescott-15.

ANALYSIS OF THE VOTE.

Nays-Whigs Aves-Whigs Democrats 7 Democrats 26 Total-Ayes Absent-Whigs Democrats 1

Majority for the Treaty,

Among those voting for the ratification are four who spoke against it. Of the four Senators in the letter of that officer's conduct. not voting, two are absent from the city-Messrs

The articles providing for the confirmation of the grants given by the Mexican government in Texas and California, are stricken out; and the u important provision to extend the jurisdiction of the Mexican church over the Catholic clergy in the ceded territory, is also stricken out. These are the principal modifications.

It will be recollected that the treaty indicates two modes of paying the indemnity agreed upon -one by the issue of six per cent stocks, or by instalments. The latter mode has been adopted. The three millions subject to Mr Trist's order, are to be paid immediately upon the ratification of the treaty by the Mexican government, and the remainder in annual instalments of three millions each, bearing six per cent. interest, to

There is a provision against making any part of this sum transferable.

The only point omitted in the former synopsis, and preserved in the treaty, is an article securing to the United States the free navigation of the Gulf of California, and of the river Colorado from the mouth of the Gila to the Gulf. The following is a sketch of the articles of the

treaty, as adopted by the Senate. It is, probably, as correct as a compressed sketch can be made:

ARTICLES AND PROVISIONS OF THE TREATY, AS

ADOPTED BY THE AMERICAN SENATE. article first appointed Senors Cuevas, Couto, Mexican government to adjust terms of a lasting treaty of peace between the United States of the North and the United Mexican States, with Nicholas P. Trist, commissioner of the United

States, &c. Article second stipulates that there shall be animmediate suspension of hostilities between

the armies of the two republics. Article third defines the future boundary of the United States. The line commences in the Gulf first." of Mexico, three leagues from land; thence runs up the middle of the Rio Grande to its intersection with the southern boundary of New Mexico; thence along that southern boundary to the wesbranch of the Gila which it intersects; thence down the middle of that branch and of the river to the Colorado; thence it runs across westward-

ly, and strikes the Pacific at a point one league outh of San Diego. The free navigation of the Gulf of California and of the river Colorado, from the mouth of the Gulf, is secured to the United States.

Article fourth stipulates that it shall be optional with citizens of Mexico now residing in territory to be ceded, either to leave, taking with them or otherwise disposing of their property; or else, upon taking the oaths of allegiance to this government, to be protected in the enjoyment of all the rights and immunities of citizens of the United states. .

The next article provides that the United States government shall take prompt and effectual measures for the defence of the border from Indian incursions. To this end, both nations are to use their best endeavors.

In consideration of the extension of the boundary of the United States, made by this treaty, the United States government stipulates to pay to Mexico the sum of fifteen millions of dollars. In this sum is included the three millions appropriated last session for the furtherance of beace, and now subject to Mr Trist's order. This sum is to be paid to the Mexican government immediately on the ratification of the treaty. minutes past 9 o'clock, after a session in Closed doors, of nine hours. The labors four annual instalments, bearing six per cent interest from the ratification of the treaty by

According to the article, the United States government undertakes all claims of American for diplomatic communication with Italy. My sult of their deliberations. The treaty has citizens against Mexico, both those already deided, and those still undecided-the whole however, not to amount to more than three

millions and a quarter of dollars. The Constitution provides that ("He taking possession of the ceded territory, are to

The treaty of commerce of 1831, between the with the advice and consent of the Senate, two republics, is to be revived for the period of speech, he said he doubted if Mr Levin ever saw to make treaties, provided two-thirds of eight years, and may afterwards be renewed at a Jesuit. Mr Levin replied that he thought he the option of both governments.

The custom houses are to be restored to the Mexican authorities as soon as the treaty shall the remark was meant as a personal insult. Not have been ratified. Means are to be adopted for at all, said Mr Levin. Mr Ingersoll argued that, the 5th inst., went into operation on the 4th

The troops of the United States are to leave Mexico in three months after the ratification of It is said that the original treaty has been the treaty, unless the sickly season should States, and therefore no cause existed for diplocome on, in which event they are to return to matic intercourse, he could show that a large ome healthy situation, and are to the furnished sed by the President, or adopted by the with supplies by the Mexican government, on amicable terms.

The supplies which may arrive between the ratification of the treaty and the embarkation of he troops, are not to be subject to duty.

The treaty is to be ratified by the President

ad Senate, and to be exchanged within four onths after its ratification. The boundary of New Mexico is to be defined as laid down in Disturnell's map of Mexico, pub-

ished at New York, in 1847.

HUMAN MAGNETISM .- Dr B. B. Williams has been ecturing in this place, on this subject, since Monday last. o very respectable and full audiences. We believe that a majority of his audience are satisfied that his experiments are made in good faith, while others discredit them. We shall probably notice the matter more at length next week.

at New York on the 13th inst., with dates from is another affair, and if allowed, will be put into The Senate have adjourned over till Tu- Canton to 12th Dec., which state that a serious fracas had occurred between the English and the esday next, for the purpose of enjoying Chinese, in which six of the English were killed, some relaxation, after the severe labors to and the vessels of war lying at Canton immediate-

Fifteen thousand dollars were stolen from the tween 1st of Jan. and 16th of Feb. last, but the robbery not treaty; and from the language of the Union, we discovered until within a few days back. A reward of \$2500 is offered for the recovery of the money, says the

> MF- Wm. White, a white man, living within 5 miles of of Saturday last, in the presence of his wife (who was also nearly killed) and a small negro girl. He was murdered by a negro, as the girl said. He had foolishly boasted of in debating a bill granting bounty lands to such having amassed several hundred dollars, and this prize the murderer took care to secure. Two negroes have been arrested, says the Richmond Republican.

(13- Another riot among the firemen took place in Baltinore on Sunday last, in which several persons were killed and wounded. Several thousand men in a general fightgreat disorder in the city. A large number arrested.

135 The packet ship West Point, says the New York True Sun, on her passage from Liverpool to New York, was struck by lightning seven times within an hour. Two mea were killed. Most of those on deck felt the shocks severely. The fluid passed down the mainmast each time.

Col. R. M. Johnson, it is said, will be the democratic candidate for Governor in Kentucky, in opposition to Mr Crittenden.

GEN. PILLOW .- We published last Saturday, the proof that this gentleman has been exonerated from the charge of writing (against the rules of the army) a communication signed "Leonidas," in which his own conduct was highly extolled. 8 Major Burns not only avows that himself is the author, but that Gen. Pillow had nothing to do with it. The things stated in the letter were what he (Major Burns) saw; and as he was near Gen. Pillow all the time, during the battle of Churubusco, this accounts for the prominence

We very much doubt whether the troop of whig newspapers which seized upon the " Leonidis" letter as an excuse for ridiculing and otherwise injuring Gen. Pillow, (merely because he was a democrat) will ever publish a line to do

We have experienced, in this section of country. since Monday last, a very forcible illustration of the rhetorical figure of "winter lingering in the lap of Spring "-He "hadn't ought to" do so, the old grey beard.

STEAMER BURNED .- We learn from the Newbern Republican of the 7th inst., that the steamer Wayne, belonging to the Messrs Dibble, commence from the ratification of the treaty by and plying between Newbern and Smithfield, Johnston county, was totally destroyed by fire on the 5th inst. She was nearing the wharf at Newbern from one of her up country trips, when she ran afoul of a schooner, and in the concussion, a barrel of spirits turpentine was stove, and the spirits ran over the vessel, and on to the surface of the water. Unfortunately, the fireman (as is customary) was throwing fire out of the furnace into the water, and the spirits on the water took fire, and the whole body was in a blaze immediately.

and Atristrain commissioners on the part of the Dibble have determined to replace it as early as Irish Catholics, with a view, first of propagating

A GOOD ONE.-The Raleigh Standard says that the editor of the Herald, a paper published at Weldon, in this State, in acknowledging the receipt of the second edition of Alamance, remarks that "the second edition is as rich as the

The editor of the Herald must have been highly entertained with the first edition, if on reading the second he thought it was "as rich as the tern boundary of same; thence north to the first first"!! That is the richest joke on an editor we have seen in many a day. Well may the Standard say he is "some per-: immons."

THIRTIETH CONGRESS-1st SESSION. ers of the city of Washington, praying that Con- attempt to show ignorance in the Carolinian gress would establish a press for the execution | We asserted that the administration of Mr Tyler

Court Judges from presiding on their circuits in the war, was read twice.

session commenced.

In the House, an appropriation bill was under and potatoes into this country at that period. consideration.

MARCH S .- In the Senate, after some business of a light character, the Treaty was taken up it

secret session In the House, a considerable excitement had existed in the discussion of the appropriation Levin, the native American whig anti-pope re presentative of the mobocracy of Philadelphia made a very bitter speech against any appropria-The Mexican archives found by us after the tion for a mission to Rome. To-day, Mr Charles J. Ingersoll, representative from Philadelphia, replied to Mr Levin. In the first part of his saw one before him. Mr Ingersoll demanded if although it had been stated that the United States have no commercial dealings with the papal sion amount of trade could be secured to the United States, if the proper steps were taken. He spoke highly of the course of the Pope of Rome in taking the part he had taken in favor of civil liberty. He said that the Pope was a soldier before he became a priest; that after he became a priest, he visited America, and returned to his own country again with all his favorable impressions of civil liberty well fortified. Mr Levin again replied to Mr Ingersoll, disclaiming all sectarian teeling, &c. After some further discussion, the question was taken upon the appropriation bill to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the year ending 30th June, 1848, in which was included the amount necessary to send diploma-FUSS IN CHINA.—The ship Panama arrived appropriation for the talked of mission to nome

> MARCH 9 .- In the Senate, Mr Dix presented a memorial from the New York Historical Society, praying Congress to adopt measures for a more correct census in 1850. The Senate at 20 minutes past 12 went into executive session.

> In the House, Mr Robt Smith introduced a bill to authorize the President to have a certificate of his merits given to every officer, non-commissioned officer and private, who has served, or may serve, in the war with Mexico; written on parchment of suitable size, and with appropriate devices. Mr Stephens said the whole subject was under consideration by the military committee. The balance of the day was consumed non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, as have been promoted to commissions No action was taken on the bill to-day.

> MARCH 10 .- In the Senate, the Vice President presented a petition from citizens of the District of Columbia, and others, praying Congress purchase Mount Vernon, the resting place George Washington, "first in war, first in peace," &c. The Senate again proceeded to executive

> In the House, a little fracas occurred between Mr Haralson of Georgia, and Mr Jones of Tenn. which gave rise to some debate or conversation. The gentlemen apologized to the House for the "ebullition of feeling" which led to the blows, and the turning over of one of the desks. They afterwards shook hands, apologized to each other, and there was no more of it. The cause of the disagreement is not given by the Reporters. No business was done in consequence, and the House adjourned till Monday, 13th.

75 The Journal of Commerce of the 7th inst., stated that Mr Bancroft, the American Minister at London, had arranged a postal treaty with Great Britain, whereby letters were to be sent to, or received from, Great Britain upon equal terms; and that Cave Johnson, the Postmaster General, had rejected the treaty. (Poor "Cave" has to bear every body's blame.)

The Washington Union says that there is not a word of truth in the charge of the Journal of Commerce. That it was the Government of Great Britain that has twice rejected offers of reciprocity in this matter.

MURDER .- John Brown, a mulatto man, killed white man named James Smith, in Halifax county, N. C., on the 11th instant. Smith had bought a horse from Brown, and was astride of him, when some angry words took place, and Smith jumped down off the horse and attempted to pick up a stick, when Brown stabbed him. He died in a few minutes, and Brown fled immediately. The Governor offers a reward for him of \$100. He is a bright mulatto, blacksmith shoulders and small hips; a considerable dent in

Brown has been caught and is in jail.

Gen. Houston, in his speech on the ten regiment bill, in the Senate, delivered February 15, Catholicism, and second, of keeping off the Amer-(whew-ee-irreligious!) This correspondence took place in 1845 and '46, and on the 4th July, 1846, the proclamation of the Governor of California, was issued, confirming the grant to the priest for the purposes named.

delegates appointed to the Democratic National Convention, by the Pennsylvania State Convention, are the friends of Mr Buchanan. A resolution was passed pledging Pennsylvania to abide by the decision of the National Convention.

OF The Observer seems to be ignorant of the MARCH 6 .- In the Senate, Mr Benton present- fact that the issue of Treasury notes is called "a ed a memorial from a number of practical print- loan." But it is only pretended ignorance, to of the public printing. The memorial was or- could hot porrow money under the law of the dered to be printed. The Senate went into ex- whig Congress of 1841, on a 6 per cent. stock :

but had to borrow upon the faith of Treasury In the House, the bill to relieve the Supreme | notes. Is that true, or is it not? No shuffling. Is it not also a fact that the Tyler administrafor one year, was passed. Mr McKay introduced tion could not only not borrow money in this Hon L Bethune, a bill requiring all moneys receivable for cus- country upon a six per cent. stock, as the whigh toms, to be paid into the Treasury without de- Congress proposed, but sent an agent to Great lay. A bill to increase the pay of the privates | Britain, with the same ill success. We have now before us the New York True Sun, which men-MARCH 7 .- In the Senate, during the morn- tions this same fact, and says that the Rothschild ing hour, from 12 to 1 o'clock, nothing of gen- Bankers said to the Agent, that they could not Jas H Williams, eral importance occurred, before the executive | lend money to a country that could not raise its own bread,-alluding to an importation of wheat

EPPES, THE MURDERER ARRESTED. Most of our readers will recollect the case of David R Bell, this man, who murdered a man named Muir, near | A A McKethan, Petersburg, Va., about two years ago, and secreted the body in the woods. We learn from the New Orleans Delta that he has been discovered Wm Harrington, and arrested near Brazos Falls, Texas. He is no Rev John Puritoy, doubt in Petersburg by this time He has eluded Hon J C Dobbin, pursuit for two years.

We have received a new daily paper from New Orleans, called the Crescent; a very neat inter esting paper, by Messrs A. H. Hayes and J. C

85- The Magnetic Telegraph between Mobile and New Orleans, says the New Orleans Delta of The Delta perpetrates the following on the occa-

"Dash-and dot, one, two, three, four, Double dot-a few dots more, These tell true the price of cotton, Merchants safe, and those now "rotten;" Hurried with the lightning's speed, 'Head of any "express steed,' Lightning line, O wondrous Morse, - it, old one, you're a horse !"

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD. We find in the Raleigh Register of March 15th that the Council of State assembled in Raleigh on Monday the 13th, in obedience to the call of the Governor, to advise him as to the best measures to be adopted in regard to the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, under the recent calamity of fire which befel it.

The Governor in his message to the Council

Three different courses of procedure ear to me to be open to us—namely: 1st. To abstain from any interference nd leave the Raleigh Railroad to go destruction.

2d. To convene the Legislature to protect it against this casualty.

3d. To exercise for this end, the power and authority of the Governor and Council. under the act of the General Assembly, ratified the 6th day of January, 1845, entitled "an act to authorize the foreclosure of the mortage on the Raleigh and Gaston

He then shows that his preference is for the proposition to borrow \$25,000 for the purpose of putting it in the same state it was before. The Council fully concurred with the Gov-

ernor, and passed the following resolution: Resolved, That the Council of State do advise and consent to the proposition of the Governor, that a sum of money, not per wrapper of a Mexican cartridge, a misexceeding \$25,000, be borrowed on be- sile fired at us at Buena Vista, and picked half of the State, for the purpose of repair- up by one of the Indiana regiment, was a ing the loss and damage occasioned by the part of Webster's Philadelphia speech .-Road; and that the Governor be advised to Captain Davis, and Lieut Shank, of the Inconvey the said Rail Road, and all the diana volunteers. The paper is still in public property attached thereto, in trust to secure the re-payment of the amount of such loan with interest, at such time as he

may agree upon with the lenders-The course adopted is the most practical, and best for the interest of all concerned, we think.

SUPREME COURT. The following opinions have been delivered By Ruffin, C. J., In State v Prigden, from New Hanover, directing a venire de novo; in Hooks v Moses, from Wayne, declaring Plaintiff McIntosh v Bethune, from Moore, affirming the judgment; in Ashford v Robinson, from Sampson, affirming the judgment.

By Nash, J., in Owen v Barksdale, from Sampson, affirming the judgment below; in Carraway v Cox, from Wayne, reversing the judgment be low; in Brookshire v Brookshire, from Randolph. affirming the judgment below; in Attorney Gen eral v Cape Fear Bank, in Equity, from Wake, dismissing the information; in Bennehan v Norwood, in Equity, from Orange, directing an ac count; in Hall, McRae & Co. v Woodside, from Brunswick, affirming the judgment below; in Murphy, Ex'r. v Woodside, from Brunswick, affirming the judgment below; in Northrop v Woodside, from Brunswick, affirming the judgment below; in State v Woodside et. al. from Brunswick, reversing the judgment below; in Bank Cape Fear v Williamson, from New Hanover, reversing the judgment below .- Raleigh

SANTA ANNA AND MR POLK.

The Washington Union says: "When this war began, the Mexicans were the most bragging, vain, arrogant nation on the face of the earth. They had only to issue a pronunciamento, and they and even the new American invention, ba- Whiskey, gal Wood, 1b by trade; 35 years old; about 6 feet high; broad expected it would be accomplished. Their by jumpers, all advertised conspicuously national vanity, the fruit of their blind ignorance, encouraged as it was by the flattery of their military usurpers, was so great gather his laurels on the banks of the Sabine. If this chieftain had not put himself icans, "an anti-Catholic and irreligious nation," at the head of the nation, they never would have been satisfied that they could not have vanquished us with his assistance. They have now tried the experiment, with three or four times as many troops as we have had to meet them in the field—with every advantage of entrenchments—with their best general at their head, and armed with all his resources—and they have been overwhelmed. It is fortunate for us, therefore —for our own glory, and for our fature security—that Santa Anna has been among them. He is now anxious to escape."

has very justly been termed the "Opprobium of Physicians:" and until within a few years, been generally considered incurable, although many medical men of the highest standing, among whon, we may mention Laennec and his triend Bayle—both distinguished authors, admit that this much dreaded disease may be cured. even in its advanced stages, when the lungs are not completely disorganized. The remedy which is now offered, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, for the cure of this disease, not only emanates from a regular physician, but has also been well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to clock it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Timber it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Timber it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Well tested in all the complaints for which it is recommended. It is not my intention, therefore, either to clock it in mystery, or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Well stell in mystery or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. So on the well stell in my stery or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Well stell in my stery or in any way deceive the public by overating its virtues. Consumption may and can be cured. Well stell in PENNSYLVANIA .- A large majority of the best general at their head, and armed with

A DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION Will be held in Raleigh on the 12th of April,

For the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Governor of North Carolina. The following are the delegates appointed for

Cumberland county: Col Alex Murchison, Jas G Cook, W J Kelly, Esq. Duncan Shaw, Esq. Duncan Murchison, M B Gillis, Wm H Bayne, Dr Robt Munroe, James McKethan, Esq. Henry Avera, Nathan Williamson. Capt John Green, John Shaw, Esq. C H Cofield, A J Cameron, Esq, James Byrne,

Rev A McLennan, John McNeill, Esq. Wm Ham, BF Atkins, Thos Johnson, Esq, Robt Strange, Jr. Henry King, Andrew Duer, Geo W Pegram, Esq. Maj J H Cook, Maj Arch'd Cameron, Edmund James. Matthew Wilder, J K McGuire, Col Alex McLeod, Wm Blalock, Etheldred Matthews, Etheldred Stuart, L Ryals, Wm Lambert, Jr, Warren Winslow, Esq, Chas Montague, Esq. Wm Starr, Arthur Melvia, John Waddill, Jr, Duncan J McAllister, J G Shepherd. M J Buie. Jas Kirkpatrick, Dr T N Cameron,

Mr Clay was received in New York on the 7th with great pomp and circumstance, by his friends.

The Washington Union announces the appointment of Wm. C. Bettencourt, Esq., as Collector J W Leekey. Re of the Customs at the port of Wilmington, N. C. R&J Sloan. H

The democratic members of the Legislature of Massachusetts have recommended Judge Woodbury as a candidate for President.

At a meeting of the Commissioners on the 4th March, 1818, the following gentlemen were appointed a Board of Fire Wardens for the present war, viz: H Leete, Esq, Chief Fire Warden; Elijah Fuller, P. Taylor, John Waddill, John H. Cook, John Winslow, and R. W. King, Assistant Leesburg from Philadelphia.

The following were appointed a Committee of Vigilance in the several Wards, to-wit:

1. A Jessup, J Shaw, and T J Johnson. 2. J W Sandford, P Taylor, E W Willkings.

3. T J Curtis, B Rose, Jas G Cook. 4. W W Briggs, John Waddill, A Graham.

 W McIntyre, R A Stuart, M McPherson.
 Jas Huske, J R Gee, A McLean. 7. J Kyle, E W Barge, W B Wright.

end, and not intending to make the military his profession, he has, thinking that there will be no more active service, returned to the hands of the Executive the commission which he has held during the past year, with so much honor to himself. -Wilmington Journal.

LAND SLIDE -Several acres of Mt. Adams, Cincinnati, have commenced sliding overwhelming High street, and chocking up the walls of several houses, which have been left by the owners, and will doubtless be destroyed

THE UNKINDEST SHOT OF ALL

Mr Henley, of Indiana, in a late speech on the war, in the House, said : "The parecent fire to the Raleigh and Gaston Rail His authority for this was Major Cravin, possession of those gentlemen."

> If this be true, (and it appears to be fair and above board in giving the names of the authors) it is one of the severest rebukes to torvism which we have seen, and is truly "a refinement of cruelty," compared with poisoned lances.

It is stated that a boat may be freighted for a single trip of more than 10,000 miles on the western waters, viz: From Ottawa. Ill., to the Fal.s of St. Anthony, Council Bluffs and Yellow Stone, New Orleans, entitled to judgment; in Adams v Turrentine, from Orange, reversing the judgment below, and directing a venire de novo; in State ex rel.

Ottawa.

Bluffs and Yellow Stone, New Orleans, claims against said estate, are notified to present them within the time limited by act of Assembly, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

On the 13th of April next, I shall expose to sale at the

> NEW MUSICAL INSTRUMENT. - Messrs Thomas D. Paine & Co., of Woonsocket, Rhode Island, have lately invented a musical instrument to which they have given the name of Tuba. It is constructed entirely of brass, and is of the horn species. The invention consists principally in valves so made and arranged as to produce the greatest variety in quantity and quality of tone, with the least effort of any wind instrument heretofore in use. It is of large size. - Sci. American.

AMERICANISMS IN LONDON. A London correspondent of the New Haven Register, says that it is not uncom- Hides. green, lb mon to see posted in the streets—American cheese—American lard—American empty barrels—corn bread, with the corn stalk out at the door to show the corn stalk of the corn stalk out at the door, to show that it is the real Tallow. Ib stuff --- American boots, overshoes, &c.,

THE SUBTREASURY .--- Since the that they thought themselves superior to every people who might land upon their stion, says the New York Evening Post, do Irish 140 shores. Santa Anna was their favorite there has not, as we are authentically in-1848, gives the Mexican documents, showing the champion. They had great confidence in formed, been a single instance of the govproposition of the priest, McNamara, to the Mex- his prowess, and he had great confidence ernment being defrauded by a forged draft raverteville Manuelle Wine, Malaga, water took fire, and the whole body was in a proposition of the priest, McNamara, to the Mex-blaze immediately.

The steamer was not insured, but the Messrs

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION.-From its having have been satisfied that they could not have has very justly been termed the "Opproblum of Physi-

MARRIED.

Near Floral College, Robeson county, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. J. R. McIntosh, Mr Roderick D. McNeill of Fayetteville, to Miss Isabella C. McLauchlin of Robeson County.
In Cumberland county, on the 9th inst., Mr

John Peterson, of Robeson county, to Miss Catharine, daughter of Mr William McDiarmid, of Cumberland county. In Robeson county, on the 9th inst., Mr H. R.

Graham to Miss Sarah McNeill. In Wilmington, on the 7th instant, Mr August Donnell to Miss Elizabeth Jackson. Also, on the 19th, Mr Wm. J. Cornwall, of New York, to Miss Drusilla A., second daughter of Mr K. Kea, of Wilmington.

In New Hanover county, Mr John Taylor, aged 73, to Miss Sarah Yates, aged 14, formerly of Onslow county.

DIED.

In Bladen county, on the 28th of February, Mr David T. Melvin, in the 62d year of his age. At St. Johns, in the Island of Porto Rico, on the sth of February, Passed Midshipman Robert Savage, in the 25th year of his age, son of Mr Timothy Savage of Wilmington. At the residence of her mother, in Robeson county, on the 10th inst., at balf after six, p m, MISS MARTHA SO-PHIA NELSON, in the 18th year of her age.



APRIVED .- March 10. Steamer ROWAN, Capt. A. P. Hurt, with goods for E Fuller, J & T Waddill, James Dodd Ray and Pearce, T S & C Lutterloh, J H & J Martine, J I Starr, W McIntyre, H L Myrover, & Co. L McKellar, B Rose & Son, Geo McNeill, J D Williams, H Leete, J M Rose R M Orrell, D McNeill & Co., H Erambert, T S Lutterloh C T Haigh & Son, Amos Jessup, of Fayetteville, and Mur-chison. Reid & Co., Rowan Factory, J Sunheimer & Co., J P Covington, Martin Graddy, A Strickland, Pesander and Johnson, W P Henly & Co., M L & R J Holmes, J Worth, Bingham & Rose, L Chaffin, J A Thompson, F Friese, Melvin & Son. F Campbell. G Cashwell, J Ray, W L Hall. J Scott & McAdoo, R Lochamy,

en, with goods for T J Johnson ce, and Jenkins and Roberts, Bunn & Co. J A Farks. Watson & Rouse, Boger & Maxwell. W L Hall, D Everett, C Gainey, C Hall, Crow & Roe, D Maxwell. W T Jessup, J Sterling, J Famn. W Hales, R McDonald, J Layton, L Jernigan, J Tims, W L

PORT OF WILMINGTON. Arrived, March 13th, Brig W. T. Dugan from New York. 14th. Schr Constitution from Philadelphia-schr Monsoon from Philadelphia-schr

a office.

THE Subscribers having taken out General Letters of Administration on the Estate of Zed. Burroughs, deceased, hereby notify all persons having claims, to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. And all persons indebted to said Estate, are required to come forward and settle

FURTHER NOTICE.

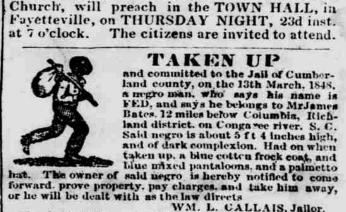
On the 3d day of April next, will be sold at the late residence of the said deceased, all the Household and Kitchen Furniture, on a credit of six months. At the LT. EDWARD CANTWELL—This gentlethus resigned his commission in the remy, and is again a civilian. We learn that he thinks the war is virtually at an three heart of January, 1849.

Tresidence of the said deceased, all the Household and Ritchen Furniture, on a credit of six months. At the same time, the several houses belonging to said estate, will be rented out; and three negrees hired until the 1st day of January, 1849.

Mar. 18. 474-3t

J. W. POWERS. Admirs. REBLIGIOUS MOTICE

REV. J. C. BURRUSS, of the Universalist



WM. L. CALLAIS, Jailor.

MONEY WANTED. ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either by not raccount, are partieularly requested to come forward and

settle the same, as he cannot give further indulgence JAS. D. McCALLUM. March 18, 1848. ENGLISH DAIRY CHEESE,

NOTICE. By virtue of an order made by his Honor, J. L. Bailey, Judge presiding at the present term of our Superior Court of Law, I hereby give public notice, that a special term of said Court, will be held for the county of Moore, at the Court House in Carthage, on the last Monday in May next, when and where all suitors and witnesses, in civil causes, are hereby requir-

Monday before the last Monday in February, anno Domini JOHN MORISON, C. S. C.

Witness. John Morison. Clerk of said Court. at Office. the

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. SALE OF SLAVES.

The Subscriber, at March term, 1848, of Cumberland county Court, sued out letters of administration on the late residence of the deceased, the perishable property belonging to the estate; also, the following slaves: Will, Tom, Lotty and child. Sally, Daniel, and old Amy.

Six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving Six months credit win bond with approved security.

GEO. T. BARKSDALE.

474-ts PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly for the North Carolinian. PAYETTEVILLE. 8 to 71/2 Bale rope, pd Brandy, peach, gal 50 to 60

March 18, 1848.

Bagging, kvy, yd 16to 18 do Hght 13 to 15 Coffee, Rio, pd 8 to 8% do apple Beeswax, lb 20 to 22 8 to 15 55 to 60 Candles, pd do sperm lour, bbl 475 to 525 26 to 32 Fodder, 100 lbs 80 to 120 do extra sizes 6 to 6% do English 4 to 4% 2 to 3 6 to 8 175 to 200 Lead, bar Molasses, gal Tallow, lb 9 to 10 Tobacco, manufd. 5 to 15 Pewder. keg. 350 to 600 Wheat, bushel 90 to 100 Brandy, gal 150 to 300 Whiskey gal 30 to 28 Gin, Holland, 100 to 176 Rum. Jamaies, gal 200
do St Croix 78 to 150
do N E 55 to 60
Rags, pd 2½
Sugar, N O. pd 7 to 8 Beef, on the hoof, 3% to 4 Butter, pound, 15 to 20 do Porto Rico, 8 to 9 do St Croix, 9 to 10 do Irish 140 do north'n, bbl 350 do Alum, bush 50 to 60 Turnips, bush 40 to

REMARKS.—Sales of produce small during the week and but little change worth noticing. Sales of Cotton at about 7% for prime. Flour somewhat advanced and we hear of sales of superfine as high as \$5.50. Corn. oats, Meal. &c. remains unchanged. Brandy 50 cts. Whiskey

WILMINGTON MARKET. Sales of 3255 bbls. Turpentine have been effected

since Tuesday morning at \$21 per bbl. for Dip. and \$11 per bbl. for Hard. Tar-A sale of 739 bbls were made at \$1 27 per bbl. and 293 do at \$1 39 do

Timber.-Six Rafts Timber have been sold since Tuesday at these prices; 1 at \$5; 1 at 5;; 2 at \$6; 1 at 6;; and 1 at \$4 per M. Hay .- 40 bales Philadelphia Hay sold at auction at 75c per cwt ; 150 New York do do at 50c per private sele .- Commercial.